

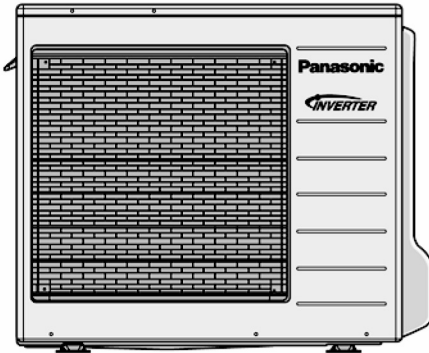
Service Manual

Air Conditioner



Indoor Unit
CS-E24NKE
CS-E28NKE

Outdoor Unit
CU-E24NKE
CU-E28NKE



! WARNING

This service information is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the product or products dealt with in this service information by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

! PRECAUTION OF LOW TEMPERATURE

In order to avoid frostbite, be assured of no refrigerant leakage during the installation or repairing of refrigerant circuit.

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1. Safety Precautions







- Read the following “SAFETY PRECAUTIONS” carefully before perform any servicing.
- Electrical work must be installed or serviced by a licensed electrician. Be sure to use the correct rating of the power plug and main circuit for the model installed.
- The caution items stated here must be followed because these important contents are related to safety. The meaning of each indication used is as below. Incorrect installation or servicing due to ignoring of the instruction will cause harm or damage, and the seriousness is classified by the following indications.

 WARNING	This indication shows the possibility of causing death or serious injury.
 CAUTION	This indication shows the possibility of causing injury or damage to properties.


- The items to be followed are classified by the symbols:

	This symbol denotes item that is PROHIBITED from doing.
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- Carry out test run to confirm that no abnormality occurs after the servicing. Then, explain to user the operation, care and maintenance as stated in instructions. Please remind the customer to keep the operating instructions for future reference.

 WARNING	
1. Do not modify the machine, part, material during repairing service.	
2. If wiring unit is supplied as repairing part, do not repair or connect the wire even only partial wire break. Exchange the whole wiring unit.	
3. Do not wrench the fasten terminal. Pull it out or insert it straightly.	
4. Engage authorized dealer or specialist for installation and servicing. If installation or servicing done by the user is defective, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.	
5. Install according to this installation instructions strictly. If installation is defective, it will cause water leakage, electric shock or fire.	
6. Use the attached accessories parts and specified parts for installation and servicing. Otherwise, it will cause the set to fall, water leakage, fire or electrical shock.	
7. Install at a strong and firm location which is able to withstand the set's weight. If the strength is not enough or installation is not properly done, the set will drop and cause injury.	
8. For electrical work, follow the local national wiring standard, regulation and the installation instruction. An independent circuit and single outlet must be used. If electrical circuit capacity is not enough or defect found in electrical work, it will cause electrical shock or fire.	
9. This equipment is strongly recommended to be installed with Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker (ELCB) or Residual Current Device (RCD). Otherwise, it may cause electrical shock and fire in case equipment breakdown or insulation breakdown.	
10. Do not use joint cable for indoor/outdoor connection cable. Use the specified indoor/outdoor connection cable, refer to installation instruction CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE INDOOR UNIT and connect tightly for indoor/outdoor connection. Clamp the cable so that no external force will be acted on the terminal. If connection or fixing is not perfect, it will cause heat up or fire at the connection.	
11. Wire routing must be properly arranged so that control board cover is fixed properly. If control board cover is not fixed perfectly, it will cause heat-up or fire at the connection point of terminal, fire or electrical shock.	
12. When install or relocate air conditioner, do not let any substance other than the specified refrigerant, eg. air etc. mix into refrigeration cycle (piping). (Mixing of air etc. will cause abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.).	
13. Do not install outdoor unit near handrail of veranda. When installing air-conditioner unit at veranda of high rise building, child may climb up to outdoor unit and cross over the handrail and causing accident.	
14. This equipment must be properly earthed. Earth line must not be connected to gas pipe, water pipe, earth of lightning rod and telephone. Otherwise, it may cause electric shock in case equipment breakdown or insulation breakdown.	
15. Keep away from small children, the thin film may cling to nose and mouth and prevent breathing.	
16. Do not use unspecified cord, modified cord, joint cord or extension cord for power supply cord. Do not share the single outlet with other electrical appliances. Poor contact, poor insulation or over current will cause electrical shock or fire.	
17. Tighten the flare nut with torque wrench according to specified method. If the flare nut is over-tightened, after a long period, the flare may break and cause refrigerant gas leakage.	
18. For R410A models, when connecting the piping, do not use any existing (R22) pipes and flare nuts. Using such same may cause abnormally high pressure in the refrigeration cycle (piping), and possibly result in explosion and injury. Use only R410A materials. Thickness of copper pipes used with R410A must be more than 0.8mm. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8mm. It is desirable that the amount of residual oil is less than 40 mg/10m.	

 **WARNING**

19. During installation, install the refrigerant piping properly before run the compressor. (Operation of compressor without fixing refrigeration piping and valves at opened condition will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc).
20. During pump down operation, stop the compressor before remove the refrigeration piping. (Removal of refrigeration piping while compressor is operating and valves are opened condition will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.)
21. After completion of installation or service, confirm there is no leakage or refrigerant gas. It may generate toxic gas when the refrigerant contacts with fire.
22. Ventilate if there is refrigerant gas leakage during operation. It may cause toxic gas when the refrigerant contacts with fire.
23. Do not insert your fingers or other objects into the unit, high speed rotating fan may cause injury. 
24. Must not use other parts except original parts describe in catalog and manual.
25. Using of refrigerant other than the specified type may cause product damage, burst and injury etc.

 **CAUTION**

1. Do not install the unit at place where leakage of flammable gas may occur. In case gas leaks and accumulates at surrounding of the unit, it may cause fire. 
2. Carry out drainage piping as mentioned in installation instructions. If drainage is not perfect, water may enter the room and damage the furniture.
3. Tighten the flare nut with torque wrench according to specified method. If the flare nut is over-tightened, after a long period, the flare may break and cause refrigerant gas leakage.
4. Do not touch outdoor unit air inlet and aluminium fin. It may cause injury. 
5. Select an installation location which is easy for maintenance.
6. Pb free solder has a higher melting point than standard solder; typically the melting point is 50°F – 70°F (30°C – 40°C) higher. Please use a high temperature solder iron. In case of the soldering iron with temperature control, please set it to 700 ± 20°F (370 ± 10°C). Pb free solder will tend to splash when heated too high (about 1100°F / 600°C).
7. Power supply connection to the air conditioner. Connect the power supply cord of the air conditioner to the mains using one of the following methods.
Power supply point shall be the place where there is ease for access for the power disconnection in case of emergency. In some countries, permanent connection of this room air conditioner to the power supply is prohibited.
 - i. Power supply connection to the receptacle using a power plug. Use an approved 15/16A (3/4~1.75HP), 16A (2.0HP), 20A (2.5HP) or 25A (3.0HP) power plug with earth pin for the connection to the socket.
 - ii. Power supply connection to a circuit breaker for the permanent connection. Use an approved 16A (3/4~2.0HP), 20A (2.5HP) or 25A (3.0HP) circuit breaker for the permanent connection. It must be a double pole switch with a minimum 3.0 mm contact gap.
8. Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation, servicing, reinstallation and during repairing a refrigerant parts. Take care of the liquid refrigerant, it may cause frostbite. 
9. Installation or servicing work: It may need two people to carry out the installation or servicing work.
10. Do not install this appliance in a laundry room or other location where water may drip from the ceiling, etc. 
11. Do not sit or step on the unit, you may fall down accidentally. 
12. Do not touch the sharp aluminium fins or edges of metal parts. If you are required to handle sharp parts during installation or servicing, please wear hand glove. Sharp parts may cause injury. 

2. Specification

Model		Indoor	CS-E24NKES			CS-E28NKES		
		Outdoor	CU-E24NKE			CU-E28NKE		
Performance Test Condition		EUROVENT			EUROVENT			
Power Supply		Phase, Hz	Single, 50			Single, 50		
		V	230			230		
		Min.	Mid.	Max.	Min.	Mid.	Max.	
Cooling	Capacity	kW	0.98	6.80	8.10	0.98	7.65	8.60
		BTU/h	3340	23200	27600	3340	26100	29300
		Kcal/h	840	5850	6970	840	6580	7400
	Running Current	A	-	9.7	-	-	11.5	-
	Input Power	W	380	2.12k	2.70k	380	2.54k	2.95k
	Annual Consumption	kWh	-	1060	-	-	1270	-
	EER	W/W	2.58	3.21	3.00	2.58	3.01	2.92
		BTU/hw	8.79	10.94	10.22	8.79	10.28	9.93
		Kcal/hW	2.21	2.76	2.58	2.21	2.59	2.51
	Power Factor	%	-	95	-	-	96	-
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A	47 / 38 / 35			49 / 38 / 35		
		Power Level dB	63 / -			65 / -		
	Outdoor Noise (H / L)	dB-A	52 / -			53 / -		
		Power Level dB	66 / -			67 / -		
Heating	Capacity	kW	0.98	8.60	9.90	0.98	9.60	11.00
		BTU/h	3340	29300	33800	3340	32700	37500
		Kcal/h	840	7400	8510	840	8260	9460
	Running Current	A	-	12.1	-	-	15.0	-
	Input Power	W	450	2.66k	3.20k	450	3.30k	3.75k
	COP	W/W	2.18	3.23	3.09	2.18	2.91	2.93
		BTU/hW	7.42	11.02	10.56	7.42	9.91	10.00
		Kcal/hW	1.87	2.78	2.66	1.87	2.50	2.52
	Power Factor	%	-	96	-	-	96	-
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A	47 / 38 / 35			48 / 38 / 35		
		Power Level dB	63 / -			64 / -		
	Outdoor Noise (H / L)	dB-A	52 / -			53 / -		
		Power Level dB	66 / -			67 / -		
	Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP		7.17 / 2.83k / 2.53			7.97 / 3.32k / 2.40		
Extr Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP		6.13 / 2.86k / 2.14			6.77 / 3.47k / 1.95			
Max Current (A) / Max Input Power (W)		14.6 / 3.20k			15.6 / 3.75k			
Starting Current (A)		12.1			15.0			
Compressor	Type	Hermetic Motor (Rotary)			Hermetic Motor (Rotary)			
	Motor Type	Brushless (4 poles)			Brushless (4 poles)			
	Output Power	W	1.7k			1.7k		

Indoor Fan	Type			Cross-Flow Fan	Cross-Flow Fan	
	Material			ASG20K1	ASG20K1	
	Motor Type			Transistor (8-poles)	Transistor (8-poles)	
	Input Power		W	94.8	94.8	
	Output Power		W	40	40	
	Speed	QLo	Cool	rpm	900	900
			Heat	rpm	990	990
		Lo	Cool	rpm	1000	1000
			Heat	rpm	1090	1090
		Me	Cool	rpm	1200	1230
			Heat	rpm	1280	1320
		Hi	Cool	rpm	1410	1470
			Heat	rpm	1480	1550
Shi	Cool	rpm	1480	1520		
	Heat	rpm	1520	1570		
Outdoor Fan	Type			Propeller Fan	Propeller Fan	
	Material			PP	PP	
	Motor Type			Induction (6-poles)	Induction (6-poles)	
	Input Power		W	-	-	
	Output Power		W	80	80	
	Speed	Hi	Cool	rpm	670	710
			Heat	rpm	-	-
Moisture Removal		L/h (Pt/h)	3.9 (8.2)	4.5 (9.5)		
Indoor Airflow	QLo	Cool	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	10.40 (367)	10.40 (367)	
		Heat	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	11.35 (401)	11.35 (401)	
	Lo	Cool	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	11.95 (422)	11.95 (422)	
		Heat	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	12.90 (456)	12.90 (456)	
	Me	Cool	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	15.20 (537)	15.60 (551)	
		Heat	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	16.45 (581)	16.50 (583)	
	Hi	Cool	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	18.4 (650)	19.3 (680)	
		Heat	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	19.5 (690)	20.1 (710)	
	Shi	Cool	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	19.4 (685)	20.1 (710)	
		Heat	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	20.1 (710)	20.6 (727)	
Outdoor Airflow	Hi	Cool	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	50.2 (1770)	54.5 (1925)	
		Heat	m ³ /min (ft ³ /min)	50.2 (1770)	54.5 (1925)	
Refrigeration Cycle	Control Device			Capillary Tube	Expansion Valve	
	Refrigerant Oil		cm ³	FV50S (800)	FV50S (800)	
	Refrigerant Type		g (oz)	R410A, 1.70k (60.0)	R410A, 1.80k (63.5)	
Dimension	Height (I/D / O/D)		mm (inch)	240 (9-15/32) / 795 (31-5/16)	240 (9-15/32) / 795 (31-5/16)	
	Width (I/D / O/D)		mm (inch)	1070 (42-5/32) / 875 (34-15/32)	1070 (42-5/32) / 875 (34-15/32)	
	Depth (I/D / O/D)		mm (inch)	240 (9-15/32) / 320 (12-5/8)	240 (9-15/32) / 320 (12-5/8)	
Weight	Net (I/D / O/D)		kg (lb)	12 (26) / 65 (143)	12 (26) / 67 (148)	
Piping	Pipe Diameter (Liquid / Gas)		mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) / 15.88 (5/8)	6.35 (1/4) / 15.88 (5/8)	
	Standard Length		m (ft)	5.0 (16.4)	5.0 (16.4)	
	Length Range (min – max)		m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~ 30 (98.4)	3 (9.8) ~ 30 (98.4)	
	I/D & O/D Height Different		m (ft)	20 (65.6)	20 (65.6)	
	Additional Gas Amount		g/m (oz/ft)	30 (0.3)	30 (0.3)	
	Length for Additional Gas		m (ft)	10 (32.8)	10 (32.8)	

Drain Hose	Inner Diameter	mm	16.7		16.7	
	Length	mm	650		650	
Indoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Slit Fin		Slit Fin	
	Row x Stage x FPI		2 x 15 x 21		2 x 15 x 21	
	Size (W x H x L)	mm	810 x 315 x 25.4		810 x 315 x 25.4	
Outdoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Corrugated Fin		Corrugated Fin	
	Row x Stage x FPI		2 x 30 x 19		2 x 30 x 19	
	Size (W x H x L)	mm	38.1 x 762 x 895.8:865.8		38.1 x 762 x 895.8:865.8	
Air Filter	Material		Polypropelene		Polypropelene	
	Type		One-touch		One-touch	
Power Supply			Outdoor Power Supply		Outdoor Power Supply	
Power Supply Cord		A	Nil		Nil	
Thermostat			Electronic Contol		Electronic Contol	
Protection Device			Electronic Contol		Electronic Contol	
			Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb	Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
Indoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum	32	23	32	23
		Minimum	16	11	16	11
	Heating	Maximum	30	-	30	-
		Minimum	16	-	16	-
Outdoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum	43	26	43	26
		Minimum	16	11	16	11
	Heating	Maximum	24	18	24	18
		Minimum	-5	-6	-5	-6

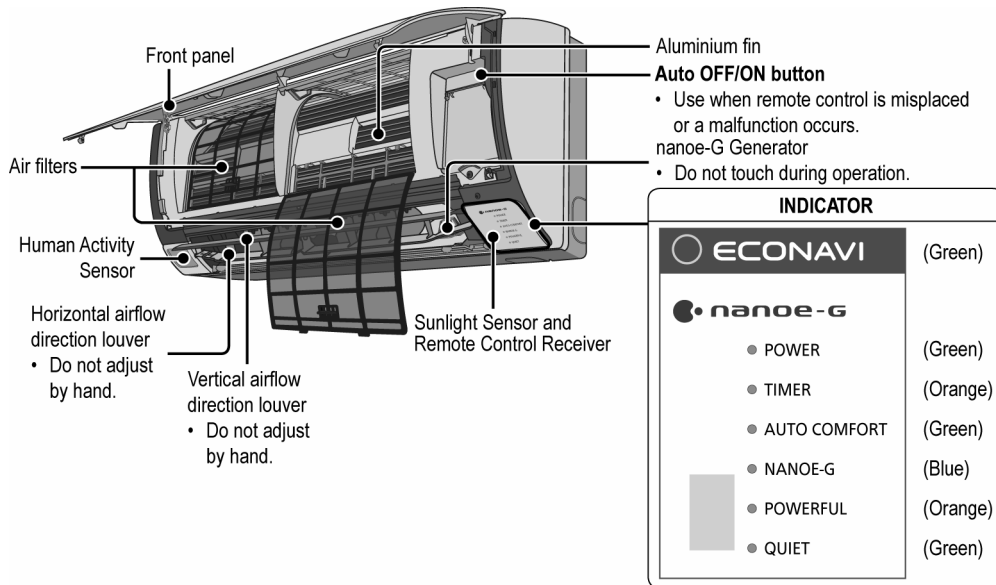
1. Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27°C Dry Bulb (80.6°F Dry Bulb), 19.0°C Wet Bulb (66.2°F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35°C Dry Bulb (95°F Dry Bulb), 24°C Wet Bulb (75.2°F Wet Bulb)
2. Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)
3. Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C.
4. Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
5. Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.

3. Features

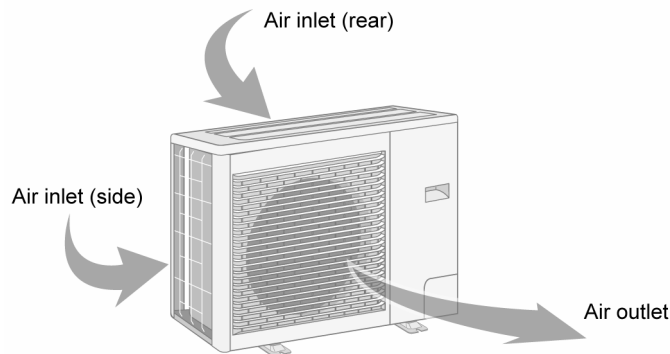
- **Inverter Technology**
 - Wider output power range
 - Energy saving
 - Quick Cooling
 - More precise temperature control
- **Environment Protection**
 - Non-ozone depletion substances refrigerant (R410A)
- **Long Installation Piping**
 - CS/CU-E24/28NK, long piping up to 30 meter
- **Easy to use remote control**
- **Quality Improvement**
 - Random auto restart after power failure for safety restart operation
 - Gas leakage protection
 - Prevent compressor reverse cycle
 - Inner protector to protect compressor
 - Noise prevention during soft dry operation
- **Operation Improvement**
 - Quiet mode to reduce the indoor unit operating sound
 - Powerful mode to reach the desired room temperature quickly
 - 24-hour timer setting
- **Serviceability Improvement**
 - Breakdown Self Diagnosis function

4. Location of Controls and Components

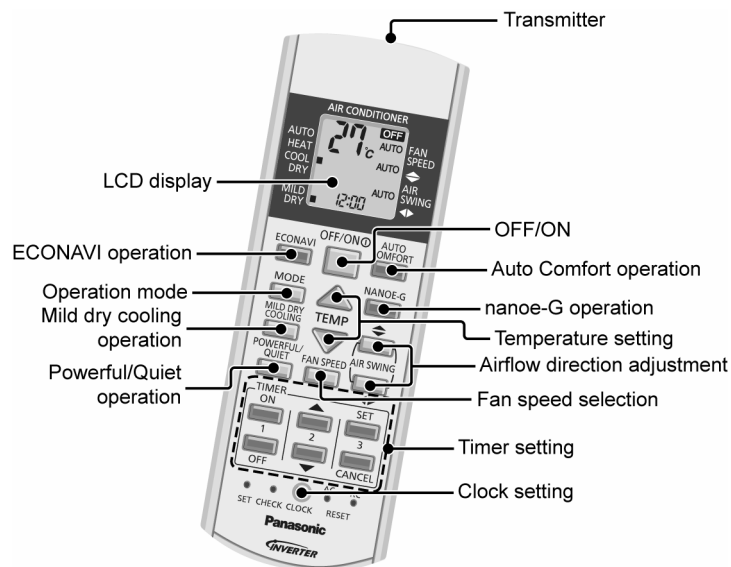
4.1 Indoor Unit



4.2 Outdoor Unit



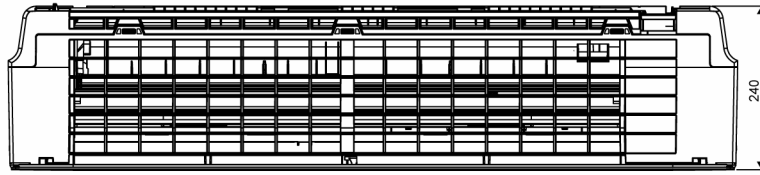
4.3 Remote Control



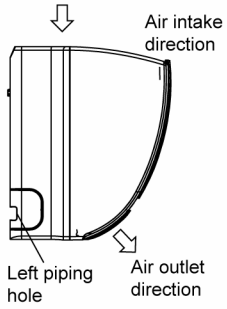
5. Dimensions

5.1 Indoor Unit & Remote Control

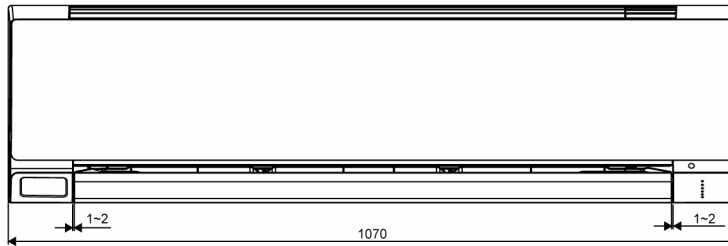
<Top View>



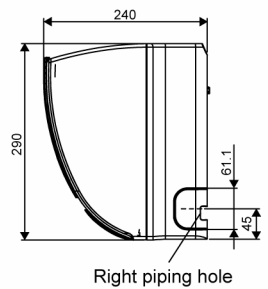
<Side View>



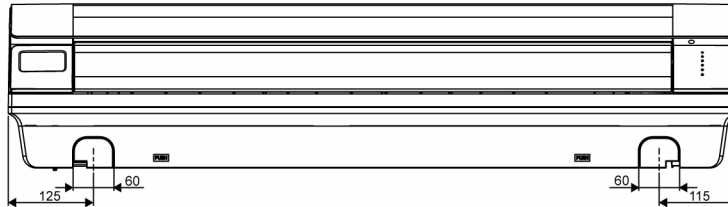
<Front View>



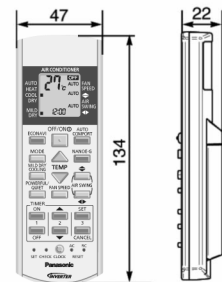
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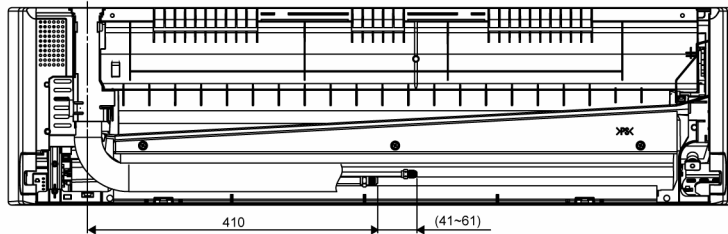
<Bottom View>



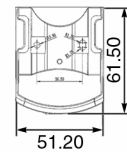
Remote control transmitter



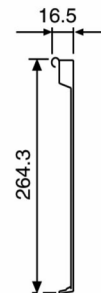
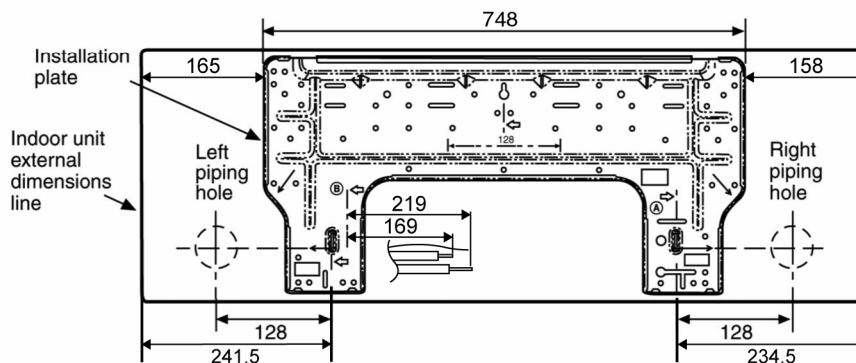
<Back View>



Remote control holder

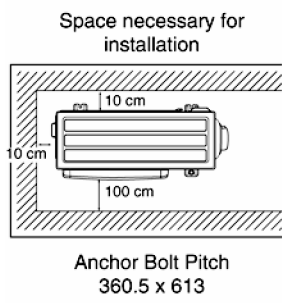


Relative position between the indoor unit and the installation plate <Front View>

