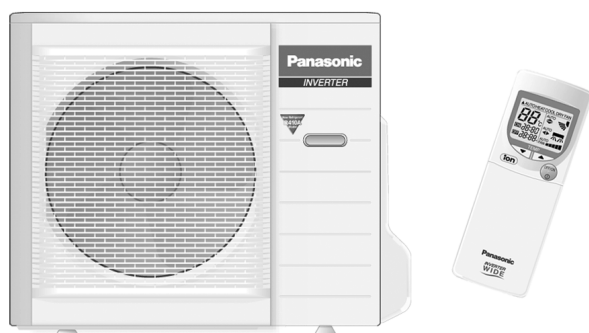


Service Manual

Air Conditioner

CS-E24CKE CU-E24CKE



⚠ WARNING

This service information is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the product or products dealt with in this service information by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

⚠ PRECAUTION OF LOW TEMPERATURE

In order to avoid frostbite, be assured of no refrigerant leakage during the installation or repairing of refrigeration circuit.

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Panasonic

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1 Features

• **Product**

- Microcomputer-controlled compressor operating frequency
- Vertical and Horizontal Airflow Directions
- Five modes of operation selection
- Powerful Mode operation
- Delay ON Timer and OFF Timer
- Remote Control with illuminable buttons
- Power Monitor Display LED
- Catechin Air Purifying Filter
- Triple Deodorizing Filter
- Ionizer Mode Operation
- Quiet Mode Operation

• **Serviceability**

- Washable Front Panel
- Breakdown Self Diagnosis function

• **Environmental Protection**

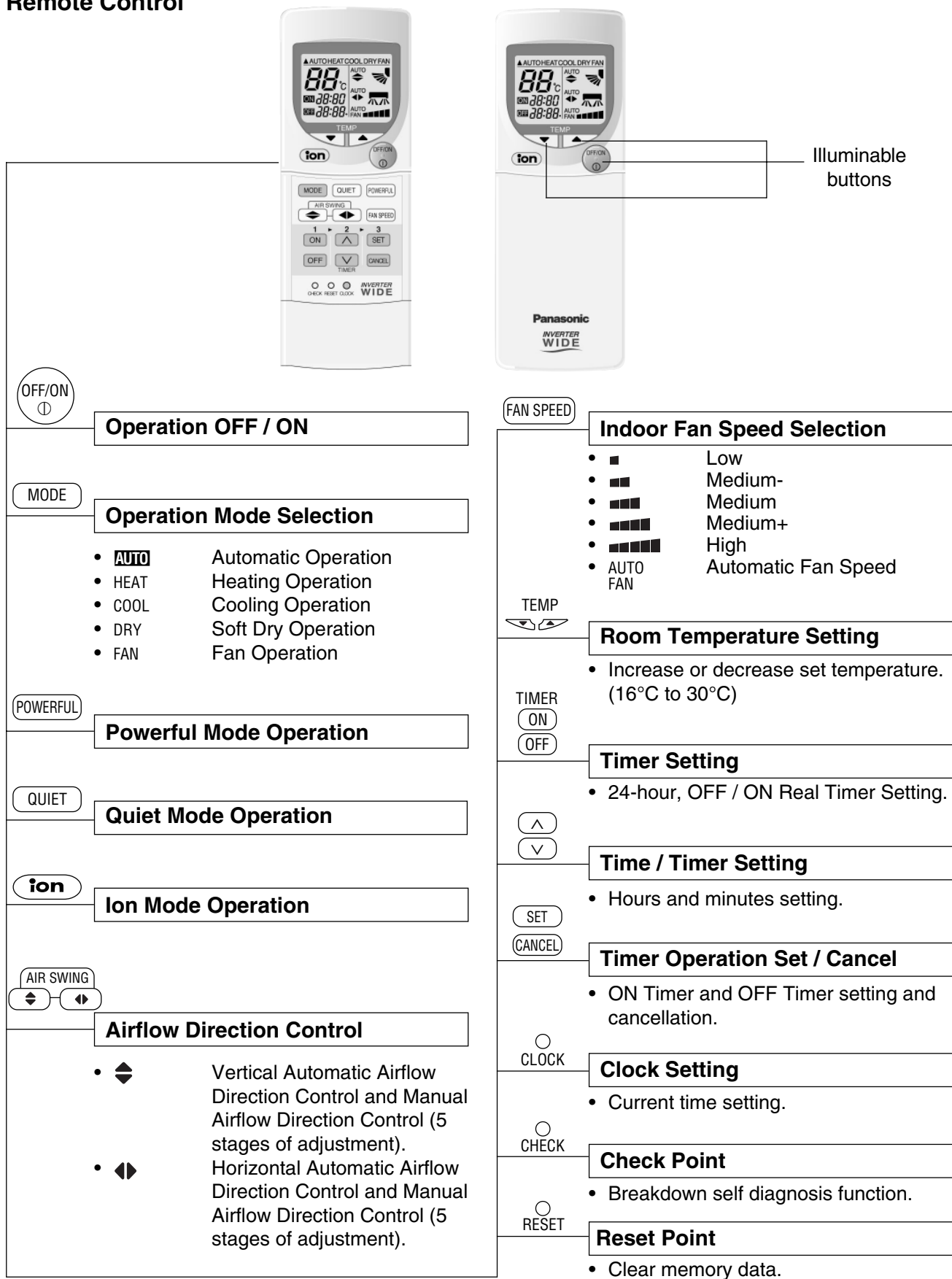
- Non-ozone depletion substances refrigerant (R410A)

• **Quality Improvement**

- Gas leakage detection
- Deice operation
- Auto restart control

2 Functions

Remote Control



Indoor Unit



Automatic Operation Switch

- Press for < 5s to run Automatic Operation. (Used when the remote control cannot be used.)
- Press continuously for 5s and < 8s to run Forced Cooling Operation.
- Press continuously for 8s and < 11s to run Forced Heating Operation.
- Press continuously for 11s and < 16s to change different remote controlling setting (4 type of transmission code).
- Press continuously for 16s or < 21s to switch OFF / ON Remote Control Receiving Sound or H14 Abnormality Detection Mode.

Operation Indication Lamps (LED)

- POWER MONITOR (Green) Lights up during compressor operation.
- **ion** (Green) Lights up in Ionizer Mode Operation. Blinks in Ionizer error.
- POWER (Green) Lights up in operation, blinks in Automatic Operation Mode judging, deice, On Timer sampling and Hot Start operation.
- POWERFUL (Orange) ... Lights up when Powerful Mode is selected.
- QUIET (Orange) Lights up in Quiet Mode Operation.
- TIMER (Orange) Lights up in Timer Setting. Blinks in Self Diagnosis Control.

Five Operation Modes

- Automatic, Heating, Cooling, Soft Dry and Fan Operation.

Automatic and 5 Manual Indoor Fan Speeds

Automatic and 5 Manual Vertical Airflow Directions

Automatic and 5 Manual Horizontal Airflow Directions

Powerful Mode

- For quick cooling or heating.

Quiet Mode

- To provide extra quiet operation.

Ionizer Control

- Ionizer control for generate negative ion in discharge air.

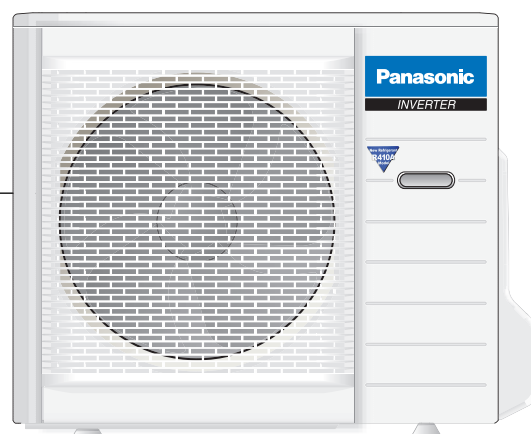
Delay ON Timer and OFF Timer

Automatic Restart Control

- Operation is restarted after power failure at previous setting mode.

Microcomputer-controlled Room Temperature Control

Outdoor Unit



Breakdown Self Diagnosis Function

Low Pressure Control (Gas Leakage Detection)

Indoor Power Relay Control

Anti-Dew Formation Control

Anti Freezing Control

Anti-Cold Draft Control

Hot Start

Intake Air Temperature Control

High Pressure Control

Deodorizing Control

Deice Operation

Time Delay Safety Control

30 seconds Forced Operation

Overload Protection Control

Total Running Current Control

Compressor Overheating Prevention Control

IPM (Power Transistor) Overheating Protection Control

Low Operation Frequency Protection Control



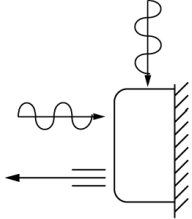
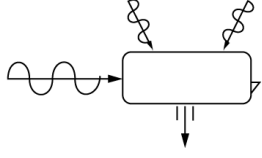
Minimum Operation Frequency Protection Control

Outdoor Air Temperature Control

Standby Control

Deice Operation

3 Product Specifications

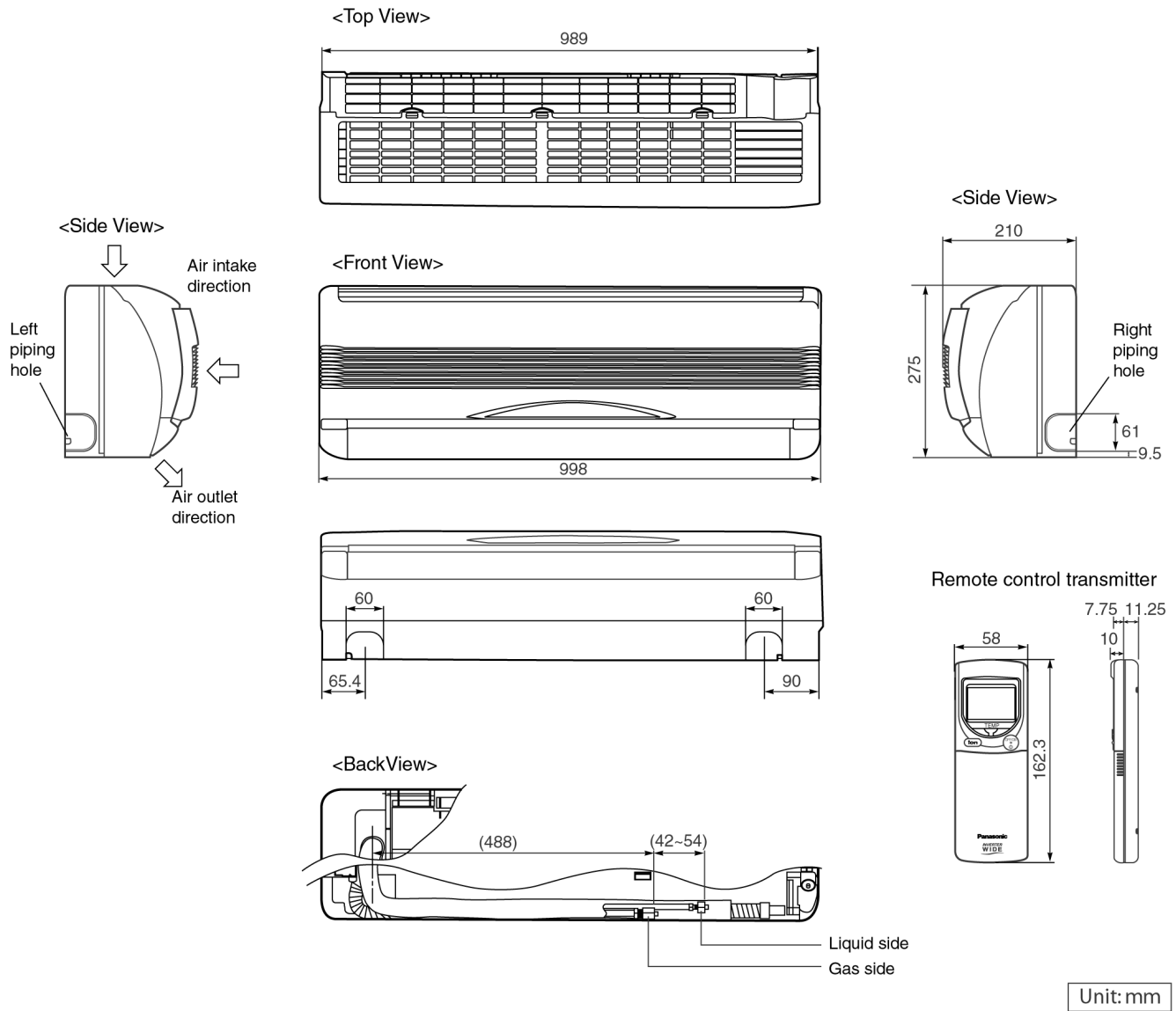
		Unit	CS-E24CKE	CU-E24CKE
Cooling Capacity		kW kcal/h BTU/h	6.80 (0.90 - 8.10) 5,850 (770 - 6,970) 23,200 (3,070 - 27,600)	
Heating Capacity		kW kcal/h BTU/h	8.60 (0.80 - 9.90) 7,400 (690 - 8,510) 29,300 (2,730 - 33,800)	
Moisture Removal		l/h Pint/h	3.9 (8.2)	
Power Source		Phase V Cycle	Single 230 50	
Airflow Method		OUTLET  INTAKE 	SIDE VIEW 	TOP VIEW 
Air Volume	Indoor Air (Lo)	m ³ /min (cfm)	Cooling; 13.1 (460) Heating; 14.3 (500)	—
	Indoor Air (Me)	m ³ /min (cfm)	Cooling; 15.1 (530) Heating; 16.3 (580)	—
	Indoor Air (Hi)	m ³ /min (cfm)	Cooling; 17.2 (610) Heating; 18.6 (660)	Cooling; 52.0 (1,840) Heating; 50.5 (1,780)
Noise Level		dB (A)	Cooling; High 47, Low 38 Heating; High 47, Low 38	Cooling; 52 Heating; 52
		Power level dB	Cooling; High 60 Heating; High 60	Cooling; High 66 Heating; High 66
Electrical Data	Input Power	W	Cooling; 2,410 (380 - 2,990) Heating; 2,710 (350 - 3,250)	
	Running Current	A	Cooling; 10.9 Heating; 12.2	
	EER	W/W	Cooling; 2.82 (2.37 - 2.71)	
		BTU/hW	Cooling; 9.6 (8.1 - 9.2)	
	COP	W/W	Heating; 3.17 (2.29 - 3.05)	
		BTU/hW	Heating; 10.8 (7.8 - 10.4)	
Starting Current		A	12.2	
Piping Connection Port (Flare piping)		inch inch	G ; Half Union 5/8" L ; Half Union 1/4"	G ; 3-way valve 5/8" L ; 2-way valve 1/4"

		Unit	CS-E24CKE	CU-E24CKE	
Pipe Size (Flare piping)		inch inch	G (gas side) ; 5/8" L (liquid side) ; 1/4"	G (gas side) ; 5/8" L (liquid side) ; 1/4"	
Drain Hose	Inner diameter	mm	12	—	
	Length	m	0.65	—	
Power Cord Length			2.1 m	—	
Number of core-wire			3 core wires × 1.5 mm ²	—	
Dimensions	Height	inch (mm)	10 - 13/16 (275)	29 - 17/32 (750)	
	Width	inch (mm)	39 - 9/32 (998)	34 - 7/16 (875)	
	Depth	inch (mm)	8 - 9/32 (210)	13 - 19/32 (345)	
Net Weight		lb (kg)	26 (12)	140 (63.5)	
Compressor	Type		—	Hermetic Rotary	
	Motor Type		—	DC Brushless (4-pole)	
	Rated Output	W	—	1,500	
Air Circulation	Type		Cross-flow Fan	Propeller Fan	
	Material		ASHT-18	P.P	
	Motor Type		Transistor (8-poles)	Transistor (8-poles)	
	Rate Output	W	30	60	
	Fan Speed	Lo (Cool/Heat)	rpm	1,200 / 1,310	—
		Me (Cool/Heat)	rpm	1,390 / 1,500	—
Hi (Cool/Heat)		rpm	1,580 / 1,690	830 / 810	
Heat Exchanger	Description		Evaporator	Condenser	
	Tube material		Copper	Copper	
	Fin material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	Aluminium (Blue Coated)	
	Fin Type		Slit Fin	Corrugated Fin	
	Row / Stage		(Plate fin configuration, forced draft) 2 / 15	2 / 28	
	FPI		21	18	
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	810 × 315 × 25.4	833.2 × 711.2 × 44 867.8	
Refrigerant Control Device			—	Capillary Tube	
Refrigeration Oil		(mL)	—	DAPHNE FV68S (650)	
Refrigerant (R410A)		kg (oz)	—	1.85 (65.3)	
Thermostat			Electronic Control	—	
Protection Device			Electronic Control	Electronic Control	
Capillary Tube	Length	mm	—	Cooling; 393, Heating; 465	
	Flow Rate	l/min	—	Cooling; 16.8, Heating; 21.2	
	Inner Diameter	mm	—	Cooling; 1.6, Heating; 2.2	
Air Filter	Material Style		P.P. Honeycomb	—	

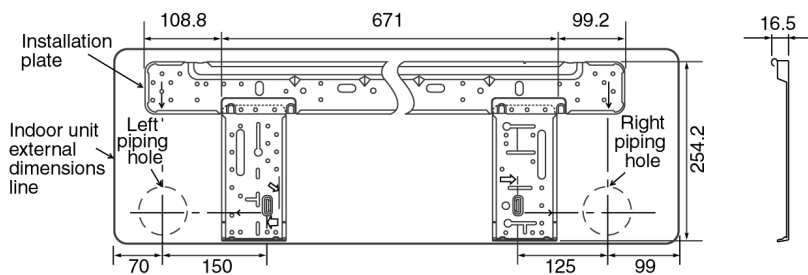
- Specifications are subjected to change without notice for further improvement.