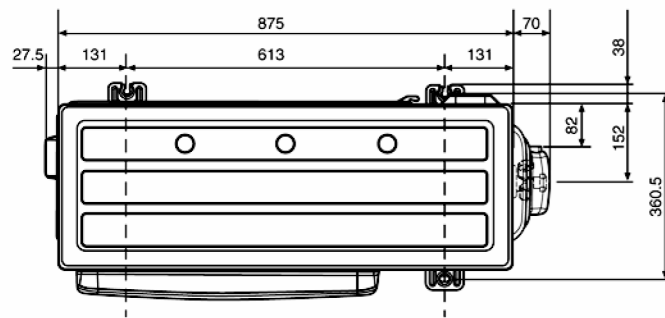


Unit : mm

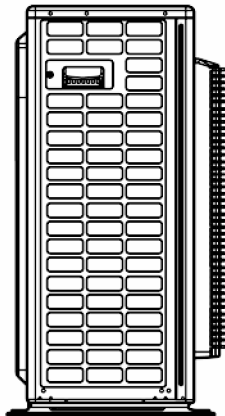
5.2 Outdoor Unit



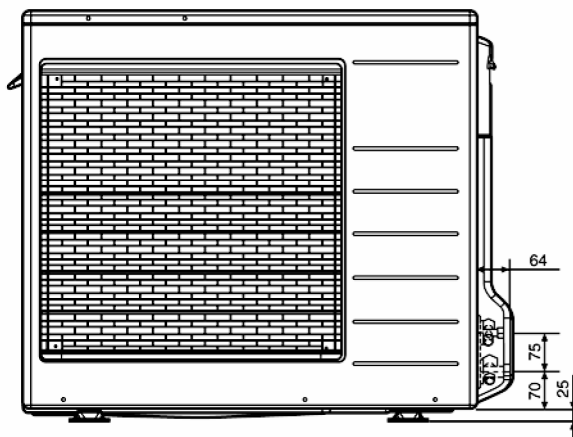
<Top View>



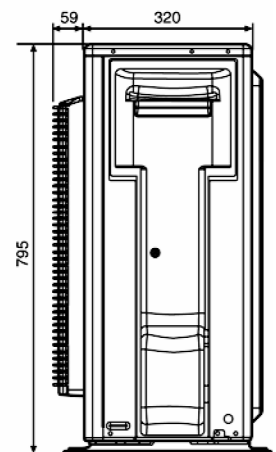
<Side View>



<Front View>

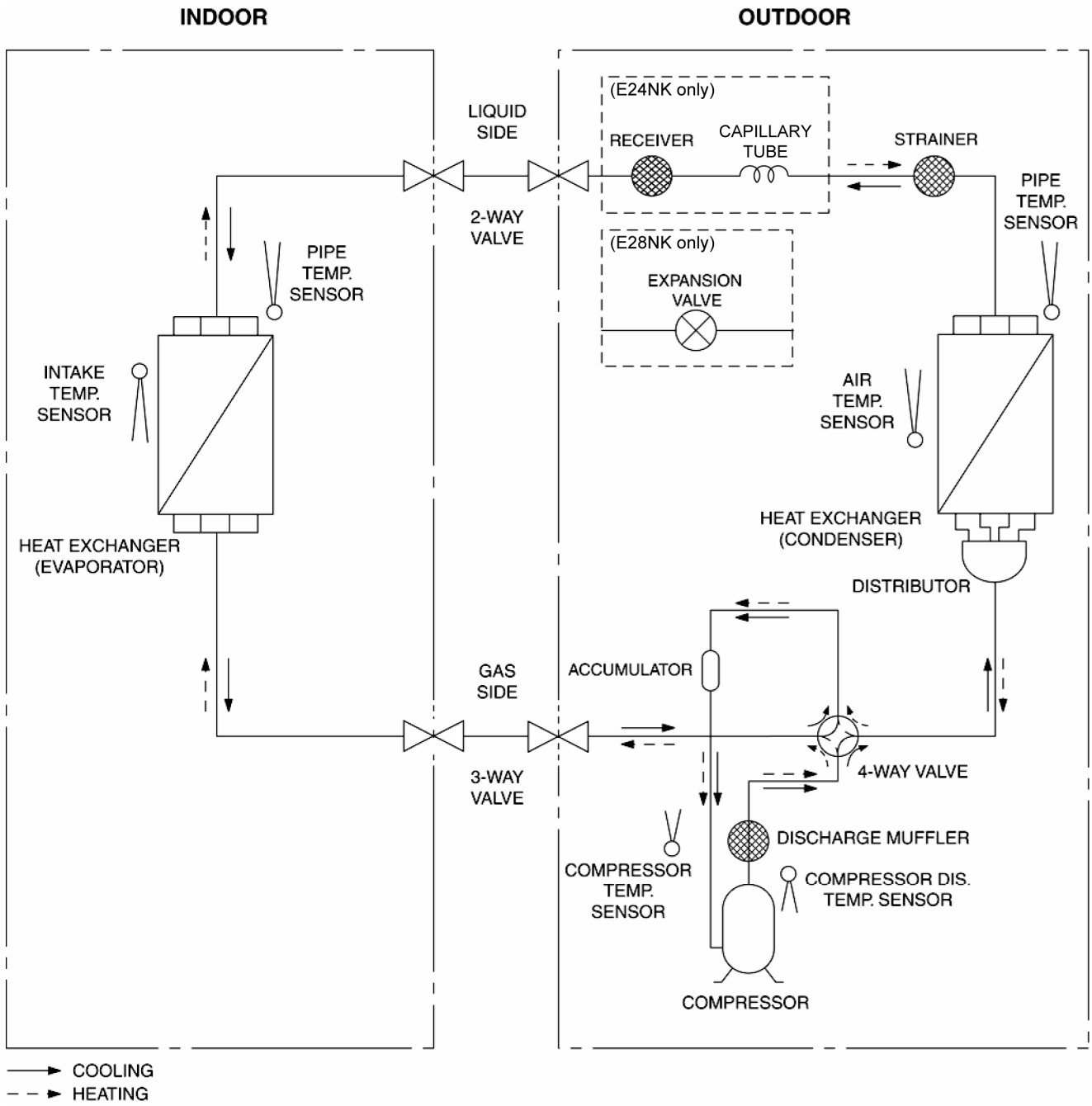


<Side View>

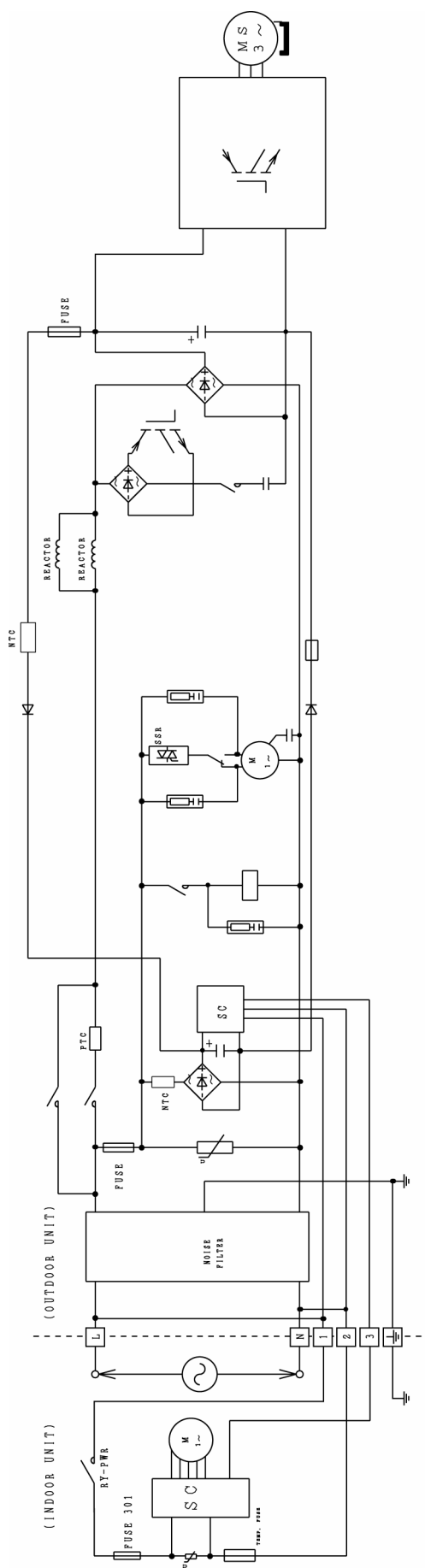


Unit : mm

6. Refrigeration Cycle Diagram

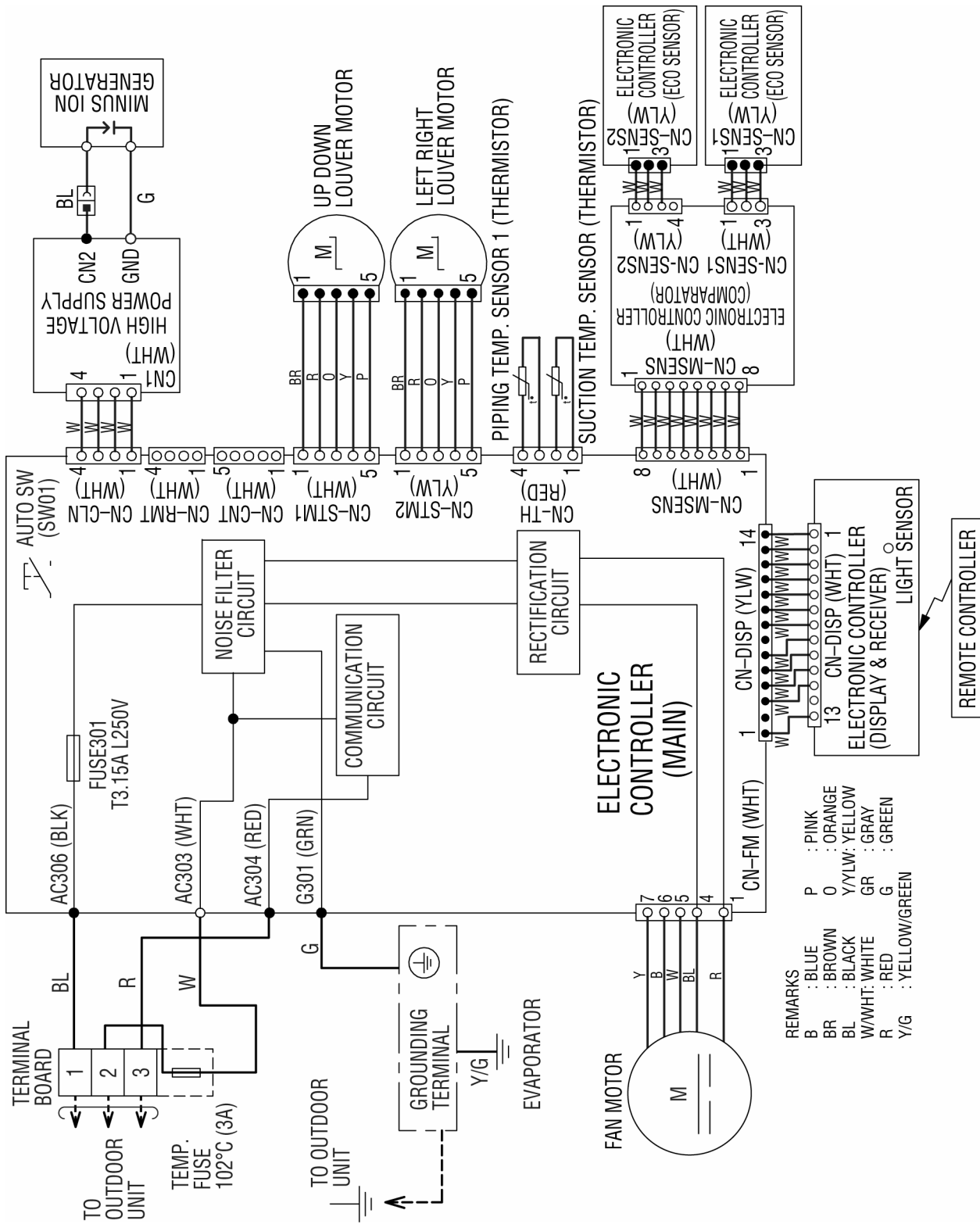


7. Block Diagram



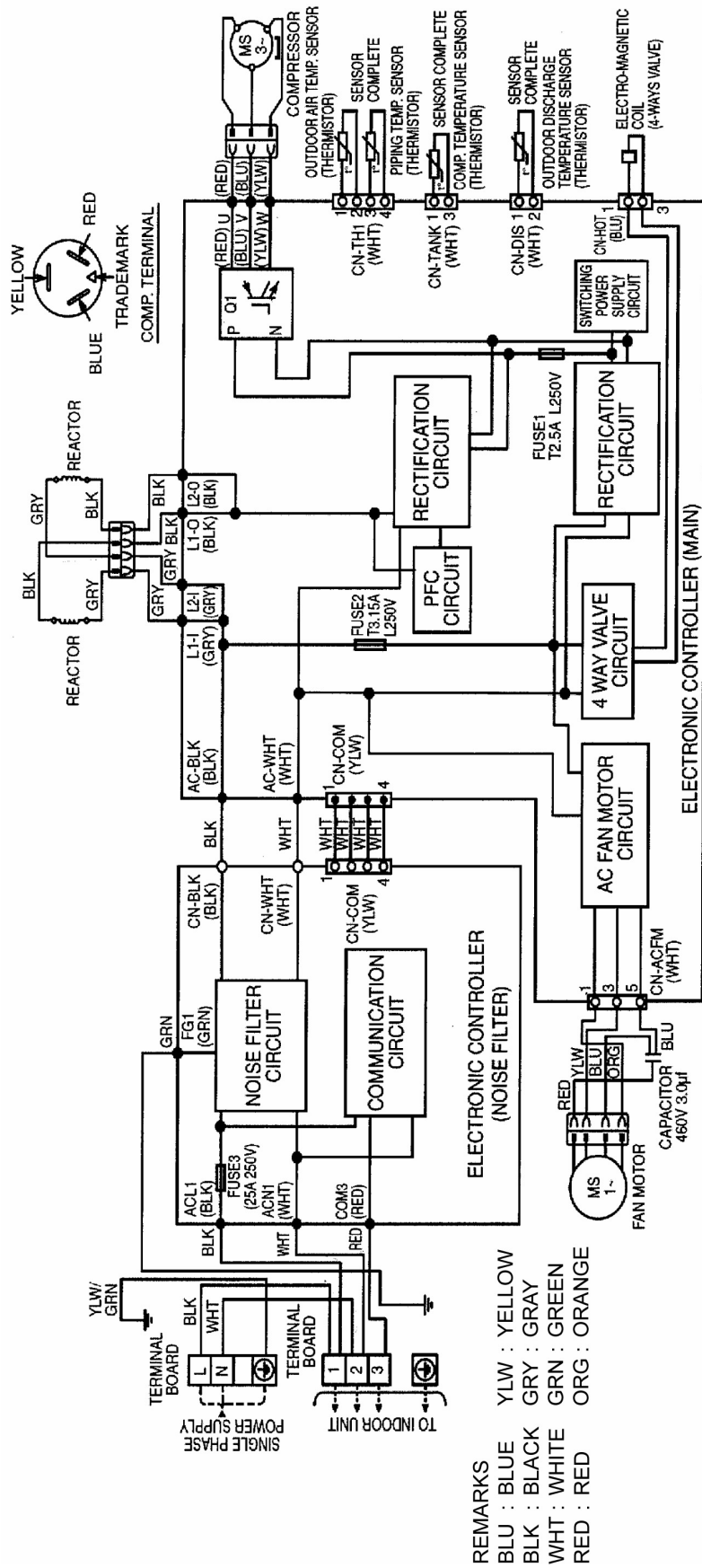
8. Wiring Connection Diagram

8.1 Indoor Unit

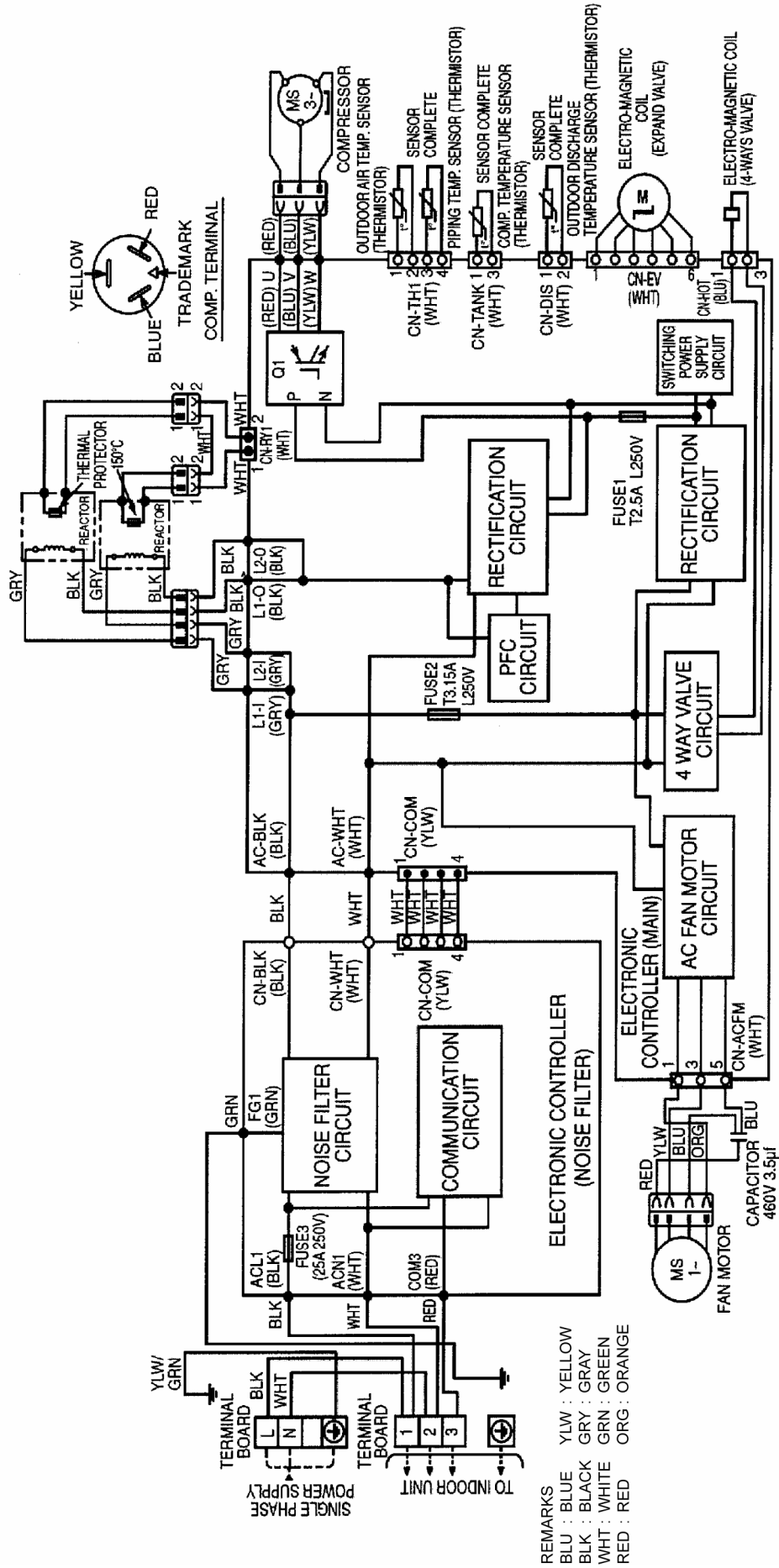


8.2 Outdoor Unit

8.2.1 CU-E24NKE

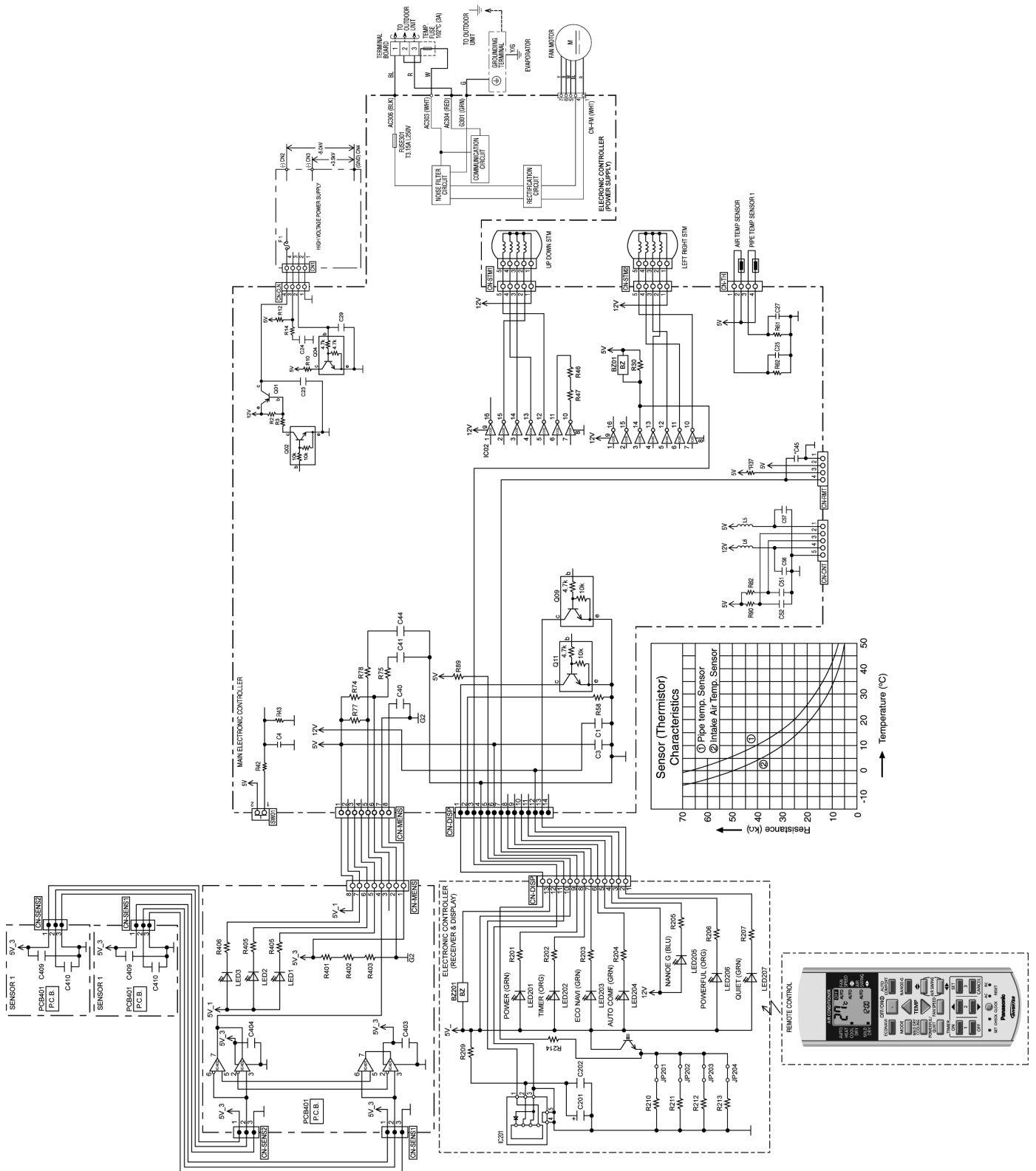


8.2.2 CU-E28NKE



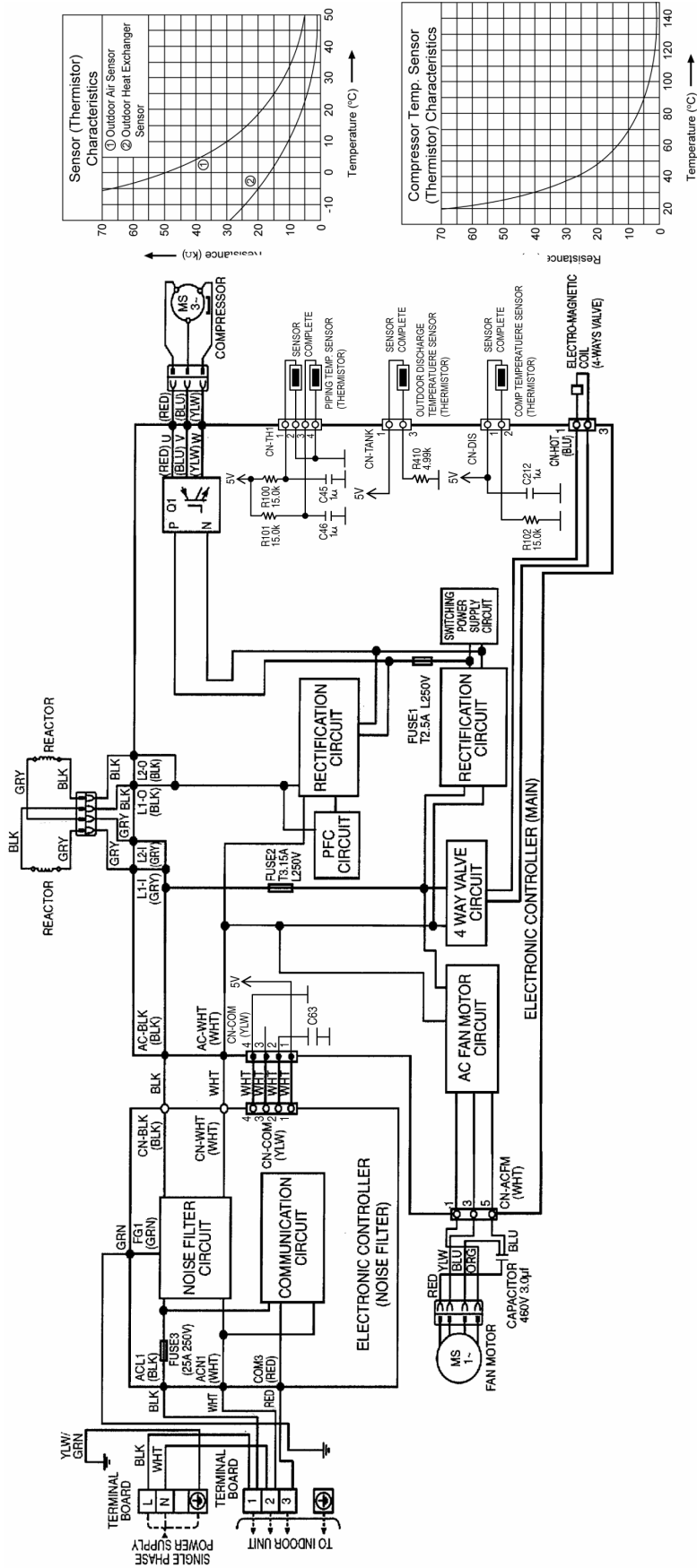
9. Electronic Circuit Diagram

9.1 Indoor Unit

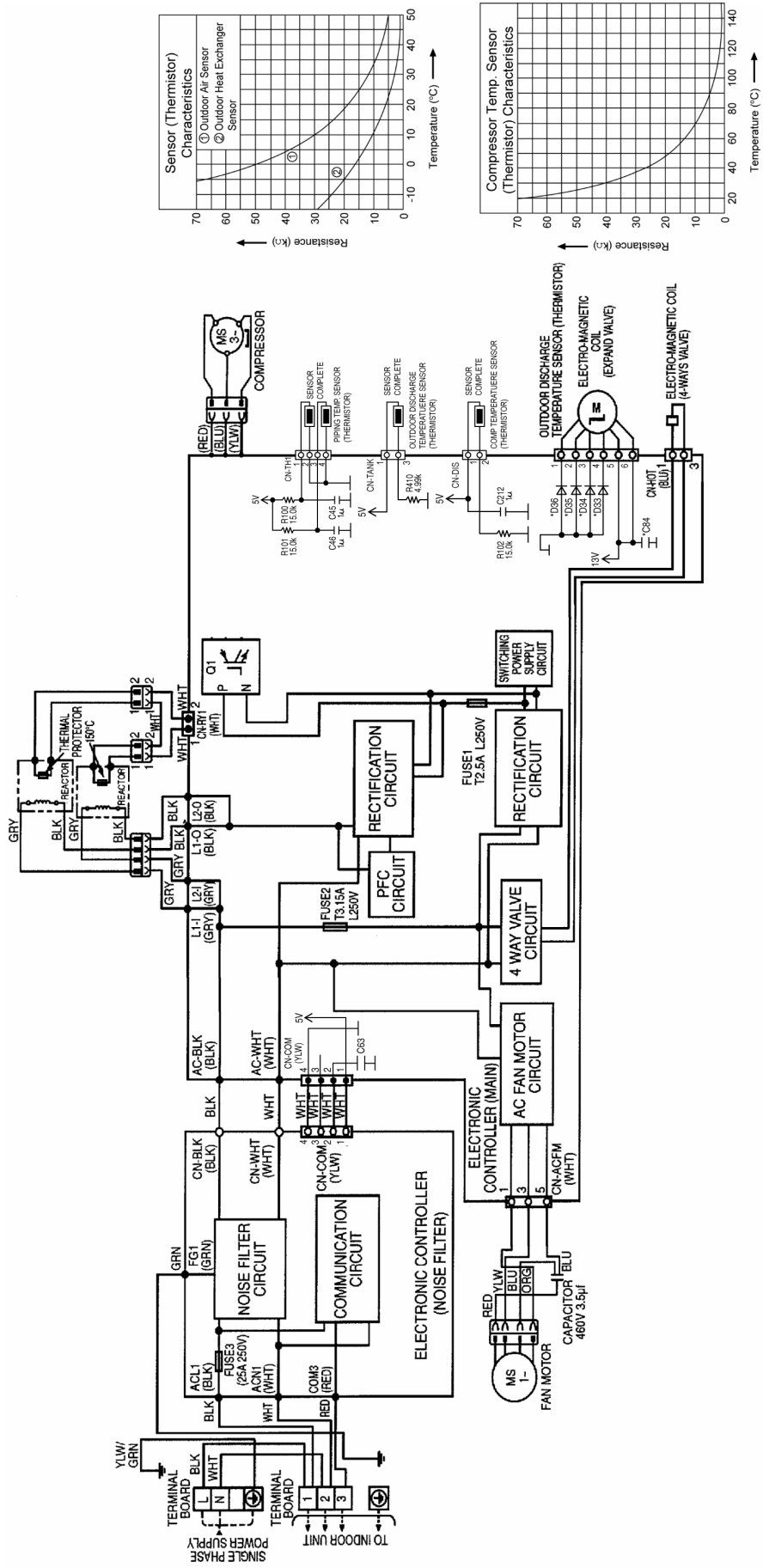


9.2 Outdoor Unit

9.2.1 CU-E24NKE



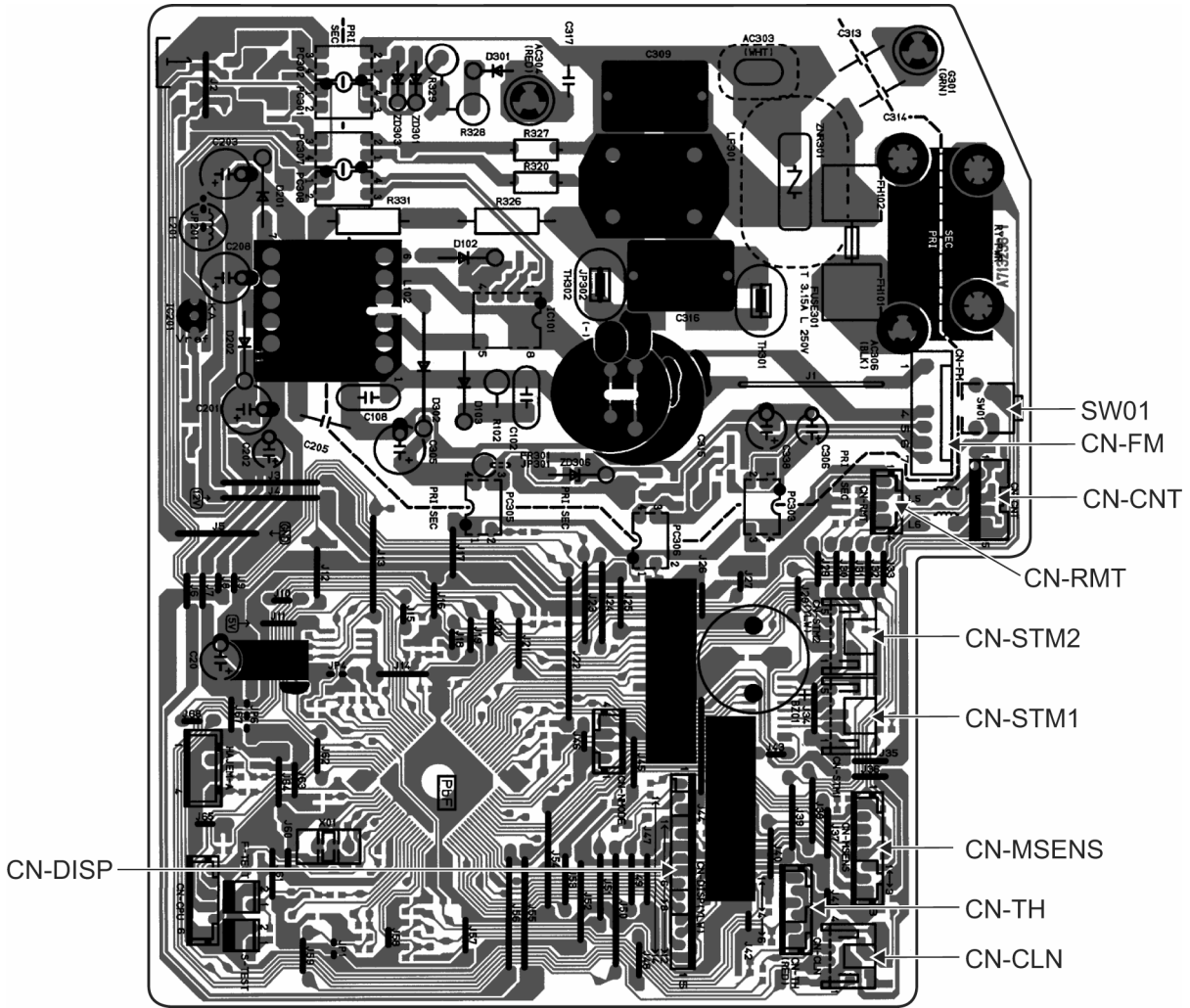
9.2.2 CU-E28NKE



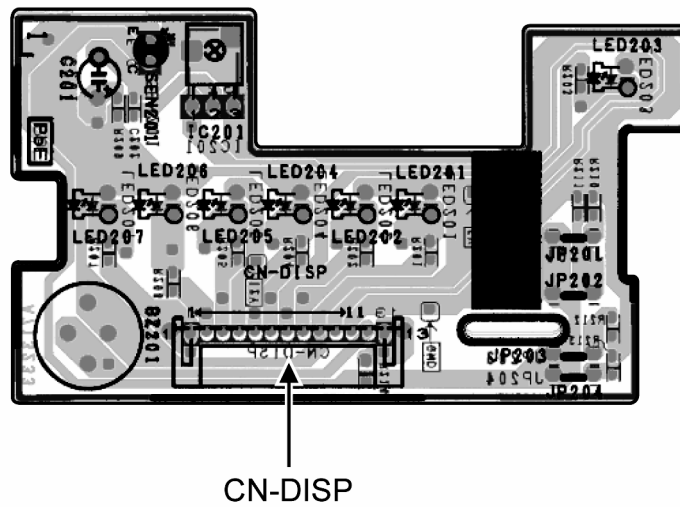
10. Printed Circuit Board

10.1 Indoor Unit

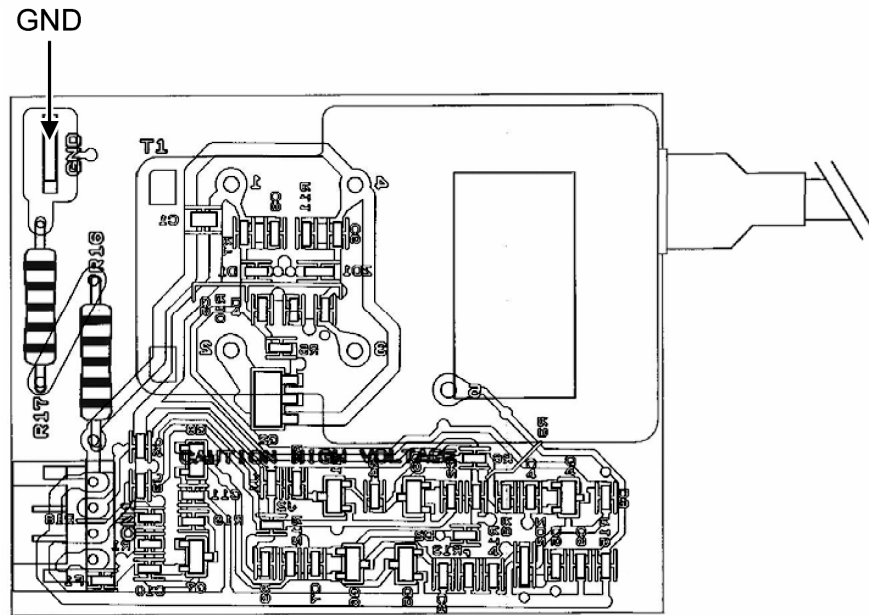
10.1.1 Main Printed Circuit Board



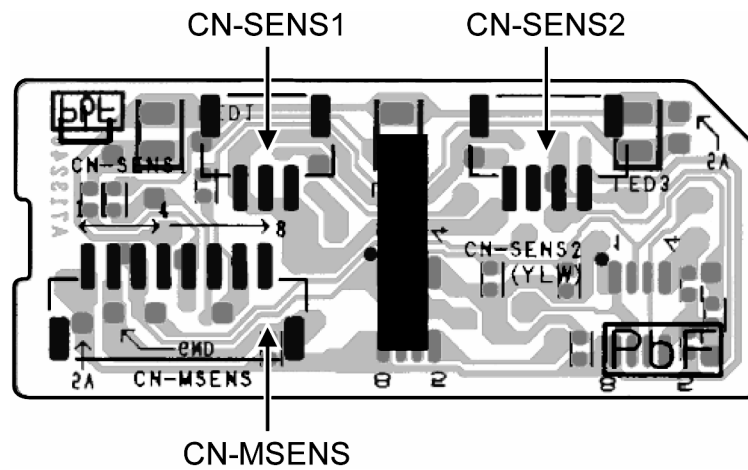
10.1.2 Indicator Printed Circuit Board



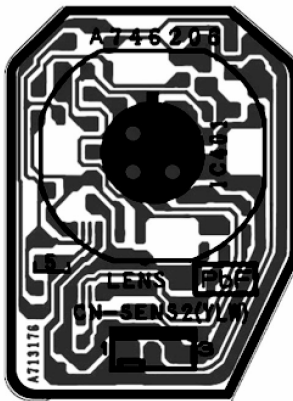
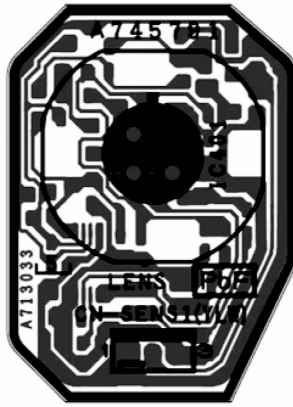
10.1.3 High Voltage Power Supply Printed Circuit Board



10.1.4 Comparator Printed Circuit Board

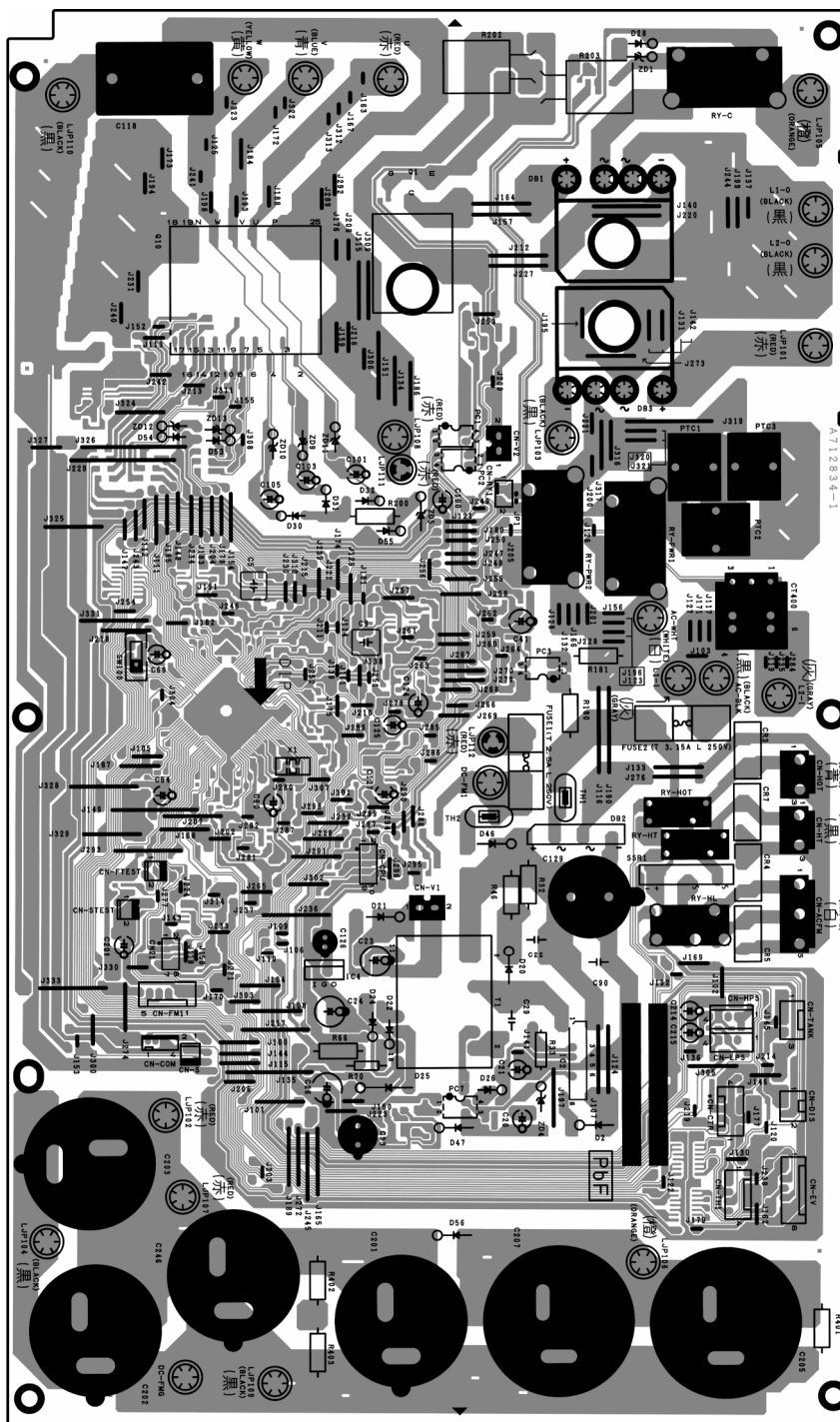


10.1.5 Human Activity Sensor Printed Circuit Board

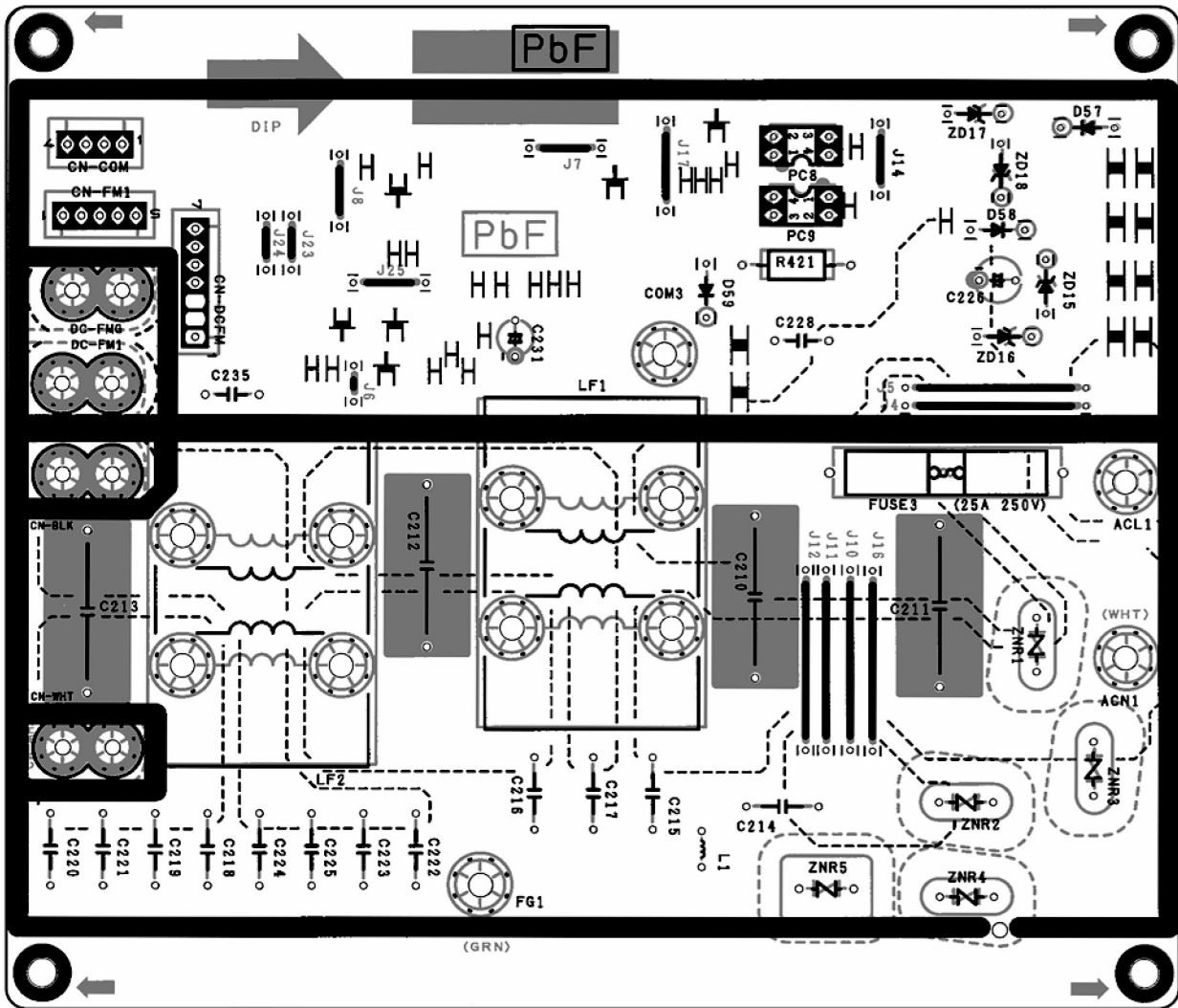


10.2 Outdoor Unit

10.2.1 Main Printed Circuit Board



10.2.2 Power Printed Circuit Board



11. Installation Instruction

11.1 Select the Best Location

11.1.1 Indoor Unit

- Do not install the unit in excessive oil fume area such as kitchen, workshop and etc.
- There should not be any heat source or steam near the unit.
- There should not be any obstacles blocking the air circulation.
- A place where air circulation in the room is good.
- A place where drainage can be easily done.
- A place where noise prevention is taken into consideration.
- Do not install the unit near the door way.
- Ensure the spaces indicated by arrows from the wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.
- Recommended installation height for indoor unit shall be at least 2.5 m.

11.1.2 Outdoor Unit

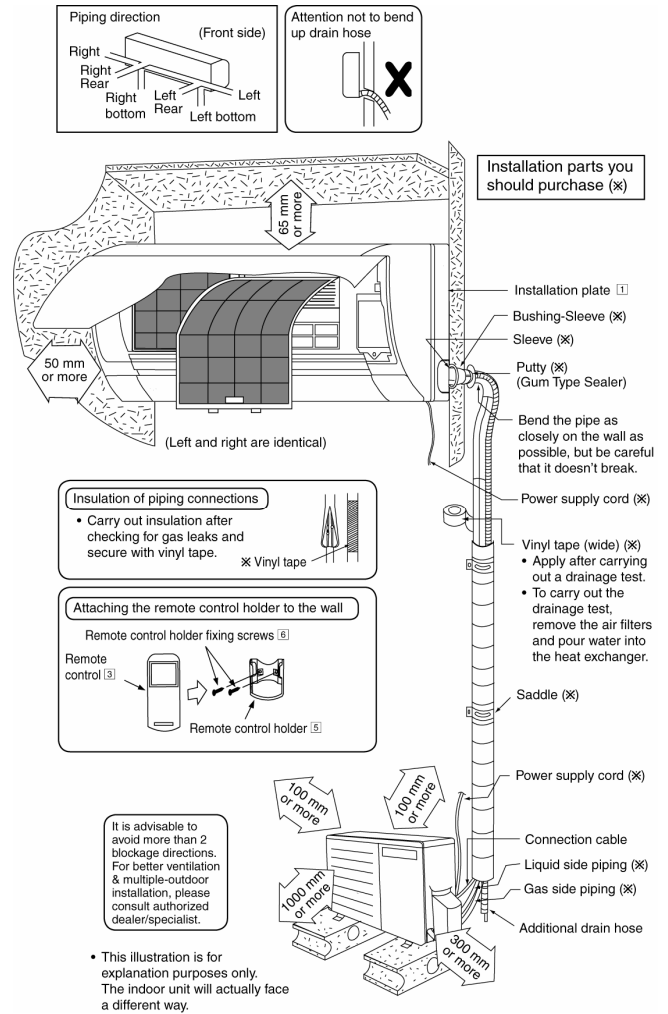
- If an awning is built over the unit to prevent direct sunlight or rain, be careful that heat radiation from the condenser is not obstructed.
- There should not be any animal or plant which could be affected by hot air discharged.
- Keep the spaces indicated by arrows from wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.
- Do not place any obstacles which may cause a short circuit of the discharged air.
- If piping length is over the [piping length for additional gas], additional refrigerant should be added as shown in the table.

Model	Horse Power (HP)	Piping size		Std. Length (m)	Max. Elevation (m)	Min. Piping Length (m)	Max. Piping Length (m)	Additional Refrigerant (g/m)	Piping Length for add. gas (m)
		Gas	Liquid						
E7***, XE7***	3/4HP	9.52 mm (3/8")	6.35 mm (1/4")	5	15	3	15	20	7.5
E9***, XE9***	1.0HP								
E12***, XE12***	1.5HP								
E15***, XE15***	1.75HP	12.7 mm (1/2")	6.35 mm (1/4")	5	15	3	15	20	7.5
E18***, XE18***	2.0HP								
E21***, XE21***	2.25HP								
E24***	2.5HP	15.88 mm (5/8")	6.35 mm (1/4")	5	20	3	30	30	10
E28***	3.0HP								

Example: For E9***

If the unit is installed at 10 m distance, the quantity of additional refrigerant should be 50 g $(10 - 7.5) \text{ m} \times 20 \text{ g/m} = 50 \text{ g}$.

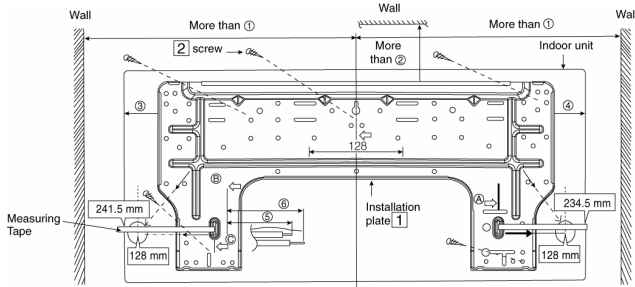
11.1.3 Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram



11.2 Indoor Unit

11.2.1 How to Fix Installation Plate

The mounting wall shall be strong and solid enough to prevent it from the vibration.



Model	Dimension					
	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥
E7***, XE7*** E9***, XE9*** E12***, XE12*** E15***, XE15***	485 mm	82 mm	165 mm	158 mm	43 mm	95 mm
E18***, XE18*** E21***, XE21*** E24***, E28***	585 mm	82 mm	165 mm	158 mm	169 mm	219 mm

The center of installation plate should be at more than ① at right and left of the wall.

The distance from installation plate edge to ceiling should more than ②.

From installation plate left edge to unit's left side is ③.

From installation plate right edge to unit's right side is ④.

- ⑤ : For left side piping, piping connection for liquid should be about ⑤ from this line.
 ⑥ : For left side piping, piping connection for gas should be about ⑥ from this line.

- Mount the installation plate on the wall with 5 screws or more (at least 5 screws). (If mounting the unit on the concrete wall, consider using anchor bolts.)
 - Always mount the installation plate horizontally by aligning the marking-off line with the thread and using a level gauge.
- Drill the piping plate hole with $\varnothing 70$ mm hole-core drill.
 - Line according to the left and right side of the installation plate. The meeting point of the extended line is the center of the hole. Another method is by putting measuring tape at position as shown in the diagram above. The hole center is obtained by measuring the distance namely 128 mm for left and right hole respectively.
 - Drill the piping hole at either the right or the left and the hole should be slightly slanting to the outdoor side.

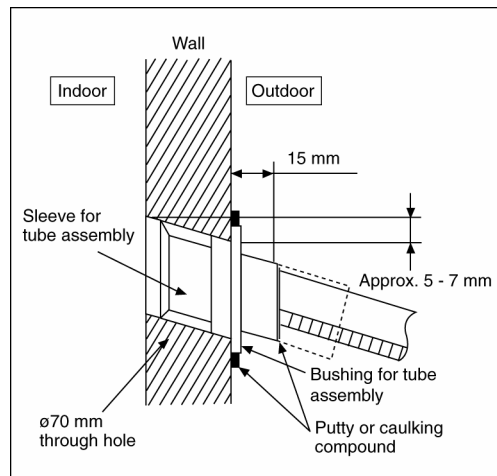
11.2.2 To Drill a Hole in the Wall and Install a Sleeve of Piping

- Insert the piping sleeve to the hole.
- Fix the bushing to the sleeve.
- Cut the sleeve until it extrudes about 15 mm from the wall.

CAUTION

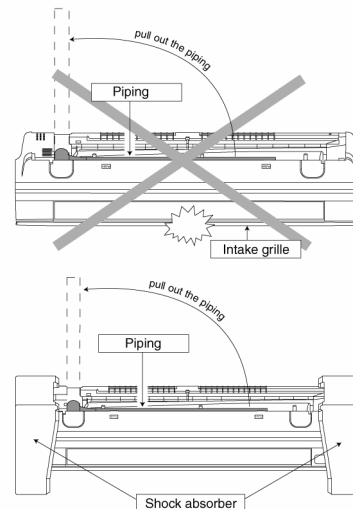
⚠ When the wall is hollow, please be sure to use the sleeve for tube assembly to prevent dangers caused by mice biting the connection cable.

- Finish by sealing the sleeve with putty or caulking compound at the final stage.



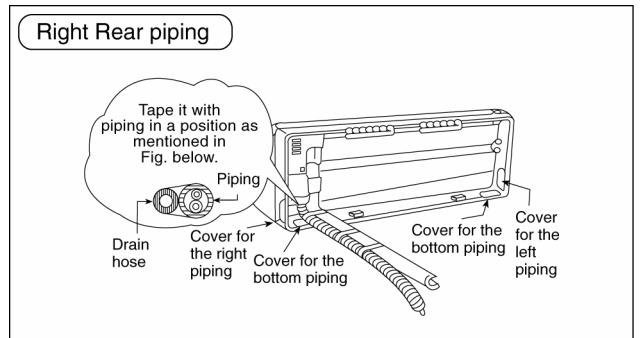
11.2.3 Indoor Unit Installation

- Do not turn over the unit without its shock absorber during pull out the piping. It may cause intake grille damage.
- Use shock absorber during pull out the piping to protect the intake grille from damage.



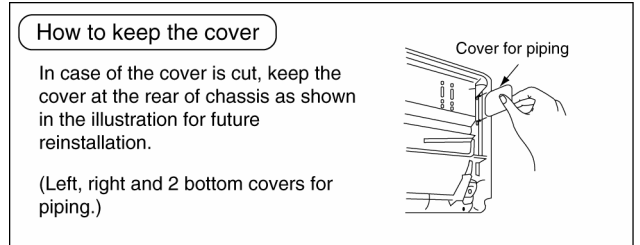
11.2.3.1 For the right rear piping

- Step-1** Pull out the Indoor piping
- Step-2** Install the Indoor Unit
- Step-3** Secure the Indoor Unit
- Step-4** Insert the connection cable



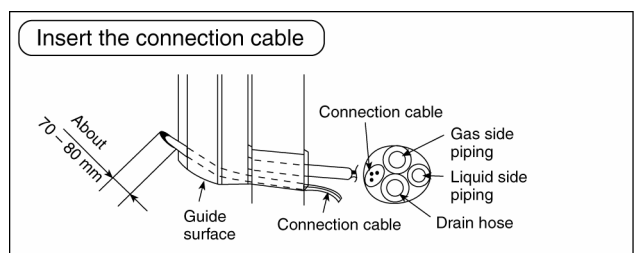
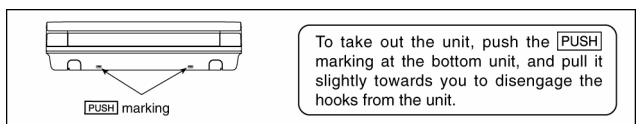
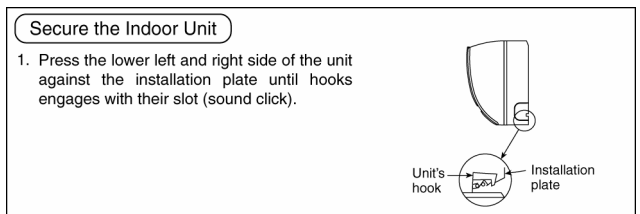
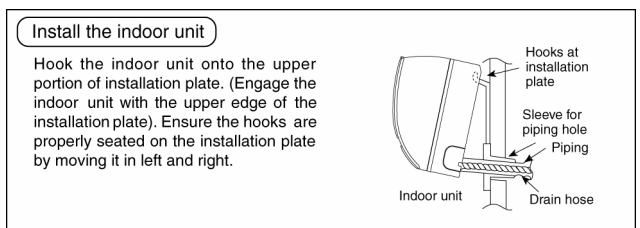
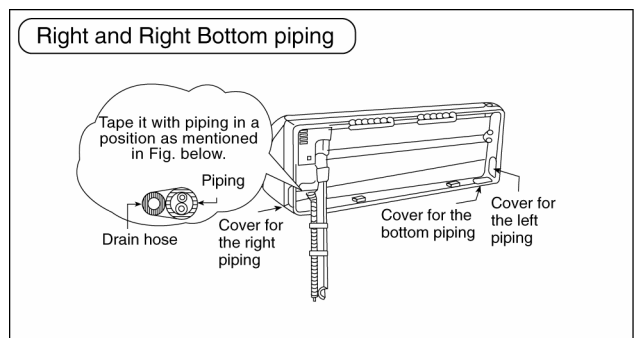
11.2.3.2 For the right and right bottom piping

- Step-1** Pull out the Indoor piping
- Step-2** Install the Indoor Unit
- Step-3** Insert the connection cable
- Step-4** Secure the Indoor Unit

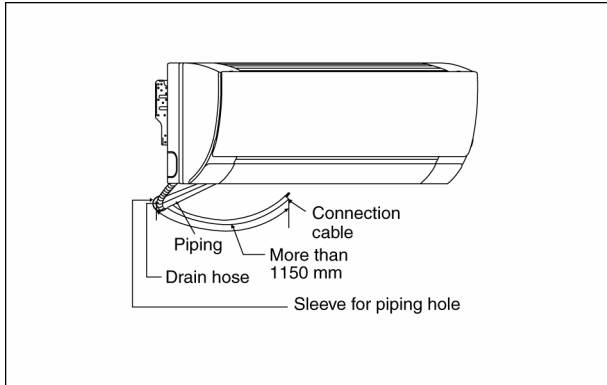
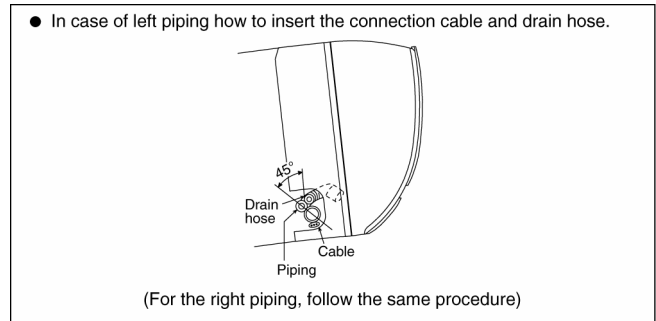
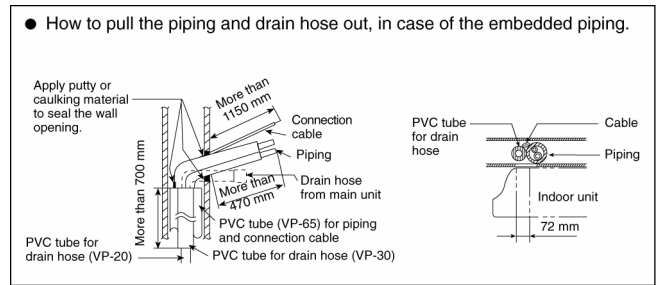
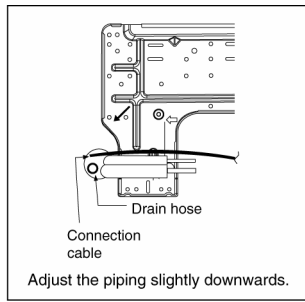
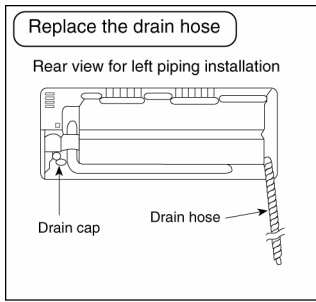


11.2.3.3 For the embedded piping

- Step-1** Replace the drain hose
- Step-2** Bend the embedded piping
 - Use a spring bender or equivalent to bend the piping so that the piping is not crushed.
- Step-3** Pull the connection cable into Indoor Unit
 - The inside and outside connection cable can be connected without removing the front grille.
- Step-4** Cut and flare the embedded piping
 - When determining the dimensions of the piping, slide the unit all the way to the left on the installation plate.
 - Refer to the section "Cutting and flaring the piping".
- Step-5** Install the Indoor Unit
- Step-6** Connect the piping
 - Please refer to "Connecting the piping" column in outdoor unit section. (Below steps are done after connecting the outdoor piping and gas-leakage confirmation.)
- Step-7** Insulate and finish the piping
 - Please refer to "Insulation of piping connection" column as mentioned in indoor/outdoor unit installation.
- Step-8** Secure the Indoor Unit



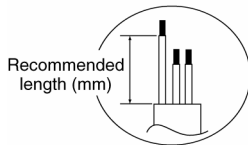
(This can be used for left rear piping and bottom piping also.)