4 Dimensions

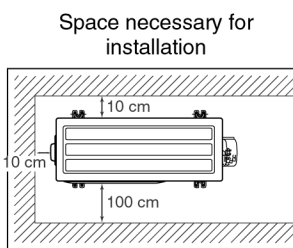
CS-E24CKE (Indoor Unit)



Relative position between the indoor unit and the installation plate <Front View>

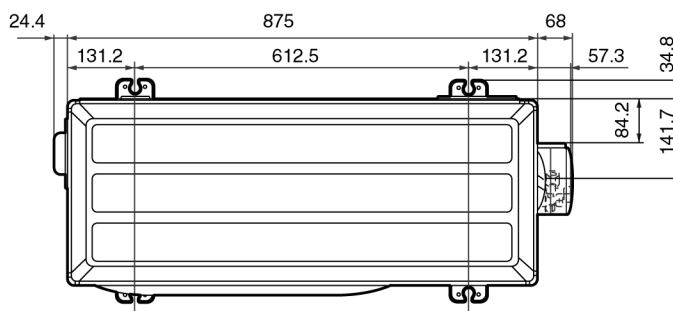


CU-E24CKE (Outdoor Unit)

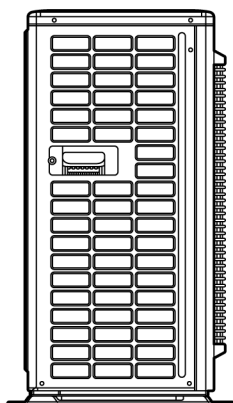


Anchor Bolt Pitch
383 x 612.5

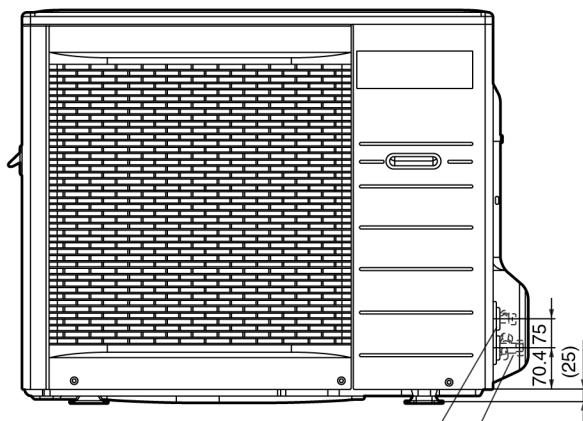
<Top View>



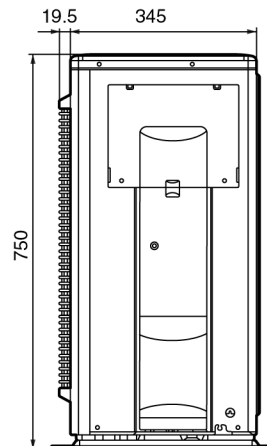
<Side View>



<Front View>



<Side View>



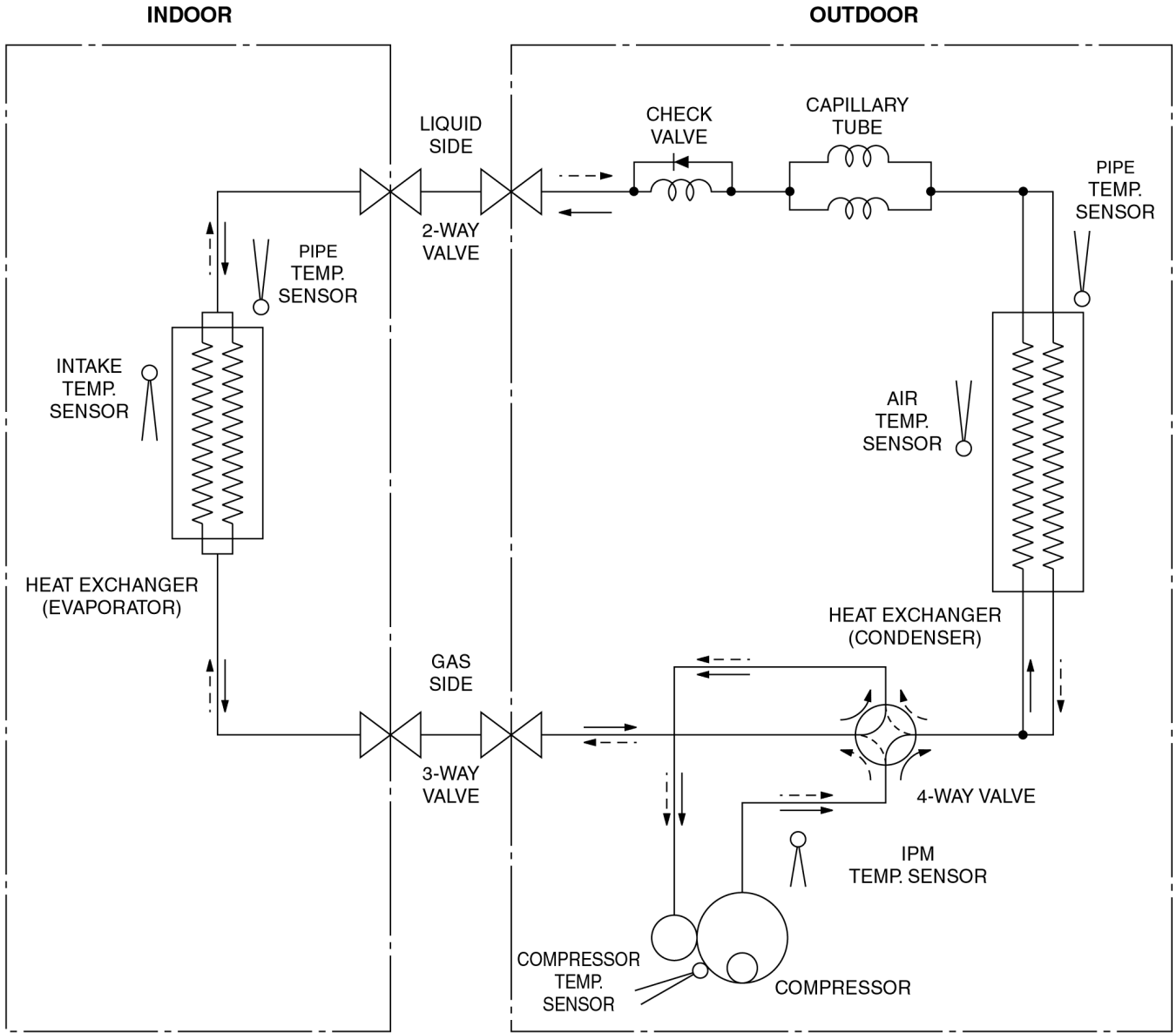
3-way valve at Gas side
(Low Pressure)

2-way valve at Liquid side
(High Pressure)

Unit:mm

5 Refrigeration Cycle Diagram

CS-E24CKE CU-E24CKE



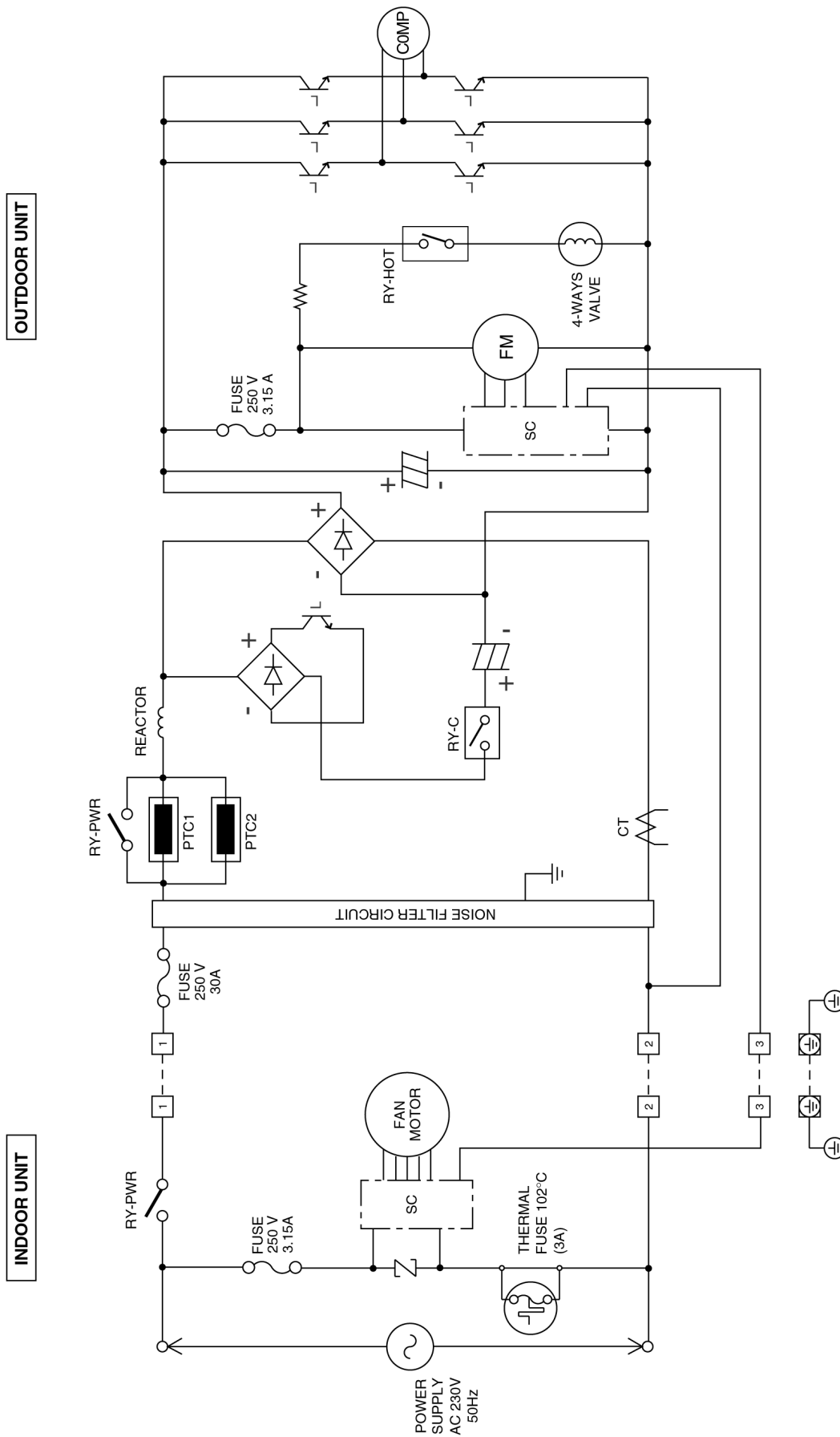
→ COOLING
 - - - HEATING

Model	Piping size		Rated Length (m)	Common Length (m)	Max. Elevation (m)	Max. Piping Length (m)	Additional Refrigerant (g/m)
	Gas	Liquid					
E24CK	5/8"	1/4"	5	7.5	20	30	30

※ If piping length is over common length, additional refrigerant should be added as shown in the table.

6 Block Diagram

CS-E24CKE CU-E24CKE



✳ [] Indicates the electronic control unit.

8 Operation Details

8.1. BASIC FUNCTION

Inverter control, which equipped with a microcomputer in determining the most suitable operating mode as time passes, automatically adjusts output power for maximum comfort always. In order to achieve the suitable operating mode, the microcomputer maintains the set temperature by measuring the temperature of the environment and performing temperature shifting. The compressor at outdoor unit is operating following the frequency instructed by the microcomputer at indoor unit that judging the condition according to internal setting temperature and intake air temperature.

8.1.1. Internal Setting Temperature

Once the operation starts, remote control setting temperature will be taken as base value for temperature shifting processes. These shifting processes are depending on the air conditioner settings and the operation environment. The final shifted value will be used as internal setting temperature and it is updated continuously whenever the electrical power is supplied to the unit.

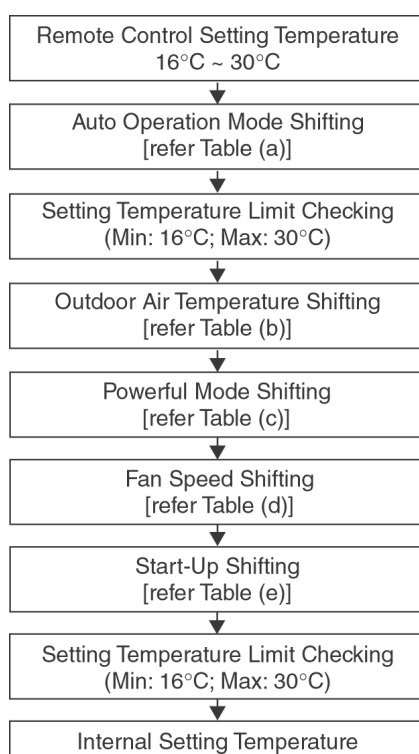


Table (a): Auto Operation Mode Setting

Mode Shift:	Temperature Shift (°C)
Cooling/Soft Dry → Heating	-2.0
Heating → Cooling/Soft Dry	+2.0

Table (b): Outdoor Air Temperature Shifting

Mode:	Outdoor Temperature, X (°C):	Temperature Shift (°C)	
		Manual Operation	Auto Operation
Cooling/Soft Dry	$38 \leq X$	1.50	2.00
	$30 \leq X < 38$	1.25	1.25
	$23 \leq X < 30$	1.25	1.25
	$X < 23$	1.75	1.75
Heating	$21 \leq X$	-2.25	-1.50
	$17 \leq X < 21$	-1.75	-1.00
	$13 \leq X < 17$	-0.75	0.00
	$9 \leq X < 13$	0.25	0.25
	$5 \leq X < 9$	1.25	1.00
	$1 \leq X < 5$	0.75	1.00
	$-3 \leq X < 1$	1.50	1.00
	$X < -3$	1.50	1.00

Table (c): Powerful Mode Shifting

Mode:	Period, X (min):	Temperature Shift (°C)
Cooling	$X < 20$	-2.0
	$X \geq 20$	0.0
Soft Dry	$X < 20$	-1.0
	$X \geq 20$	0.0
Heating	$X < 20$	+3.5
	$X \geq 20$	+3.5

Table (d): Fan Speed Shifting

Mode:	Fan Speed:	Temperature Shift (°C)
Cooling	All	-0.25
Soft Dry	All	+0.0
Heating	Lo	+2.0
	Me-, Me, Me+, Auto, Hi	+1.5

Table (e): Start-Up Shifting

Mode within 60 Minutes from Start-up:	Temperature Shift (°C)
Cooling/Soft Dry	-1.0
Heating	+2.0

8.1.2. Compressor Operation Frequency

Zone	Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature (°C)			Freq. H			Remark
	Cooling	Soft Dry	Heating	Cooling	Soft Dry	Heating	
1	-2.0	-3.0	1.0	1	5	3	
2	-1.5	-2.5	0.5	11	10	13	
3	-1.0	-2.0	0.0	15	12	17	
4	-0.5	-1.5	-0.5	18	14	21	
5	0.0	-1.0	-1.0	22	16	26	
6	0.5	-0.5	-1.5	25	18	32	
7	1.0	0.0	-2.0	28	21	35	Fh
8	1.5	0.5	-2.5	30	24	35	Fc, Fh
9	2.0	1.0	-3.0	30	27	35	Fc, Fh
10	2.5	1.5	-3.5	30	30	35	Fc, Fh
11	Nil	Nil	-4.0	Nil	Nil	35	Fh
12	Nil	Nil	-4.5	Nil	Nil	35	Fh

Operating Frequency Calculation Formula:

$$\text{CompHz} = \text{Freq. A} \times \text{Freq. H} + \text{Freq. C}$$

Example Calculation:

Model No.: E24CK

Operation Mode: Cooling

When Intake Air Temperature - Internal setting Temperature:
1.5°C

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CompHz} &= \text{Freq. A} \times \text{Freq. H} + \text{Freq. C} \\ &= 1.8 \times 30 + 13.0 \\ &= 67 \text{ Hz (Decimal point is ignored)} \end{aligned}$$

Cooling & Soft Dry	E24CK	
	Freq. A	Freq. C
Low Load (Freq. H ≤ 13)	2.0	10.0
High Load (Freq. H > 13)	1.8	13.0

Heating	E24CK	
	Freq. A	Freq. C
Low Load (Freq. H ≤ 15)	1.5	11.0
High Load (Freq. H > 15)	1.7	8.0

Freq. Range		E24CK
Cooling	Fc	64
	Operation Range	14 ~ 74
Heating	Fh	68
	Operation Range	14 ~ 100

Remarks:

When Freq. H is equal to 30 (Cooling), 35 (Heating) or above, the Comp. may run at the freq. higher than Fc or Fh up to max. freq. operation.

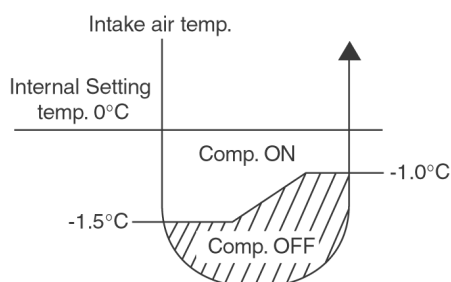
Best Amenity Control

Every 90s (Cooling), 120s (Heating) maintain same zone Freq. H + 1 until Fc, Fh.

8.1.3. Cooling Operation

8.1.3.1. Thermostat control

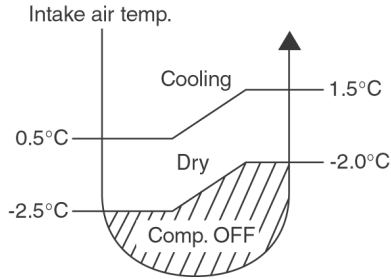
- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature < -1.5°C.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature > Compressor OFF point +0.5°C.



8.1.4. Soft Dry Operation

8.1.4.1. Thermostat control

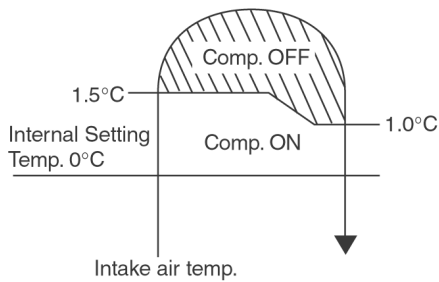
- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature < -2.5°C.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature > Compressor OFF point.



8.1.5. Heating Operation

8.1.5.1. Thermostat control

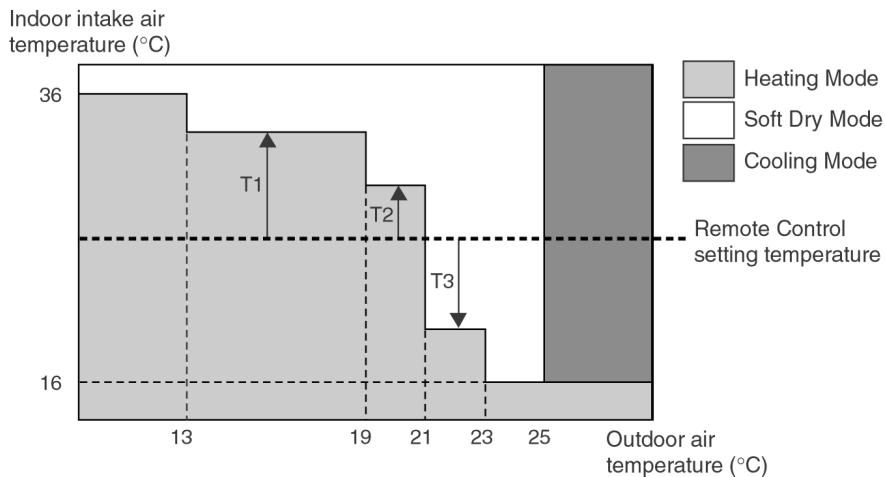
- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting > +1.5°C.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature < Compressor OFF point -0.5°C.