11.2.4 Connect the Cable to the Indoor Unit

- 1 The inside and outside connection cable can be connected without removing the front grille.
- 2 **Connection cable** between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed 4 x 1.5 mm² flexible cord, type designation 245 IEC 57 or heavier cord.
- 3 Bind all the indoor and outdoor connection cable with tape and route the connection cable via the escapement.
- 4 Remove the tapes and connect the connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit according to the diagram below.

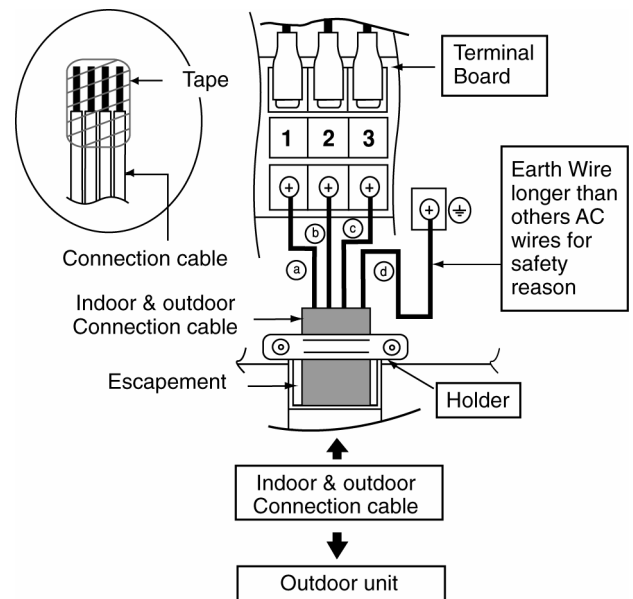
Terminals on the indoor unit	1	2	3	⊕
Colour of wires	Grey	Blue	Brown	Yellow/Green
Terminals on the outdoor unit	1	2	3	⊕



Recommended length (mm)	a	b	c	d
	35	35	35	55

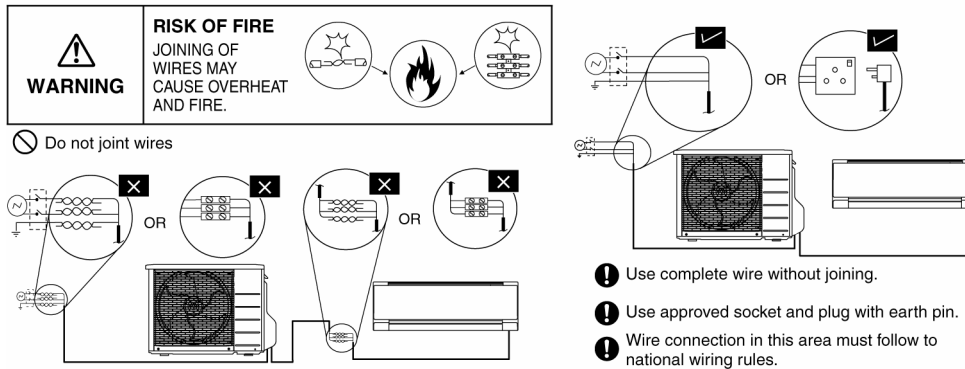
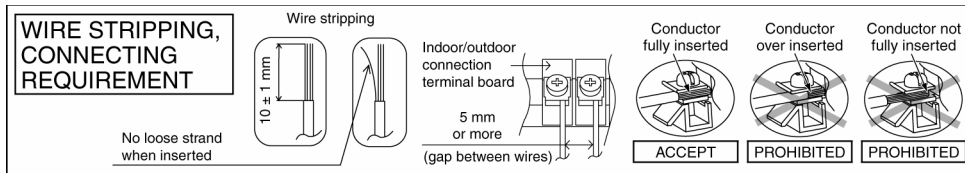
WARNING

This equipment must be properly earthed.



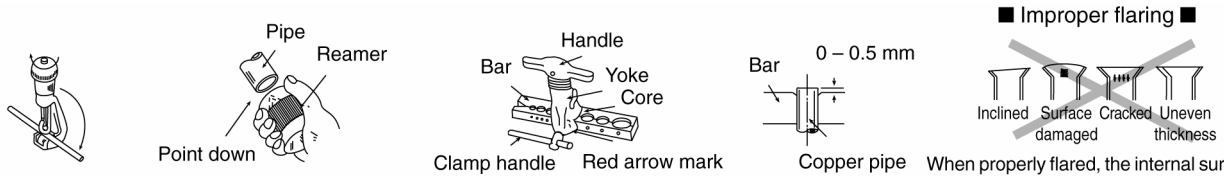
Note:

- Secure the connecting cable onto the control board with the holder (clammer).
- Ensure the colour of wires of outdoor unit and the terminal Nos. are the same to the indoor's respectively.
- Earth wire shall be Yellow/Green (Y/G) in colour and longer than other AC wires for safety reason.



11.2.4.1 Cutting and flaring the piping

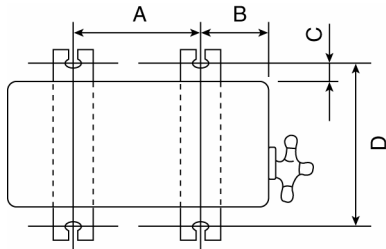
- 1 Please cut using pipe cutter and then remove the burrs.
- 2 Remove the burrs by using reamer. If burrs is not removed, gas leakage may be caused. Turn the piping end down to avoid the metal powder entering the pipe.
- 3 Please make flare after inserting the flare nut onto the copper pipes.



11.3 Outdoor Unit

11.3.1 Install the Outdoor Unit

- After selecting the best location, start installation according to Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram.
 - Fix the unit on concrete or rigid frame firmly and horizontally by bolt nut ($\varnothing 10$ mm).
 - When installing at roof, please consider strong wind and earthquake. Please fasten the installation stand firmly with bolt or nails.



Model	A	B	C	D
E7***	570 mm	105 mm	18.5 mm	320 mm
E9***				
E12***-3				
E12***	540 mm	160 mm	18.5 mm	330 mm
E15***				
E15***-3	613 mm	131 mm	16 mm	360.5 mm
E18***				
E21***				
E24***				
E28***				

11.3.2 Connect the Piping

Connecting the Piping to Indoor

Please make flare after inserting flare nut (locate at joint portion of tube assembly) onto the copper pipe. (In case of using long piping)

Connect the piping

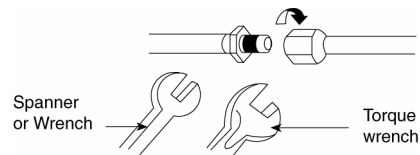
- Align the center of piping and sufficiently tighten the flare nut with fingers.
- Further tighten the flare nut with torque wrench in specified torque as stated in the table.

Do not over tighten, over tightening cause gas leakage.	
Piping Size	Torque
6.35 mm (1/4")	[18 N•m (1.8 kgf.m)]
9.52 mm (3/8")	[42 N•m (4.3 kgf.m)]
12.7 mm (1/2")	[55 N•m (5.6 kgf.m)]
15.88 mm (5/8")	[65 N•m (6.6 kgf.m)]
19.05 mm (3/4")	[100 N•m (10.2 kgf.m)]

Connecting the Piping to Outdoor

Decide piping length and then cut by using pipe cutter. Remove burrs from cut edge. Make flare after inserting the flare nut (locate at valve) onto the copper pipe.

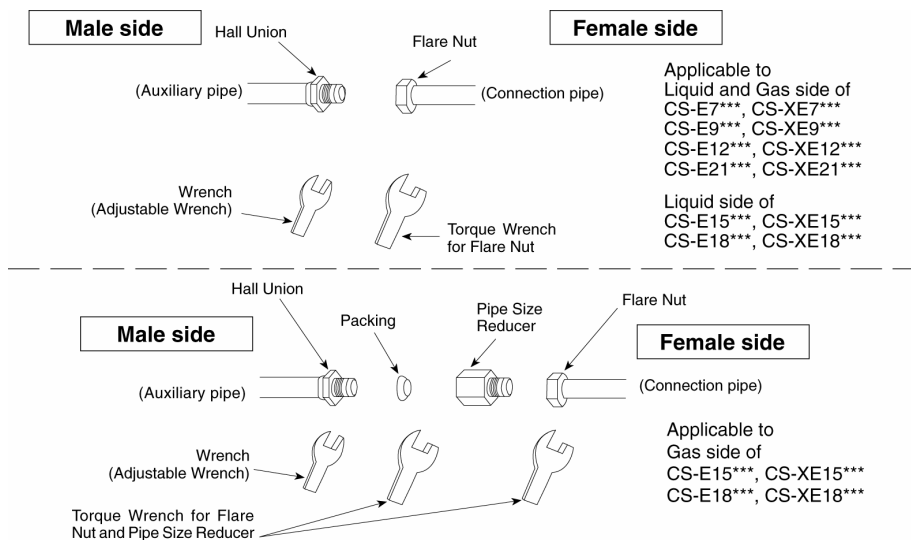
Align center of piping to valves and then tighten with torque wrench to the specified torque as stated in the table.



Connecting the Piping to Outdoor Multi

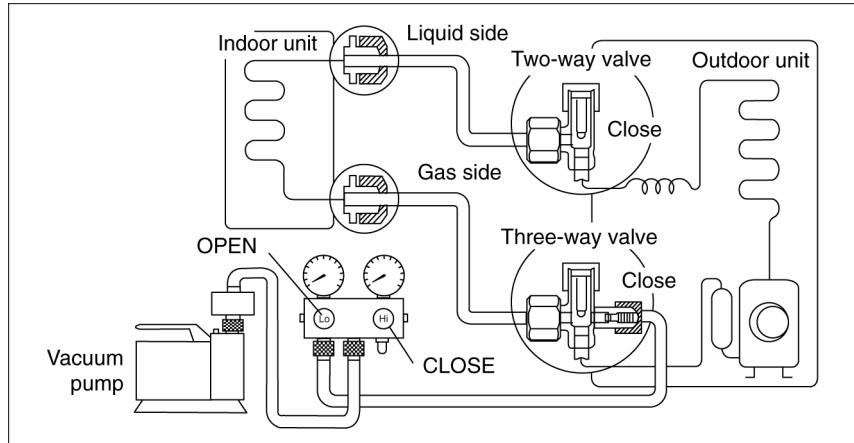
Decide piping length and then cut by using pipe cutter. Remove burrs from cut edge. Make flare after inserting the flare nut (located at valve) onto the copper pipe.

Align center of piping to valve and then tighten with torque wrench to the specified torque as stated in the table.



11.3.3 Evacuation of the Equipment

WHEN INSTALLING AN AIR CONDITIONER, BE SURE TO EVACUATE THE AIR INSIDE THE INDOOR UNIT AND PIPES in the following procedure.



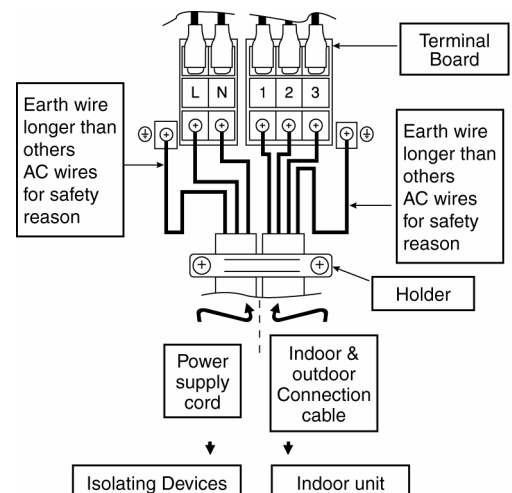
- 1 Connect a charging hose with a push pin to the Low side of a charging set and the service port of the 3-way valve.
 - Be sure to connect the end of the charging hose with the push pin to the service port.
- 2 Connect the center hose of the charging set to a vacuum pump.
- 3 Turn on the power switch of the vacuum pump and make sure that the needle in the gauge moves from 0 cmHg (0 MPa) to -76 cmHg (-0.1 MPa). Then evacuate the air approximately ten minutes.
- 4 Close the Low side valve of the charging set and turn off the vacuum pump. Make sure that the needle in the gauge does not move after approximately five minutes.

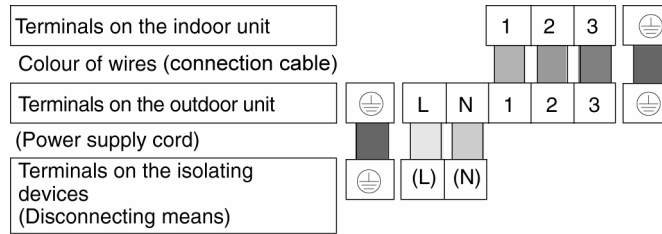
Note: BE SURE TO TAKE THIS PROCEDURE IN ORDER TO AVOID REFRIGERENT GAS LEAKAGE.
- 5 Disconnect the charging hose from the vacuum pump and from the service port of the 3-way valve.
- 6 Tighten the service port caps of the 3-way valve at a torque of 18 N•m with a torque wrench.
- 7 Remove the valve caps of both of the 2-way valve and 3-way valve. Position both of the valves to “OPEN” using a hexagonal wrench (4 mm).
- 8 Mount valve caps onto the 2-way valve and the 3-way valve.
 - Be sure to check for gas leakage.

- If gauge needle does not move from 0 cmHg (0 MPa) to -76 cmHg (-0.1 MPa), in the step ③ above take the following measure:
 - If the leak stops when the piping connections are tightened further, continue working from step ③.
 - If the leak does not stop when the connections are retightened, repair location of leak.
 - Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation and reinstallation.
 - Take care of the liquid refrigerant, it may cause frostbite.

11.3.4 Connect the Cable to the Outdoor Unit

- 1 Remove the control board cover from the unit by loosening the screw.
- 2 Cable connection to the power supply through Isolating Devices (Disconnecting means).
 - Connect approved type polychloroprene sheathed **power supply cord** 3 x 1.5 mm² (3/4 ~ 1.75HP), 3 x 2.5 mm² (2.0 ~ 2.5HP) or 3 x 4.0 mm² (3.0HP) type designation 245 IEC 57 or heavier cord to the terminal board, and connect the others end of the cord to Isolating Devices (Disconnecting means).
- 3 **Connection cable** between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed 4 x 1.5 mm² flexible cord, type designation 245 IEC 57 or heavier cord.
- 4 Connect the power supply cord and connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit according to the diagram below.





- 5 Secure the power supply cord and connection cable onto the control board with the holder.
- 6 Attach the control board cover back to the original position with screw.
- 7 For wire stripping and connection requirement, refer to instruction 11.2.4 of indoor unit.

⚠ WARNING
⚡ This equipment must be properly earthed.

- Note: Isolating Devices (Disconnecting means) should have minimum 3.0 mm contact gap.
- Earth wire shall be Yellow/Green (Y/G) in colour and longer than other AC wires for safety reason.

11.3.5 Piping Insulation

- 1 Please carry out insulation at pipe connection portion as mentioned in Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram. Please wrap the insulated piping end to prevent water from going inside the piping.
- 2 If drain hose or connecting piping is in the room (where dew may form), please increase the insulation by using POLY-E FOAM with thickness 6 mm or above.

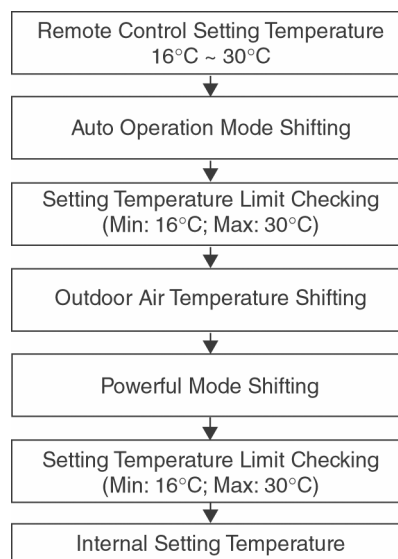
12. Operation and Control

12.1 Basic Function

Inverter control, which equipped with a microcomputer in determining the most suitable operating mode as time passes, automatically adjusts output power for maximum comfort always. In order to achieve the suitable operating mode, the microcomputer maintains the set temperature by measuring the temperature of the environment and performing temperature shifting. The compressor at outdoor unit is operating following the frequency instructed by the microcomputer at indoor unit that judging the condition according to internal setting temperature and intake air temperature.

12.1.1 Internal Setting Temperature

Once the operation starts, remote control setting temperature will be taken as base value for temperature shifting processes. These shifting processes are depending on the air conditioner settings and the operation environment. The final shifted value will be used as internal setting temperature and it is updated continuously whenever the electrical power is supplied to the unit.



12.1.2 Cooling Operation

12.1.2.1 Thermostat control

- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature $< -1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ continue for 3 minutes.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature $>$ Compressor OFF point.

12.1.3 Soft Dry Operation

12.1.3.1 Thermostat control

- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature $< -2.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ continue for 3 minutes.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature $>$ Compressor OFF point.

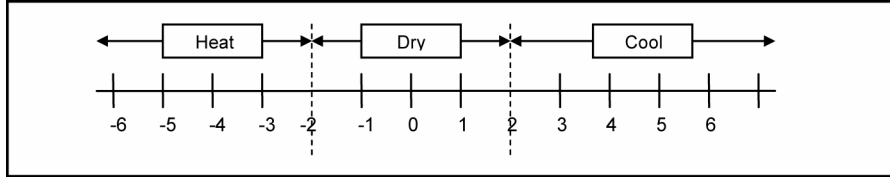
12.1.4 Heating Operation

12.1.4.1 Thermostat control

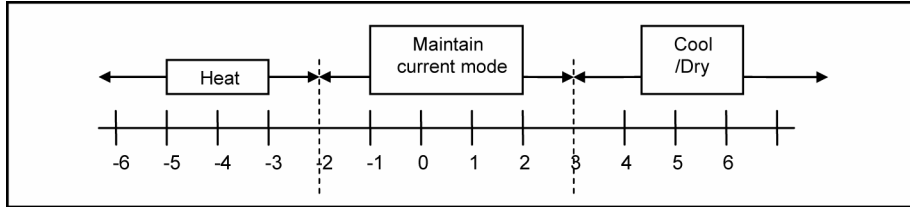
- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature $> +2.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ continue for 3 minutes.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature $<$ Compressor OFF point.

12.1.5 Automatic Operation

- This mode can be set using remote control and the operation is decided by remote control setting temperature, remote control operation mode and indoor intake air temperature.
- During operation mode judgment, indoor fan motor (with speed of Lo-) is running for 30 seconds to detect the indoor intake air temperature.
- Every 10 minutes, the indoor temperature is judged.
- For the 1st judgment
 - If indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature $\geq 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, COOL mode is decided.
 - If $-2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq$ indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature $< 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, DRY mode is decided.
 - If indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature $< -2^{\circ}\text{C}$, HEAT mode is decided.



- For the 2nd judgment onwards
 - If indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature $\geq 3^{\circ}\text{C}$, if previous operate in DRY mode, then continue in DRY mode. otherwise COOL mode is decided.
 - If $-2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq$ indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature $< 3^{\circ}\text{C}$, maintain with previous mode.
 - If indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature $< -2^{\circ}\text{C}$, HEAT mode is decided.



12.1.6 Indoor Fan Motor Operation

A. Basic Rotation Speed (rpm)

i. Manual Fan Speed

[Cooling, Dry]

- Fan motor's number of rotation is determined according to remote control setting.

Remote control	○	○	○	○	○
Tab	Hi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo

[Heating]

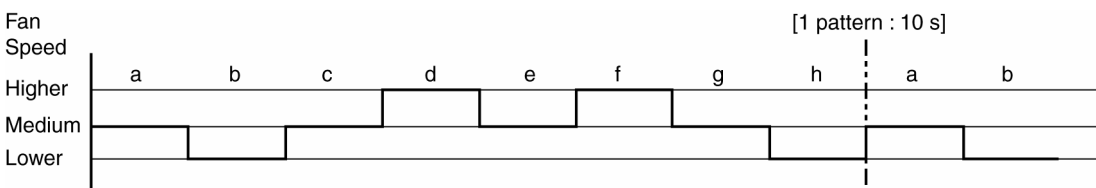
- Fan motor's number of rotation is determined according to remote control setting.

Remote control	○	○	○	○	○
Tab	SHi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo

ii. Auto Fan Speed

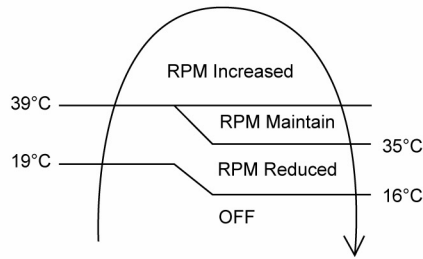
[Cooling, Dry]

- According to room temperature and setting temperature, indoor fan speed is determined automatically.
- The indoor fan will operate according to pattern below.



[Heating]

- According to indoor pipe temperature, automatic heating fan speed is determined as follows.

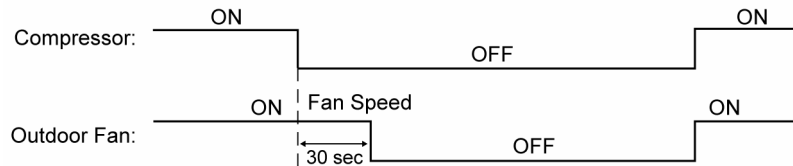


B. Feedback control

- Immediately after the fan motor started, feedback control is performed once every second.
- During fan motor on, if fan motor feedback ≥ 2550 rpm or < 50 rpm continue for 10 seconds, then fan motor error counter increase, fan motor is then stop and restart. If the fan motor counter becomes 7 times, then H19 - fan motor error is detected. Operation stops and cannot on back.

12.1.7 Outdoor Fan Motor Operation

Outdoor fan motor is operated with one fan speed only. It starts when compressor starts operation and it stops 30 seconds after compressor stops operation.



12.2 Airflow Direction

- There are two types of airflow, vertical airflow (directed by horizontal vane) and horizontal airflow (directed by vertical vanes).
- Control of airflow direction can be automatic (angles of direction is determined by operation mode, heat exchanger temperature and intake air temperature) and manual (angles of direction can be adjusted using remote control).

12.2.1 Vertical Airflow

Operation Mode			Vane Angle (°)				
			1	2	3	4	5
Cooling	Auto	Usual (Ventilation)	5 ~ 35				
		Control with dew	5 ~ 35				
	Manual	Usual (Ventilation)	5	12.5	20	27.5	35
		Control with dew	5	12.5	20	27.5	35
Dry	Auto	Usual	5 ~ 35				
		Control with dew	5 ~ 35				
	Manual	Usual	5	12.5	20	27.5	35
		Control with dew	5	12.5	20	27.5	35
Heating	Manual	Usual	5	17.5	30	42.5	55

- 1 Automatic vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control; the vane swings up and down within the angles as stated above. For heating mode operation, the angle of the vane depends on the indoor heat exchanger temperature as Figure 1 below. It does not swing during fan motor stop. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shift to close position.

- 2 Manual vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control; the angles of the vane are as stated above and the positions of the vane are as Figure 2 below. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shift to close position.

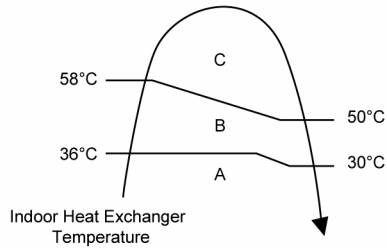


Figure 1

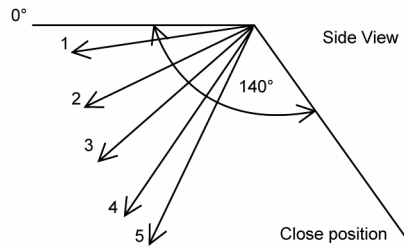


Figure 2

12.2.2 Horizontal Airflow

- 1 Automatic horizontal airflow direction can be set using remote control; the vane swings left and right within the angles as stated below. It does not swing during fan motor stop. For heating mode operation, the angle of the vane depends on the indoor heat exchanger temperature as Figure 1 below.

Operation Mode		Vane Angle (°)
Heating, with heat exchanger temperature	A	65 ~ 115
	B	90
Cooling and Soft Dry		65 ~ 115

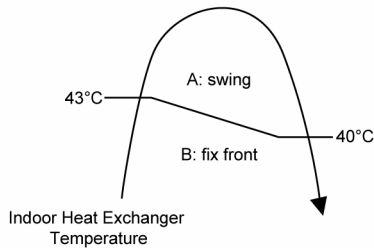


Figure 1

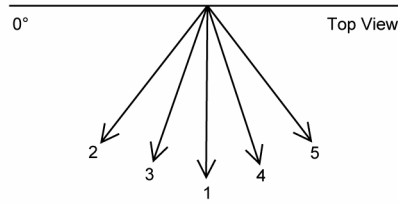


Figure 2

- 2 Manual horizontal airflow direction can be set using remote control; the angles of the vane are as stated below and the positions of the vane are as Figure 2 above.

Pattern	1	2	3	4	5
Airflow Direction Patterns at Remote Control					
Vane Angle (°)	90	70	80	100	110

12.3 Quiet operation (Cooling Mode/Cooling area of Soft Dry Mode)

A. Purpose

To provide quiet cooling operation compare to normal operation.

B. Control condition

- a. Quiet operation start condition
 - When "POWERFUL/QUIET" button at remote control is pressed twice.
POWERFUL/QUIET LED illuminates.
- b. Quiet operation stop condition
 - 1 When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:
 - a. POWERFUL/QUIET button is pressed again.
 - b. Stop by OFF/ON switch.
 - c. Timer "off" activates.
 - d. AUTO COMFORT button is pressed.
 - e. ECONAVI button is pressed.
 - f. Mild Dry Cooling button is pressed.
 - 2 When quiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.
 - 3 When fan speed is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new fan speed.
 - 4 When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode.
 - 5 During quiet operation, if timer "on" activates, quiet operation maintains.
 - 6 After off, when on back, quiet operation is not memorised.

C. Control contents

- 1 Fan speed is changed from normal setting to quiet setting of respective fan speed.
This is to reduce sound of Hi, Me, Lo for 3dB (some models more than 3dB).
- 2 Fan speed for quiet operation is reduced from setting fan speed.

12.3.1 Quiet operation (Heating)

A. Purpose

To provide quiet heating operation compare to normal operation.

B. Control condition

- a. Quiet operation start condition
 - When "POWERFUL/QUIET" button at remote control is pressed.
POWERFUL/QUIET LED.
- b. Quiet operation stop condition
 - 1 When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:
 - a. POWERFUL/QUIET button is pressed again.
 - b. Stop by OFF/ON switch.
 - c. Timer "off" activates.
 - d. AUTO COMFORT button is pressed.
 - e. ECONAVI button is pressed.
 - f. Mild Dry Cooling button is pressed.
 - 2 When quiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.
 - 3 When fan speed is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new fan speed.
 - 4 When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode, except fan only mode.
 - 5 During quiet operation, if timer "on" activates, quiet operation maintains.
 - 6 After off, when on back, quiet operation is not memorised.

C. Control contents

- a. Fan Speed manual
 - 1 Fan speed is changed from normal setting to quiet setting of respective fan speed.
This is to reduce sound of Hi, Me, Lo for 3dB.
 - 2 Fan speed for quiet operation is reduced from setting fan speed.
- b. Fan Speed Auto
 - 1 Indoor FM RPM depends on pipe temp sensor of indoor heat exchanger.

12.4 Powerful Mode Operation

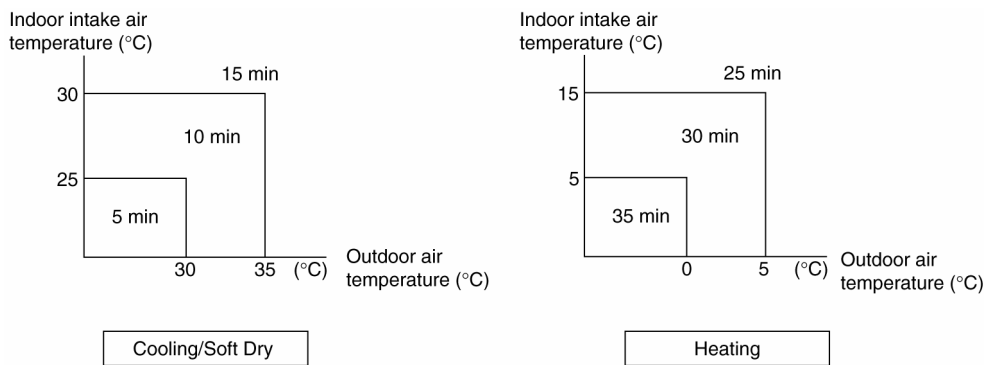
When the powerful mode is selected, the internal setting temperature will shift higher up to 3.5°C (for Heating) or lower up to 2°C (for Cooling/Soft Dry) than remote control setting temperature for 20 minutes to achieve the setting temperature quickly.

12.5 Timer Control

- There are 2 sets of ON and OFF timer available to turn the unit ON or OFF at different preset time.
- If more than one timer had been set, the upcoming timer will be displayed and will activate in sequence.

12.5.1 ON Timer Control

- ON timer 1 and ON timer 2 can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will start operate earlier than the setting time.
This is to provide a comfortable environment when reaching the set ON time.
- 60 minutes before the set time, indoor (at fan speed of Lo-) and outdoor fan motor start operate for 30 seconds to determine the indoor intake air temperature and outdoor air temperature in order to judge the operation starting time.
- From the above judgment, the decided operation will start operate earlier than the set time as shown below.



12.5.2 OFF Timer Control

OFF timer 1 and OFF timer 2 can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will stop operate at set time.

12.6 Auto Restart Control

- 1 When the power supply is cut off during the operation of air conditioner, the compressor will re-operate within three to four minutes (there are 10 patterns between 2 minutes 58 seconds and 3 minutes 52 seconds to be selected randomly) after power supply resumes.
- 2 This type of control is not applicable during ON/OFF Timer setting.

12.7 Indication Panel

LED	POWER	TIMER	POWERFUL/ QUIET	Nanoe-G	ECONAVI	AUTO COMFORT
Color	Green	Orange	Orange	Blue	Green	Green
Light ON	Operation ON	Timer Setting ON	POWERFUL/ QUIET Mode ON	nanoe-G ON	ECONAVI ON	AUTO COMFORT ON
Light OFF	Operation OFF	Timer Setting OFF	POWERFUL/ QUIET Mode OFF	nanoe-G OFF	ECONAVI OFF	AUTO COMFORT OFF

Note:

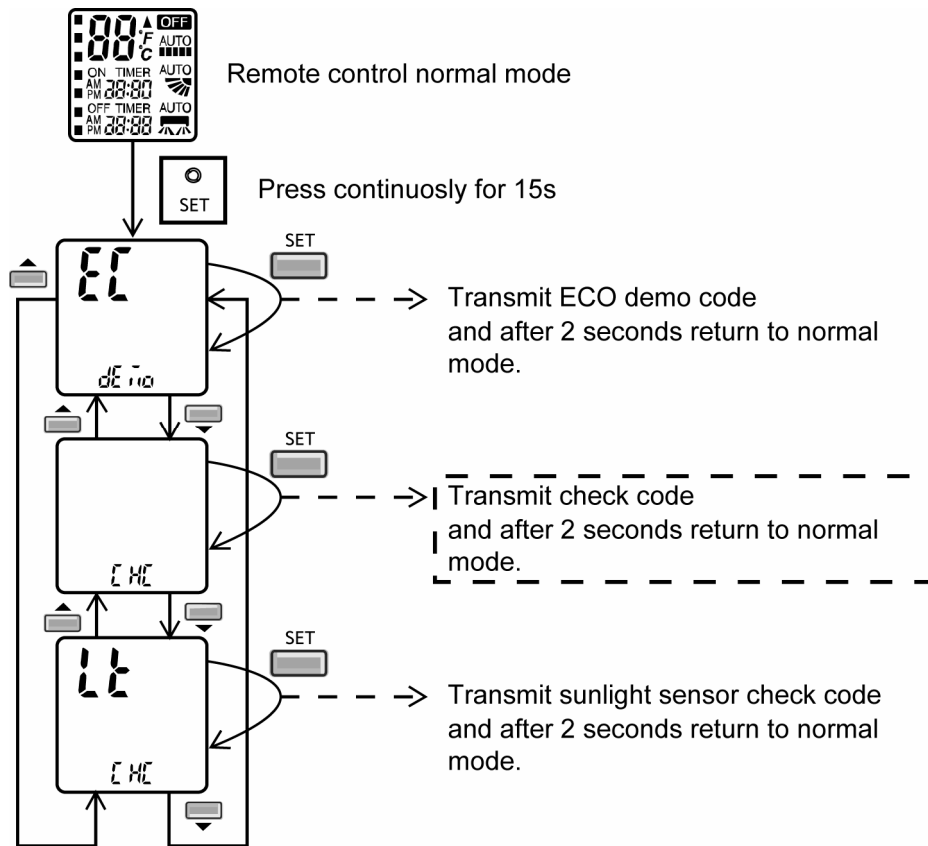
- If POWER LED is blinking, the possible operation of the unit are Hot Start, during Deice operation, operation mode judgment, or ON timer sampling.
- If Timer LED is blinking, there is an abnormality operation occurs.

12.8 *nanoe-G Operation*

- This operation provides clean air by producing great amount of negative ions and distribute through the discharge airflow to capture or deactivate molds, bacteria or viruses.
- nanoe-G operation start condition
 - During unit running at any operation mode, if nanoe-G operation is activated, combination operation (operation mode + nanoe-G operation) starts.
 - During unit is OFF, if nanoe-G operation is activated, nanoe-G individual operation starts.
- nanoe-G operation stop condition
 - When OFF/ON button is pressed to stop the operation.
 - When nanoe-G button is pressed.
 - When OFF Timer activates.
- nanoe-G operation pause condition
 - When indoor fan stop (during deice, odor cut control, thermostat off, etc.). nanoe-G operation resume after indoor fan restarts.
 - When indoor intake temperature $\geq 40^{\circ}\text{C}$. nanoe-G operation resume after indoor intake temperature $\leq 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ continuously for 30 minutes.
- Indoor fan control
 - During any operation mode combines with nanoe-G operation, fan speed follows respective operation mode. However, nanoe-G system enabled when fan speed $\geq 500\text{rpm}$ to ensure proper negative ion distribution, nanoe-G system disabled when fan speed $< 500\text{rpm}$.
 - During nanoe-G individual operation, only Auto Fan Speed and no Powerful operation is allowed. Even if Fan Speed button is pressed, no signal is sent to the unit and no change on remote control display. Auto Fan Speed for nanoe-G operation changes from SHi to Hi after 4 hours of operation.
- Airflow direction control
 - During any operation mode combines with nanoe-G operation, airflow direction follows respective operation mode.
 - During nanoe-G individual operation, only Auto Air Swing is allowed. Even if Air Swing button is pressed, no signal is sent to the unit and no change on remote control display.
- Timer control
 - When ON Timer activates when unit stops, previous operation resumes and restored last saved nanoe-G operation status.
 - When ON Timer activates during any operation, no change on current operation.
 - When OFF Timer activates during any operation, all operation stops and the latest nanoe-G operation status is saved.
- Indicator
 - When nanoe-G starts, nanoe-G indicator ON.
- Remote Control Receiving Sound

○ Normal Operation	→ nanoe-G Operation	: Beep
○ Nanoe-G Operation	→ Normal Operation	: Beep
○ Stop	→ nanoe-G individual Operation	: Beep
○ Nanoe-G individual Operation	→ Stop	: Long Beep
- Power failure
 - During nanoe-G individual operation, if power failure occurs, after power resumes, nanoe-G individual operation resumes immediately.
 - During combination operation, if power failure occurs, after power resumes, combination operation resume immediately.
 - nanoe-G operation status is not memorized after OFF the unit. After OFF the unit, when the operation is ON again, air conditioner operates without nanoe-G operation.

- nanoe-G check mode
 - To enable nanoe-G check mode, during nanoe-G operation ON:



- If there is abnormal discharge, nanoe-G indicator blinks immediately.
- Error detection control

When nanoe-G indicator blinks, it indicates error listed below:

 - nanoe-G connector at main PCB open
 - Judgment method
 - During nanoe-G operation, nanoe-G connector at main PCB is opened.
 - Troubleshooting method
 - Connect the connector or stop operation to cancel the blinking
 - Abnormal discharge error
 - Judgment method
 - During nanoe-G operation, the nanoe-G system has abnormal discharge due to short-circuit caused by water or dust adhesion and so forth, with Lo-feedback voltage (at microcontroller).
 - When abnormal discharge occurred, every 30 minutes the unit supplies power to the nanoe-G system.
 - When abnormal discharge occurs for 24 times continuously, nanoe-G indicator blinks.
 - Troubleshooting method
 - Press nanoe-G button or OFF/ON button to stop the operation and check the nanoe-G connector at PCB.
 - After that, press nanoe-G button again to confirm the nanoe-G indicator do not blinks.
 - The 24 timer counter will be clear after 10 minutes of normal operation or when operation stops.
 - Error reset method
 - Press OFF/ON button to OFF the operation.
 - Press AUTO OFF/ON button at indoor unit to OFF the operation.
 - OFF Timer activates
 - Power supply reset.
 - nanoe-G breakdown error
 - Judgment method
 - Hi-feedback voltage (at microcontroller) supplied to the nanoe-G system when nanoe-G operation is OFF; nanoe-G breakdown error show immediately.
 - It is due to indoor PCB or nanoe-G high voltage power supply damage.
 - Operations except nanoe-G continue. Both Timer indicator and nanoe-G indicator blink.

- Troubleshooting method
 - Press nanoe-G button or OFF/ON button to stop the operation.
 - Change nanoe-G high voltage power supply or main PCB.
 - When Lo-feedback voltage supplied to nanoe-G system during nanoe-G operation ON, nanoe-G indicator and Timer indicator stop blinking.

12.9 Mild Dry Cooling Operation

- This operation helps to prevent decreases in room humidity while maintaining the setting temperature.
- During unit running at Cooling operation mode, if “Mild Dry Cooling” button is pressed, Mild Dry Cooling operation starts and Mild Dry Cooling indicators turns ON at remote control display.
- Mild dry cooling operation is unavailable when the unit is operating Auto mode and Soft Dry mode operation.
- Mild dry cooling operation is cancelled when the unit turned OFF, Mild Dry Cooling button is pressed again or when the operation mode changed from Cooling to other mode.
- ECONAVI, Powerful, Quiet and Mild Dry Cooling mode cannot function at the same time, the unit will follows the operation according to the last signal received.
- During this operation, the compressor frequency changes according to operating condition to prevent room humidity decreases and when AUTO AIR SWING is set, the vertical airflow direction fixed at lower limit position.

12.10 AUTO COMFORT and ECO NAVI Operation

- Area of human availability, activity level and absent is judged based on pulses by using 2 infrared sensors. The internal setting temperature shift, fan speed and horizontal airflow direction are adjusted in order to provide comfort environment while maintain the energy saving level.
- AUTO COMFORT start condition:
 - When AUTO COMF button is pressed.
- AUTO COMFORT stop conditions:
 - When AUTO COMF button is pressed again.
 - When unit is OFF by OFF/ON button.
 - When unit is OFF when OFF TIMER activates.
 - When unit is OFF by AUTO OFF/ON button at indoor unit.
 - When POWERFUL, QUIET operation activates.
 - When ◀▶ button is pressed.
- ECO NAVI start condition:
 - When ECO NAVI button is pressed.
- ECO NAVI stop conditions:
 - When ECO NAVI button is pressed again.
 - When unit is OFF by OFF/ON button.
 - When unit is OFF when OFF TIMER activates.
 - When unit is OFF by AUTO OFF/ON button at indoor unit.
 - When POWERFUL, QUIET operation activates.
 - When ◀▶ button is pressed.
- AUTO COMFORT / ECO NAVI initialization

	Initialize indication	Human Activity Sensor		
1	0 – 2 seconds	□	□	□
2	2 – 3 seconds	■	■	■
3	3 – 70 seconds	I	■	□
		II	■	■
		III	■	□
		IV	□	■
Repeat Step I to IV				

* □ Indicator ON, ■ Indicator OFF

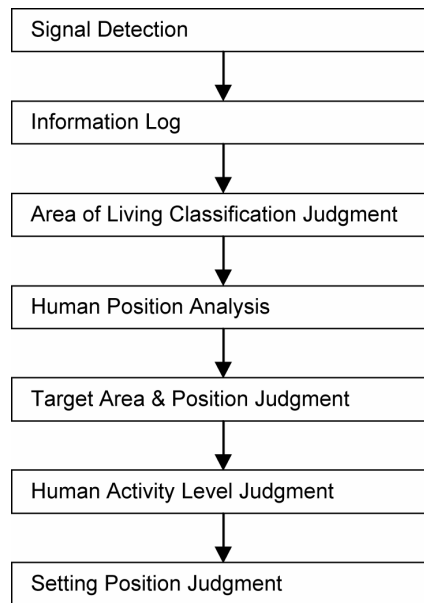
12.10.1 Human Activity Sensor

- Area of human availability, activity level and absent is judged based on pulses by using 2 infrared sensors. The internal setting temperature shift, fan speed and horizontal airflow direction are adjusted in order to provide comfort environment while maintain the energy saving level.
- AUTO COMFPRT / ECO NAVI initialization

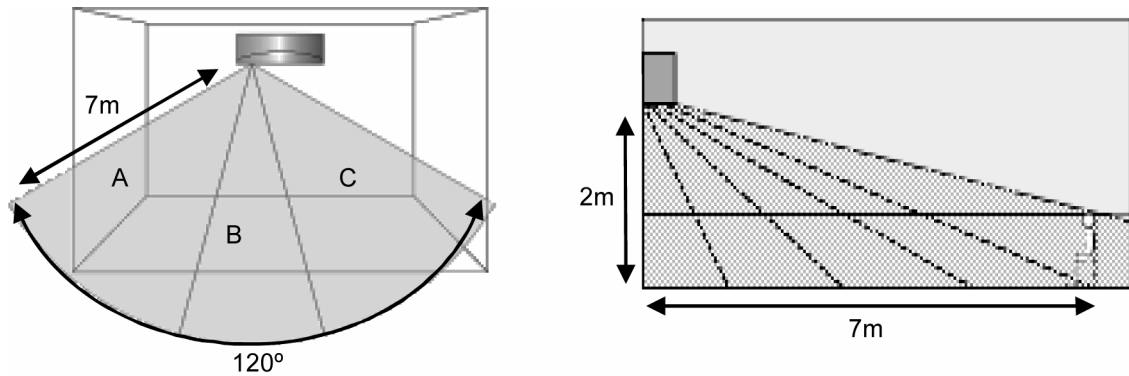
Initialize indication		Human Activity Sensor			
1	0 – 2 seconds	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2	2 – 3 seconds	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
3	3 – 70 seconds	I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		II	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
		III	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		IV	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Repeat Step I to IV			

* Indicator ON, Indicator OFF

- Human activity judgment is as following



12.10.1.1 Signal Detection



- Human Activity sensor will turn on according to infrared sensors signal detection.

Signal detection		Possible detected human position area	Human Activity Indicator		
Sensor 1	Sensor 2		Left	Center	Right
1	0	C	■	■	□
0	1	A	□	■	■
1	1	B	■	□	■
		A & C	■	□	■
		B & C	■	□	■
		A & C	■	□	■
0	0	–	■	■	■

* □ Indicator ON, ■ Indicator OFF

- However, once the Human Activity Indicator is ON, it will maintain ON status for 5 seconds. If there is no signal detection from either infrared sensor, the final display condition will be kept until absence status.

12.10.1.2 Information Log

- The signal from Infrared sensors will be log to human activity database for further analysis.

12.10.1.3 Area of Living Classification Judgment

- The system is able to judge area of living according to human activity database, classified as following:
 - Living Area – In front of television, dining table, etc.
 - Walkway – Human detection is relatively less.
 - Non-Living Area – near windows, wall, etc.

12.10.1.4 Human Position Analysis

- According to Area of Living, frequency of activity and indoor unit intake temperature, the system will analyze the human position away from the indoor unit.