8.1.6. Automatic Operation

This mode can be set using remote control and the operation is decided by remote control setting temperature, indoor intake air temperature and outdoor air temperature.

During operation mode judgment, indoor fan motor (with speed of Lo-) and outdoor fan motor are running for 30 seconds to detect the indoor intake and outdoor air temperature. The operation mode is decided based on below chart.



Values of T1, T2, and T3 depend on remote control setting temperature, as shown in below table. After the adjustment of T1, T2 and T3 values, the operation mode for that particular environment and remote control setting is judged and performed, based on the above operation mode chart, every 30 minutes.

Remote Control Setting Temperature (°C)	T1	T2	T3
16 ~ 18	+10	+8	-5
19 ~ 22	+8	+7	-7
23 ~ 26	+7	+6	-7
27 ~ 30	+6	+5	-8

There is a temperature shifting on T1, T2, and T3 if the operation mode judged is changed from Cooling/Soft Dry to Heating or vice versa.

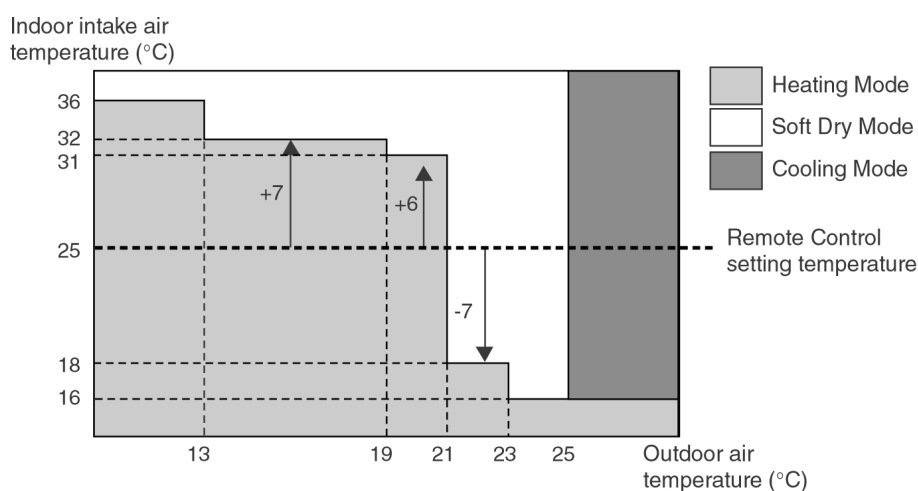
Operation Mode change from	Temperature shifts (°C)
Cooling/Soft Dry → Heating	-2
Heating → Cooling/Soft Dry	+2

Example of operation mode chart adjustment:

From the above table, if remote control setting temperature = 25,

$T1 = 25 + 7 = 32$; $T2 = 25 + 6 = 31$; $T3 = 25 - 7 = 18$

The operation mode chart for this example is as shown in below figure and the operation mode to be performed will depend on indoor intake air temperature and outdoor air temperature at the time when the judgment is made.



8.1.7. Indoor Fan Motor Operation

A. Basic Rotation Speed (rpm)

- Required rotation speed for fan is set to respond to the remote control setting (10 rpm unit)

[Cooling, Dry, Fan]

Remote Control	—	O	O	O	O	O	—	—	—
Tab (rpm)	SHI	Hi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo	Lo-	SLo	SSLo
E24CK	1670	1580	1480	1390	1290	1200	930	840	630

[Heating]

Remote Control	—	O	O	O	O	O	—	—	—
Tab (rpm)	SSHI	SHi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo	Lo-	SLo	SSLo
E24CK	1690	1690	1590	1500	1400	1310	930	400	300

B. Indoor Fan Control

i. Indoor fan control operation outline

1. Cooling / Dry

					Cooling	Dry	Ion Only		
Protected Operation					Me				
Forced Cooling Operation					Hi	—			
Other than above	Min. control	Auto Operation Mode judgement			Lo-				
		On timer pre-operation Sampling							
	Other than above	Other than above	Max. capacity operation			SHi	—		
			ON timer reserve operation	Auto Airflow		Lo	Remo Control Setting	SLo	
				Manual Airflow					
			Anti Freezing Control			+40 rpm			
			Other than above	Auto Airflow	Powerful		Powerful program	SLo	
					Normal		Normal program		
					Quiet		Quiet program		
					—		—		
			Other than above	Manual Airflow	Powerful		Remote Control setting (+70 rpm)*		
					Quiet		-100 rpm refer to table		
					Other than above		Remote Control setting		
					—		—		
						Quiet program			
						Remote control setting (fan)			

*Note: Maximum rpm not to exceed Hi speed rpm.

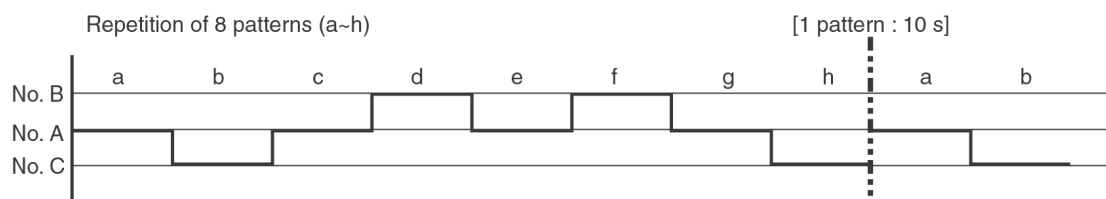
2. Heating

Protected Operation					Me
Heating Operation					Hi
Min. control	Auto Operation Mode judgement				Lo-
	On timer reserve Operation Sampling				
Indoor piping temperature control					Me
Other than above	During Hot Start				Stop
	During De-ice				Stop
	Max. Capacity Operation				SSHi
	Max. control	Thermo off (comp off)			Lo-
		Indoor piping temperature control (auto Fan Speed)			refer to Anti Cold Draft Control
	Other than above	ON timer standby operation	Auto Fan Speed		Lo-
			Manual Fan Speed		Remote Control Setting
		Other than above	Auto Fan Speed	Powerful	refer to Anti Cold Draft Control
				Quiet	mini rpm – 100 rpm
				Other than above	Refer to Anti Cold Draft Control
		Manual Fan Speed	Powerful	Remote Control setting + 70 rpm*	
Quiet			If FM ≥ Lo – 100 rpm shift If FM < Lo maintain RPM		

*Note: Maximum rpm not to exceed Hi speed rpm.

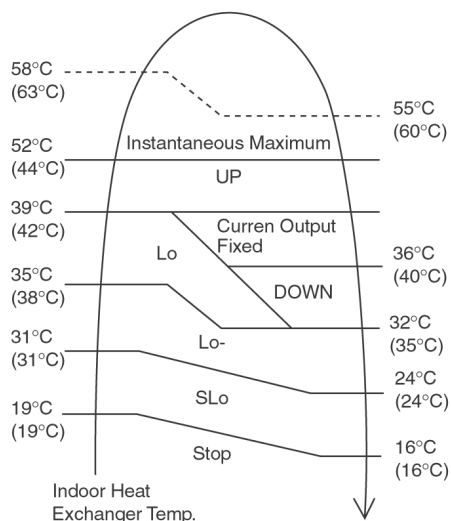
ii. Auto Fan Speed

1. Cooling



	Model	No. A	No. B	No. C
Powerful Program	E24CK	1150	1180	1120
Normal Program	E24CK	1080	1110	1050
Quiet Program	E24CK	980	1010	950

2. Heating



Note:

a. UP:

- If move from Lo, the fan speed will be shifted to Maximum 1520 rpm (E24CK).
- If move from Maximum, the fan speed no change.
- In up zone, 10 rpm is added for every 10s until Maximum 1520 rpm (E24CK).

b. DOWN:

- The fan speed will be decreased one step every 10 sec. until Minimum 1270 rpm.

c. Current Output Fixed:

- Maintain at present fan speed.

d. Instantaneous Maximum:

- Fan speed will be increased to maximum auto fan speed.

e. Temperature in () is for Powerful Mode operation.

iii. Max Capacity Condition

a) During Cooling operation, if all to the following condition is fulfilled, the indoor fan speed is set to Shi.

1. Indoor intake temperature $\geq 24^{\circ}\text{C}$.
2. Operation frequency 64 Hz (E24CK) & above.
3. Remote Control setting temperature 16°C .
4. Remote Control setting fan speed Hi.
5. Outdoor temperature $\geq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$.
6. Operation start \leq within 30 minutes.

* If any of above conditions is not valid, the condition is ended.

b) During Heating operation, if all to the following condition is fulfilled, the indoor fan speed is set to SSHi.

1. Indoor intake temperature is 17°C or above and less than 23°C .
2. Operation frequency 68 Hz (E24CK) & above.
3. Remote Control setting temperature 30°C .
4. Remote Control setting fan speed Hi.
5. Outdoor temperature $< 4^{\circ}\text{C}$.
6. Operation start ≥ 2 hours.

* If any of above conditions is not valid, the condition is ended.

C. Fan Motor Control

i. Motor specification

High voltage PWM Motor

ii. Feedback Control

1. Rotation speed feedback

Immediately after the fan started, rpm is checked and duty is added, and feedback control is performed.

iii. Abnormal Detection

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| 1. Condition | * Step out signal input
* Feedback rotation speed is more than 2550 rpm or below 50 rpm.
However, 10s after fan start, rotation abnormality is not detected. |
| 2. Control | * Fan stop |
| 3. Return | * Restart after 5s
However, in case the fan is stopped by the above conditions within 25s after fan has started, and happened continuously for 7 times, restart will not be performed.
→ Indoor fan motor lock abnormal (H19) |

iv. Restart Prohibition Control

Prohibit to restart within 5s after fan stop.
(except when power is ON)

D. Deodorizing Control

i. Control condition

Control at cooling/dry operation and auto fan speed.

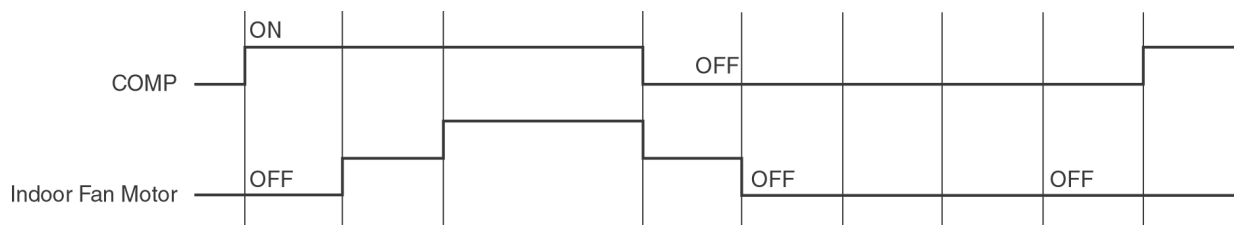
No Deodorizing Control is performed during ON timer standby operation and during Anti-freezing control prevention.

ii. Operation

The odor status is arranged as below and it is shifted as follow.

- * When COMP is ON 1 → 2 → 3
(Shift to 4 when COMP is OFF)
- * When COMP is OFF 4 → 5 → 4 ↔ 5
(Shift to 1 when COMP is ON)
- * Start from 4 if the Thermostat is OFF during the start operation.

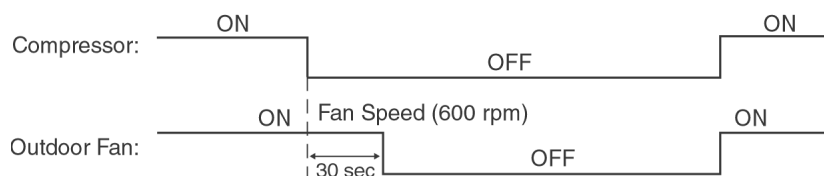
Odor Status		1	2	3	4	5	4	5	4.5.4...	1
Status Shift according to COMP		ON			OFF					ON
Status Shift according to time (s)	Cooling zone	40	50	—	20	90	20	90	ON
	Dry zone									
Fan Speed	Cooling zone	OFF	SLo	Auto Fan Speed	SLo	OFF	SLo	OFF	
	Dry zone	OFF		SLo		OFF				



※ During FM OFF state, auto judgement will cause the FM to ON.

8.1.8. Outdoor Fan Motor Operation

Outdoor fan motor is operated with 15 fan speed. It starts when compressor starts operation and it stops 30 seconds after compressor stops operation.



Basic Rotation Speed

No.	RPM during Fan Speed	
	E24CK	
15	830	
14	830	
13	830	
12	830	
11	830	
10	810	
9	700	
8	700	
7	650	
6	650	
5	600	
4	600	
3	580	
2	580	
1	190	

Unit: rpm

E24CK	$1 \leq \text{Hz} < 32 \text{ Hz}$	$32 \text{ Hz} \leq \text{Hz} < 45 \text{ Hz}$	$45 \text{ Hz} \leq \text{Hz} < 76 \text{ Hz}$	$76 \text{ Hz} \leq \text{Hz}$
Cooling	580 rpm	700 rpm	830 rpm	830 rpm

E24CK	$1 \leq \text{Hz} < 18 \text{ Hz}$	$18 \text{ Hz} \leq \text{Hz}$
Dry	600 rpm	700 rpm

E24CK	$1 \leq \text{Hz} < 18 \text{ Hz}$	$18 \text{ Hz} \leq \text{Hz} < 43 \text{ Hz}$	$43 \text{ Hz} \leq \text{Hz} < 51 \text{ Hz}$	$51 \text{ Hz} \leq \text{Hz} < 78 \text{ Hz}$	$78 \text{ Hz} \leq \text{Hz}$
Heating	580 rpm	650 rpm	700 rpm	810 rpm	830 rpm

8.1.9. Airflow Direction

- There are two types of airflow, vertical airflow (directed by horizontal vane) and horizontal airflow (directed by vertical vanes).
- Control of airflow direction can be automatic (angles of direction is determined by operation mode, heat exchanger temperature and intake air temperature) and manual (angles of direction can be adjusted using remote control).

Vertical Airflow

Operation Mode	Airflow Direction	Vane Angle (°)				
		1	2	3	4	5
Heating	Auto with Heat Exchanger Temperature	17				
		58				
		7				
Cooling, Soft Dry and Fan, Ion	Manual	7	17	33	49	67
	Auto	7 ~ 37				
Mode Judgment in Auto	Manual	7	17	25	33	41
	Auto	7				
	Manual	7	17	25	33	41

- Automatic vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control; the vane swings up and down within the angles as stated above. For heating mode operation, the angle of the vane depends on the indoor heat exchanger temperature as Figure 1 below. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shift to close position.

2. Manual vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control; the angles of the vane are as stated above and the positions of the vane are as Figure 2 below. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shift to close position.

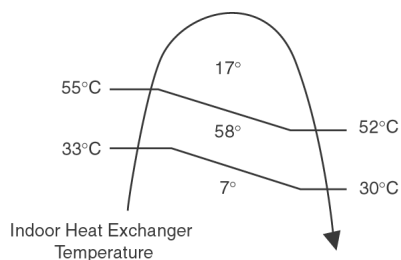


Figure 1

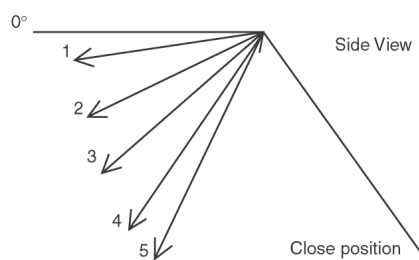


Figure 2

Horizontal Airflow

1. Automatic horizontal airflow direction can be set using remote control; the vane swings left and right within the angles as stated below. For heating mode operation, the angle of the vane depends on the indoor heat exchanger temperature as Figure 1 below.

Operation Mode		Vane Angle (°)
Heating, with heat exchanger temperature	A	68 ~ 112
	B	90
Cooling, Soft Dry and Fan, Ion		68 ~ 112

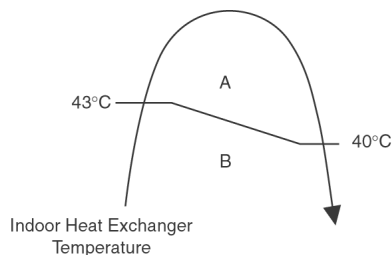


Figure 1

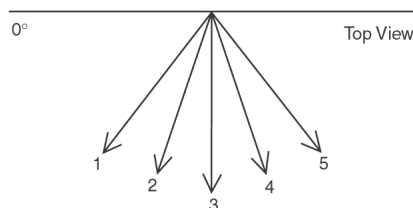


Figure 2

2. Manual horizontal airflow direction can be set using remote control; the angles of the vane are as stated below and the positions of the vane are as Figure 2 above.

Pattern	1	2	3	4	5
Airflow Direction Patterns at Remote Control					
Vane Angle (°)	90	68	79	101	112

8.1.10. Quiet operation (Cooling Mode/Cooling area of Dry Mode)

A. Purpose

To provide quiet cooling operation compare to normal operation.

B. Control condition

a. Quiet operation start condition

- When “quiet” button at remote control is pressed.
Quiet LED illuminates.

b. Quiet operation stop condition

1. When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:

- a. Powerful button is pressed.
- b. Stop by OFF/ON switch.
- c. Timer “off” activates.
- d. When change mode to fan only mode.
- e. Quiet button is pressed again.