12.10.1.5 Target Area and Position Judgment

- The system will judge the indoor unit installation position according to human activity Non-Living Area:
 - Non-Living Area at Position A – Indoor unit installed at left side of the room.
 - Non-Living Area at Position C – Indoor unit installed at right side of the room.
 - Other than above – Indoor unit installed at center of the room.
- Every 4 hours, the Target Area and Position Judgment will restart.

12.10.1.6 Human Activity Level Judgment

- Human Activity Level is judged based on the frequency of pulses detected by the infrared sensors within a timeframe. The activity level will be categorized into High, Normal, Low level.
- When a pulse is detected within this timeframe, the status of human presence is judged.
- When there is no signal detection continues for 20 minutes or more, the status of human absence is judged.

12.10.1.7 Setting Position Judgment

- According to installation position when there is only one activity area detected, the horizontal airflow direction louver position is fixed according to chart below:

Target area	Horizontal airflow direction louver position		
	Left installation	Center installation	Right installation
A	3	2	2
B	1	1	1
C	5	5	4

- Louver position refer to horizontal airflow direction control.
- When 2 activity areas have been detected, according to Human Activity Level, the timing of horizontal airflow direction louver steps at the targeted activity areas is judged.

Operation mode	Activity level difference	Louver stop time
Cooling	1 level	Higher Activity level ≈ 60 seconds Lower Activity level ≈ 30 seconds
	2 levels	Higher Activity level ≈ 60 seconds Lower Activity level ≈ 8 seconds


- When 3 activity areas have been detected, according to Human Activity Level the timing of horizontal airflow louver steps at the targeted activity areas is judged.


Operation mode	Activity level	Louver stop time
Cooling	Hi	≈ 45 seconds
	Me	≈ 30 seconds
	Lo	≈ 20 seconds

- When 3 activity areas have same activity level, the horizontal airflow direction louver will swing left and right.

12.10.2 Setting Temperature and Fan Speed Shift

- Cooling Dual Sensor

ECONAVI  To optimize energy saving **ECONAVI**

AUTO COMFORT  To maximize comfort **AUTO COMFORT**

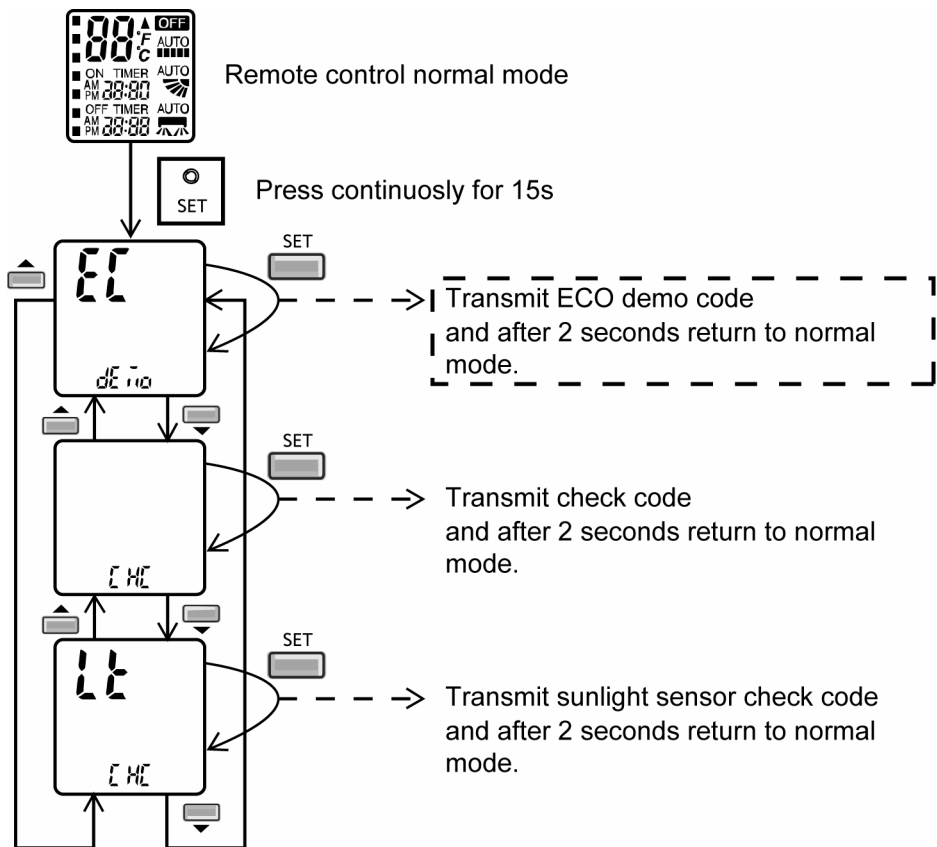
Heat Source & Movement	Low	High	Normal	None
COOL/DRY Mode Set Temperature	+1°C			+2°C
Set Fan Speed	+1 tap*	-1°C	+1 tap*	≤ Medium Fan

HEAT Mode Set Temperature	+0.3°C			
Set Fan Speed		-2°C		-2°C

* For first 15 minutes or until set temperature is reached.

12.10.2.1 ECO NAVI and AUTO COMF Demo Mode

- To enable ECO DEMO mode:



- To disable ECO Demo MODE:
 - Transmit ECO Demo signal again.

Operation details

Infrared sensor		Human Activity Sensor			Vane position	Fan speed
Sensor 1	Sensor 2	Left	Center	Right		
1	0	■	■	□	5	HI
1	1	■	□	■	Auto Swing	HI
0	1	□	■	■	1	HI
0	0	■	■	■	Auto Swing	LO

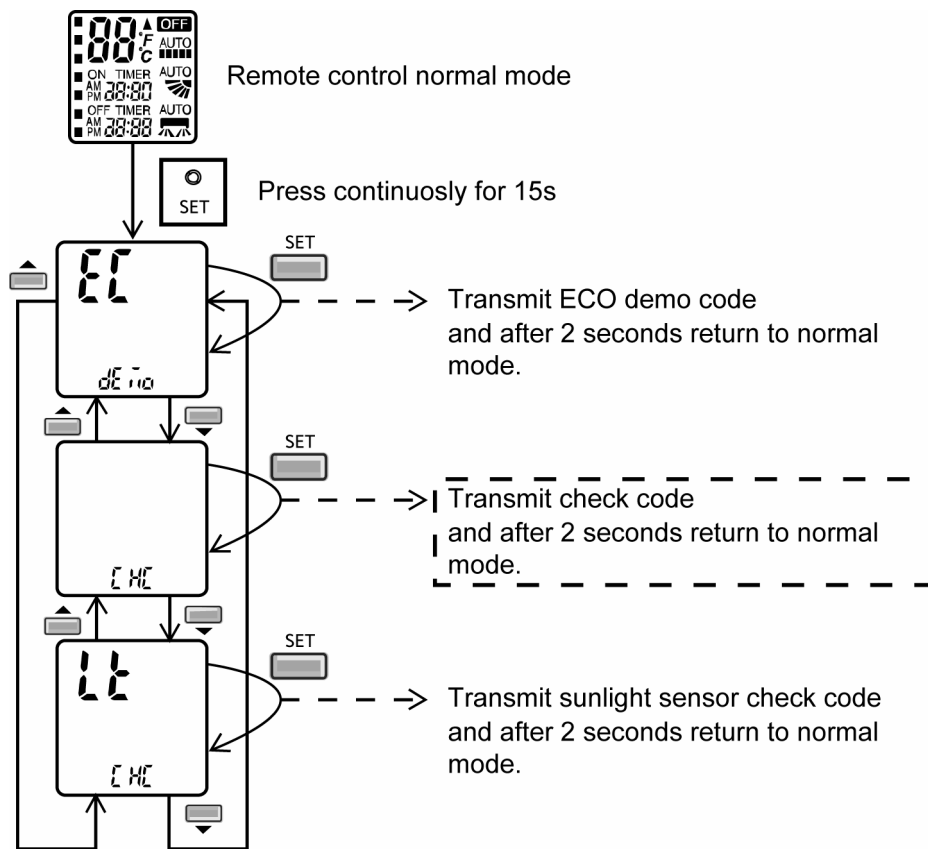
- The target area will maintain for 5 seconds before changeover to next detection.
- If no activity detection, the last action will maintain for 30 seconds before changeover to human absence status.

12.10.2.2 Infrared Sensor Abnormality

- Abnormality detection:
 - Connector disconnection / Wire cut abnormality
 - Sensor judge Hi level continuously for 25 seconds
 - Circuit abnormality
 - 70 seconds after power ON, if infrared sensor judge Lo level continuously for 25 seconds
- Error Code judgment
 - When abnormality happened, internal counter increase by 1 time.
 - Infrared sensor power OFF, retry after 5 seconds.
 - When the infrared sensor maintains normal condition for 120 seconds, the counter reset or AC reset.
 - When abnormality counter reached 4 times, H59 occurred – No TIMER indicator blinking.
- When error code happened, the unit is able to operate without AUTO COMF / ECO NAVI.

12.10.2.3 Infrared Sensor Check Mode

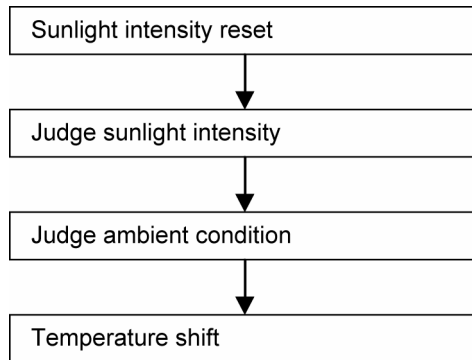
- To enable Infrared sensor abnormality check mode:



- During ECO NAVI is ON, when CHECK signal received, if either sensors has abnormality, the 4 times abnormality counter is ignored, ECO NAVI Indicator will blink immediatly and error code is memorized.
- The unit could operate without ECO NAVI or AUTO COMF.
- The ECO NAVI indicator blinking could be cancelled by pressing ECO NAVI button again.
- If the Infrared sensor has no abnormality, the CHECK process will end and continue with normal operation.

12.10.3 Sunlight Sensor

- During ECONAVI operation, the sunlight sensor detects sunlight intensity coming through windows and differentiates between sunny and cloudy or night to further optimize energy saving by adjusting the temperature.
- Sunlight judgment is as following

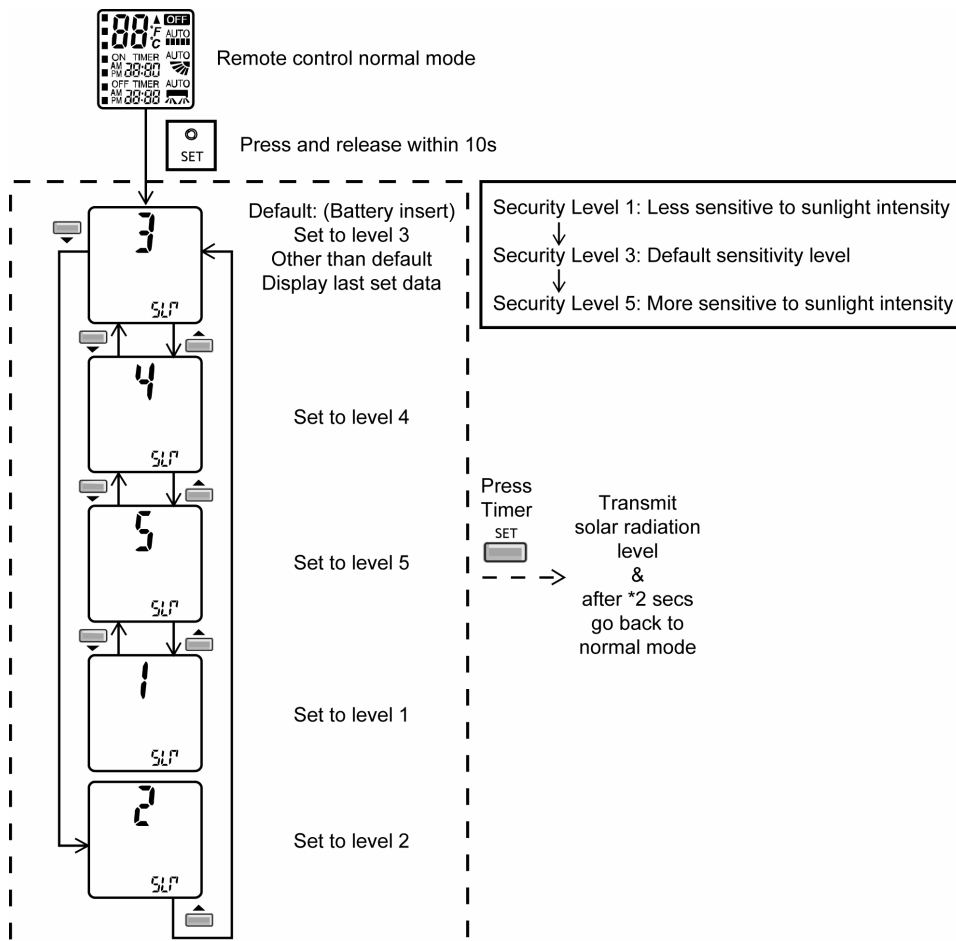


12.10.3.1 Sunlight Intensity Reset

- The sunlight intensity will to reset to zero (no sunlight condition) when
 - Each time ECONAVI is activated.
 - Setting temperature is changed.
 - Operation mode is changed.

12.10.3.2 Judge Sunlight Intensity

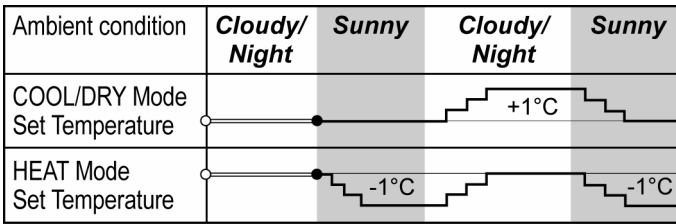
- Based on sunlight sensor output voltage, the sunlight intensity value will be computed and logged to sunlight intensity database.
- The sunlight sensor sensitivity could be adjusted:



12.10.3.3 Judge Ambient Condition

- According to sunlight intensity over a period of time, the system will analyze the ambient condition is sunny, cloudy or night.

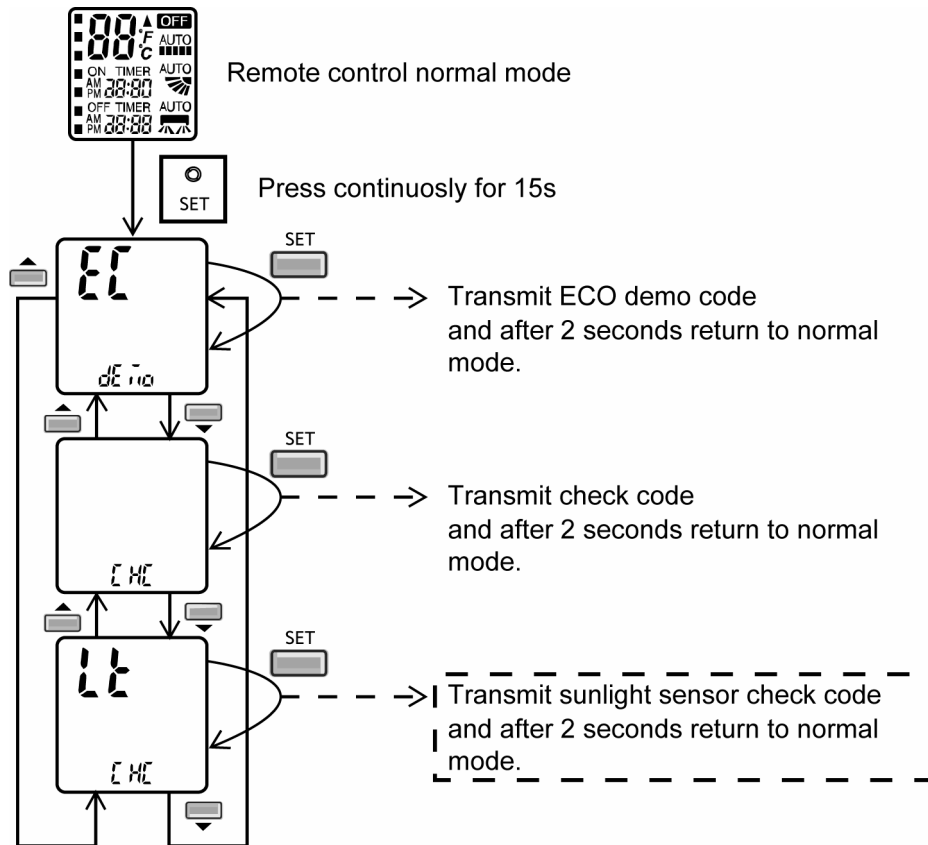
12.10.3.4 Temperature Shift



- ECONAVI is activated while it is cloudy / night
- ECONAVI is activated while it is sunny

12.10.3.5 Sunlight Sensor Check Mode

- To enable sunlight sensor check mode, during unit is OFF (power standby):



- Operation details
 - The sunlight sensor check mode will be operated for 5 minutes.
 - During check mode, the ON and OFF timer will be memorized but its operation will be ignored.
 - During check mode, if the sunlight sensor check code is retransmitted, the 5 minutes counter will be reset.
 - During check mode, if the sunlight sensor detected the sunlight intensity value above the minimum level, the ECONAVI indicator turns ON. Else if the sunlight sensor detected the sunlight intensity value below the minimum level, the ECONAVI indicator is OFF.
- To disable sunlight sensor check mode
 - After check mode is ended (5 minutes counter elapsed), press the AUTO OFF/ON button at the indoor unit.
 - If the sunlight sensor detected the sunlight intensity is at an abnormal range, the check mode will be ended. Please check for error code.

12.10.3.6 Sunlight Sensor Abnormality

- Abnormality detection:
 - When ECONAVI is ON, if the sunlight intensity value below minimum level continuously for 24 hours, the sunlight sensor disconnection error counter will increase by 1 time. If the ECONAVI is OFF, the 24 hours timer will be reset, but the sunlight sensor disconnection error counter will not be reset.
- Error Code judgment
 - When sunlight sensor disconnection error counter reached 15 times. H70 occurred.
 - No TIMER indicator or ECONAVI indicator blink.
- When error code happened, the unit is able to operate without sunlight sensor.

13. Protection Control

13.1 Protection Control For All Operations

13.1.1 Time Delay Safety Control

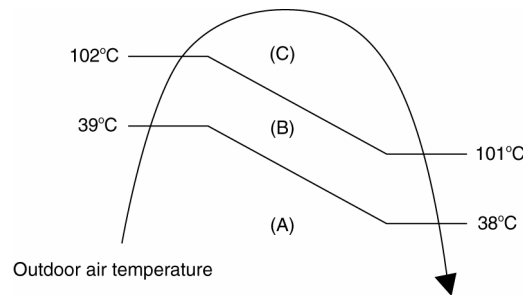
- The compressor will not start for three minutes after stop of operation.
- This control is not applicable if the power supply is cut off and on again or after 4-way valve deices condition.

13.1.2 Total Running Current Control

- When the outdoor unit total running current (AC) exceeds X value, the frequency instructed for compressor operation will be decreased.
- If the running current does not exceed X value for five seconds, the frequency instructed will be increased.
- However, if total outdoor unit running current exceeds Y value, compressor will be stopped immediately for 3 minutes.

Model	E24NK		E28NK	
	X (A)	Y (A)	X (A)	Y (A)
Cooling/Soft Dry (A)	15.03	19.02	15.21	19.02
Cooling/Soft Dry (B)	13.63	19.02	13.81	19.02
Cooling/Soft Dry (C)	15.03	19.02	15.21	19.02
Heating	13.35	19.02	15.67	19.02

- The first 30 minutes of cooling operation, (A) will be applied.

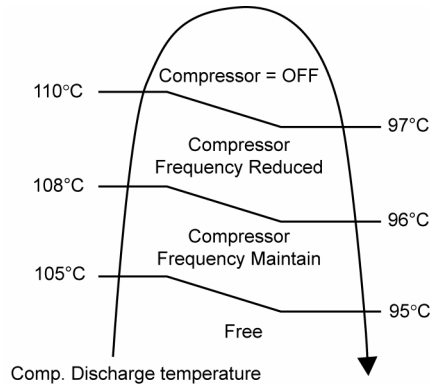


13.1.3 IPM (Power transistor) Prevention Control

- Overheating Prevention Control
 - When the IPM temperature rises to 110°C, compressor operation will stop immediately.
 - Compressor operation restarts after three minutes the temperature decreases to 95°C.
 - If this condition repeats continuously 4 times within 20 minutes, timer LED will be blinking (“F96” is indicated).
- DC Peak Current Control
 - When electric current to IPM exceeds set value of 30.0 ± 5.0 A, the compressor will stop operate. Then, operation will restart after three minutes.
 - If the set value is exceeded again more than 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after one minute.
 - If the set value is exceeded again within 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after one minute. If this condition repeats continuously for seven times, all indoor and outdoor relays will be cut off, timer LED will be blinking (“F99” is indicated).

13.1.4 Compressor Overheating Prevention Control

- Instructed frequency for compressor operation will be regulated by compressor discharge temperature. The changes of frequency are as below figure.
- If compressor discharge temperature exceeds 112°C, compressor will be stop, occurs 4 times per 20 minutes, timer LED will be blinking (“F97” is to be confirmed).



13.1.5 Low Pressure Prevention Control (Gas Leakage Detection)

- Control start conditions
 - For 5 minutes, the compressor continuously operates and outdoor total current is between 1.88A and 2.85A (Cooling), 2.85A and 3.57A (Heating).
 - During Cooling and Soft Dry operations: Indoor suction temperature - indoor piping temperature is below 4°C.
 - During Heating operations: Indoor piping temperature - indoor suction is under 5°C.
- Control contents
 - Compressor stops (and restart after 3 minutes).
 - If the conditions above happen 2 times within 20 minutes, the unit will:
 - Stop operation
 - Timer LED blinks and “F91” indicated.

13.1.6 Low Frequency Protection Control 1

- When the compressor operate at frequency lower than 20 Hz continued for 20 minutes, the operation frequency will be changed to 21 Hz for 2 minutes.

13.1.7 Low Frequency Protection Control 2

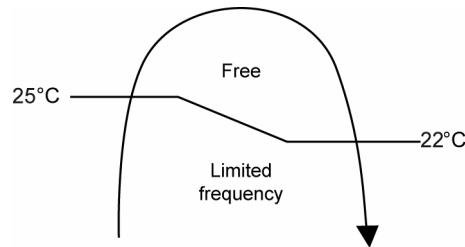
- When all the below conditions comply, the compressor frequency will change to lower frequency.

Temperature, T, for:	Cooling/Soft Dry	Heating
Indoor intake air (°C)	T < 14 or T ≥ 30	T < 14 or T ≥ 28
Outdoor air (°C)	T < 13 or T ≥ 38	T < 4 or T ≥ 24
Indoor heat exchanger (°C)	T < 30	T ≥ 0

13.2 Protection Control For Cooling & Soft Dry Operation

13.2.1 Outdoor Air Temperature Control

- The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to the outdoor air temperature as shown in the diagram below.
- This control will begin 1 minute after the compressor starts.
- Compressor frequency will adjust base on outdoor air temperature.



13.2.2 Cooling Overload Control

- Pipe temperature limitation/restriction
 - Detects the Outdoor pipe temperature and carry out below restriction/limitation (Limit the compressor Operation frequency).
 - The compressor stop if outdoor pipe temperature exceeds 65°C.
 - If the compressor stops 4 times in 20 minutes, Timer LED blinking (F95: outdoor high pressure rise protection).

13.2.3 Dew Prevention Control 1

- To prevent dew formation at indoor unit discharge area.
- This control activated if:
 - Outdoor air temperature and Indoor pipe temperature judgment by microcontroller is fulfilled.
 - When Cooling or Dry mode is operated more than 20 minutes or more.
- This control stopped if:
 - Compressor stopped.
 - Remote control setting changed. (fan speed / temperature)
 - Outdoor air temperature and indoor intake temperature changed.
- Fan speed will be adjusted accordingly in this control.

13.2.4 Freeze Prevention Control 1

- When indoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than 0°C continuously for six minutes, compressor will stop operating.
- Compressor will resume its operation three minutes after the indoor heat exchanger is higher than 5°C.
- At the same time, indoor fan speed will be higher than during its normal operation.
- If indoor heat exchanger temperature is higher than 5°C for five minutes, the fan speed will return to its normal operation.

13.2.5 Freeze Prevention Control 2

- Control start conditions
 - During Cooling operation and soft dry operation.
 - During thermo OFF condition, indoor intake temperature is less than 10°C or
 - Compressor stops for freeze prevention control
 - Either one of the conditions above occurs 5 times in 60 minutes.
- Control contents
 - Operation stops.
 - Timer LED blinks and "H99" indicated.

13.2.6 Odor Cut Control

- To reduce the odor released from the unit.
 - Start Condition
 - AUTO FAN Speed is selected during COOL or DRY operation.
 - During freeze prevention control and timer preliminary operation, this control is not applicable.
 - Control content
 - Depends on compressor conditions:
 - Compressor OFF → Compressor ON.
The indoor unit fan stops temporarily and then starts to blow at minimum airflow for 30 seconds.
 - Compressor ON → Compressor OFF.
The indoor unit fan stops for 90 seconds and then blows at minimum airflow for 20 seconds.

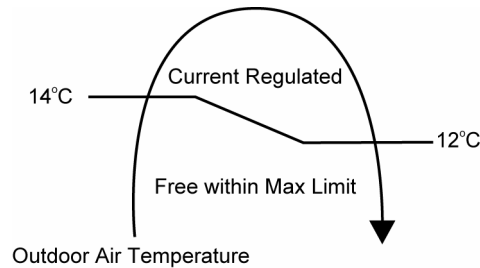
13.3 Protection Control For Heating Operation

13.3.1 Intake Air Temperature Control

- Compressor will operate at limited frequency if indoor intake air temperature is 30°C or above.

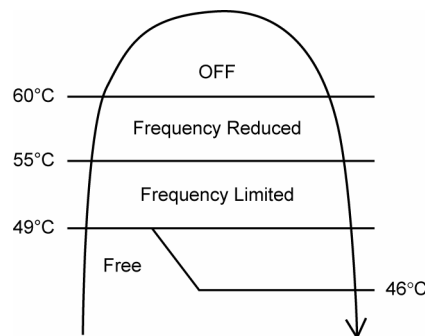
13.3.2 Outdoor Air Temperature Control

- The maximum current value is regulated when the outdoor air temperature rises above 14°C in order to avoid compressor overloading.



13.3.3 Overload Protection Control

- The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to indoor heat exchanger temperature as shown in below figure.



13.3.4 Cold Draught Prevention Control

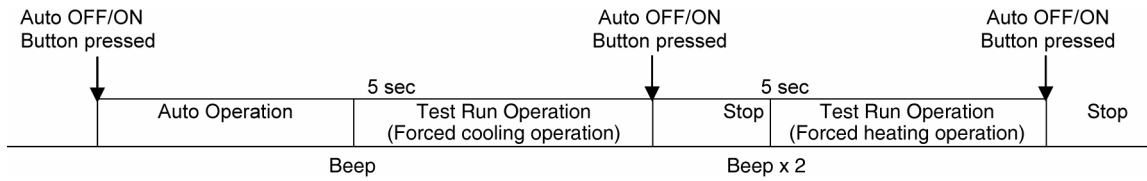
- When indoor pipe temperature is low, cold draught operation starts where indoor fan speed will be reduced.

13.3.5 Deice Operation

- When outdoor pipe temperature and outdoor air temperature is low, deice operation start where indoor fan motor and outdoor fan motor stop and operation LED blinks.

14. Servicing Mode

14.1 Auto OFF/ON Button



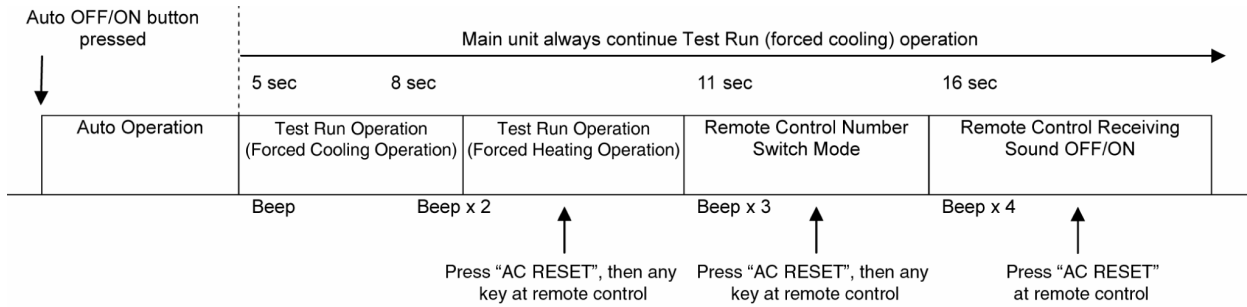
1 AUTO OPERATION MODE

The Auto operation will be activated immediately once the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed. This operation can be used to operate air conditioner with limited function if remote control is misplaced or malfunction.

2 TEST RUN OPERATION (FOR PUMP DOWN/SERVICING PURPOSE)

The Test Run operation will be activated if the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed continuously for more than 5 seconds. A “beep” sound will occur at the fifth seconds, in order to identify the starting of Test Run operation (Forced cooling operation). Within 5 minutes after Forced cooling operation start, the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed for more than 5 seconds. A 2 “beep” sounds will occur at the fifth seconds, in order to identify the starting of Forced heating operation.

The Auto OFF/ON button may be used together with remote control to set / change the advance setting of air conditioner operation.



3 REMOTE CONTROL NUMBER SWITCH MODE

The Remote Control Number Switch Mode will be activated if the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed continuously for more than 11 seconds (3 “beep” sounds will occur at 11th seconds to identify the Remote Control Number Switch Mode is in standby condition) and press “AC RESET” button and then press any button at remote control to transmit and store the desired transmission code to the EEPROM.

There are 4 types of remote control transmission code could be selected and stored in EEPROM of indoor unit. The indoor unit will only operate when received signal with same transmission code from remote control. This could prevent signal interference when there are 2 or more indoor units installed nearby together. To change remote control transmission code, short or open jumpers at the remote control printed circuit board.

Remote Control Printed Circuit Board		
Jumper A (J1)	Jumper B (D2)	Remote Control No.
Short	Open	A (Default)
Open	Open	B
Short	Short	C
Open	Short	D

4 REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVING SOUND OFF/ON MODE

The Remote Control Receiving Sound OFF/ON Mode will be activated if the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed continuously for more than 16 seconds (4 “beep” sounds will occur at 16th seconds to identify the Remote Control Receiving Sound Off/On Mode is in standby condition) and press “AC Reset” button at remote control.

Press “Auto OFF/ON button” to toggle remote control receiving sound.

- Short “beep”: Turn OFF remote control receiving sound.
- Long “beep”: Turn ON remote control receiving sound.

After Auto OFF/ON Button is pressed, the 20 seconds counter for Remote Control Receiving Sound OFF/ON Mode is restarted.

14.2 Remote Control Button

14.2.1 SET BUTTON

- To check remote control transmission code and store the transmission code to EEPROM
 - Press “SET” button continuously for 10 seconds by using pointer.
 - Press “TIMER SET” button until a “beep” sound is heard as confirmation of transmission code change.

14.2.2 RESET (RC)

- To clear and restore the remote control setting to factory default
 - Press once to clear the memory.

14.2.3 RESET (AC)

- To restore the unit’s setting to factory default
 - Press once to restore the unit’s setting.

14.2.4 TIMER ▲

- To change indoor unit indicator’s LED intensity
 - Press continuously for 5 seconds.

14.2.5 TIMER ▼

- To change remote control display from Degree Celsius to Degree Fahrenheit.
 - Press continuously for 10 seconds.

15. Troubleshooting Guide

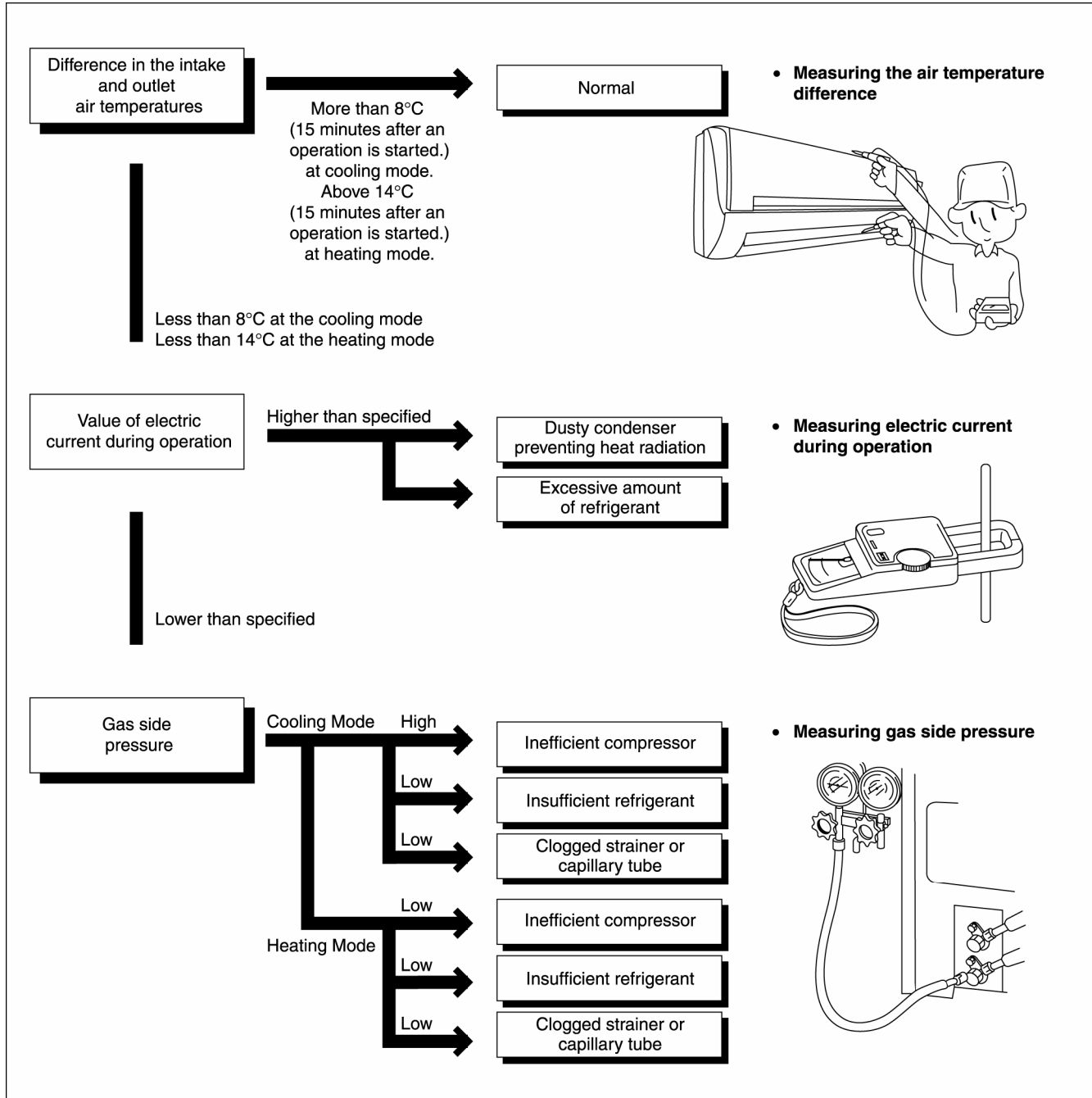
15.1 Refrigeration Cycle System

In order to diagnose malfunctions, make sure that there are no electrical problems before inspecting the refrigeration cycle. Such problems include insufficient insulation, problem with the power source, malfunction of a compressor and a fan. The normal outlet air temperature and pressure of the refrigeration cycle depends on various conditions, the standard values for them are shown in the table on the right.

Normal Pressure and Outlet Air Temperature (Standard)

	Gas pressure Mpa (kg/cm ² G)	Outlet air temperature (°C)
Cooling Mode	0.9 ~ 1.2 (9 ~ 12)	12 ~ 16
Heating Mode	2.3 ~ 2.9 (23 ~ 29)	36 ~ 45

- *Condition:
- Indoor fan speed = High
 - Outdoor temperature 35°C at the cooling mode and 7°C at the heating mode.
 - Compressor operates at rated frequency



15.2 Relationship Between The Condition Of The Air Conditioner And Pressure And Electric Current

Condition of the air conditioner	Cooling Mode			Heating Mode		
	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Electric current during operation	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Electric current during operation
Insufficient refrigerant (gas leakage)	↘	↘	↘	↘	↘	↘
Clogged capillary tube or Strainer	↘	↘	↘	↗	↗	↗
Short circuit in the indoor unit	↘	↘	↘	↗	↗	↗
Heat radiation deficiency of the outdoor unit	↗	↗	↗	↘	↘	↘
Inefficient compression	↗	↘	↘	↗	↘	↘

- Carry out the measurements of pressure, electric current, and temperature fifteen minutes after an operation is started.

15.3 Breakdown Self Diagnosis Function

15.3.1 Self Diagnosis Function (Three Digits Alphanumeric Code)

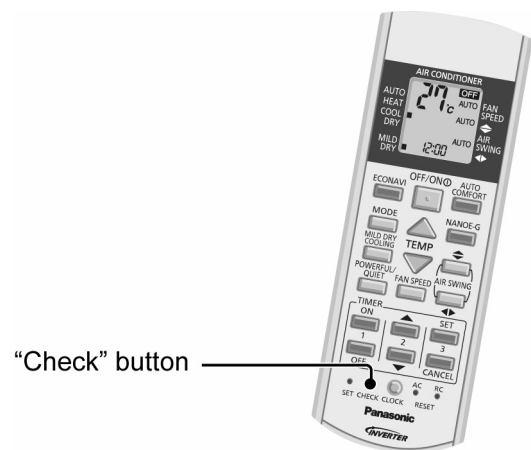
- Once abnormality has occurred during operation, the unit will stop its operation, and Timer LEDs blink.
 - Although Timer LED goes off when power supply is turned off, if the unit is operated under a breakdown condition, the LED will light up again.
 - In operation after breakdown repair, the Timer LED will no more blink. The last error code (abnormality) will be stored in IC memory.
- When the latest abnormality code on the main unit and code transmitted from the remote controller are matched, power LED will light up for 30 seconds and a beep sound (continuously for 4 seconds) will be heard. If no codes are matched, power LED will light up for 0.5 seconds and no sound will be heard.
 - The breakdown diagnosis mode will be canceled unless pressing the CHECK button continuously for 5 seconds or operating the unit for 30 seconds.
 - The same diagnosis can be repeated by turning power on again.

15.3.2 To Make a Diagnosis

- Timer LED start to blink and the unit automatically stops the operation.
- Press the CHECK button on the remote controller continuously for 5 seconds.
- "- -" will be displayed on the remote controller display.
Note: Display only for "- -". (No transmitting signal, no receiving sound and no Power LED blinking.)
- Press the "TIMER" ▲ or ▼ button on the remote controller. The code "H00" (no abnormality) will be displayed and signal will be transmitted to the main unit.
- Every press of the button (up or down) will increase abnormality numbers and transmit abnormality code signal to the main unit.
- When the latest abnormality code on the main unit and code transmitted from the remote controller are matched, power LED will light up for 30 seconds and a beep sound (continuously for 4 seconds) will be heard. If no codes are matched, power LED will light up for 0.5 seconds and no sound will be heard.
- The breakdown diagnosis mode will be canceled by pressing the CHECK button continuously for 5 seconds or without any operation the remote control for 30 seconds.
- The LED will be off if the unit is turned off or the AC button on the main is pressed.

15.3.3 To Display Memorized Error (Protective Operation) status

- Turn power on.
- Press the CHECK button on the remote controller continuously for 5 seconds.
- "- -" will be displayed on the remote controller display.
Note: Display only for "- -". (No transmitting signal, no receiving sound and no Power LED blinking.)
- Press the "TIMER" ▲ or ▼ button on the remote controller. The code "H00" (no abnormality) will be displayed and signal will be transmitted to the main unit. The power LED lights up. If no abnormality is stored in the memory, three beeps sound will be heard.
- Every press of the button (up or down) will increase abnormality numbers and transmit abnormality code signal to the main unit.



15.3.4 To Clear Memorized Error (Protective Operation) status after Repair

- Turn power on.
- Press the AUTO button for 5 seconds (A beep receiving sound) on the main unit to operate the unit at Forced Cooling Operation mode.
- Press the CHECK button on the remote controller for about 1 second with a pointed object to transmit signal to main unit. A beep sound is heard from main unit and the data is cleared.

15.3.5 Temporary Operation (Depending On Breakdown Status)

- Press the AUTO button (A beep receiving sound) on the main unit to operate the unit. (Remote control will become possible.)
- The unit can temporarily be used until repaired.

15.4 Error Codes Table

Diagnosis Display	Abnormality or Protection Control	Abnormality Judgement	Protection Operation	Problem	Check Location
H00	No memory of failure	—	Normal operation	—	—
H11	Indoor / outdoor abnormal communication	After operation for 1 minute	Indoor fan only operation can start by entering into force cooling operation	• Indoor / outdoor communication not establish	• Indoor / outdoor wire terminal, indoor / outdoor PCB, indoor / outdoor connection wire
H12	Indoor unit capacity unmatched	90s after power supply	—	• Total indoor capability more than maximum limit or less than minimum limit, or number of indoor unit less than two	• Indoor / outdoor connection wire, indoor / outdoor PCB, specification and combination table in catalogue
H14	Indoor intake air temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	• Indoor intake air temperature sensor open or short circuit	• Indoor intake air temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H15	Compressor temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	• Compressor temperature sensor open or short circuit	• Compressor temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H16	Outdoor current transformer (CT) abnormality	—	—	• Current transformer faulty or compressor faulty	• Outdoor PCB faulty or compressor faulty
H19	Indoor fan motor mechanism lock	Continuous happen for 7 times	—	• Indoor fan motor lock or feedback abnormal	• Fan motor lead wire and connector, fan motor lock or block
H23	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	• Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor open or short circuit	• Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H27	Outdoor air temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	• Outdoor air temperature sensor open or short circuit	• Outdoor air temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H28	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 1 abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	• Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 1 open or short circuit	• Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 1 lead wire and connector
H30	Outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	• Outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor open or short circuit	• Outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H32	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	• Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 open or short circuit	• Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 lead wire and connector
H33	Indoor / outdoor misconnection abnormality	—	—	• Indoor and outdoor rated voltage different	• Indoor and outdoor units check
H34	Outdoor heat sink temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 2s	—	• Outdoor heat sink temperature sensor open or short circuit	• Outdoor heat sink sensor
H36	Outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	Heating protection operation only	• Outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor open or short circuit	• Outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H37	Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	Cooling protection operation only	• Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor open or short circuit	• Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor lead wire and connector

H38	Indoor / outdoor mismatch (brand code)	—	—	• Brand code not match	• Check indoor unit and outdoor unit
H39	Abnormal indoor operating unit or standby units	3 times happen within 40 minutes	—	• Wrong wiring and connecting pipe, expansion valve abnormality, indoor heat exchanger sensor open circuit	• Check indoor / outdoor connection wire and connection pipe, indoor heat exchanger sensor lead wire and connector, expansion valve and lead wire and connector
H41	Abnormal wiring or piping connection	—	—	• Wrong wiring and connecting pipe, expansion valve abnormality	• Check indoor / outdoor connection wire and connection pipe, expansion valve and lead wire and connector
H64	Outdoor high pressure sensor abnormality	Continuous for 1 minutes	—	• High pressure sensor open circuit during compressor stop	• High pressure sensor, lead wire and connector
H97	Outdoor fan motor mechanism lock	2 times happen within 30 minutes	—	• Outdoor fan motor lock or feedback abnormal	• Outdoor fan motor lead wire and connector, fan motor lock or block
H98	Indoor high pressure protection	—	—	• Indoor high pressure protection (Heating)	• Check indoor heat exchanger, air filter dirty, air circulation short circuit
H99	Indoor operating unit freeze protection	—	—	• Indoor freeze protection (Cooling)	• Check indoor heat exchanger, air filter dirty, air circulation short circuit
F11	4-way valve switching abnormality	4 times happen within 30 minutes	—	• 4-way valve switching abnormal	• 4-way valve, lead wire and connector
F17	Indoor standby units freezing abnormality	3 times happen within 40 minutes	—	• Wrong wiring and connecting pipe, expansion valve leakage, indoor heat exchanger sensor open circuit	• Check indoor / outdoor connection wire and pipe, indoor heat exchanger sensor lead wire and connector, expansion valve lead wire and connector
F90	Power factor correction (PFC) circuit protection	4 times happen within 10 minutes	—	• Power factor correction circuit abnormal	• Outdoor PCB faulty
F91	Refrigeration cycle abnormality	2 times happen within 20 minutes	—	• Refrigeration cycle abnormal	• Insufficient refrigerant or valve close
F93	Compressor abnormal revolution	4 times happen within 20 minutes	—	• Compressor abnormal revolution	• Power transistor module faulty or compressor lock
F94	Compressor discharge pressure overshoot protection	4 times happen within 30 minutes	—	• Compressor discharge pressure overshoot	• Check refrigeration system
F95	Outdoor cooling high pressure protection	4 times happen within 20 minutes	—	• Cooling high pressure protection	• Check refrigeration system, outdoor air circuit
F96	Power transistor module overheating protection	4 times happen within 30 minutes	—	• Power transistor module overheat	• PCB faulty, outdoor air circuit (fan motor)
F97	Compressor overheating protection	3 times happen within 30 minutes	—	• Compressor overheat	• Insufficient refrigerant
F98	Total running current protection	3 times happen within 20 minutes	—	• Total current protection	• Check refrigeration system, power source or compressor lock
F99	Outdoor direct current (DC) peak detection	Continuous happen for 7 times	—	• Power transistor module current protection	• Power transistor module faulty or compressor lock

15.5 Self-diagnosis Method

15.5.1 H11 (Indoor/Outdoor Abnormal Communication)

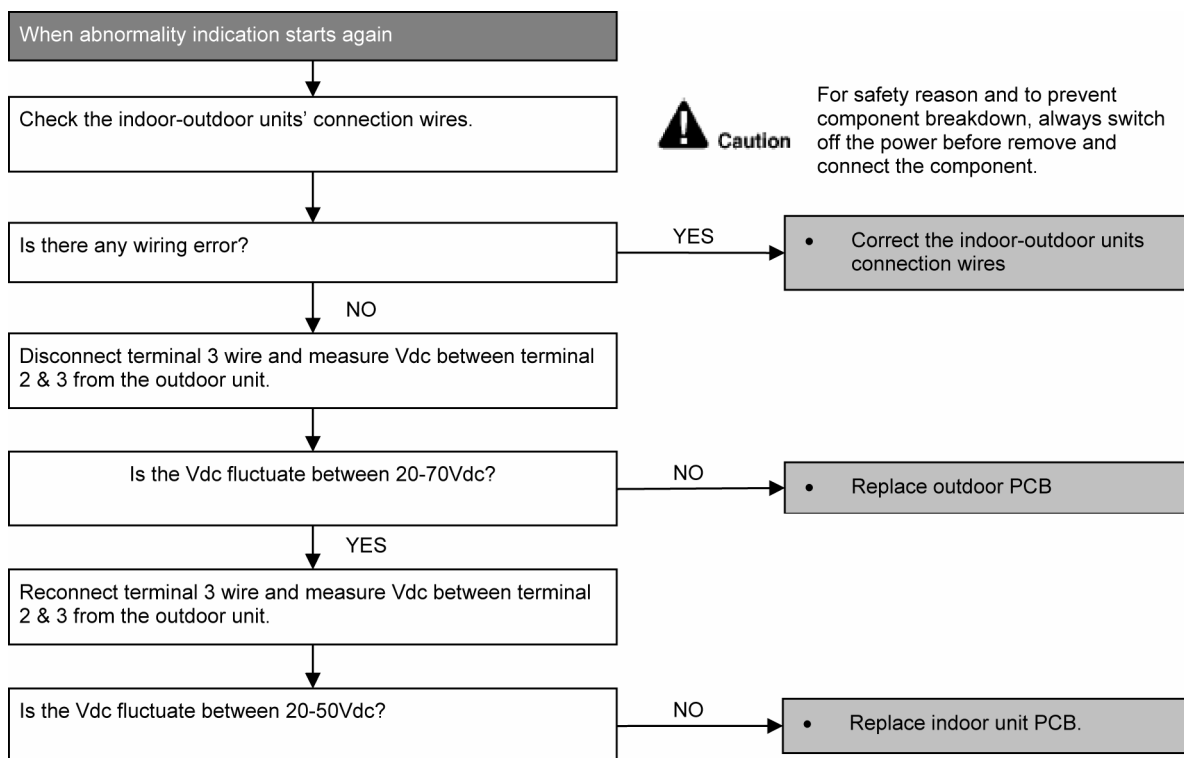
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the data received from outdoor unit in indoor unit signal transmission is checked whether it is normal.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty indoor unit PCB.
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB.
- Indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to wrong wiring.
- Indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to breaking of wire in the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units.
- Indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to disturbed power supply waveform.

Troubleshooting



15.5.2 H12 (Indoor/Outdoor Capacity Rank Mismatched)

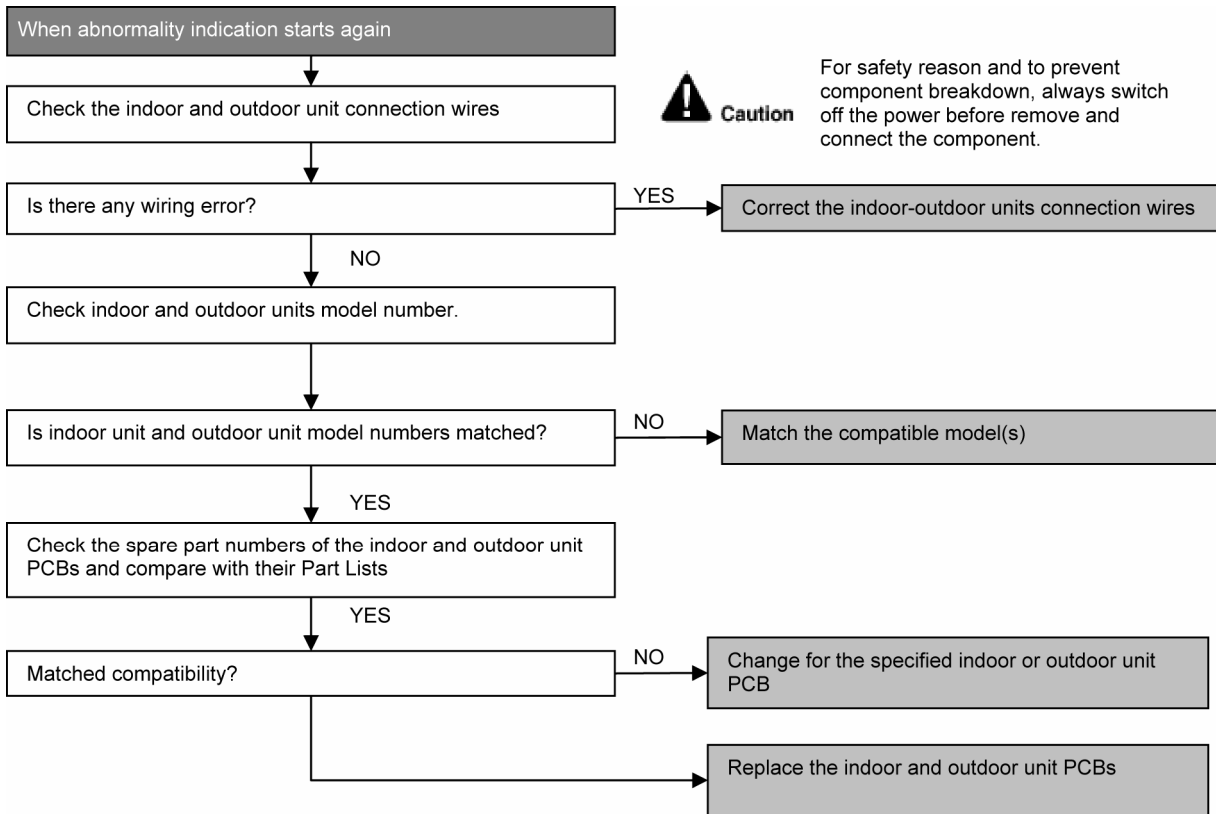
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup, error code appears when different types of indoor and outdoor units are interconnected.

Malfunction Caused

- Wrong models interconnected.
- Wrong indoor unit or outdoor unit PCBs mounted.
- Indoor unit or outdoor unit PCBs defective.
- Indoor-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to wrong wiring.
- Indoor-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to breaking of wire 3 in the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units.

Troubleshooting



15.5.3 H14 (Indoor Intake Air Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

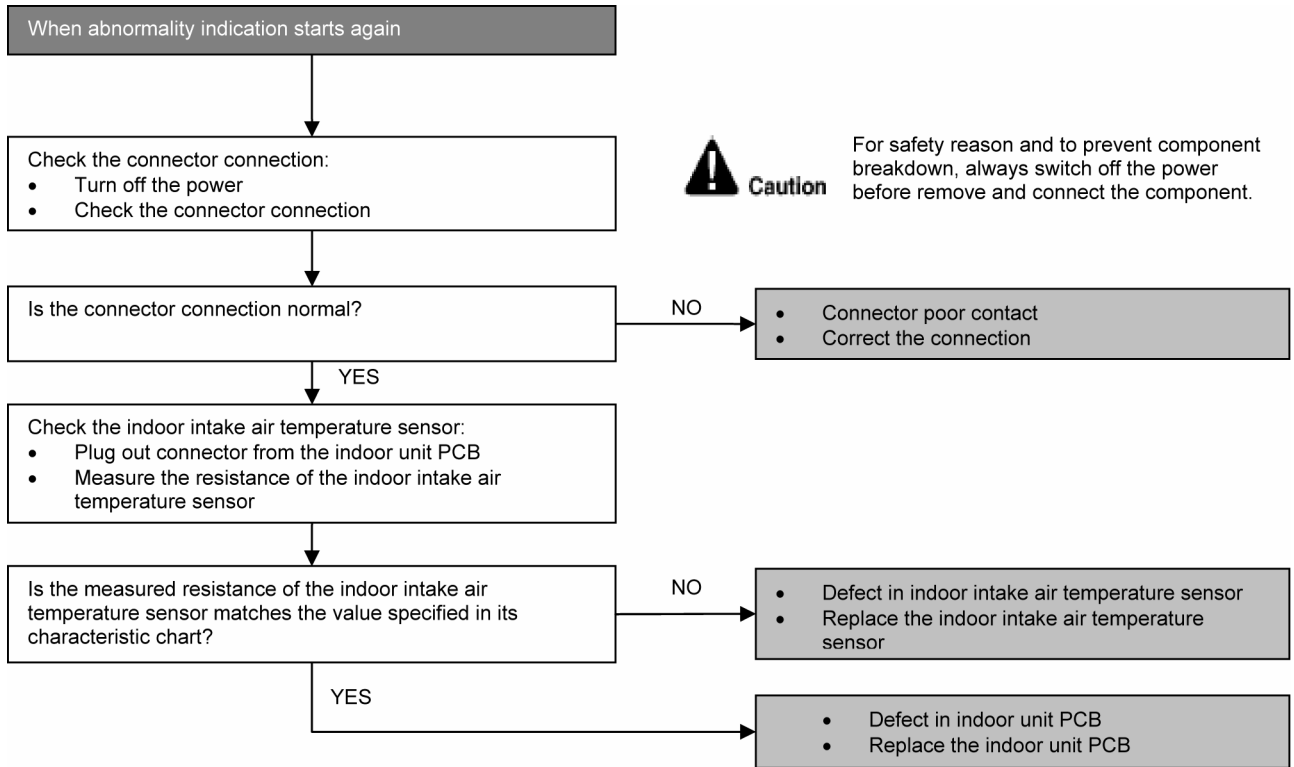
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the indoor intake air temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

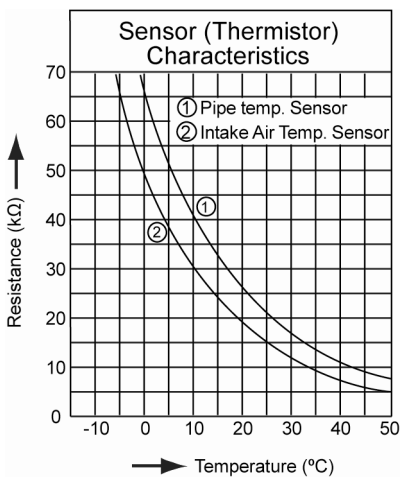
- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



Caution

For safety reason and to prevent component breakdown, always switch off the power before remove and connect the component.



15.5.4 H15 (Compressor Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

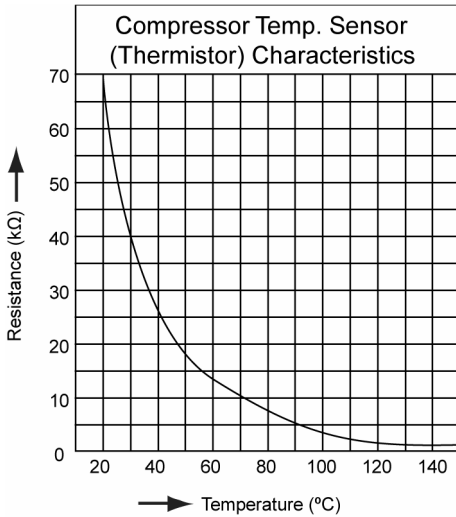
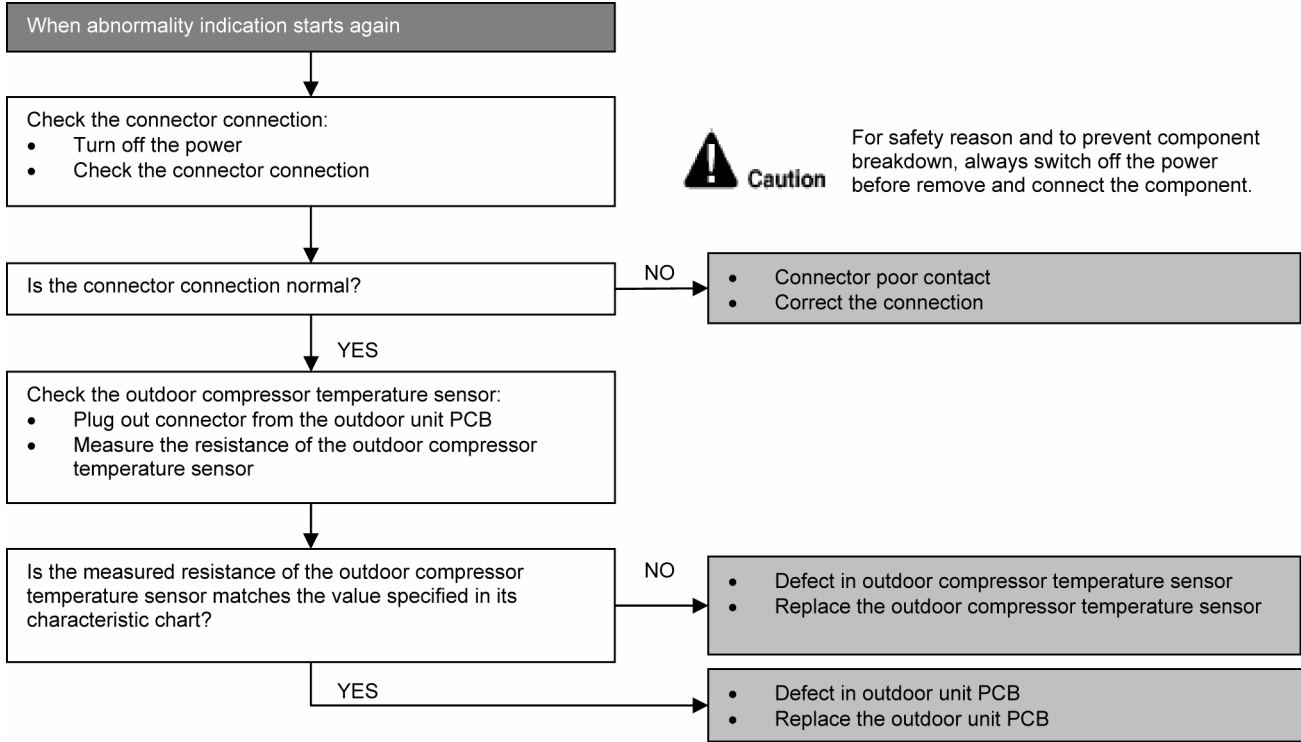
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor compressor temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.5 H16 (Outdoor Current Transformer Open Circuit)

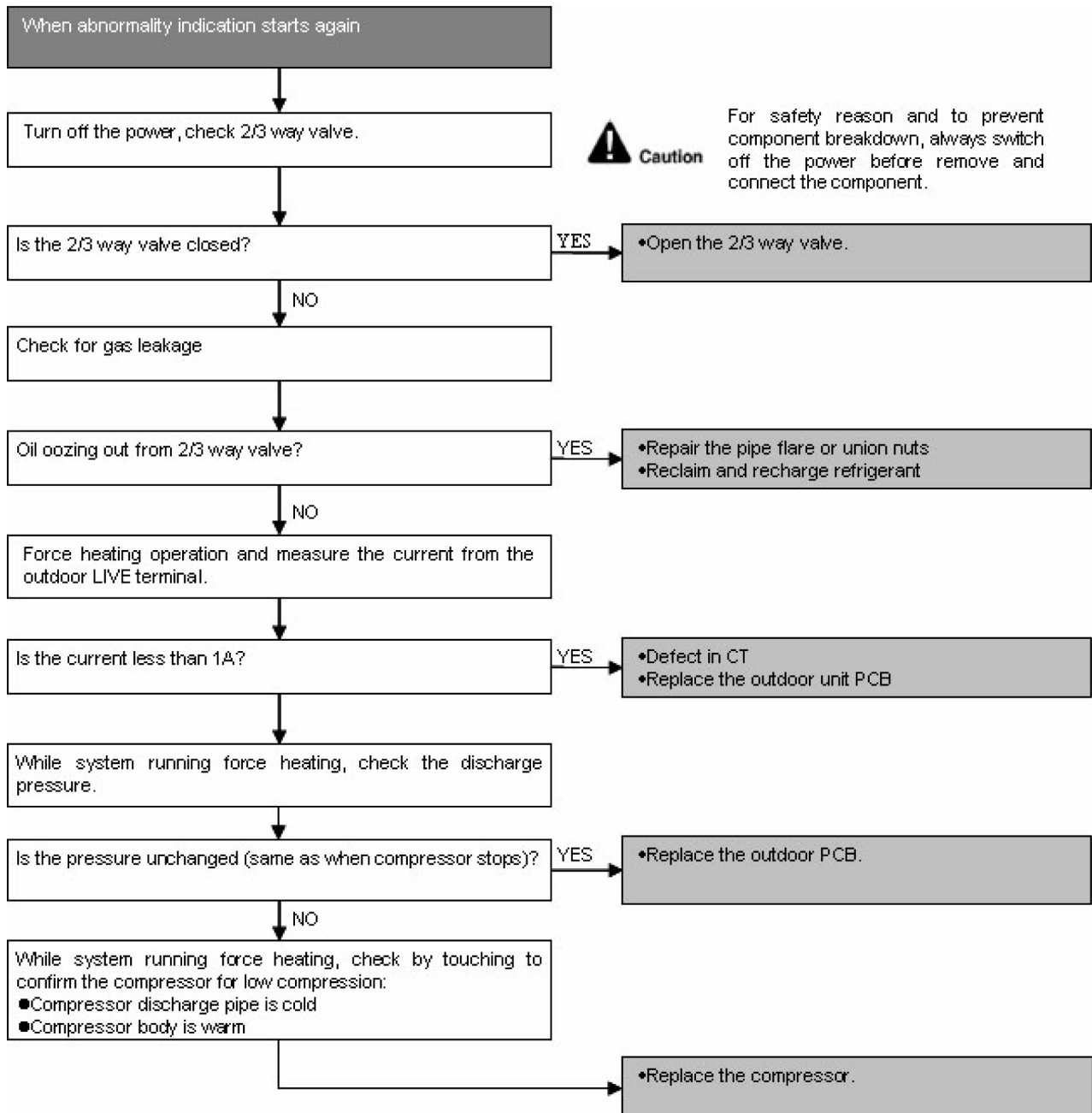
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- A current transformer (CT) is detected by checking the compressor running frequency (\geq rated frequency) and CT detected input current (less than 0.65A) for continuously 20 seconds.

Malfunction Caused

- CT defective.
- Outdoor PCB defective.
- Compressor defective (low compression)

Troubleshooting



15.5.6 H19 (Indoor Fan Motor – DC Motor Mechanism Locked)

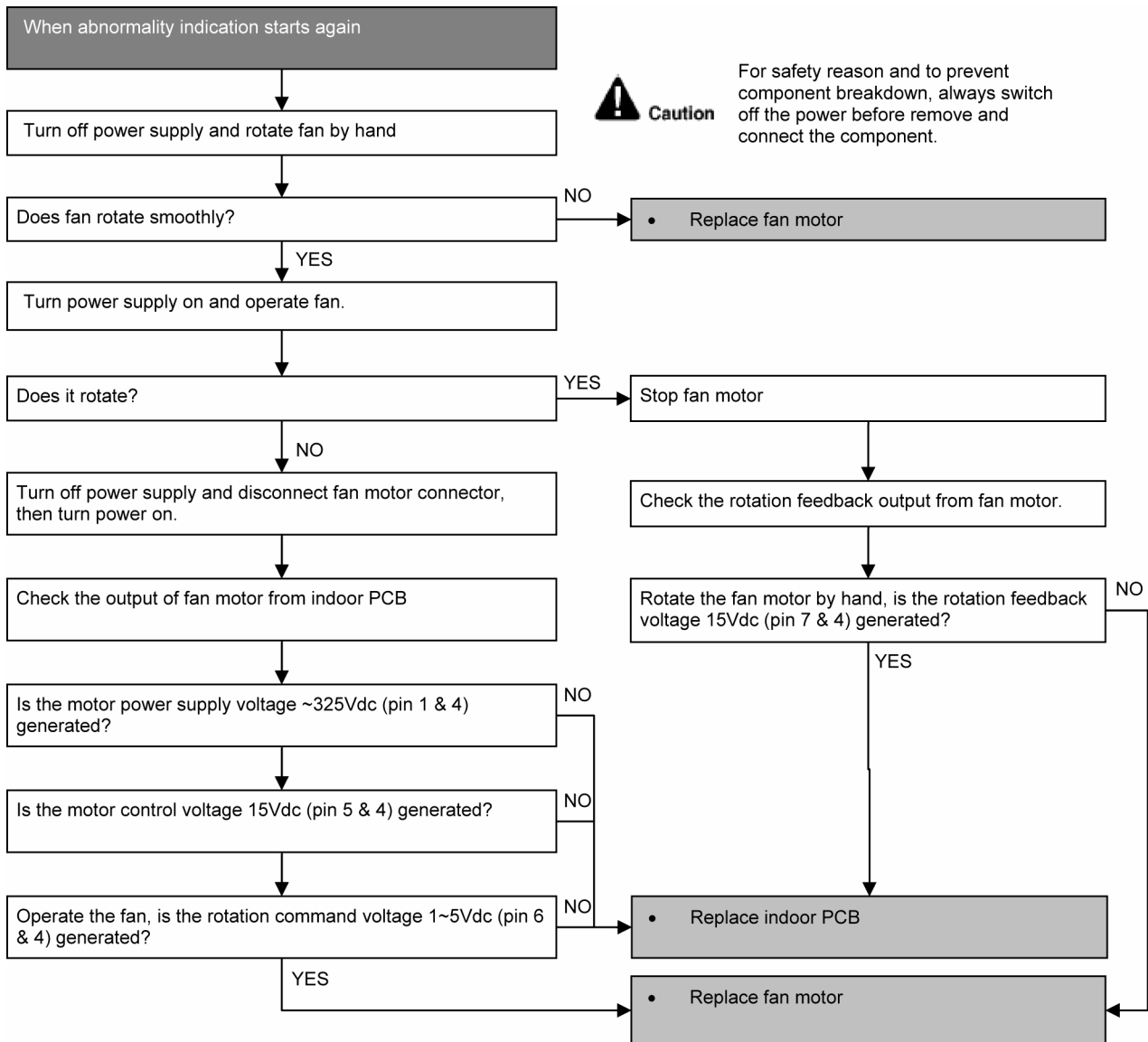
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor (feedback of rotation > 2550rpm or < 50rpm).

Malfunction Caused

- Operation stops due to short circuit inside the fan motor winding.
- Operation stops due to breaking of wire inside the fan motor.
- Operation stops due to breaking of fan motor lead wires.
- Operation stops due to Hall IC malfunction.
- Operation error due to faulty indoor unit PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.7 H23 (Indoor Pipe Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

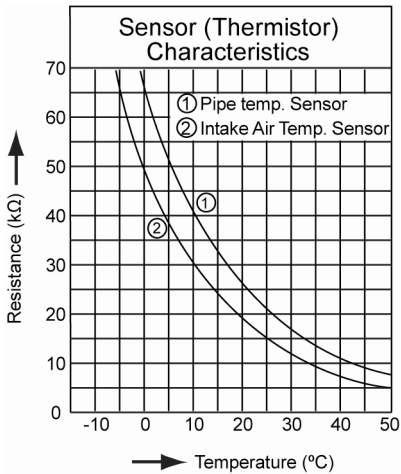
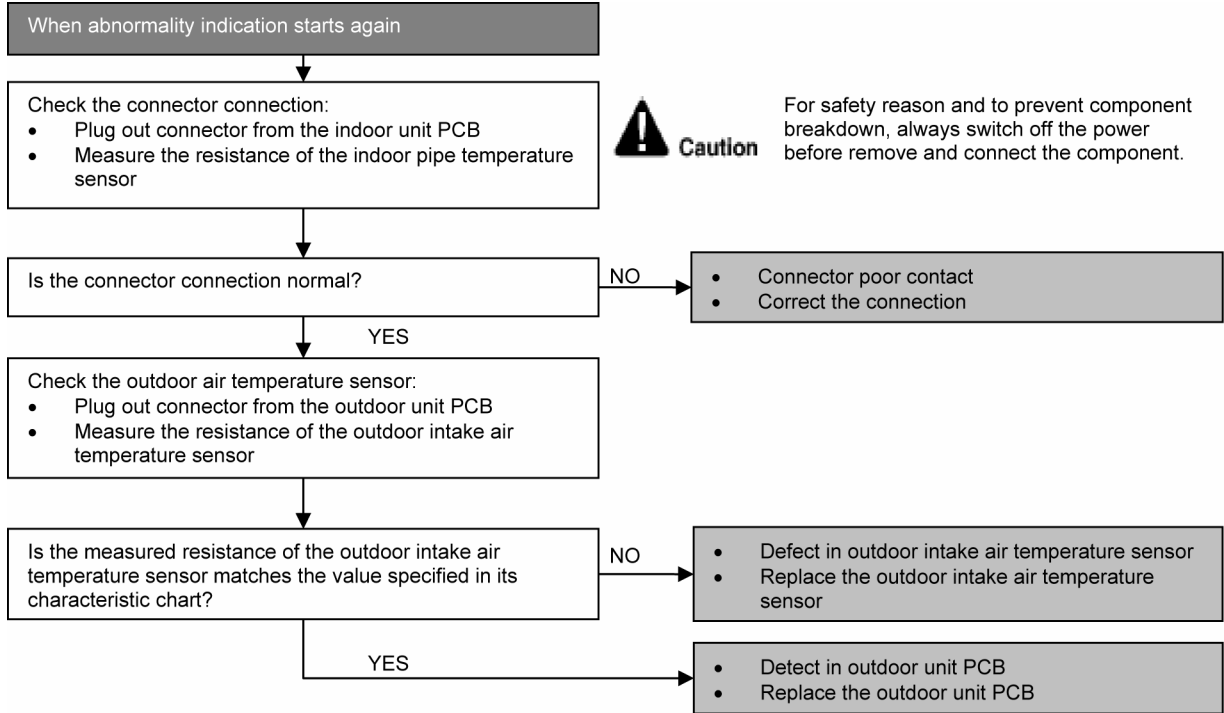
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.8 H27 (Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

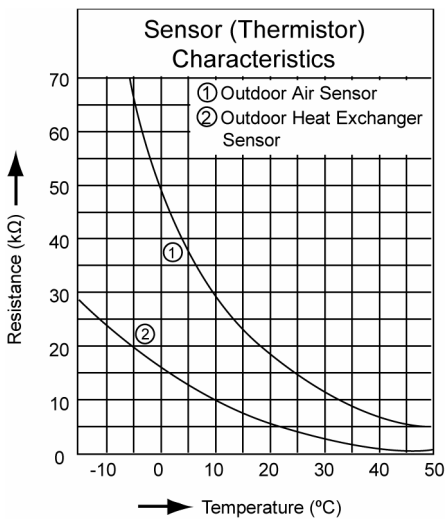
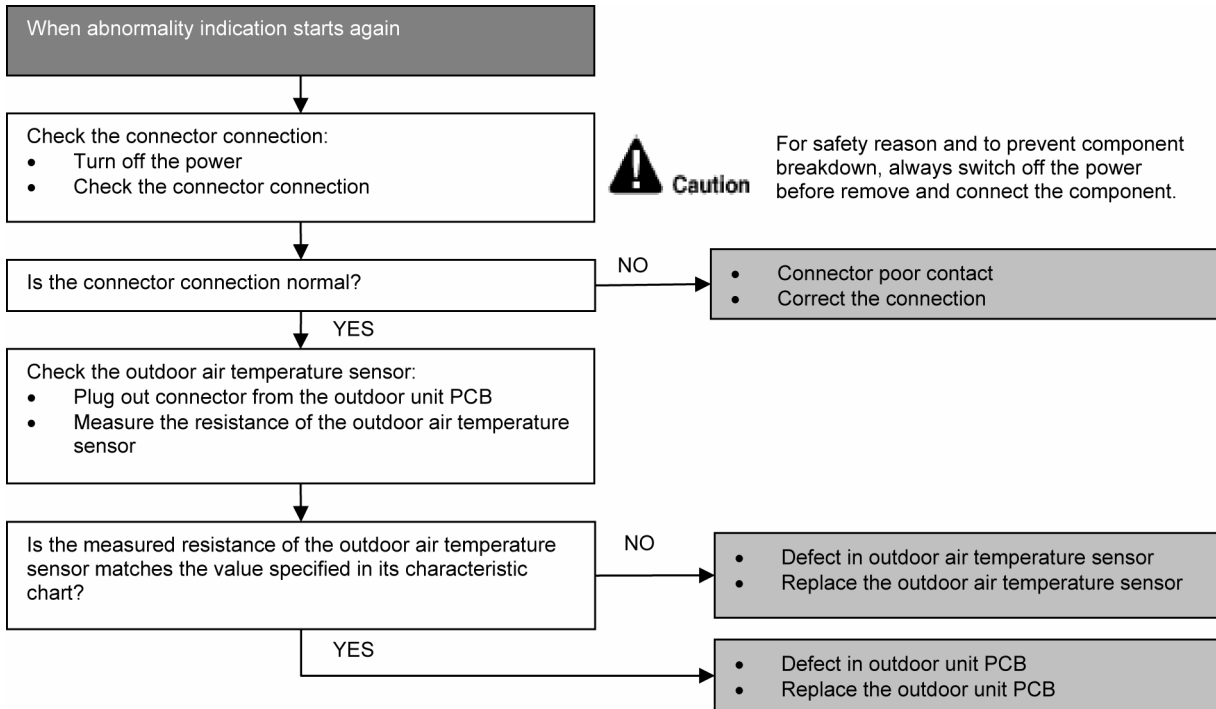
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor air temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.9 H28 (Outdoor Pipe Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

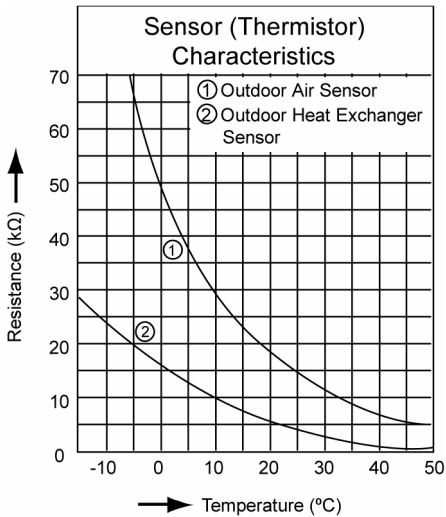
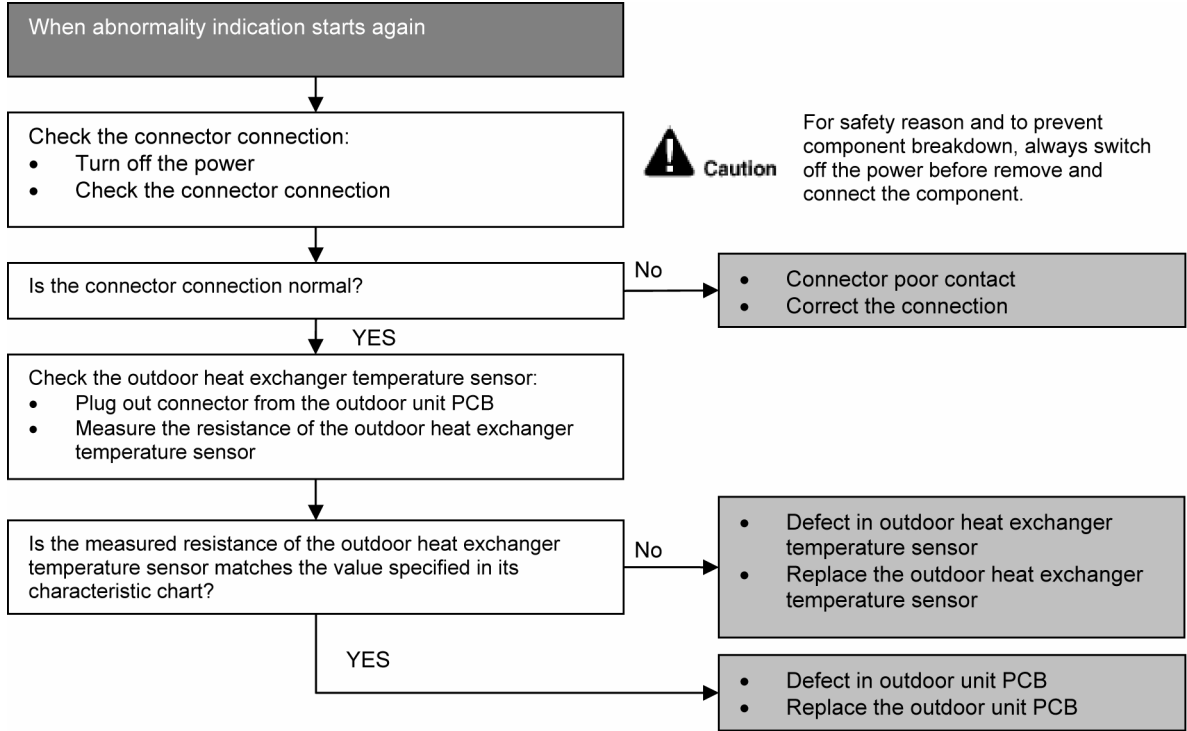
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.10 H30 (Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

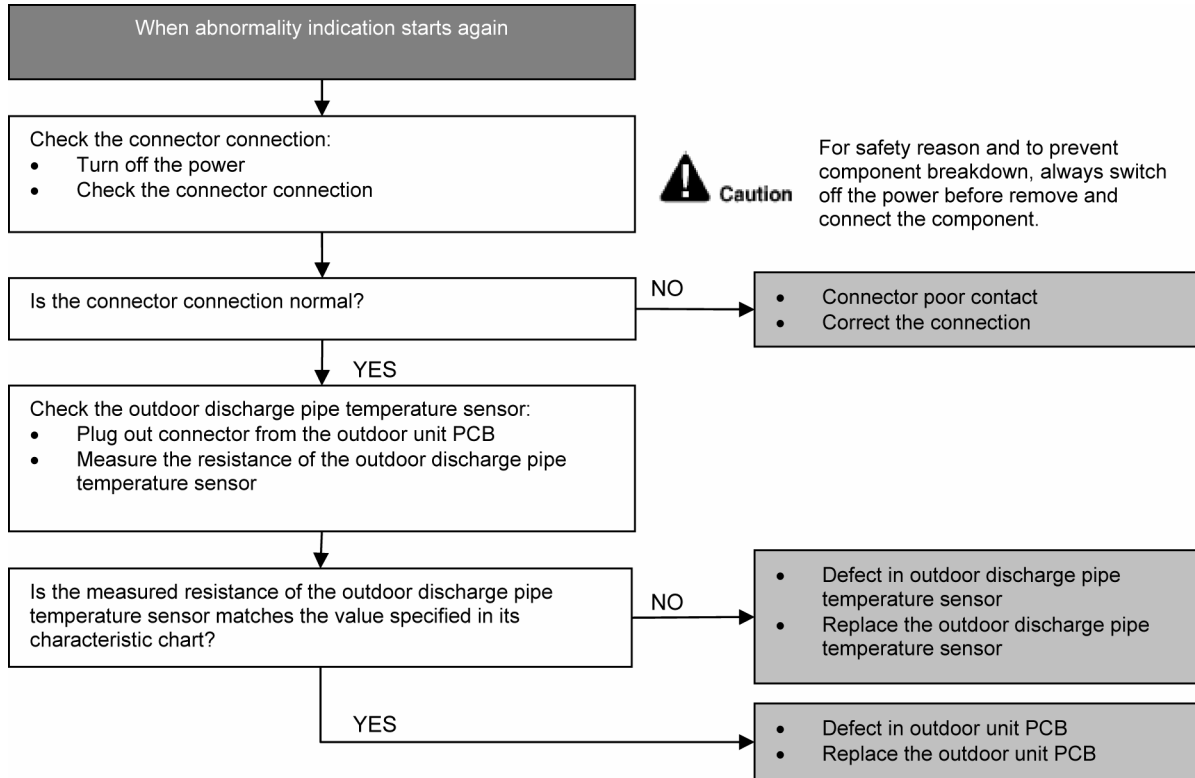
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.11 H32 (Outdoor Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor 2 Abnormality)

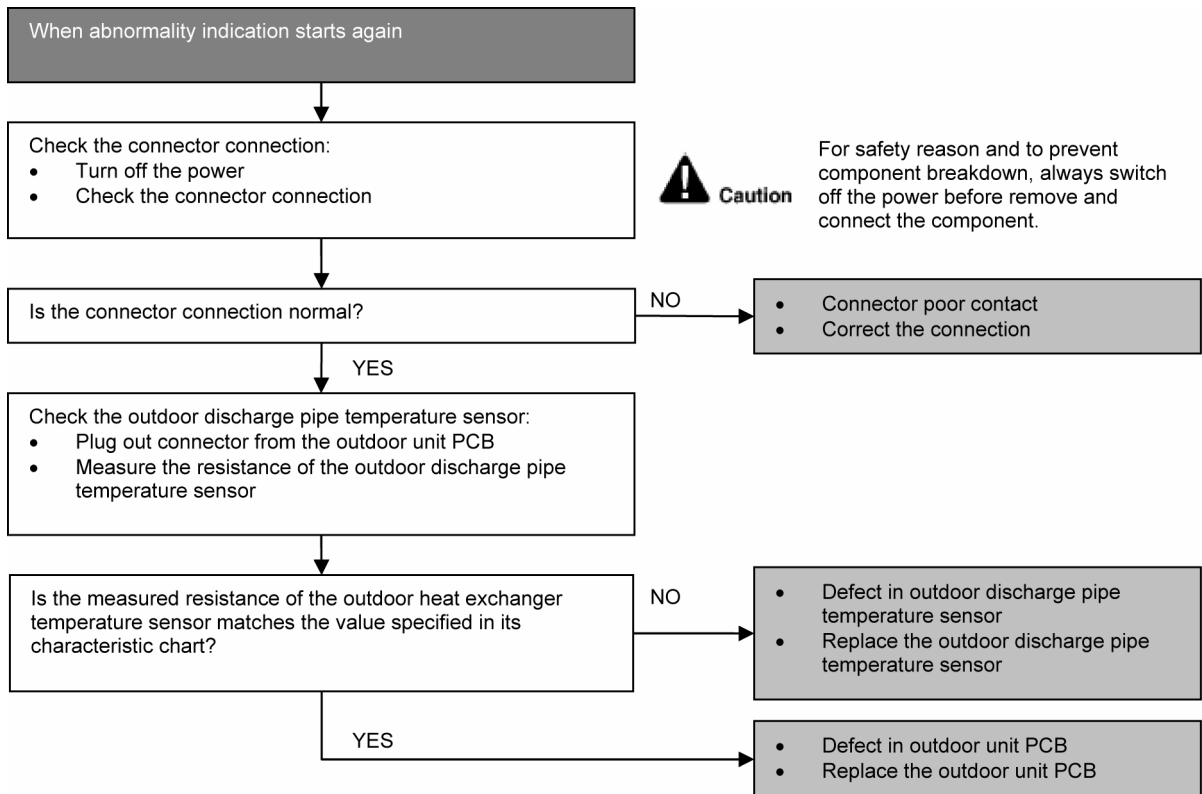
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.12 H33 (Unspecified Voltage between Indoor and Outdoor)

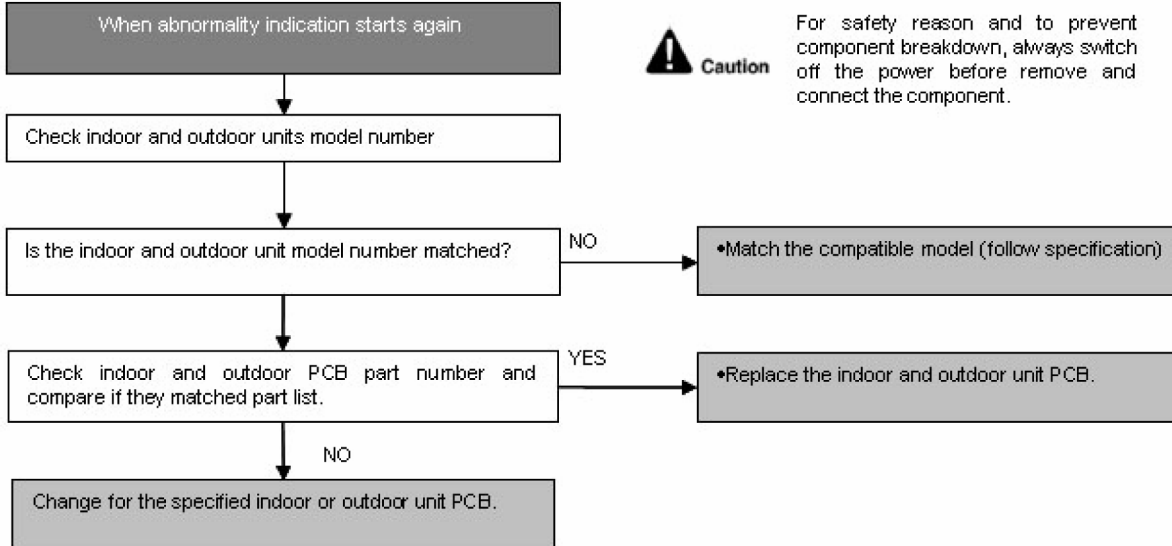
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The supply power is detected for its requirement by the indoor/outdoor transmission.

Malfunction Caused

- Wrong models interconnected.
- Wrong indoor unit and outdoor unit PCBs used.
- Indoor unit or outdoor unit PCB defective.