2. When quiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.

3. When fan speed is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new fan speed.

4. When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode, except fan only mode.

5. During quiet operation, if timer “on” activates, quiet operation maintains.

6. After off, when on back, quiet operation is not memorised.

D. Control contents

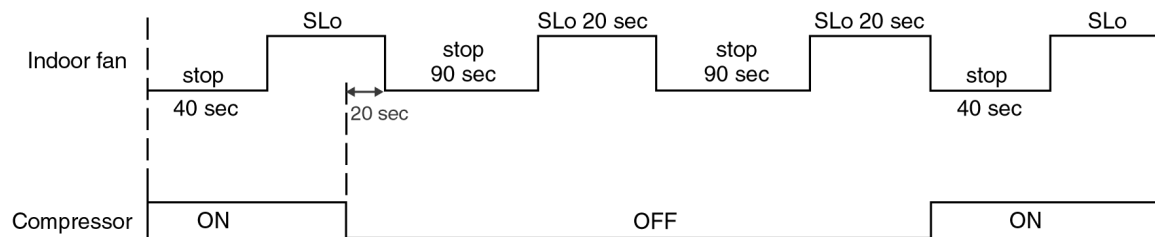
1. Fan speed is changed from normal setting to quiet setting of respective fan speed.

This is to reduce sound of Hi, Me, Lo for 3dB.

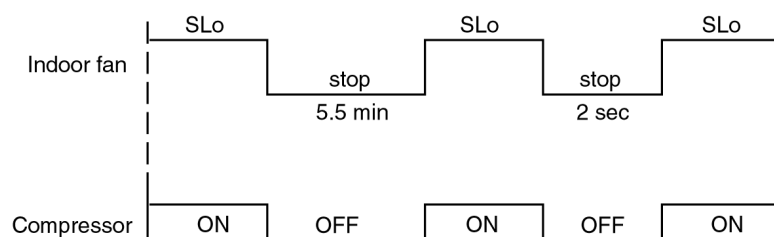
2. Fan speed for quiet operation is -100 rpm from setting fan speed. (Cool and fan mode)

8.1.10.1. Quiet operation under Soft Dry operation (Dry area at Dry Mode)

Automatic Fan Speed (Dry operation)



Manual Fan Speed (Dry operation)



8.1.10.2. Quiet operation (Heating)

A. Purpose

To provide quiet heating operation compare to normal operation.

B. Control condition

a. Quiet operation start condition

- When “quiet” button at remote control is pressed.

Quiet LED illuminates.

b. Quiet operation stop condition

1. When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:

- a. Powerful button is pressed.
- b. Stop by OFF/ON switch.
- c. Timer “off” activates.
- d. When change mode to fan only mode.
- e. Quiet button is pressed again.

2. When quiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.

3. When fan speed is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new fan speed.

4. When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode, except fan only mode.

5. During quiet operation, if timer “on” activates, quiet operation maintains.

6. After off, when on back, quiet operation is not memorised.

C. Control contents

a. Fan Speed manual

1. Fan speed is changed from normal setting to quiet setting of respective fan speed.

This is to reduce sound of Hi, Me, Lo for 3dB.

2. Fan speed for quiet operation is -100 rpm from setting fan speed.

3. Fan Speed Auto

- If $FM \geq Lo$
-100 rpm reduce from normal Heating Auto Fan Speed

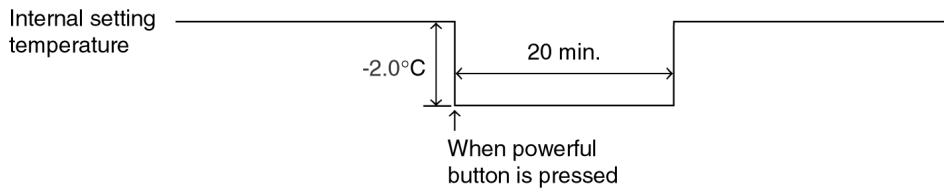
- If $FM < Lo$
maintain RPM

Indoor FM RPM depends on pipe temp sensor of indoor heat exchanger.

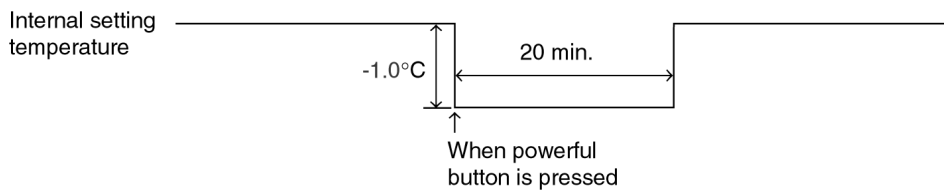
8.1.11. Powerful Mode Operation

When the powerful mode is selected, the internal setting temperature will shift to achieve the setting temperature quickly.

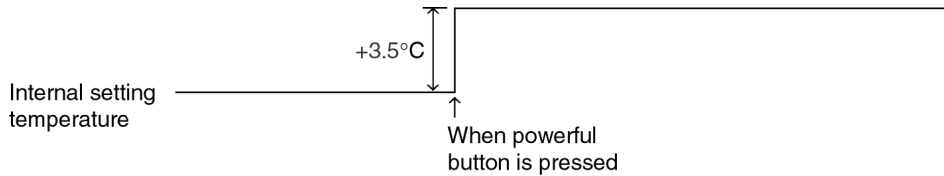
(a) Cooling Operation



(b) Soft Dry Operation



(c) Heating Operation

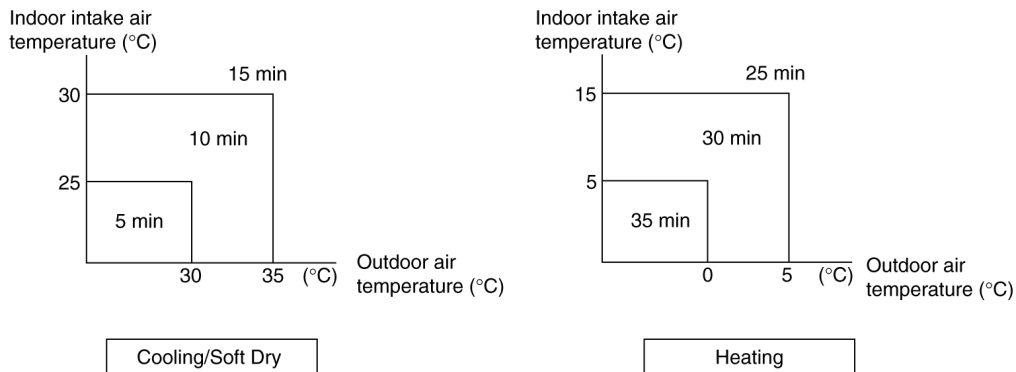


8.1.12. Delay ON Timer Control

Delay ON timer can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will start operate earlier than the setting time. This is to provide a comfortable environment when reaching the set ON time.

Seventy minutes before the set time, indoor (at fan speed of Lo-) and outdoor fan motor start operate for 30 seconds to determine the indoor intake air temperature and outdoor air temperature in order to judge the operation starting time.

From the above judgment, the decided operation will start operate earlier than the set time as shown below.



8.1.13. Delay OFF Timer Control

Delay OFF timer can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will stop operate at set time.

8.1.14. Auto Restart Control

1. When the power supply is cut off during the operation of air conditioner, the compressor will re-operate within three to four minutes (there are 10 patterns between 2 minutes 58 seconds and 3 minutes 52 seconds to be selected randomly) after power supply resumes.
2. This type of control is not applicable during ON/OFF Timer setting.

8.1.15. Indication Panel



LED	POWER MONITOR	POWER	QUIET	TIMER	POWERFUL	ION
Color	Green	Green	Orange	Orange	Orange	Green
Light ON	Compressor ON	Operation ON	Quiet Mode ON	Timer Setting ON	Powerful Mode ON	Ion Mode ON
Light OFF	Compressor OFF	Operation OFF	Quiet Mode OFF	Timer Setting OFF	Powerful Mode OFF	Ion Mode OFF

Note:

- If POWER LED is blinking, the possible operations of the unit are Hot Start, during Deice operation, operation mode judgment, or delay ON timer sampling.
- If Timer LED is blinking, there is an abnormality operation occurs.
- If Ionizer, LED is blinking, there is an abnormality of Ionizer occurs.

Power Monitor LED Control Frequency

Lighting of 3 LED base on instructed running frequency from indoor unit to compressor at cool, dry & heating operation.

Position of LED	☀○○○●○○○	☀○○●○○○	☀○○●○○●
Cool, Dry Instructed Hz No	$0 < \text{Hz} < 35$	$35 \leq \text{Hz} < 59$	$\text{Hz} \geq 59$
Heat Instructed Hz No	$0 < \text{Hz} < 44$	$44 \leq \text{Hz} < 63$	$\text{Hz} \geq 63$

8.1.16. Auto Operation Switch

Number of "beep":	1	2	3	4		
Function:	Auto Operation	Forced Cool	Forced Heat	Various Setting Mode Individual Counter-action		
Duration (s):	0	5	8	11	16	21

1. When the switch is pressed between 0 to 5 seconds, Auto Mode operation starts to function.
2. When the switch is pressed between 5 to 8 seconds, the unit is forced to operate in Cooling Mode.
3. When the switch is pressed between 8 to 11 seconds, the unit is forced to operate in Heating Mode.
4. When the switch is pressed between 11 to 16 seconds and together with the signal from remote control, the unit can be changed to different controlling setting (4 type of transmission codes).
5. When the switch is pressed between 16 to 21 seconds, either "H14" error detection selection mode or the remote control signal receiving sound can be cancelled or turned on.

8.1.17. Indoor Power Relay Control

Power relay will turn on during operation or in progress of stopping operation. Although operation stops, the power relay continues on for three minutes.