Troubleshooting



15.5.13 H34 (Outdoor Heat Sink Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

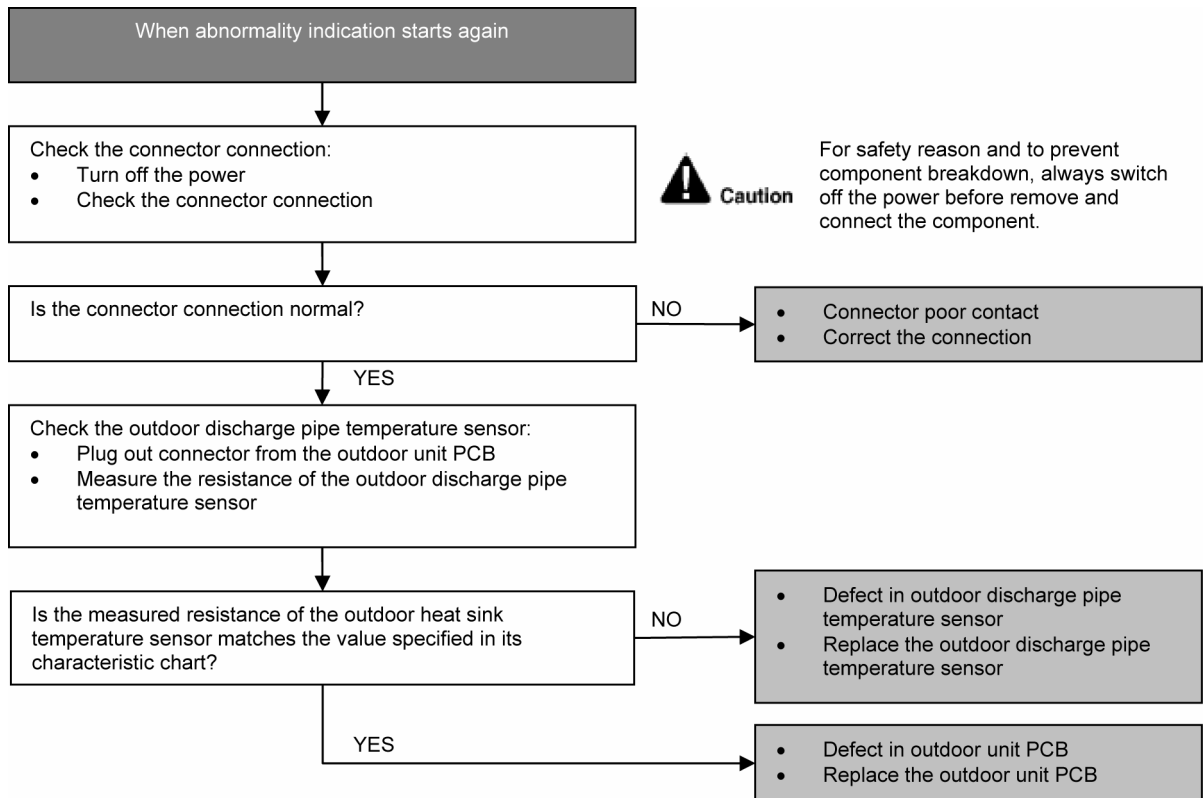
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor heat sink temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.14 H36 (Outdoor Gas Pipe Sensor Abnormality)

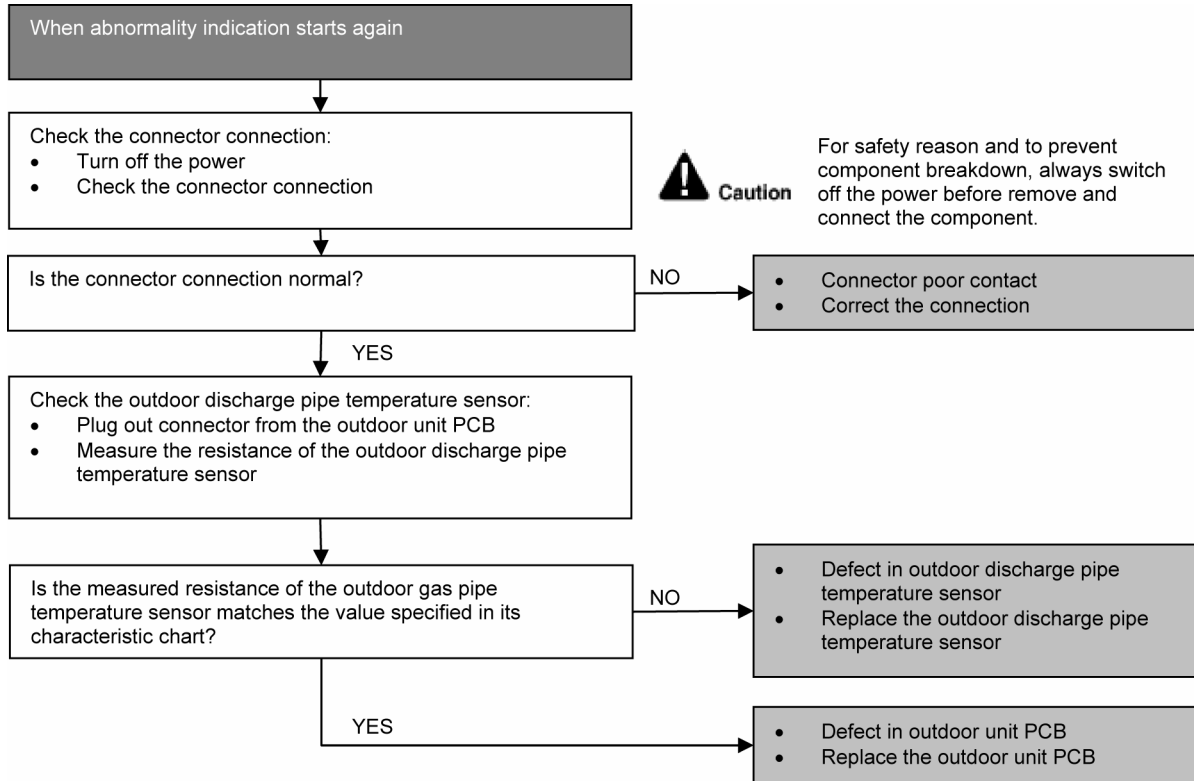
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.15 H37 (Outdoor Liquid Pipe Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

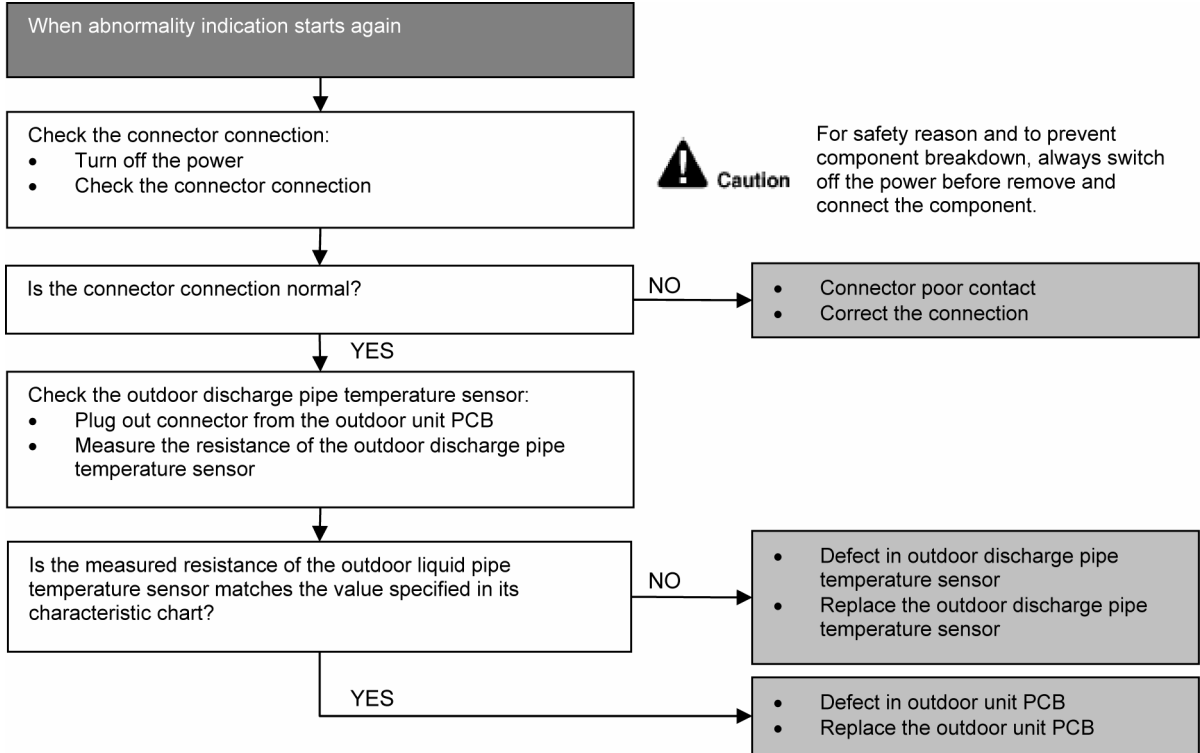
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.16 H97 (Outdoor Fan Motor – DC Motor Mechanism Locked)

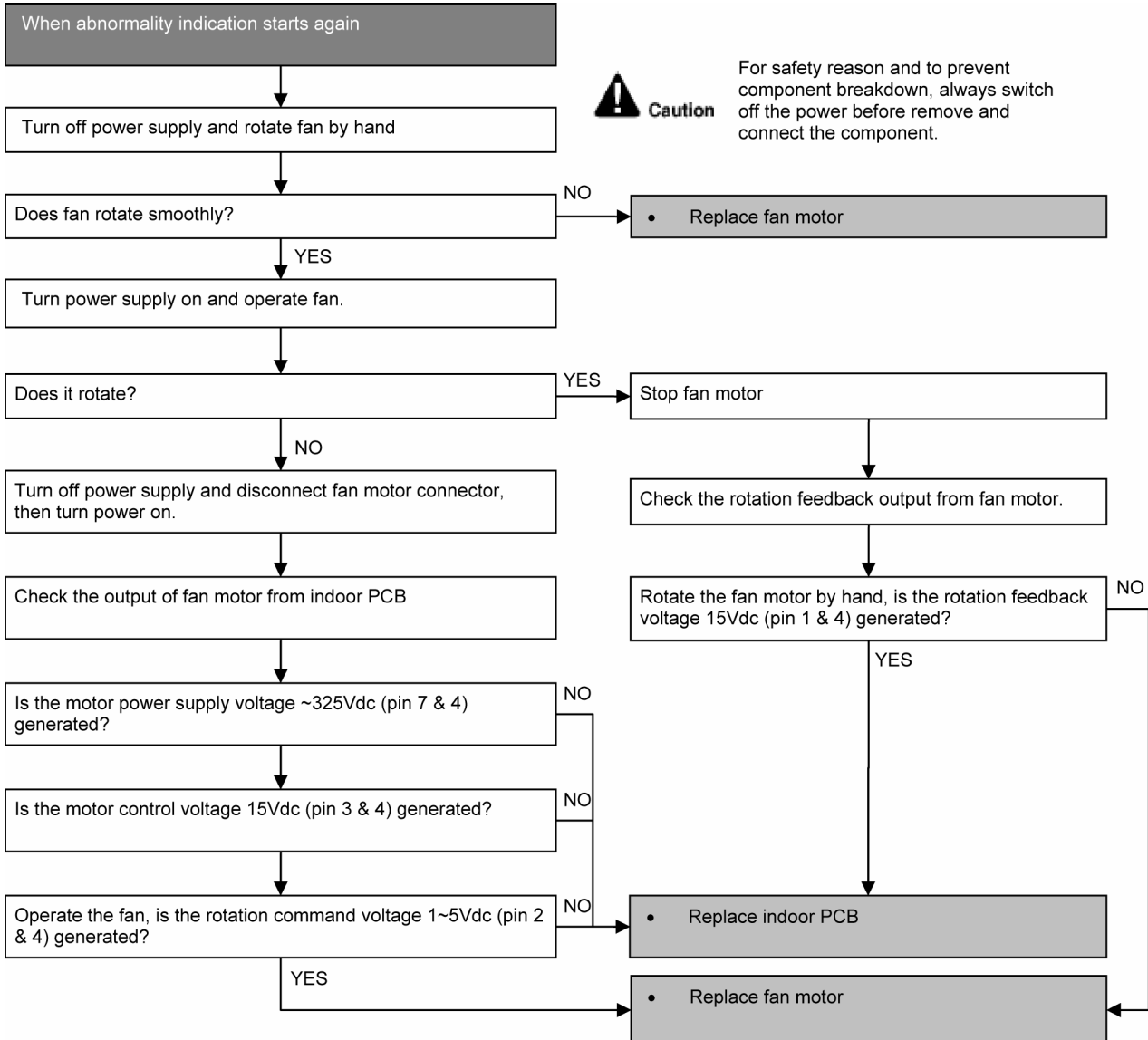
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor.

Malfunction Caused

- Operation stops due to short circuit inside the fan motor winding.
- Operation stops due to breaking of wire inside the fan motor.
- Operation stops due to breaking of fan motor lead wires.
- Operation stops due to Hall IC malfunction.
- Operation error due to faulty outdoor unit PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.17 H98 (Indoor High Pressure Protection)

Error Code will not display (no Timer LED blinking) but store in EEPROM

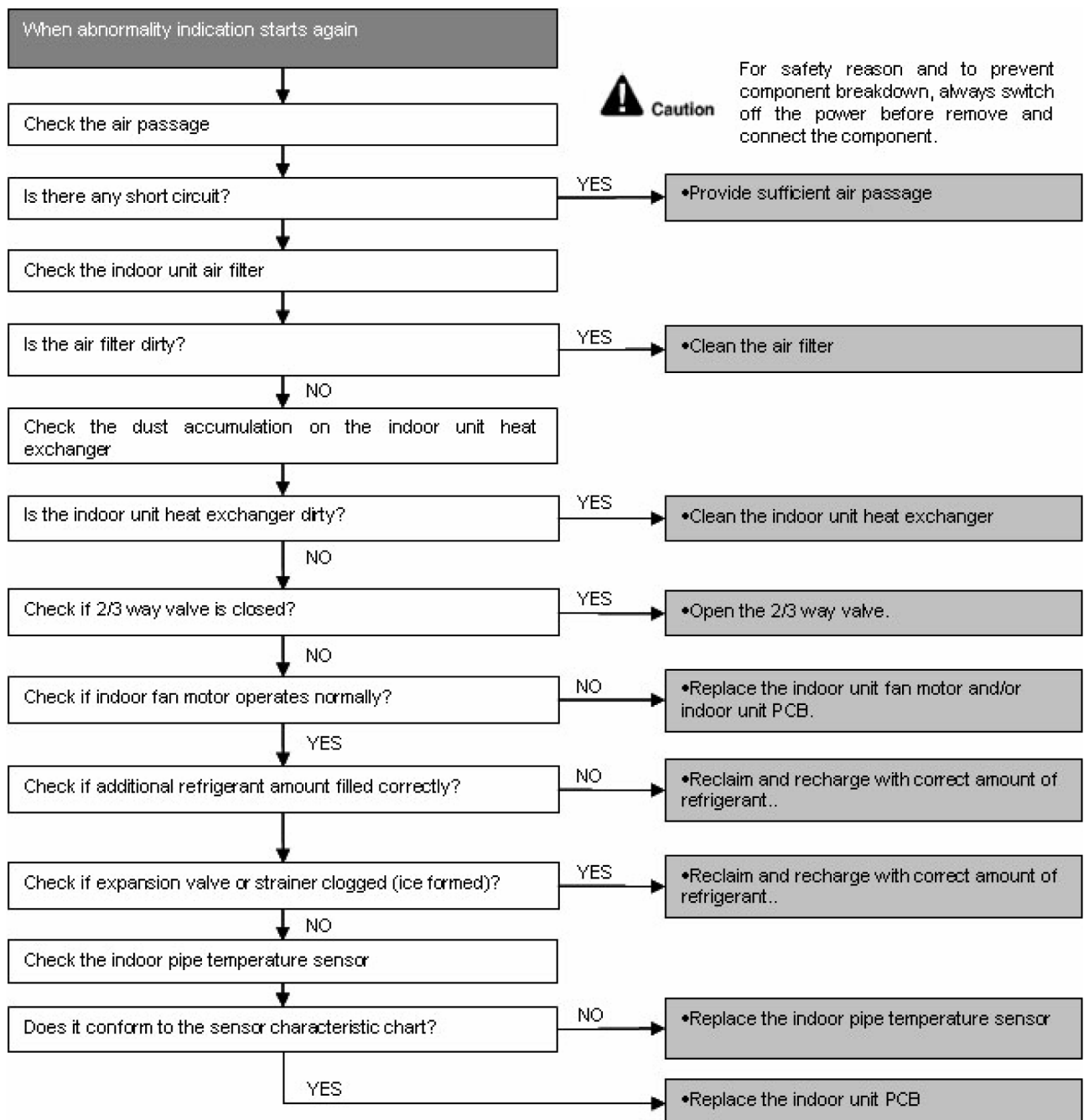
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During heating operation, the temperature detected by the indoor pipe temperature sensor is above 60°C.

Malfunction Caused

- Air short circuit at indoor unit
- Clogged indoor unit air filter
- Dust accumulation on the indoor unit heat exchanger
- 2/3 way valve closed
- Faulty indoor unit fan motor
- Excessive refrigerant
- Clogged expansion valve or strainer
- Faulty indoor pipe temperature sensor
- Faulty indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



15.5.18 H99 (Indoor Freeze Prevention Protection: Cooling or Soft Dry)

Error Code will not display (no Timer LED blinking) but store in EEPROM

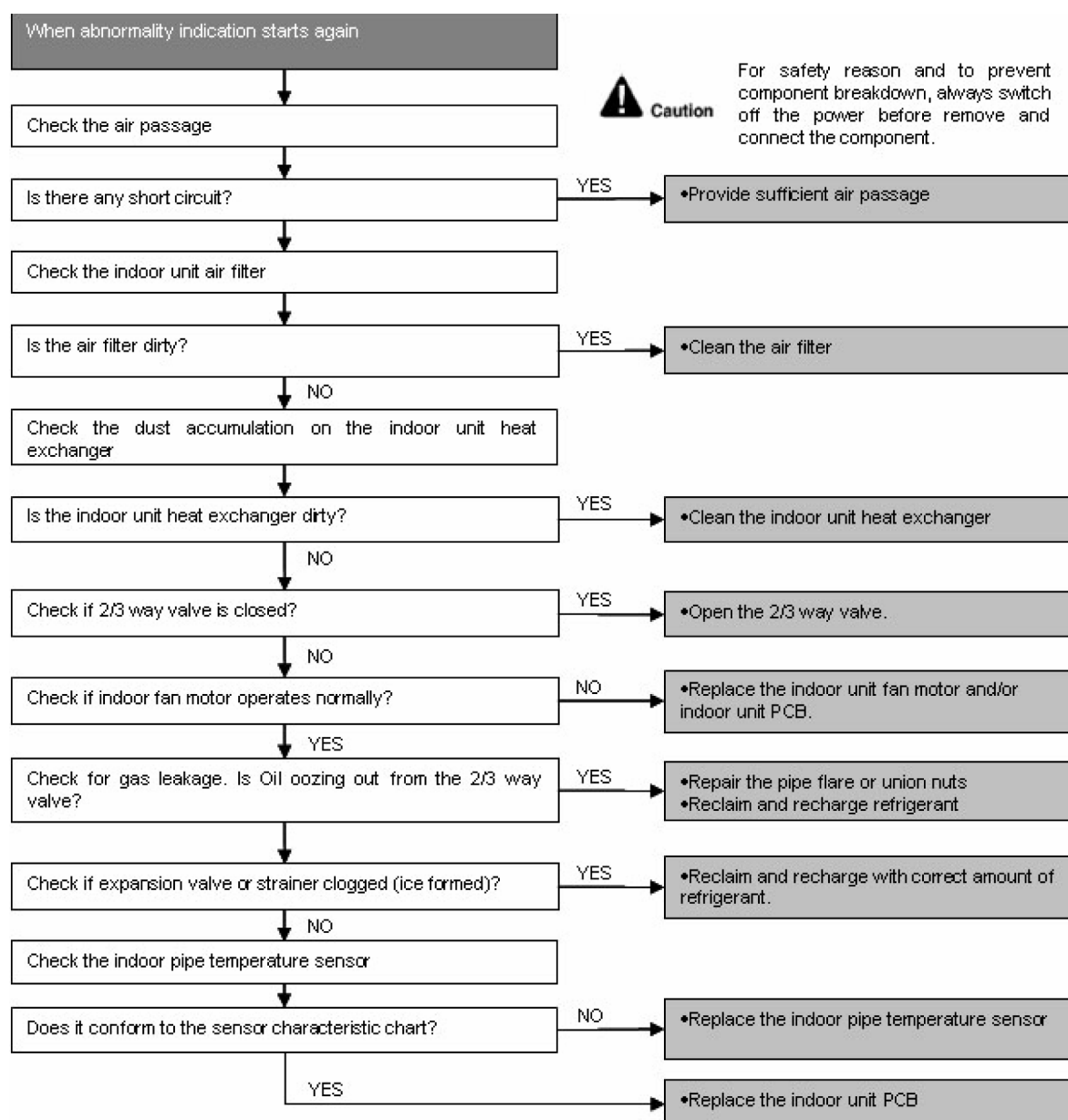
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- Freeze prevention control takes place (when indoor pipe temperature is lower than 2°C)

Malfunction Caused

- Air short circuit at indoor unit
- Clogged indoor unit air filter
- Dust accumulation on the indoor unit heat exchanger
- 2/3 way valve closed
- Faulty indoor unit fan motor
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Clogged expansion valve or strainer
- Faulty indoor pipe temperature sensor
- Faulty indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



15.5.19 F11 (4-way valve Abnormality)

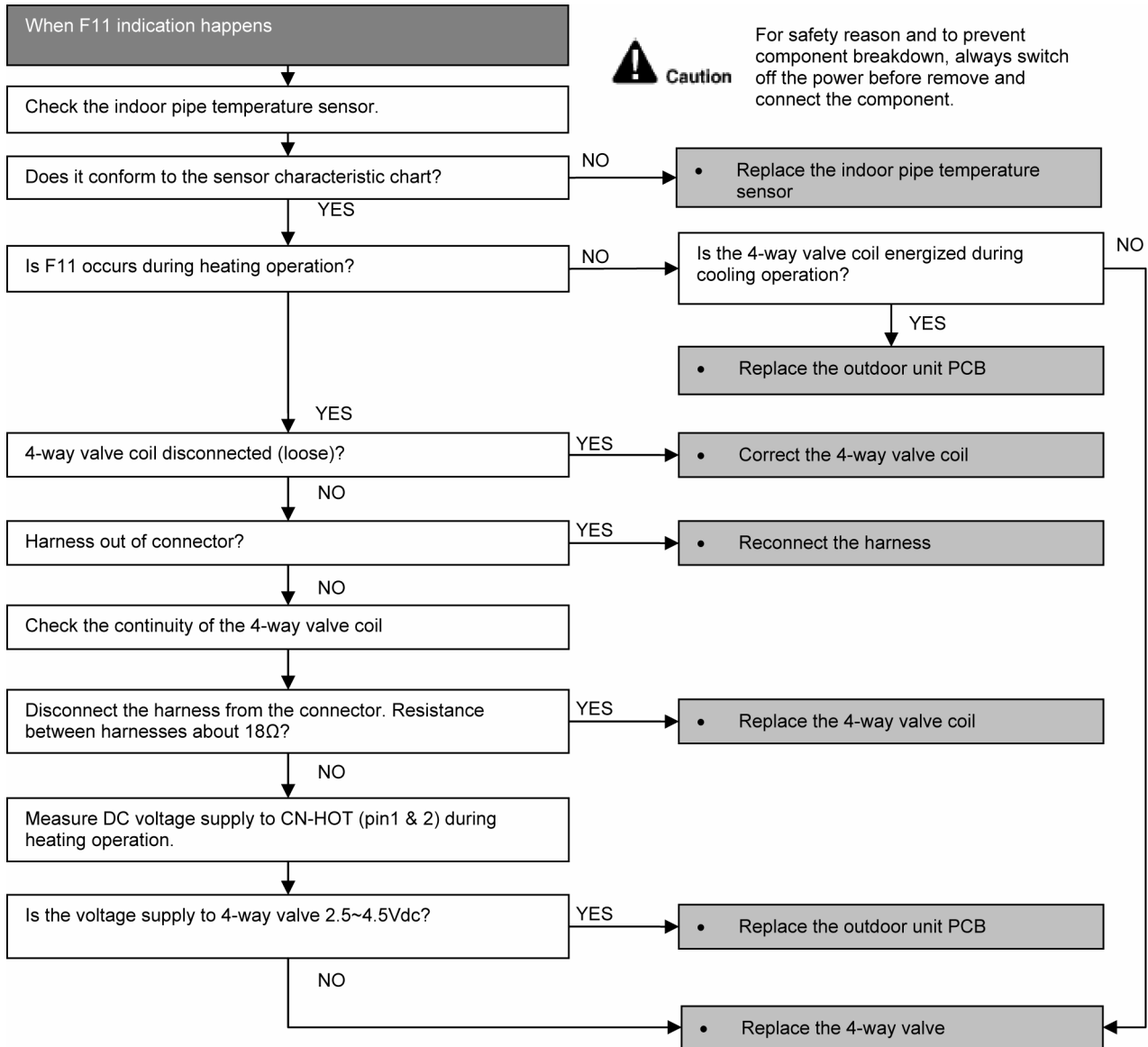
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- When heating operation, when indoor pipe temperature is below 10°C.
- When cooling operation, when indoor pipe temperature is above 45°C.

Malfunction Caused

- Connector in poor contact.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB.
- 4-way valve defective.

Troubleshooting



15.5.20 F17 (Indoor Standby Units Freezing Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- When the different between indoor intake air temperature and indoor pipe temperature is above 10°C or indoor pipe temperature is below -1.0°C.

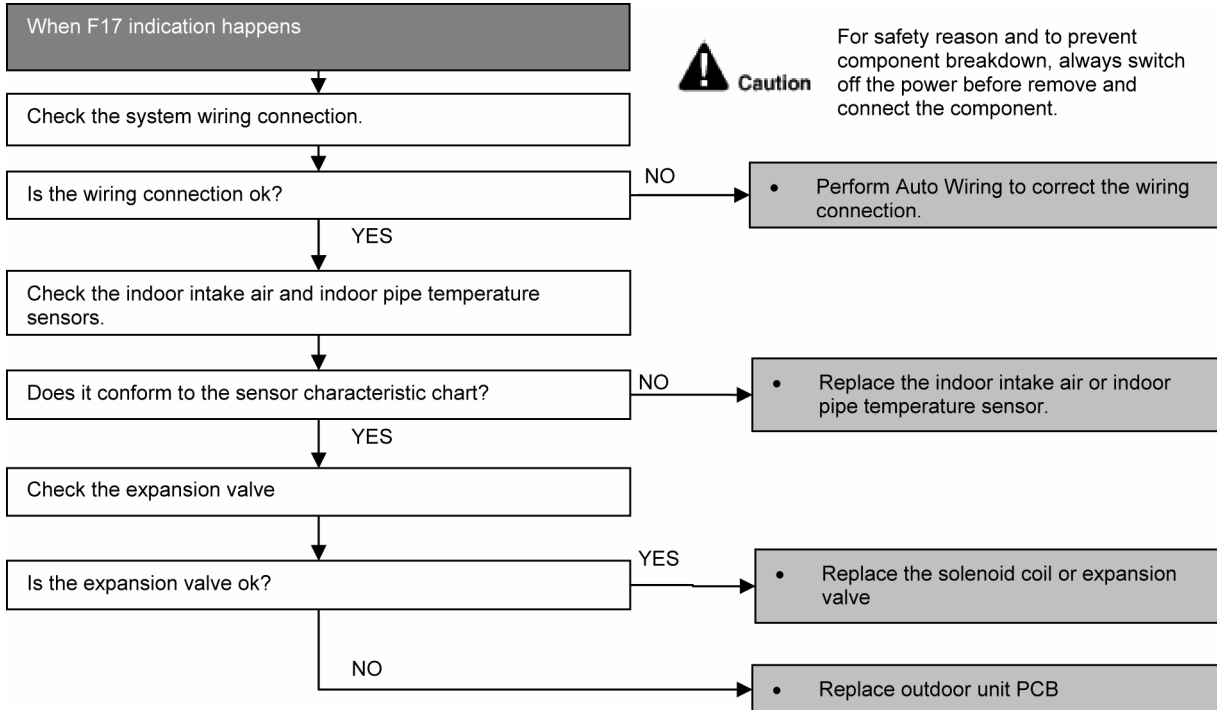
Remark:

When the indoor standby unit is freezing, the outdoor unit transfers F17 error code to the corresponding indoor unit and H39 to other indoor unit(s).

Malfunction Caused

- Wrong wiring connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty expansion valve.

Troubleshooting



15.5.21 F90 (Power Factor Correction Protection)

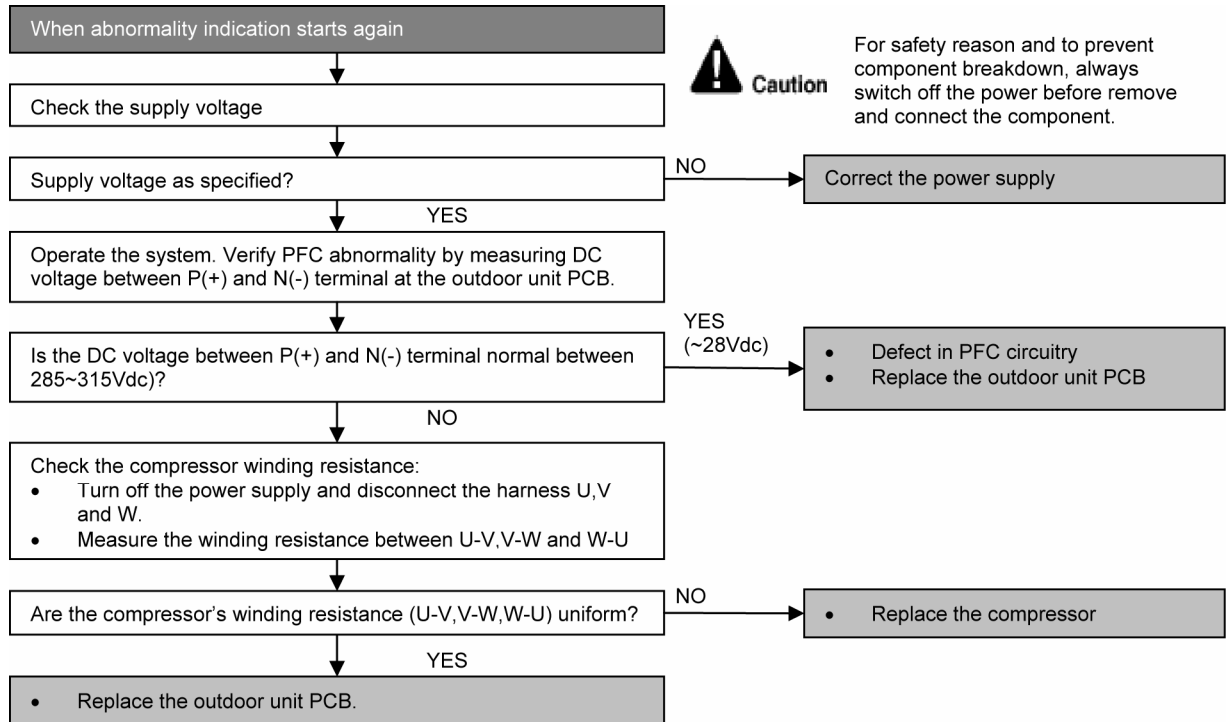
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, when Power Factor Correction (PFC) protection circuitry at the outdoor unit main PCB senses abnormal high DC voltage level.

Malfunction Caused

- DC voltage peak due to power supply surge.
- DC voltage peak due to compressor windings not uniform.
- Faulty outdoor PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.22 F91 (Refrigeration Cycle Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During cooling, compressor frequency = F_{cmax}.
- During heating, compressor frequency > F_{hrated}.
- During cooling and heating operation, running current: $0.65A < I < 1.65A$.
- During cooling, indoor intake - indoor pipe < 4°C
- During heating, indoor pipe - indoor intake < 5°C

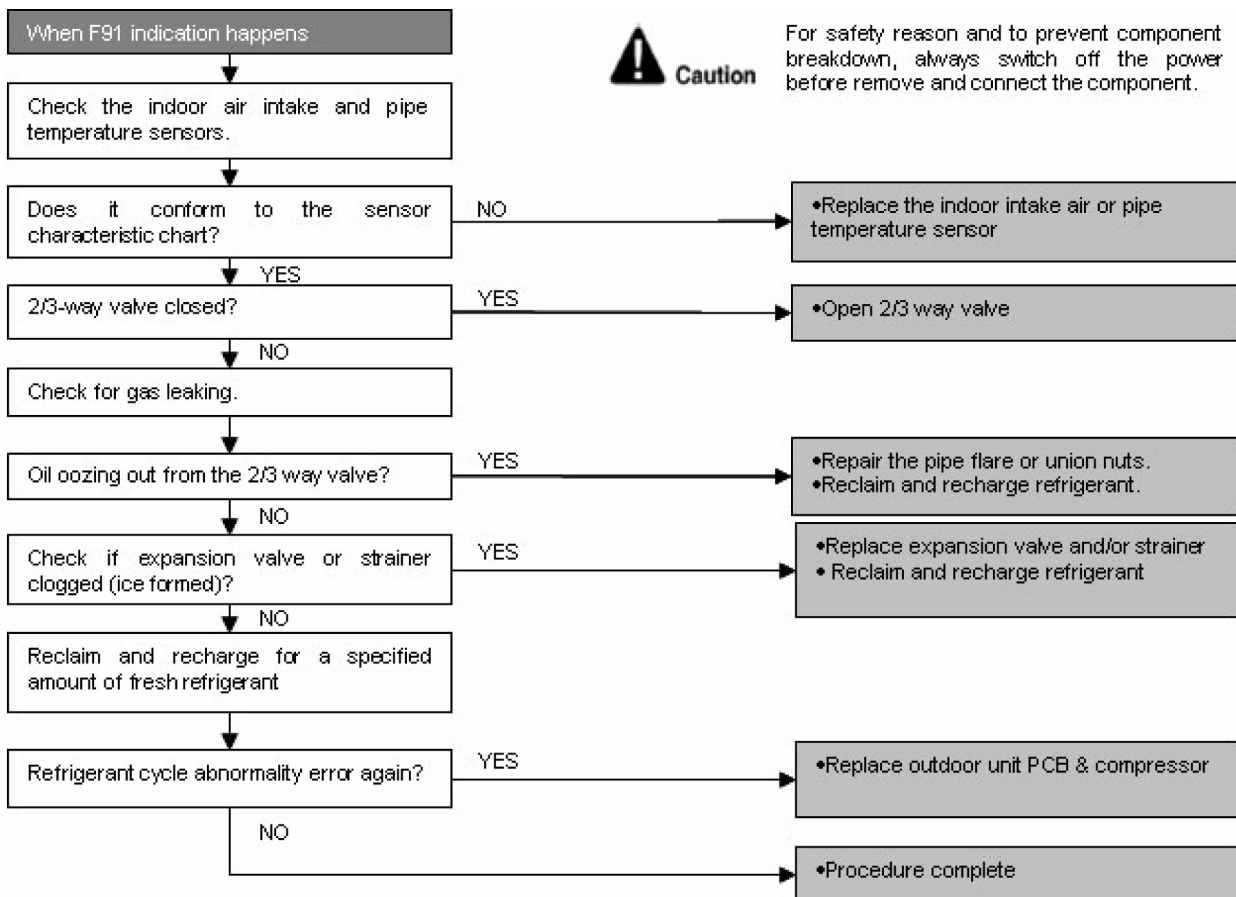
Multi Models Only

- Gas shortage detection 1: A gas shortage is detected by checking the CT-detected input current value and the compressor running frequency. During startup and operating of cooling and heating, input current < $8.78/256 (A/Hz) \times \text{compressor running frequency} + 0.25$.
- Gas shortage detection 2: A gas shortage is detected by checking the difference between indoor pipe temperature and indoor intake air temperature during cooling and heating.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty indoor intake air or pipe temperature sensor
- 2/3 way valve closed
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Clogged expansion valve or strainer
- Faulty outdoor unit
- Poor compression of compressor

Troubleshooting



15.5.23 F93 (Compressor Rotation Failure)

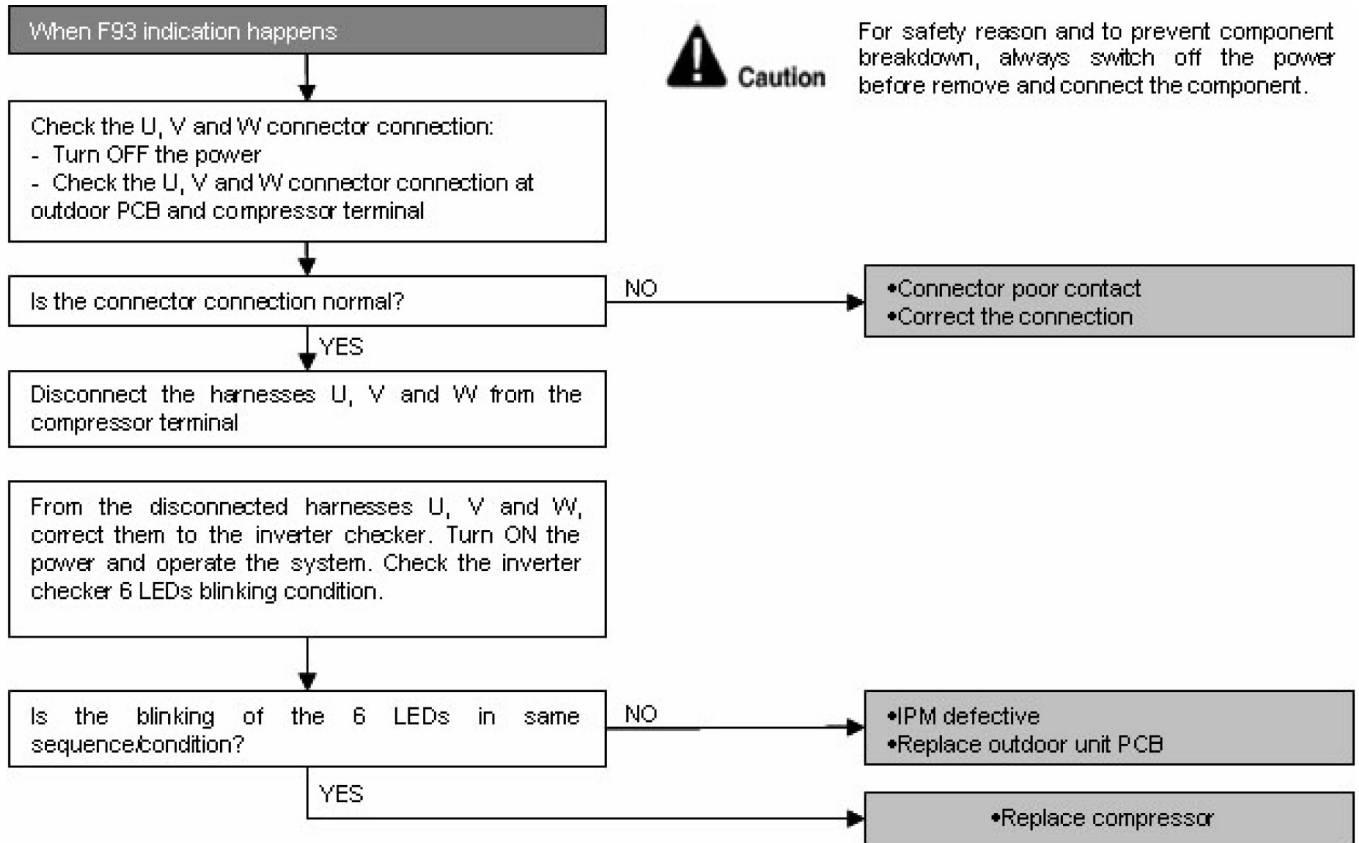
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- A compressor rotation failure is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.

Malfunction Caused

- Compressor terminal disconnect
- Faulty Outdoor PCB
- Faulty compressor

Troubleshooting



15.5.24 F95 (Cooling High Pressure Abnormality)

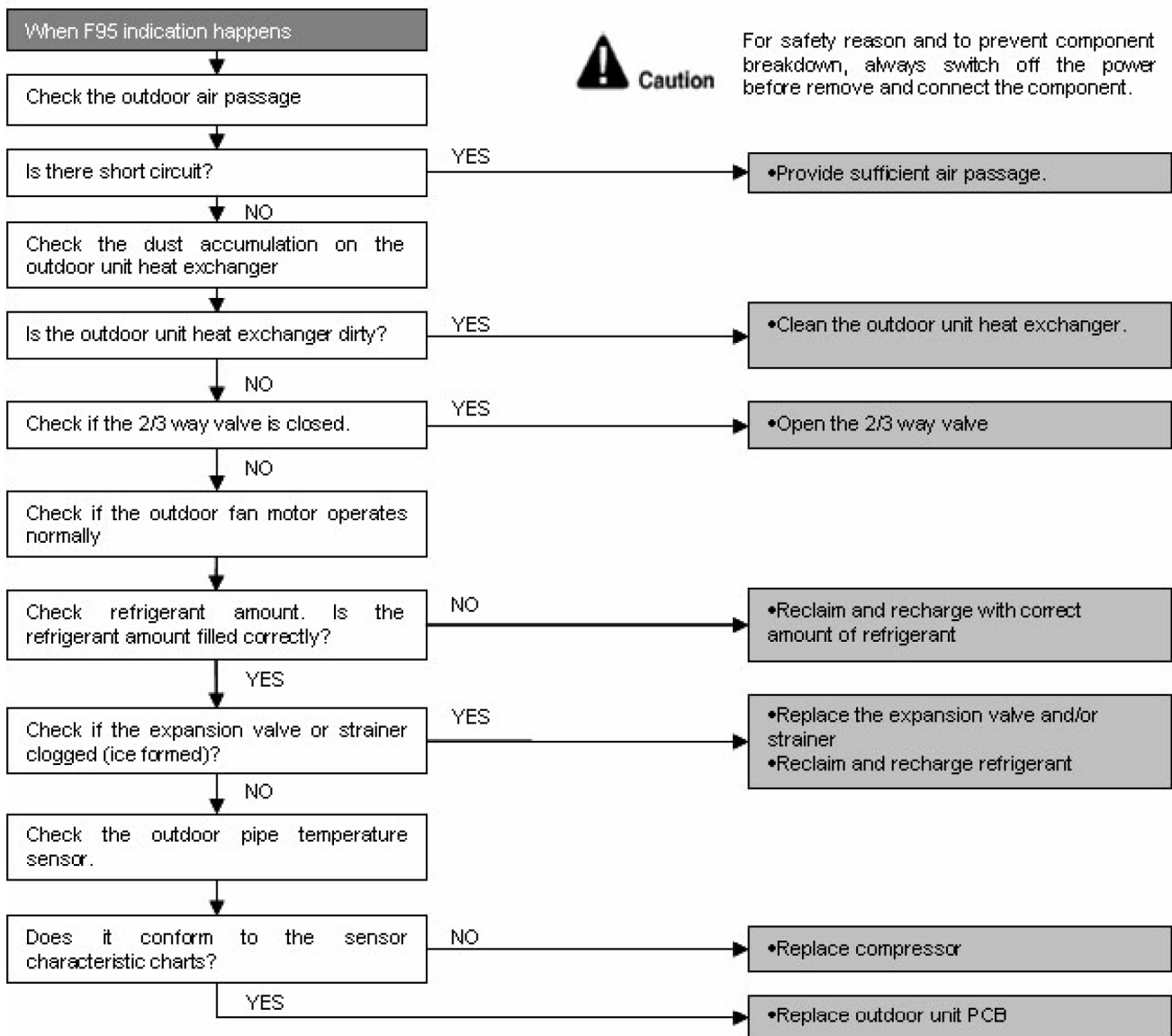
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During operation of cooling, when outdoor unit heat exchanger high temperature data (61°C) is detected by the outdoor pipe temperature sensor.

Malfunction Caused

- Air short circuit at indoor unit
- Dust accumulation on the indoor unit heat exchanger
- 2/3 way valve closed
- Faulty outdoor unit fan motor
- Excessive refrigerant
- Clogged expansion valve or strainer
- Faulty outdoor pipe temperature sensor
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



15.5.25 F96 (IPM Overheating)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During operating of cooling and heating, when IPM temperature data (100°C) is detected by the IPM temperature sensor.

Multi models only

- Compressor Overheating: During operation of cooling and heating, when the compressor OL is activated.
- Heat Sink Overheating: During operation of cooling and heating, when heat sink temperature data (90°C) is detected by the heat sink temperature sensor.

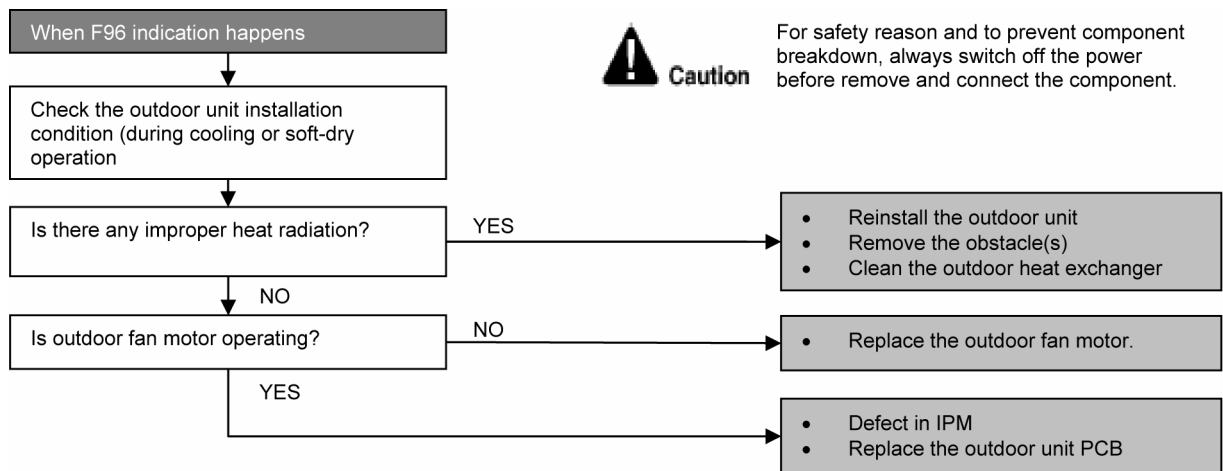
Malfunction Caused

- IPM overheats due to short circuit of hot discharge air flow.
- IPM overheats due to defective of outdoor fan motor.
- IPM overheats due to defective of internal circuitry of IPM.
- IPM overheats due to defective IPM temperature sensor.

Multi Models Only

- Compressor OL connector poor contact.
- Compressor OL faulty.

Troubleshooting



15.5.26 F97 (Compressor Overheating)

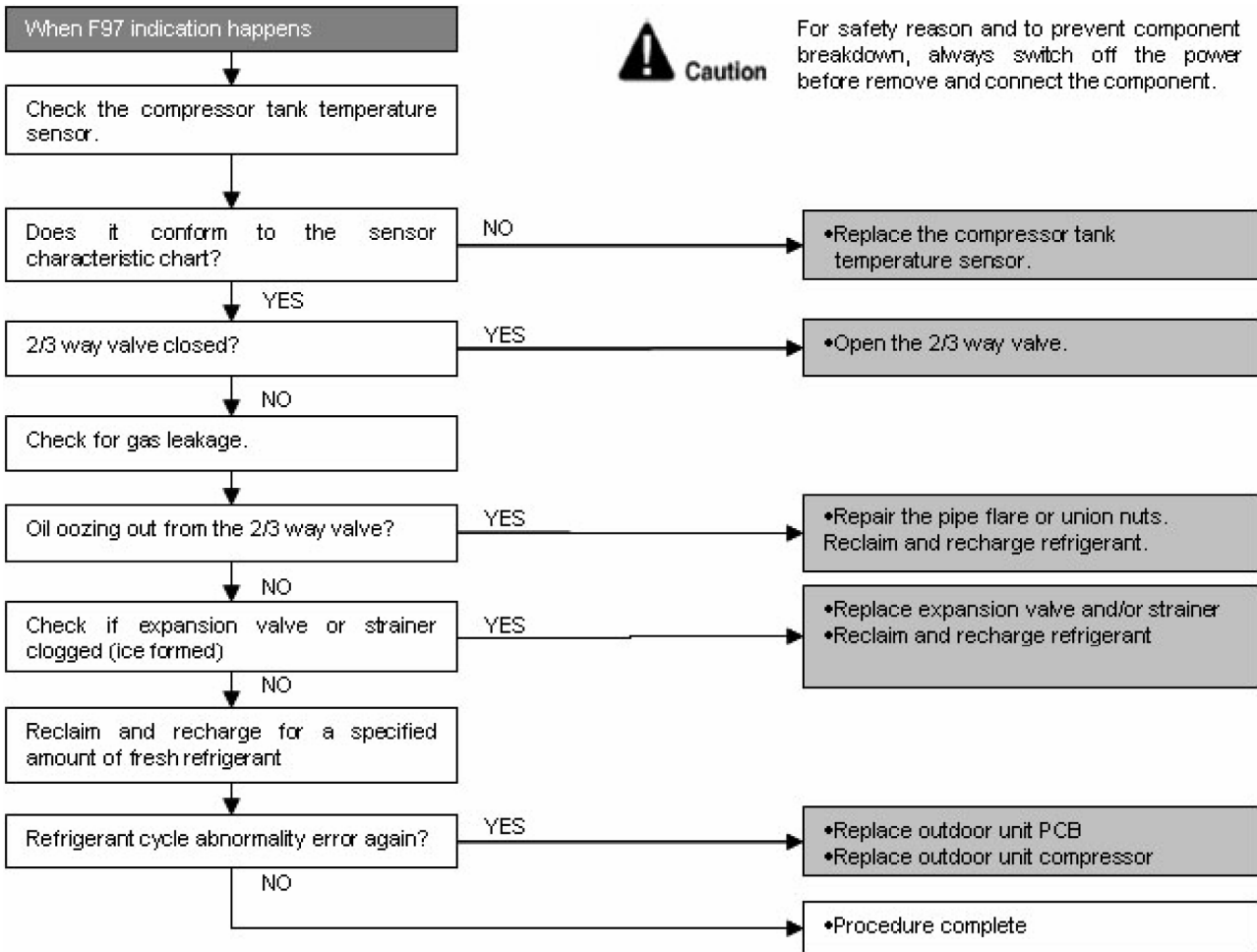
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During operation of cooling and heating, when compressor tank temperature data (112°C) is detected by the compressor tank temperature sensor.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty compressor tank temperature sensor
- 2/3 way valve closed
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB
- Faulty compressor

Troubleshooting



15.5.27 F98 (Input Over Current Detection)

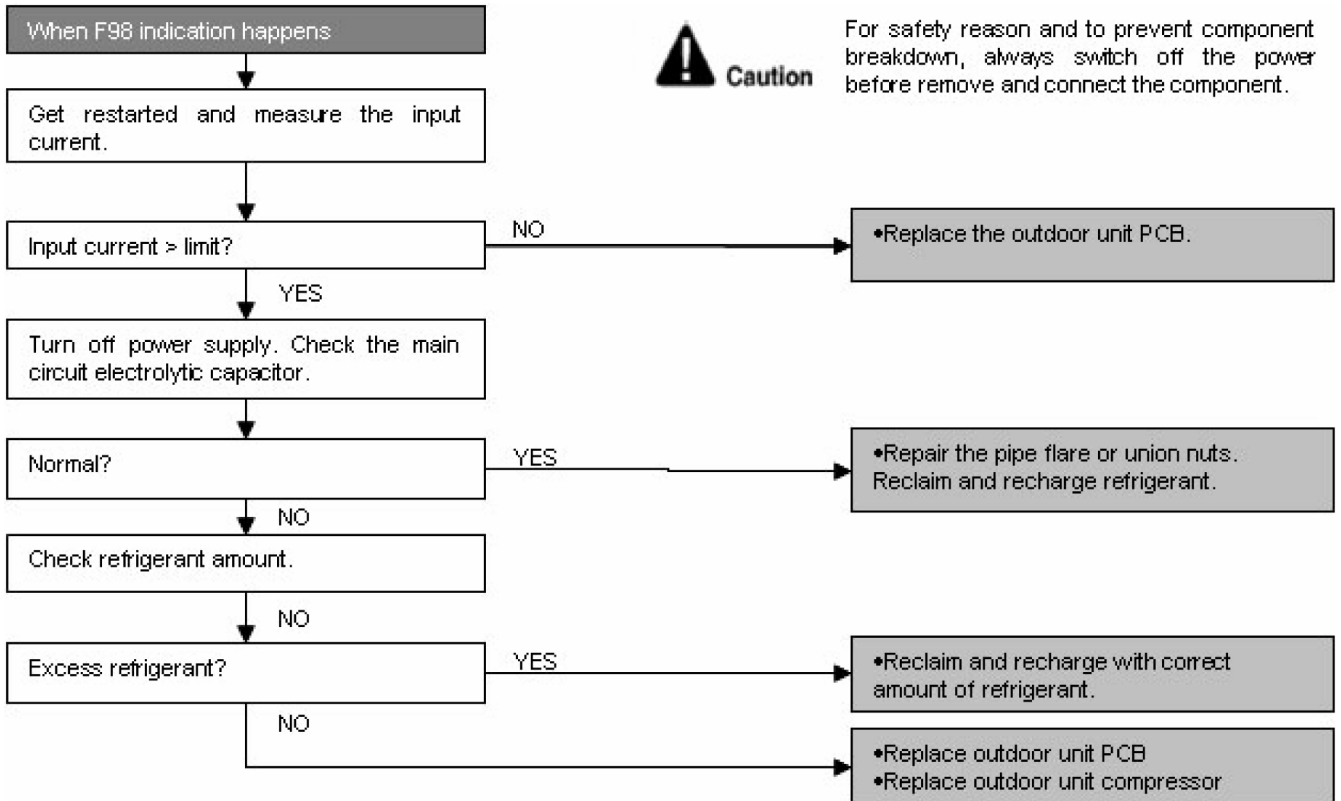
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During operation of cooling and heating, when an input over-current (X value in Total Running Current Control) is detected by checking the input current value being detected by current transformer (CT) with the compressor running.

Malfunction Caused

- Excessive refrigerant.
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB.

Troubleshooting



15.5.28 F99 (Output Over Current Detection)

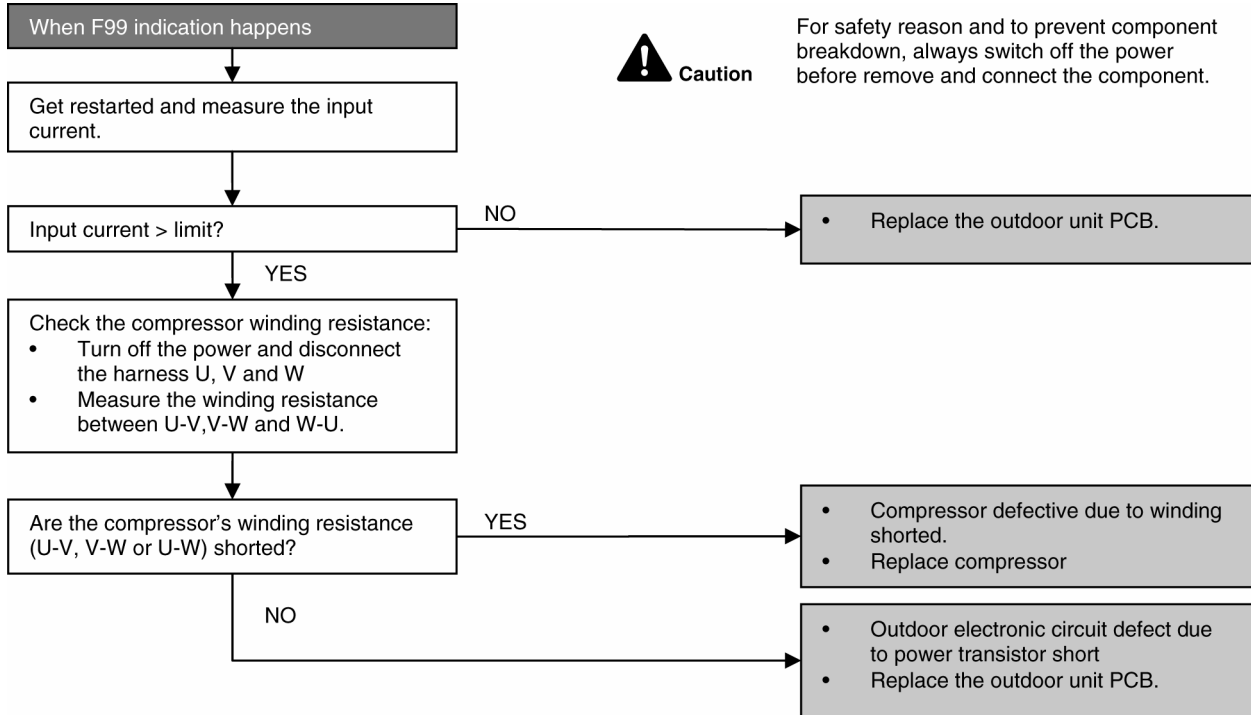
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During operation of cooling and heating, when an output over-current (DC peak current value at IPM Prevention Control) is detected by checking the current that flows in the inverter DC peak sensing circuitry.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty outdoor unit PCB
- Faulty compressor

Troubleshooting



- Checking the power transistor
- Never touch any live parts for at least 10 minutes after turning off the circuit breaker.
- If unavoidable necessary to touch a live part, make sure the power transistor's supply voltage is below 50V using the tester.
- For the UVW, make measurement at the Faston terminal on the board of the relay connector.

Tester's negative terminal	Power transistor (+)	UVW	Power transistor (-)	UVW
Tester's positive terminal	UVW	Power transistor (+)	UVW	Power transistor (-)
Normal resistance	Several kΩ to several MΩ			
Abnormal resistance	0 or ∞			

16. Disassembly and Assembly Instructions

! WARNING

High Voltage are generated in the electrical parts area by the capacitor. Ensure that the capacitor has discharged sufficiently before proceeding with repair work. Failure to heed this caution may result in electric shocks.

16.1.1 Indoor Electronic Controllers, Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor Removal Procedures

16.1.1.1 To remove front grille

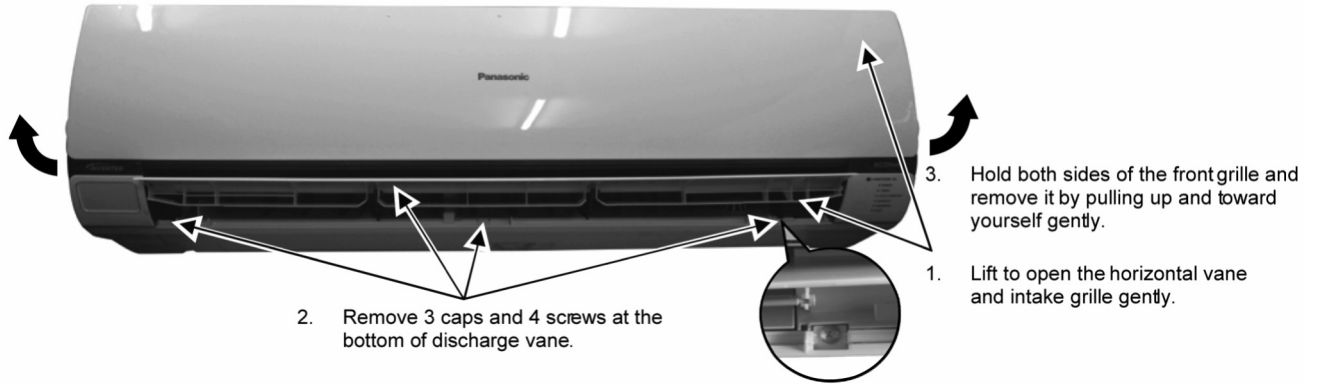


Figure 1

16.1.1.2 To remove horizontal vane

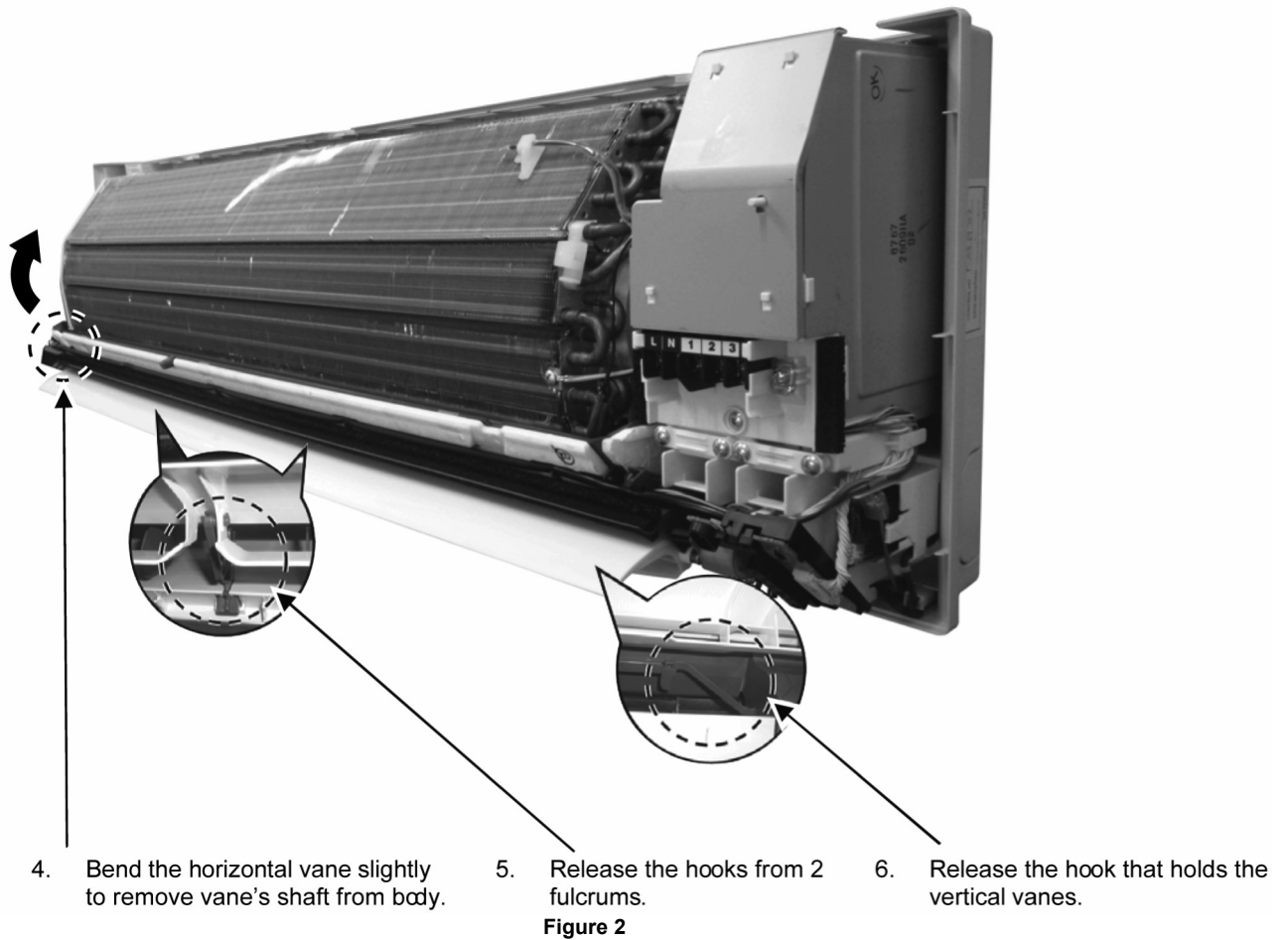


Figure 2

16.1.1.3 To remove power electronic controller

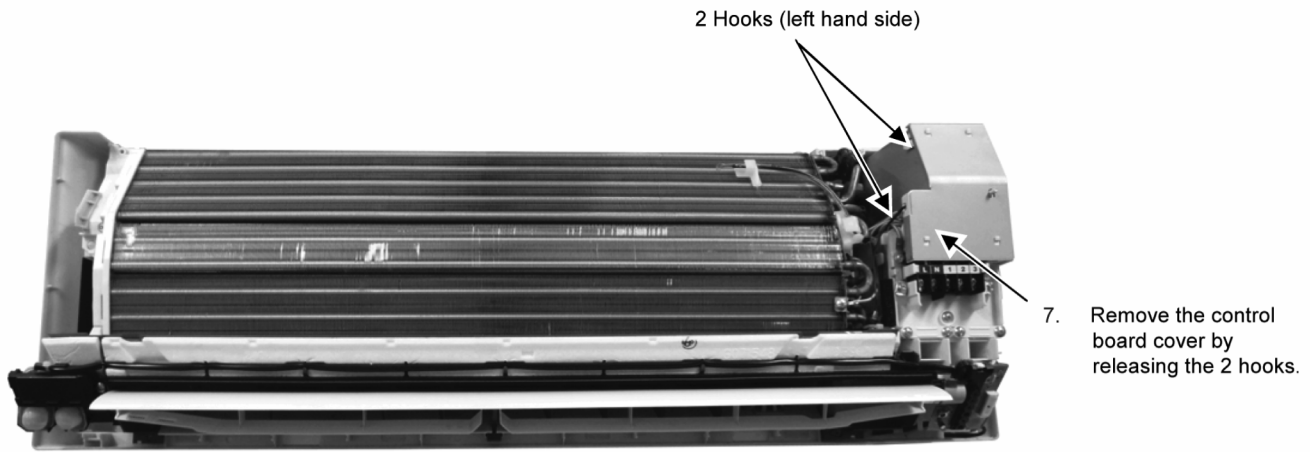


Figure 3

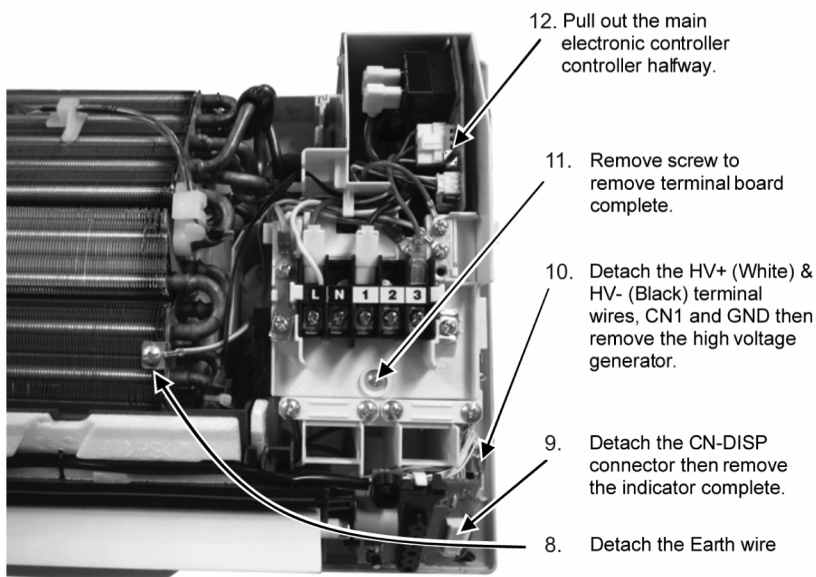


Figure 4

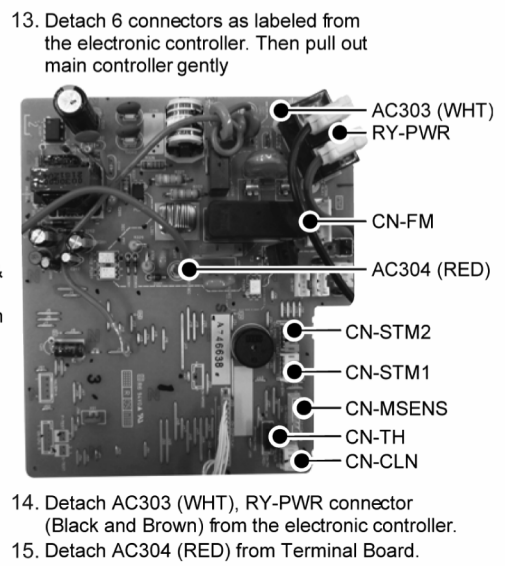


Figure 5

16.1.1.4 To remove discharge grille

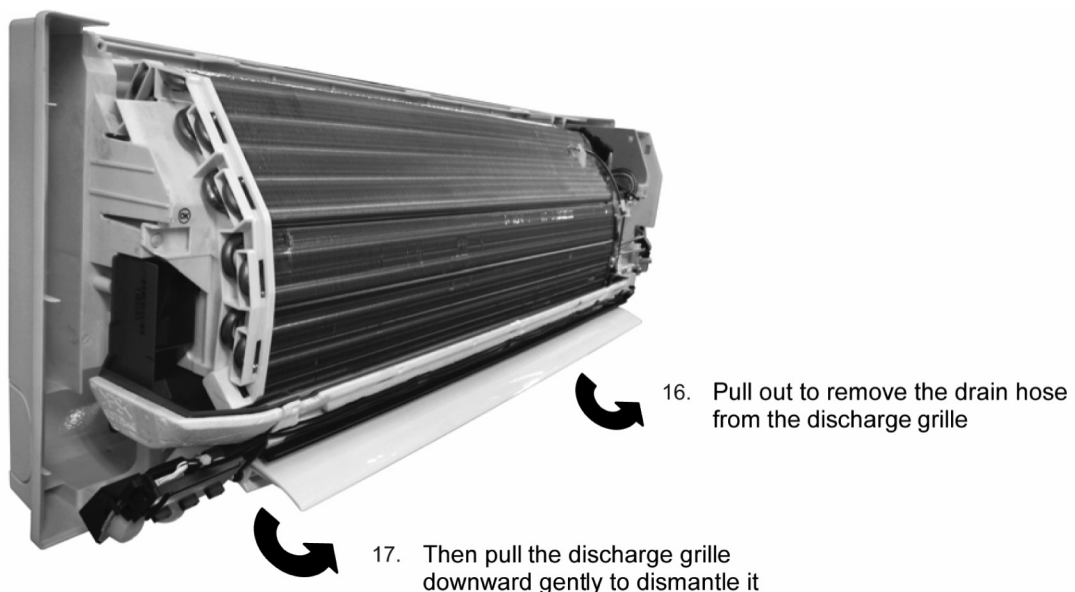


Figure 6

16.1.1.5 To remove control board

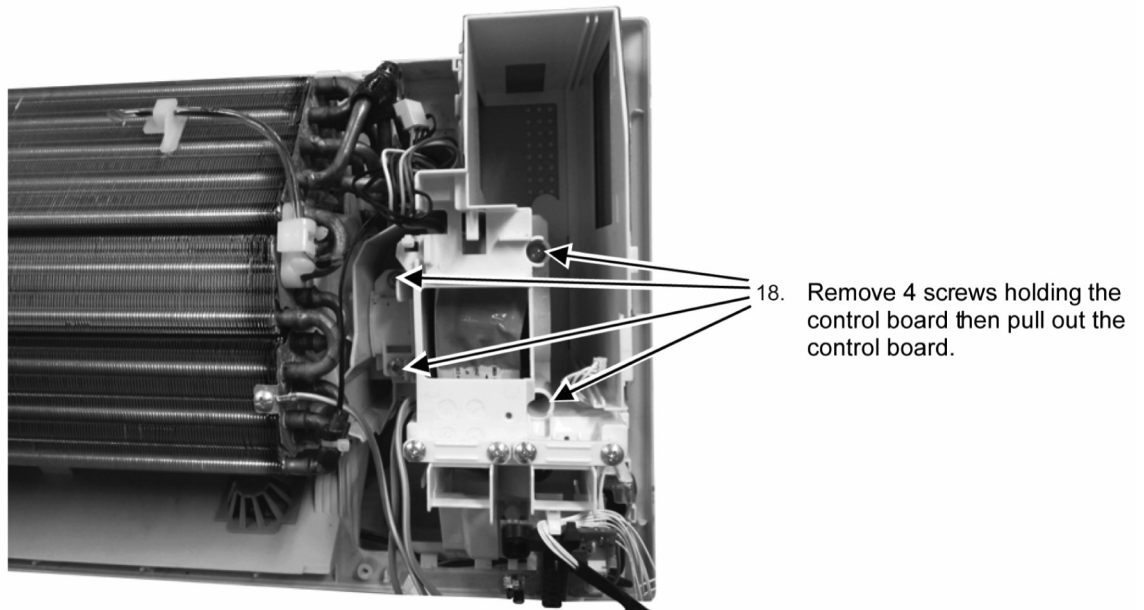


Figure 7

16.1.1.6 To remove cross flow fan and indoor fan motor

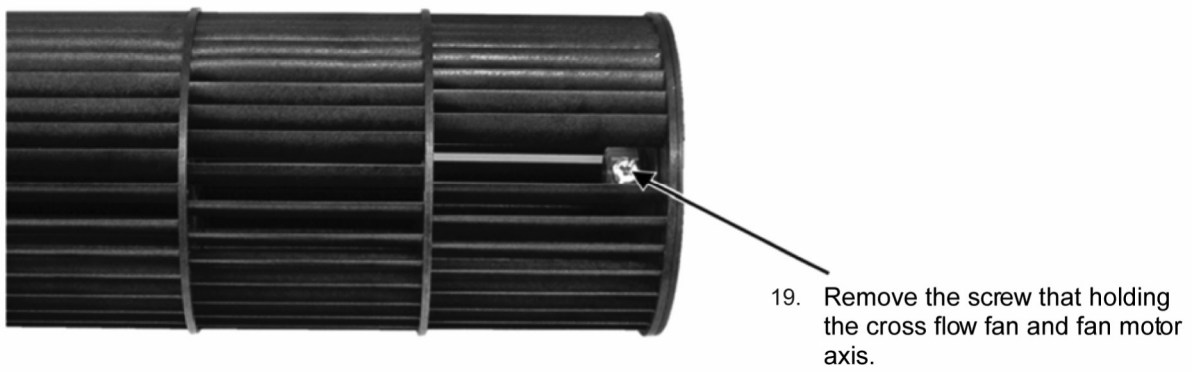
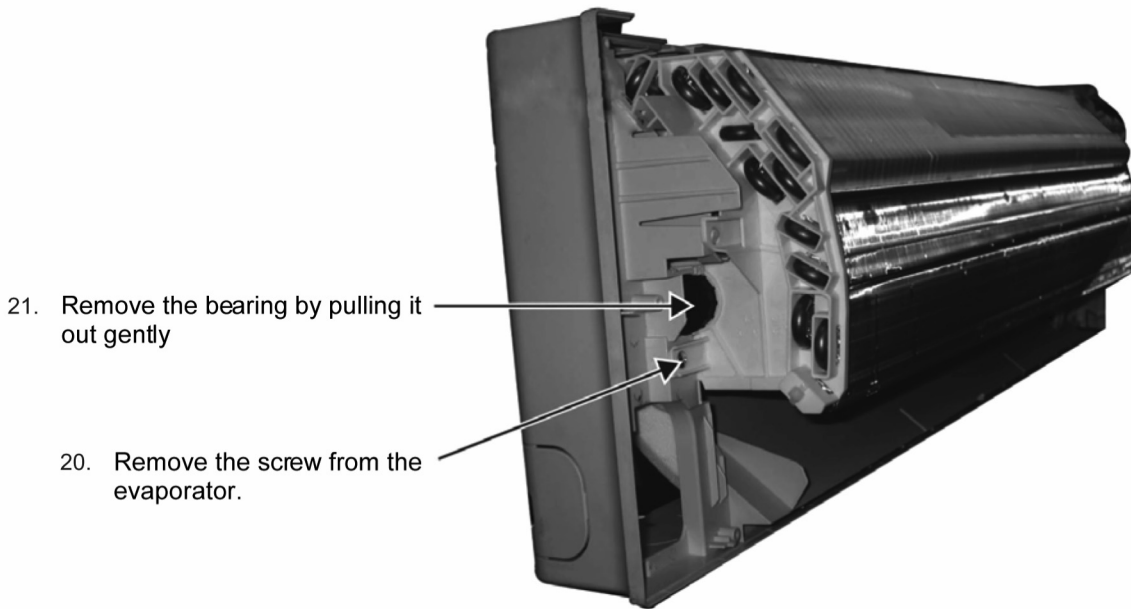


Figure 8

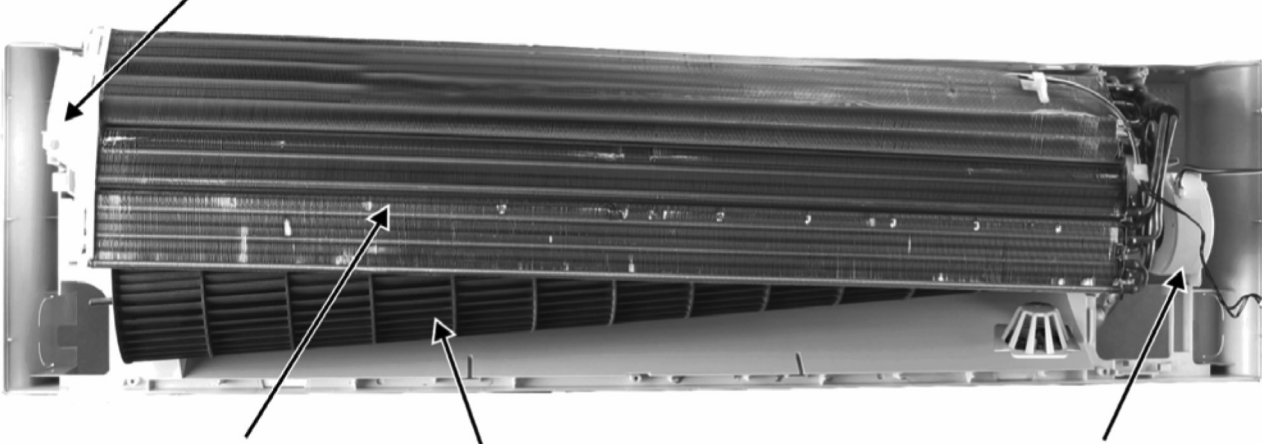


21. Remove the bearing by pulling it out gently

20. Remove the screw from the evaporator.

Figure 9

22. Push the holdfast to the left and lift up the evaporator.



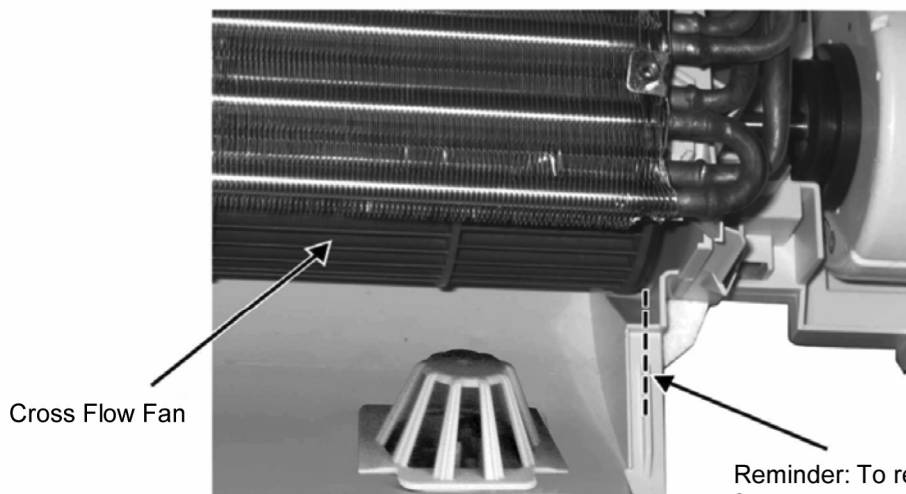
Evaporator

23. Remove the cross flow fan from the unit by pulling it to the left and downward.

24. Fan motor can be removed after the removal of cross flow fan.

Reminder: To reinstall the fan motor, adjust the fan motor connector to 45° towards you before fixing control board.

Figure 10



Cross Flow Fan

Reminder: To reinstall the cross flow fan, ensure cross flow fan is in line as shown in figure 11.

Figure 11

16.2 Outdoor Electronic Controller Removal Procedure

- 1 Remove the 8 screws of the Top Panel.

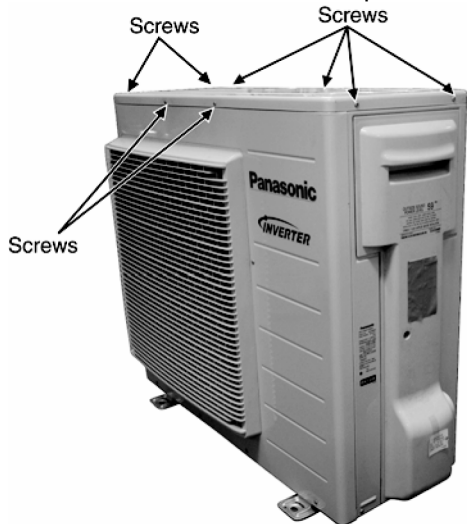


Fig. 1

- 2 Remove the 8 screws of the Front Panel.

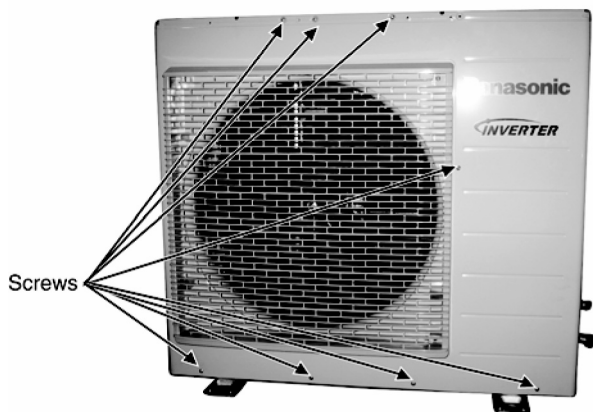


Fig. 2

- 3 Remove the Top Cover of the Electronic Controller.

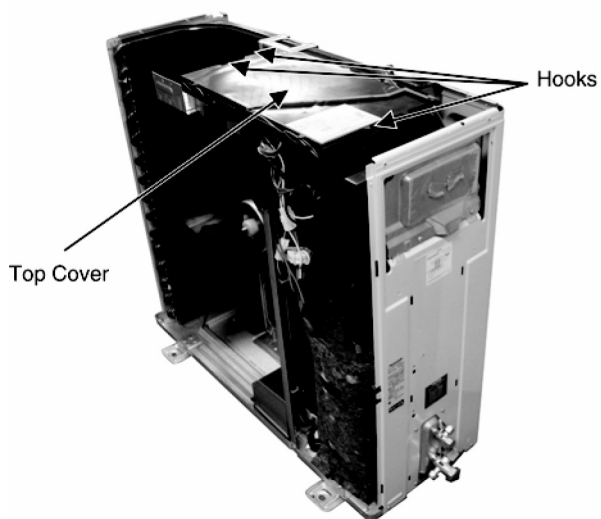


Fig. 3

- 4 Remove the Control Board.

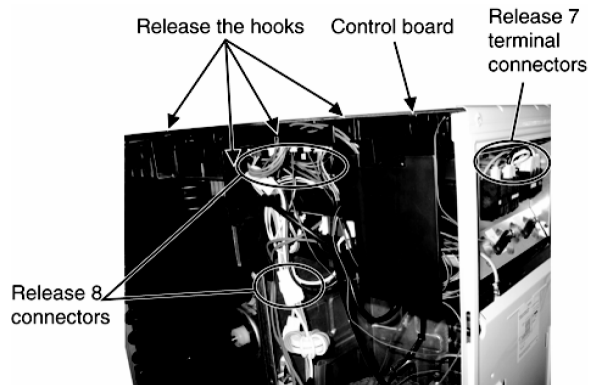


Fig. 4

- 5 Remove the 6 screws of the Electronic Controller.

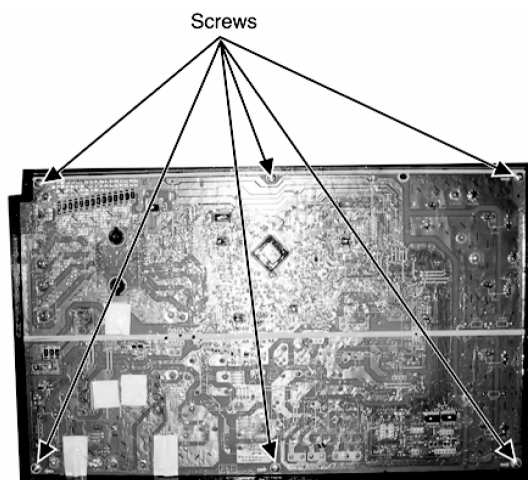


Fig. 5

⚠ Caution! When handling electronic controller, be careful of electrostatic discharge.

17. Technical Data

17.1 Operation Characteristics

17.1.1 CS-E24NKES CU-E24NKE

Cooling Characteristic at Different Outdoor Air Temperature

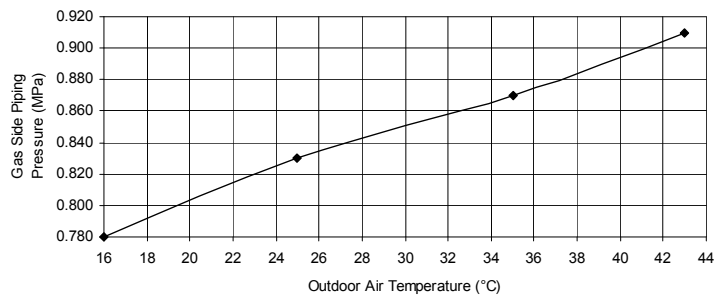
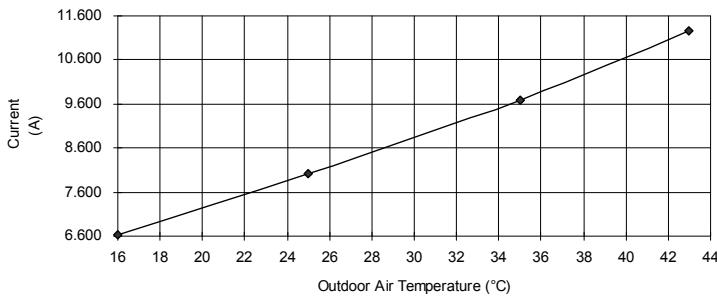
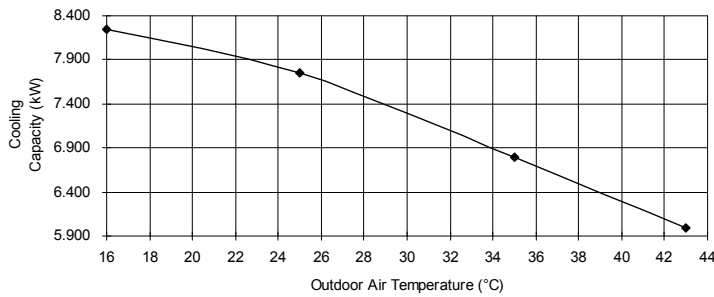
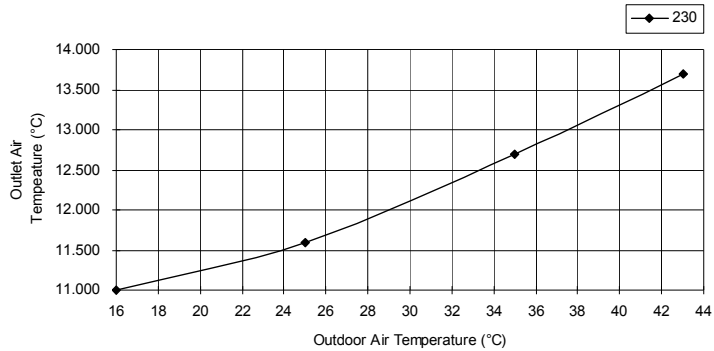
Condition

Indoor room temperature: 27/19°C

Remote control setting: HI FAN, COOL 16°C

Compressor frequency: F_c

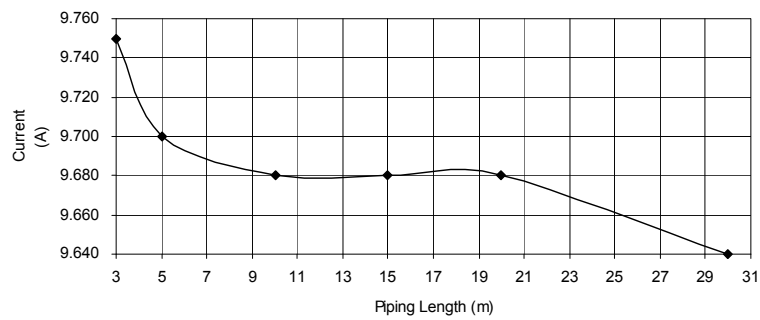
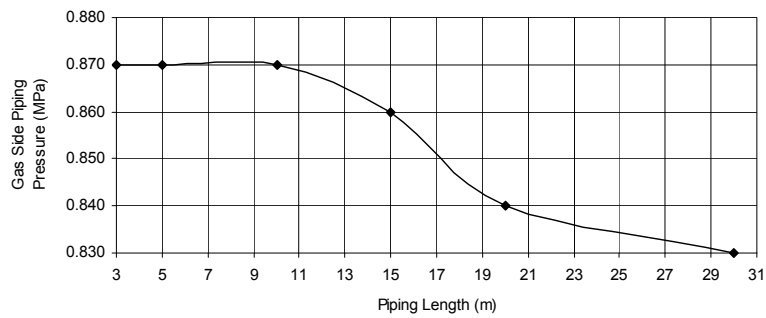
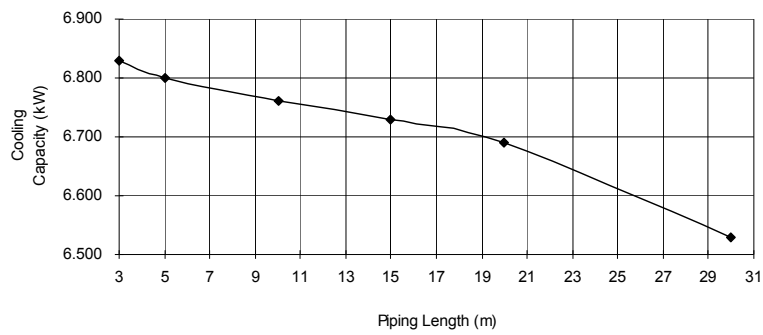
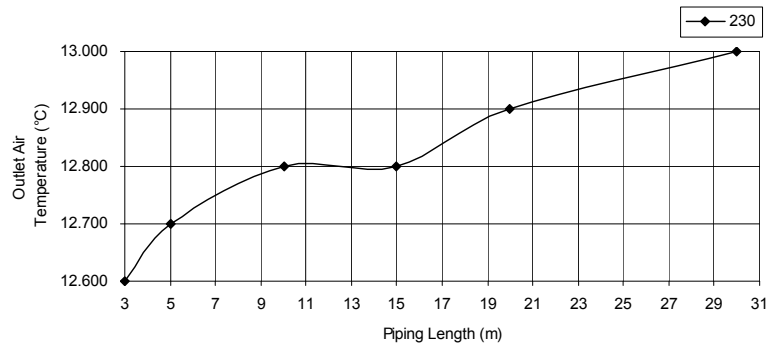
Voltage: 230 V



Cooling Characteristic at Different Piping Length

Condition

Indoor room temperature: 27/19°C, 35/-°C
Remote control setting: HI FAN, COOL 16°C
Compressor frequency: F_c
Voltage: 230 V



Heating Characteristic at Different Outdoor Air Temperature

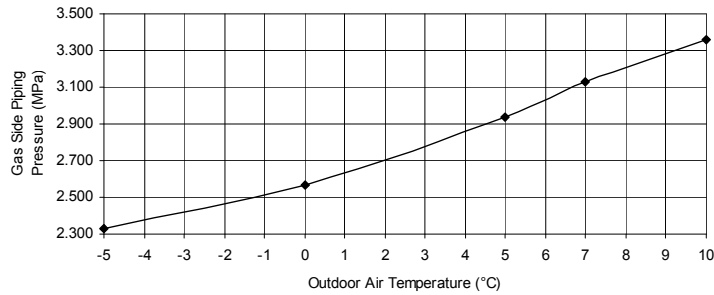
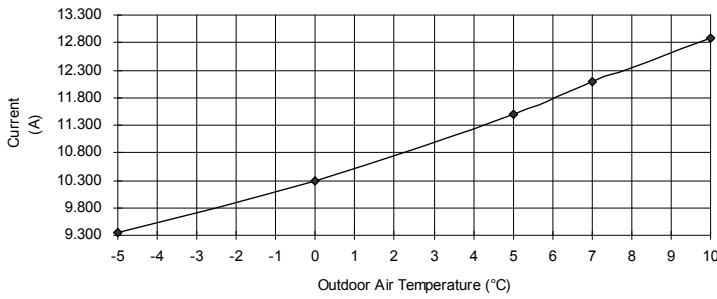
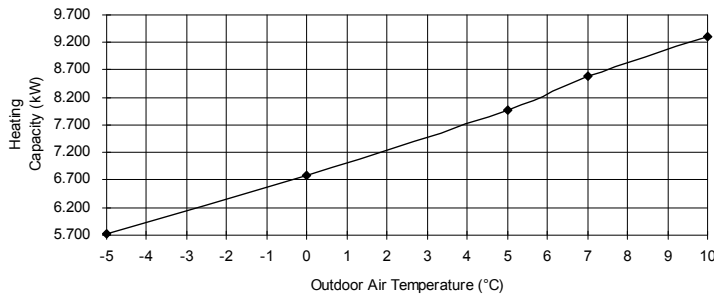
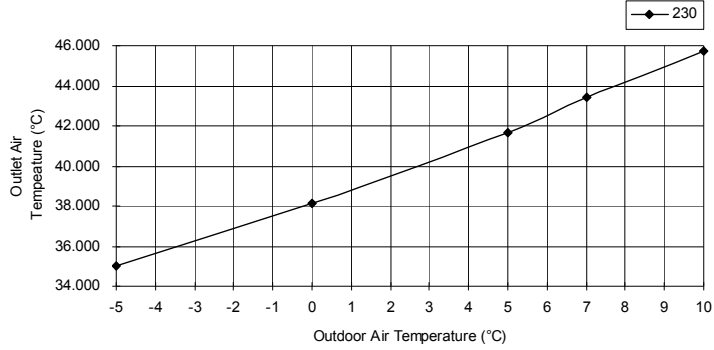
Condition

Indoor room temperature: 20/-°C

Remote control setting: HI FAN, HEAT 30°C

Compressor frequency: F_n

Voltage: 230 V



Heating Characteristic at Different Piping Length

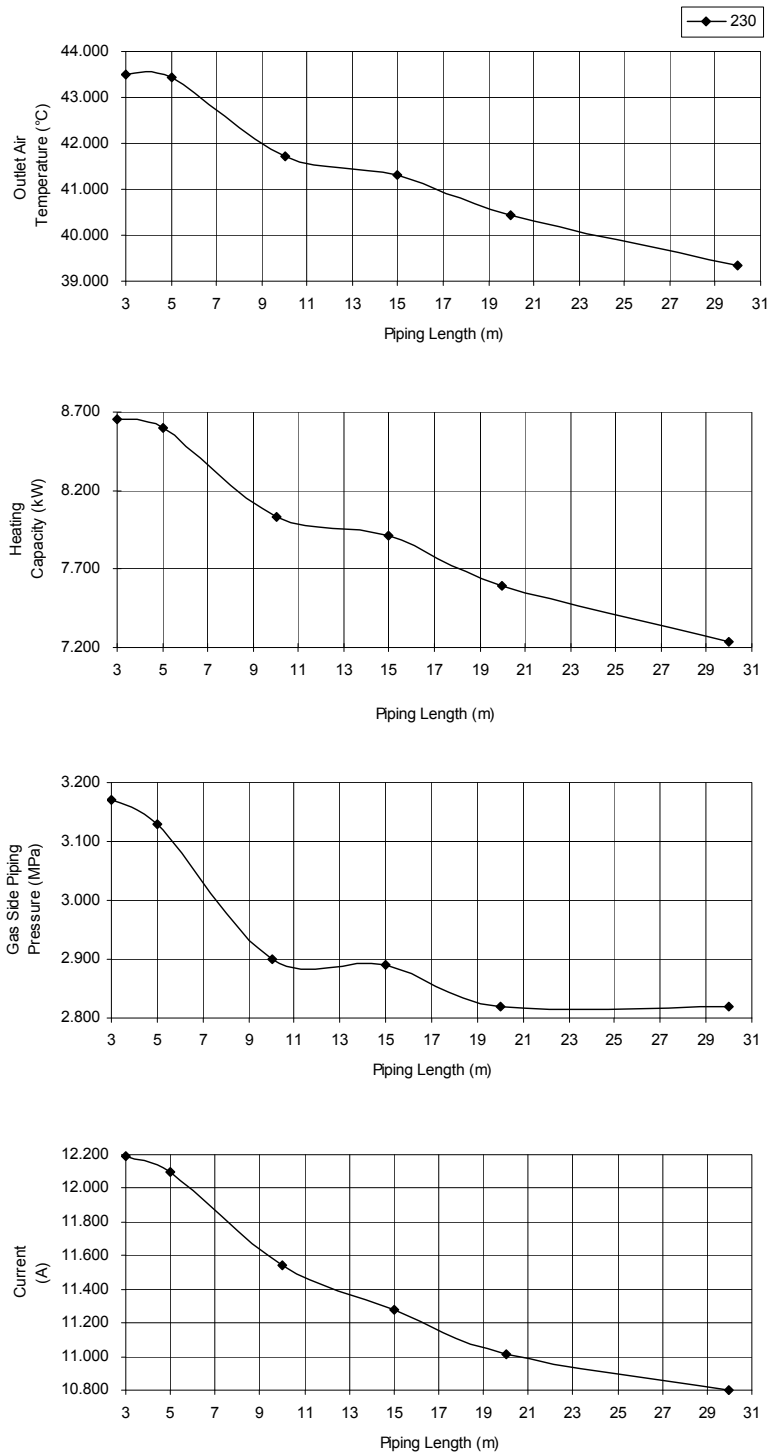
Condition

Indoor room temperature: 20/-°C, 7/6°C

Remote control setting: HI FAN, HEAT 30°C

Compressor frequency: F_h

Voltage: 230 V



17.1.2 CS-E28NKES CU-E28NKE

Cooling Characteristic at Different Outdoor Air Temperature

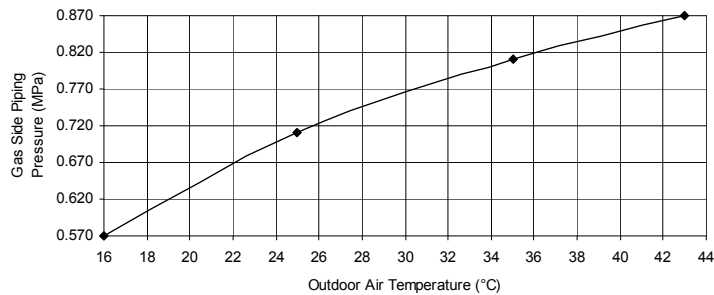
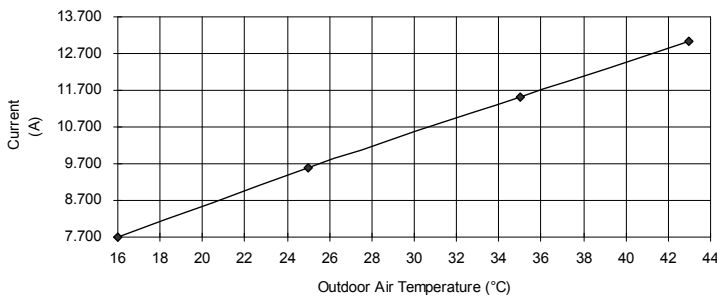
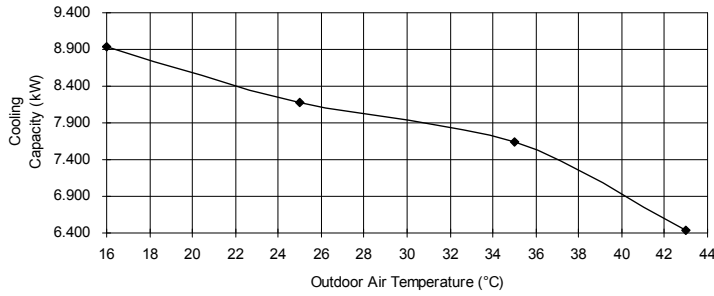
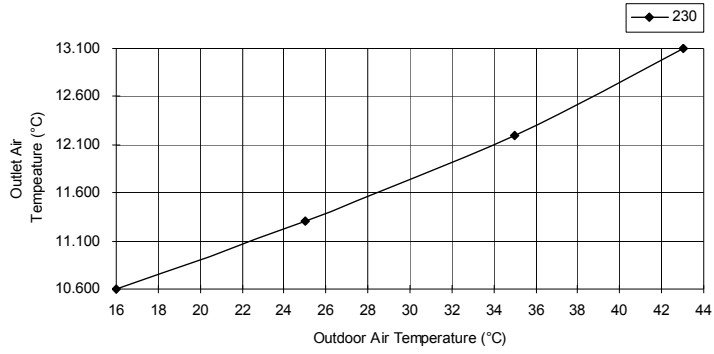
Condition

Indoor room temperature: 27/19°C

Remote control setting: HI FAN, COOL 16°C

Compressor frequency: F_c

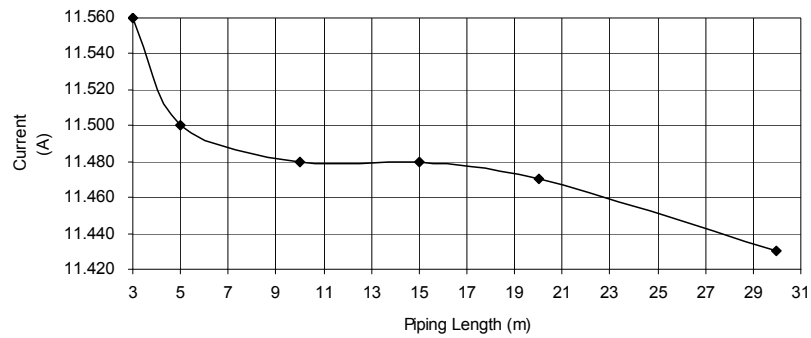
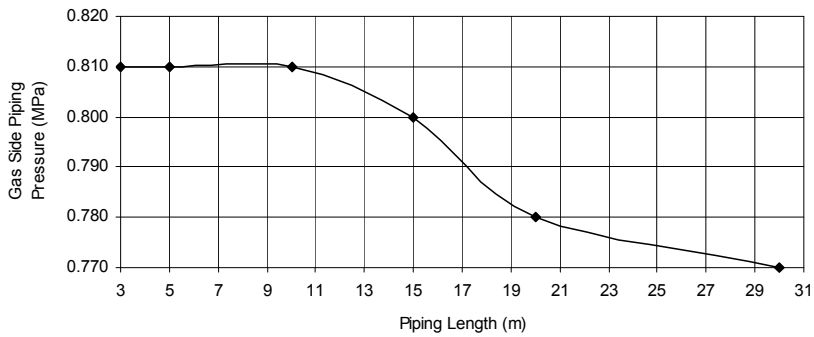
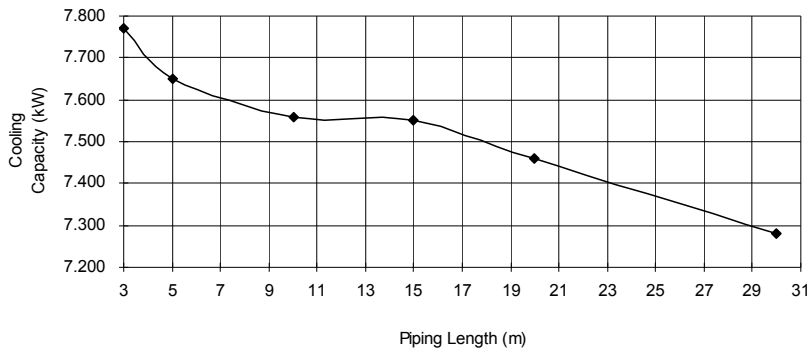
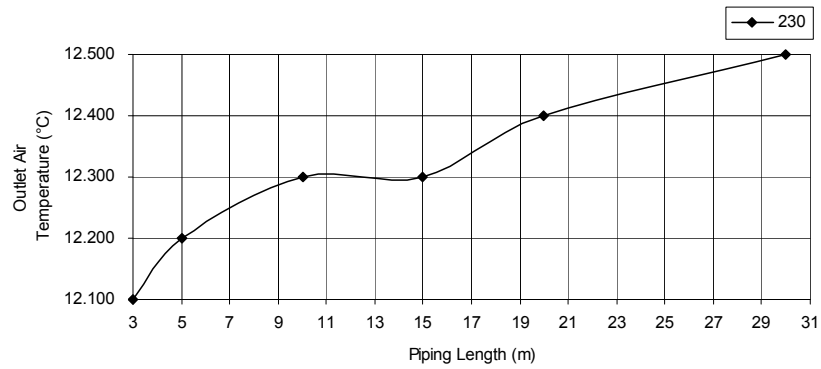
Voltage: 230 V



Cooling Characteristic at Different Piping Length

Condition

Indoor room temperature: 27/19°C, 35/-°C
Remote control setting: HI FAN, COOL 16°C
Compressor frequency: F_c
Voltage: 230 V



Heating Characteristic at Different Outdoor Air Temperature

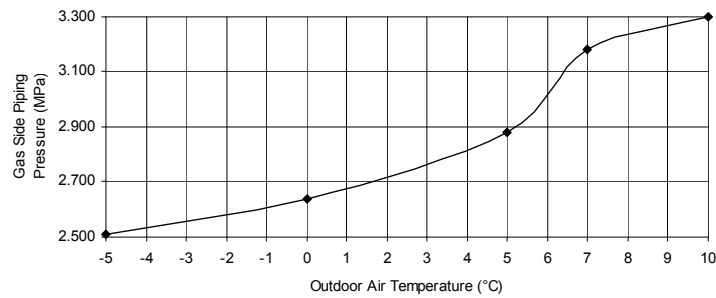
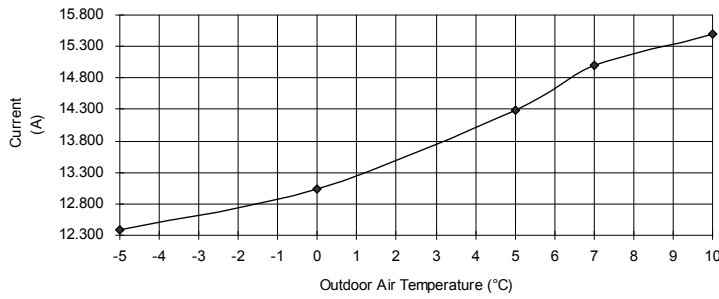
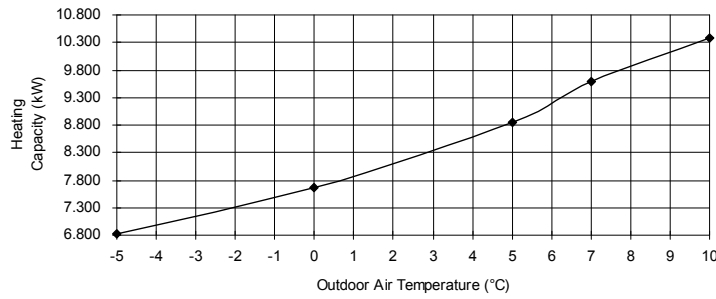
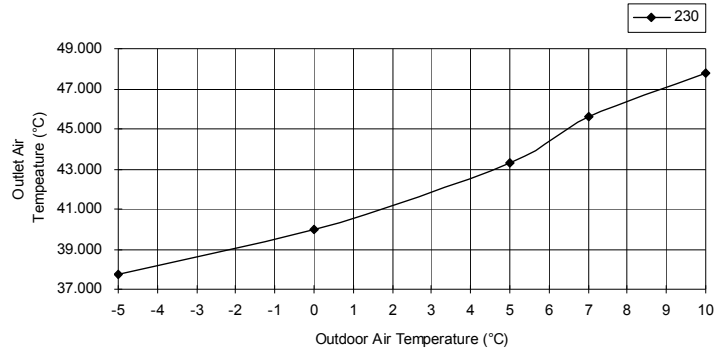
Condition

Indoor room temperature: 20/-°C

Remote control setting: HI FAN, HEAT 30°C

Compressor frequency: F_n

Voltage: 230 V



Heating Characteristic at Different Piping Length

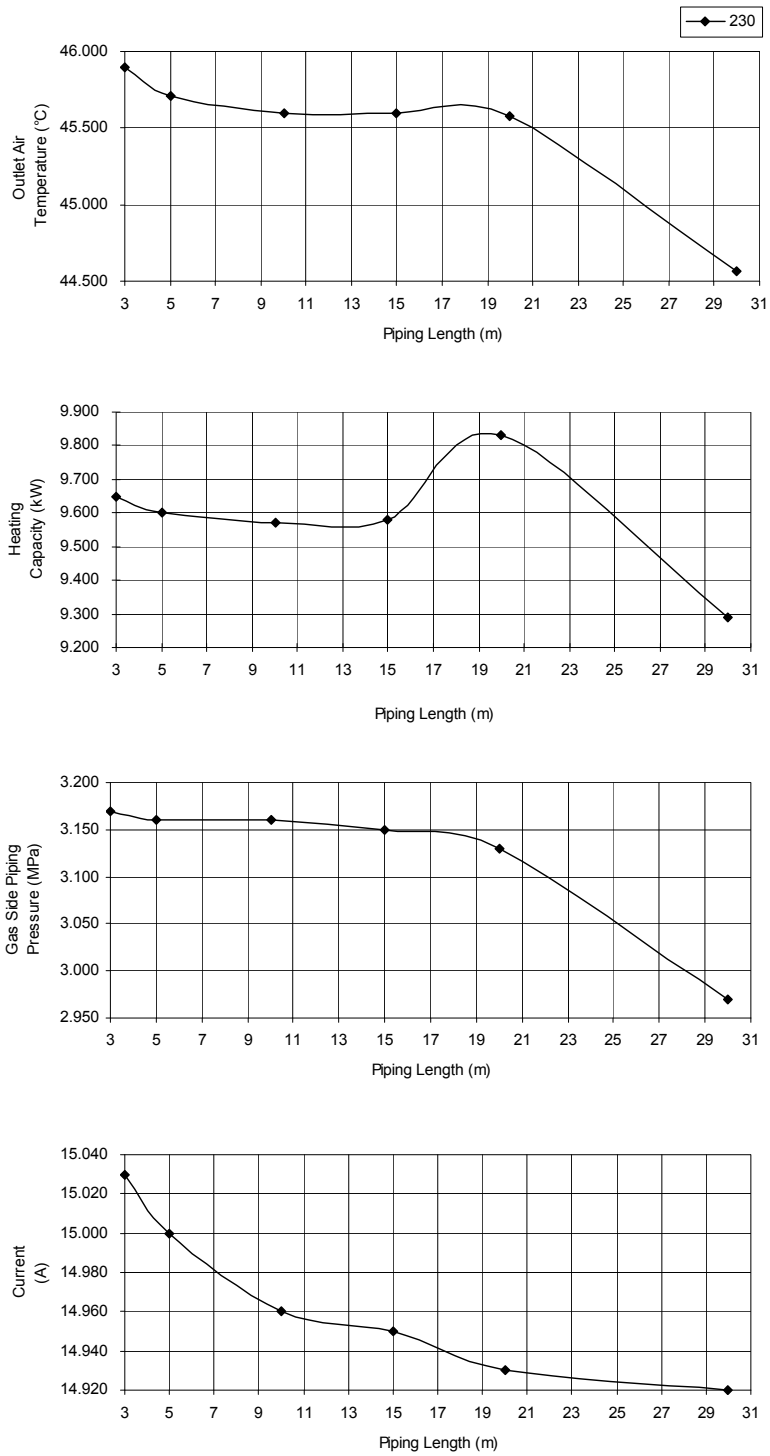
Condition

Indoor room temperature: 20/-°C, 7/6°C

Remote control setting: HI FAN, HEAT 30°C

Compressor frequency: F_h

Voltage: 230 V



17.2 Sensible Capacity Chart

- CS-E24NKES CU-E24NKE

Indoor wet bulb temp.	Outdoor Temp. (°C)											
	30			35			40			46		
	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
17.0°C	6.75	5.11	1.94	6.30	4.90	2.09	5.86	4.71	2.23	5.33	4.48	2.41
19.0°C				6.80		2.12						
19.5°C	7.41	5.35	1.98	6.92	5.14	2.13	6.44	4.95	2.28	5.85	4.71	2.45
22.0°C	8.07	5.55	2.01	7.54	5.34	2.17	7.02	5.15	2.32	6.38	4.91	2.50

- CS-E28NKES CU-E28NKE

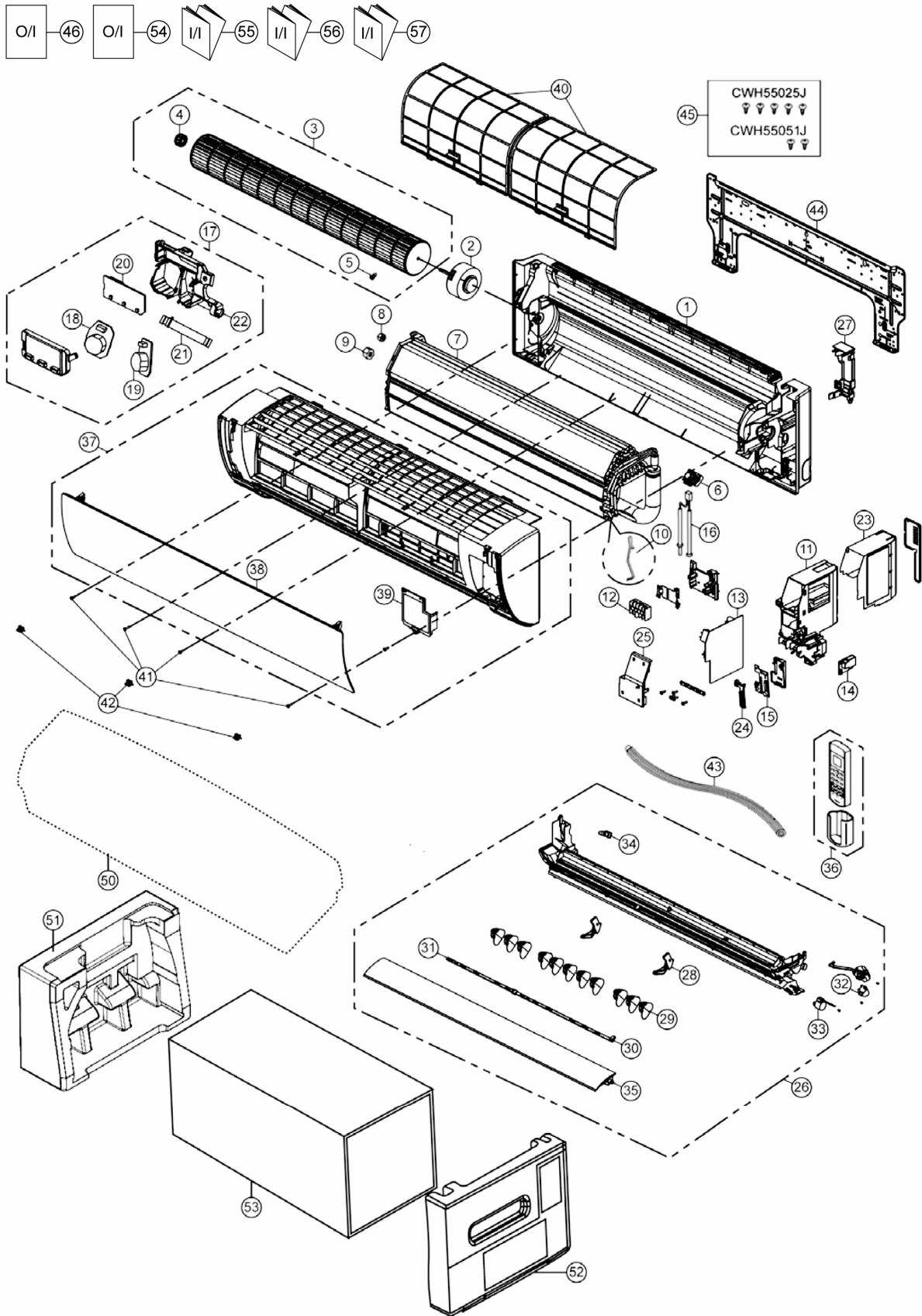
Indoor wet bulb temp.	Outdoor Temp. (°C)											
	30			35			40			46		
	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
17.0°C	7.59	5.75	2.33	7.09	5.52	2.50	6.59	5.30	2.68	6.00	5.04	2.89
19.0°C				7.65		2.54						
19.5°C	8.33	6.02	2.37	7.79	5.79	2.55	7.24	5.57	2.73	6.59	5.30	2.94
22.0°C	9.08	6.25	2.41	8.48	6.01	2.60	7.89	5.79	2.78	7.18	5.53	2.99

TC - Total Cooling Capacity (kW)
 SHC - Sensible Heat Capacity (kW)
 IP - Input Power (kW)

Indoor 27°C/19°C
 Outdoor 35°C/24°C

18. Exploded View and Replacement Parts List

18.1 Indoor Unit



Note:
 The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.
 The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

<Model: CS-E24NKES CS-E28NKES>

REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-E24NKES	CS-E28NKES	REMARK
1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD50C1654	←	
2	FAN MOTOR	1	ARW7627AC	←	O
3	CROSS-FLOW FAN COMPLETE	1	CWH02C1077	←	
4	BEARING ASSY	1	CWH64K007	←	O
5	SCREW - CROSS-FLOW FAN	1	CWH551146	←	
6	GENERATOR COMPLETE	1	CWH94C0043	←	
7	EVAPORATOR	1	CWB30C3767	←	
8	FLARE NUT (LIQUID)	1	CWT251030	←	
9	FLARE NUT (GAS)	1	CWT251033	←	
10	CLIP FOR SENSOR	1	CWH32143	←	
11	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	CWH102449	←	
12	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	CWA28C2357	←	O
13	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	CWA73C6647	CWA73C6648	O
14	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - HVU	1	N0GE1F000002	←	
15	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR & RECEIVER	1	CWA746634	←	O
16	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2782	←	O
17	SENSOR COMPLETE (ECO)	1	CWA50C2826	←	O
18	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER (ECO SENSOR)	1	CWA745791	←	
19	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER (ECO SENSOR)	1	CWA746206	←	
20	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER (COMPARATOR)	1	CWA746653	←	
21	LEAD WIRE - PCB ECO	1	CWA67C9934	←	
22	CONTROL BOARD CASING FOR PCB ECO	1	CWD933407A	←	
23	CONTROL BOARD TOP COVER	1	CWH131467	←	
24	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	CWD933406	←	
25	CONTROL BOARD FRONT COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1247	←	
26	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE20C3242	←	
27	BACK COVER CHASSIS	1	CWD933031	←	
28	FULCRUM	2	CWH621138	←	
29	VERTICAL VANE	11	CWE241374	←	
30	CONNECTING BAR (RIGHT)	1	CWE261257	←	
31	CONNECTING BAR (LEFT)	1	CWE261258	←	
32	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA98K1018	←	O
33	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA981241	←	O
34	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH521096	←	
35	HORIZONTAL VANE COMPLETE	1	CWE24C1392	←	
36	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	CWA75C3887	←	O
37	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE11C5092	←	O
38	INTAKE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE22C1728	←	
39	GRILLE DOOR COMPLETE	1	CWE14C1090	←	
40	AIR FILTER	2	CWD001283	←	O
41	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	3	XTT4+16CFJ	←	
42	CAP - FRONT GRILLE	3	CWH521227	←	
43	DRAIN HOSE	1	CWH851173	←	
44	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	CWH361098	←	
45	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	CWH82C1705	←	
46	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	CWF568397	←	
50	BAG	1	CWG861498	←	
51	SHOCK ABSORBER (L)	1	CWG713402	←	
52	SHOCK ABSORBER (R)	1	CWG713403	←	
53	C.C. CASE	1	CWG567454	←	
54	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	CWF568398	←	
55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	CWF60C1649	←	

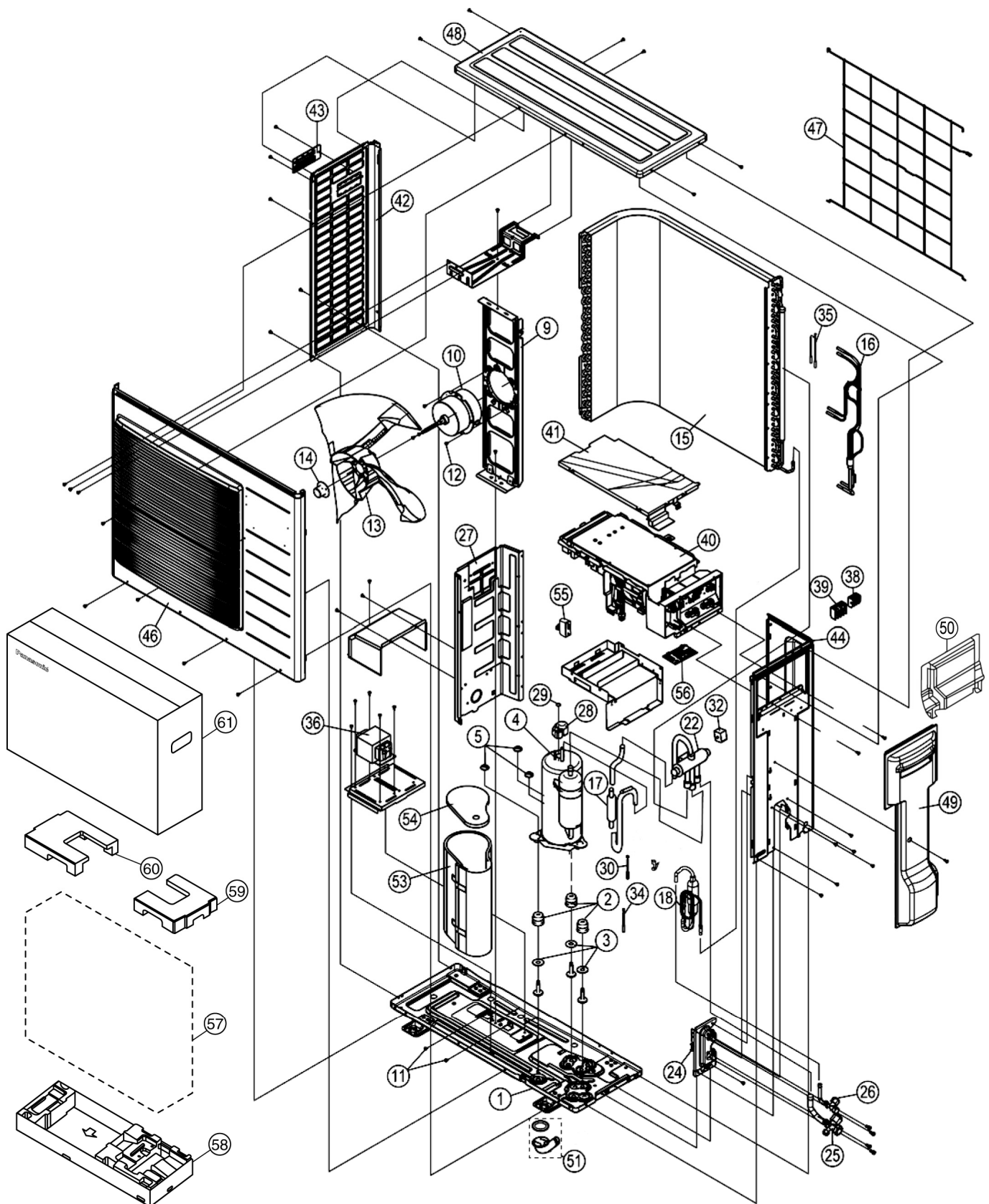
56	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	CWF60C1650	←	
57	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	CWF60C1651	←	

(Note)

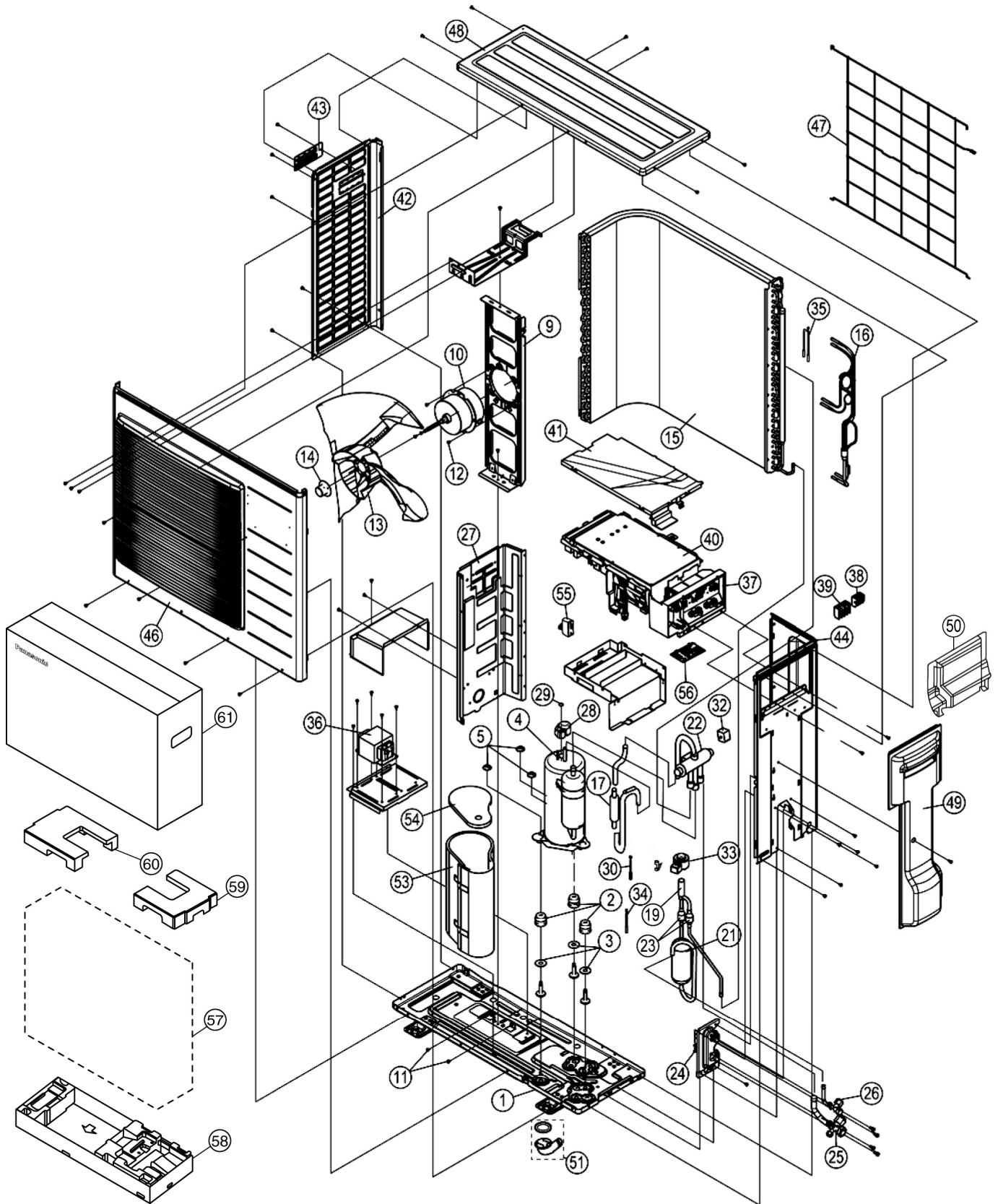
- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

18.2 Outdoor Unit

18.2.1 CU-E24NKE



18.2.2 CU-E28NKE



Note:

The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement. The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

<Model: CU-E24NKE CU-E28NKE>

REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-E24NKE	CU-E28NKE	REMARK
1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD52K1190	←	
2	ANTI - VIBRATION BUSHING	3	CWH50055	←	
3	PACKING	3	CWB81043	←	
4	COMPRESSOR	1	5KD240XAF21	←	O
5	NUT - COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH561049	←	
9	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541126	←	
10	FAN MOTOR	1	CWA951636	←	O
11	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	CWH551217	←	
12	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	4	CWH551040J	←	
13	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH001019	←	
14	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH561038J	←	
15	CONDENSER	1	CWB32C2715	CWB32C2714	
16	TUBE ASSY CO.(CAP TUBE)	1	CWT01C4686	CWT01C4685	
17	DISCHARGE MUFFLER	1	CWB121013	←	
18	TUBE ASSY CO. (CAP./CHK VALVE)	1	CWT01C4733	-	
19	EXPANSION VALVE	-	-	CWB051018J	O
21	RECEIVER	-	-	CWB14017	
22	4-WAYS VALVE	1	CWB001026J	←	O
23	STRAINER	-	-	CWB111032	
24	HOLDER COUPLING	1	CWH351057	←	
25	3-WAY VALVE (GAS)	1	CWB011363	←	O
26	2-WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	CWB021464	←	O
27	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151197	←	
28	TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH171039A	←	
29	NUT - TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH7080300J	←	
30	SENSOR CO-COMP TEMP	1	CWA50C2185	←	O
32	V-COIL COMPLETE (4-WAY VALVE)	1	CWA43C2169J	←	O
33	V-COIL COMPLETE (EXP.VALVE)	-	-	CWA43C2258	O
34	SENSOR CO-AIR TEMP AND PIPE TEMP	1	CWA50C2515	←	O
35	SENSOR-CO. (PIPING & AIR TEMP)	1	CWA50C2517	←	O
36	REACTOR	2	G0C403J00001	G0C423J00001	O
38	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1076J	←	O
39	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1162	←	
40	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	CWA73C6409R	CWA73C6410R	O
41	CONTROL BOARD COVER-TOP	1	CWH131333	←	
42	CABINET SIDE PLATE (LEFT)	1	CWE041317A	←	
43	HANDLE	1	CWE161010	←	
44	CABINET SIDE PLATE CO.	1	CWE041319A	←	
46	CABINET FRONT PLATE CO.	1	CWE06K1063	←	
47	WIRE NET	1	CWD041128A	←	
48	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	CWE031083A	←	
49	CONTROL BOARD COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1185	←	
50	PLATE - C. B. COVER TERMINAL	1	CWH131332	←	
51	BAG-COMPLETE	1	CWG87C900	←	
53	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302245	←	
54	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302246	←	
55	CAPACITOR	1	DS461305QP-A	DS461355QP-A	O
56	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER -NF	1	CWA747004	←	
57	BAG	1	CWG861154	←	
58	BASE BOARD-COMPLETE	1	CWG62C1081	←	
59	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	CWG712879	←	

60	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	CWG712880	←	
61	C.C. CASE	1	CWG568361	←	

(Note)

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- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.