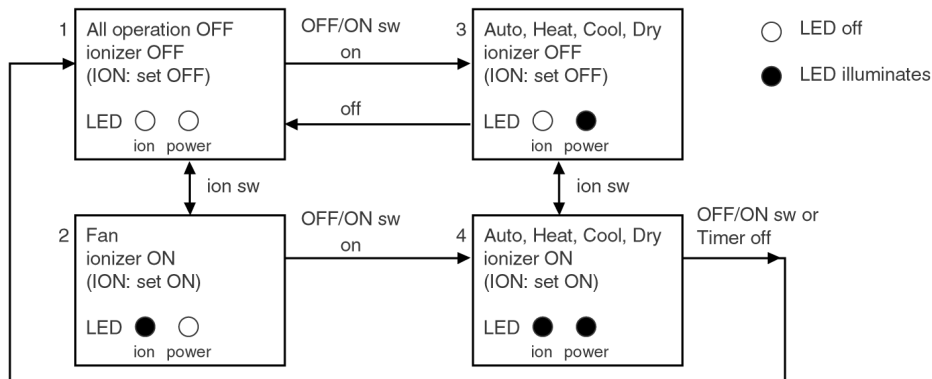
However, during instantaneous power failure (< 0.5s), power relay will turn off. Then, it will turn on 2 minutes after power recover and the unit will operate as previous operation condition.

8.1.18. Ionizer Operation

Purpose

To provide fresh air effect to users by discharging minus ion to air.

Control Condition



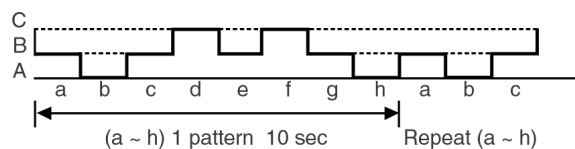
a. Ionizer Only Operation.

1. When air-conditioner unit is at “OFF” condition (standby) and ION operation button at remote control is pressed.

Fan & ionizer on, ION LED illuminates, but power LED maintain off. (1 → 2)

However, fan speed can be adjusted later by customer during this operation.

Fan speed	
manual	Remote Control set fan speed
Auto	Repetition of 8 patterns as shown below



Airflow direction (Horizontal Vane) control:

Follow vane direction control at cooling mode.

Horizontal vane can be changed by customer during ion only operation.

b. Operation Mode + Ionizer Operation.

1. Ionising Operation Start Condition

When air conditioner unit is in “ON” condition (Heat, Cool, Dry, Fan, Auto mode) and ION operation button at remote control is pressed. Ionizer on & ION LED illuminates. (3 → 4)

Power LED also illuminates.

2. Ionising Operation Stop Condition

When one of the following condition is satisfied, ION operation stops.

- a. Stopped by ON/OFF switch.
- b. Timer OFF activates.
- c. ION operation button is pressed again.
- d. ION feedback signal shows error.

3. Ionizer operation status is not memorised by micon. After OFF, when operation is “ON” again, air conditioner operates without ionizer operation.

c. Timer during ionizer operation

Refer to case study in next page for detail.

8.1.18.1. Ionizer Problem Detection Control

i. Purpose

To inform user of ionizer problems and detection.

ii. Two types of problem detection control:

Control	Detection Method	Protection	Recovery
ERROR PROTECTION			
(i) Actual ion: ON	(i) Actual ion ON for 10s & OFF for 30 min. continuously for 24 times (approx. 11 hr. 30 min.)	(i) Actual ion is permanently OFF & ion LED is blinking.	(i) Press ON/OFF button to OFF
(ii) ion feedback signal: 0V	(ii) Within 24 counts, if anytime CONDITION becomes false then count is cleared.	(ii) Press remote control ion button for a) ON: Ion LED blink & buzzer = beep b) OFF: Ion LED OFF & buzzer = beep	(ii) Reset power (iii) Off by force operation
BREAKDOWN PROTECTION			
(i) Actual ion: OFF	(i) Actual ion OFF \geq 2s	Case 1: During Air-Con. ON. (i) Air-Cond OFF with abnormal no. H26 is activated with timer LED is blinking permanently.	(i) When anytime CONDITION becomes false.
(ii) ion feedback signal: 5V		Case 2: During Air-Con. OFF. (i) Abnormal no. H26 is activated with timer LED is blinking permanently for both cases 1 & 2. (ii) Press remote control ion button for a) ON: Ion LED blink b) OFF: Ion LED OFF (iii) Press any remote control button to a) ON: Buzzer = beep beep beep beep b) OFF: Buzzer = beep beep beep beep	(ii) Once recovered, ion & Timer LED stops blinking permanently. (iii) Main power reset.

8.1.18.2. Ionizer Operation case study

Case 1

Current Operation	Timer	24 hours Timer	
		Set to ON	Set to OFF
ION	ON	Continue ON	Stop
	OFF	Not Applicable (*2)	Continue OFF
Operation Any Mode (*1)	ON	Continue ON	Stop
	OFF	Start	Stop

*1. Cool, Dry, Fan and Auto.

*2. You may ON by pressing Ion button.

8.2. Protection Control Features

8.2.1. Protection Control For All Operations

8.2.1.1. Time Delay Safety Control

1. The compressor will not start for three minutes after stop of operation.
2. This control is not applicable if the power supply is cut off and on again or after 4-way valve deices condition.

8.2.1.2. 30 Seconds Forced Operation

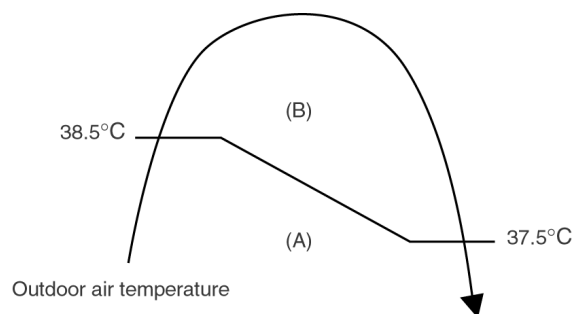
1. Once the compressor starts operation, it will not stop its operation for 30 seconds.
2. However, it can be stopped using remote control or Auto Switch at indoor unit.

8.2.1.3. Total Running Current Control

1. When the outdoor unit total running current (AC) exceeds X value, the frequency instructed for compressor operation will be decreased.
2. If the running current does not exceed X value for five seconds, the frequency instructed will be increased.
3. However, if total outdoor unit running current exceeds Y value, compressor will be stopped immediately for 2 minutes.

E24CK		
Operation Mode	X (A)	Y (A)
Cooling/Soft Dry (A)	12.8	20.0
Cooling/Soft Dry (B)	10.3	20.0
Heating	13.0	20.0

4. The first 30 minutes of cooling operation, (A) will be applied.



8.2.1.4. IPM (Power transistor) Prevention Control

A. Overheating Prevention Control

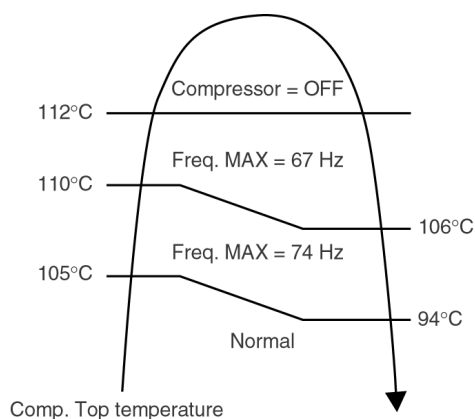
1. When the IPM temperature rises to 110°C, compressor operation will stop immediately.
2. Compressor operation restarts after three minutes the temperature decreases to 95°C.

B. DC Peak Current Control

1. When electric current to IPM exceeds set value of 30.0 ± 5.0 A, the compressor will stop operate. Then, operation will restart after three minutes.
2. If the set value is exceeded again more than 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after two minute.
3. If the set value is exceeded again within 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after one minute. If this condition repeats continuously for seven times, all indoor and outdoor relays will be cut off.

8.2.1.5. Compressor Overheating Prevention Control

Instructed frequency for compressor operation will be regulated by compressor top temperature. The changes of frequency are as below figure.



8.2.1.6. Low Pressure Prevention Control (Gas Leakage Detection)

1. When the conditions listed in below table occur, the compressor stops and restarts after three minutes.
2. If this phenomenon is continuously occurring for twice within 20 minutes, all indoor and outdoor relays will be cut off.
3. This control is not applicable for deice operation.

Conditions	E24CK	
	Cooling/Soft Dry	Heating
1. Compressor frequency (Hz)	≥ 74	≥ 68
2. Outdoor total running current (A)	< 3.25	< 3.25
3. Indoor heat exchanger temperature (°C)	≥ 20	< 25

Note: Conditions 1 and 2 needed to be happened continuously for 5 minutes.

8.2.1.7. CT Disconnection Detection

1. Control Starting Condition

- a. Total Current is below 0.74 ~ 0.94 Amp.
- b. Operating Frequency is 20 Hz and above.
- c. Continuously for 20s.

2. Control Contents

- a. Abnormal signal transmitted to indoor unit after 3 minutes outdoor power is supplied. (Indoor unit stop)

3. Control Cancellation Condition

Starting condition, (1) is not fulfilled.

8.2.1.8. Low Frequency Protection Control 1

When the compressor operate at frequency lower than 20 Hz for 240 minutes, the operation frequency will be increased to 20 Hz for two minutes.

8.2.1.9. Low Frequency Protection Control 2

When all the below conditions occur, minimum value (Freq. MIN) for the frequency instructed to compressor will change to 20 Hz.

Temperature, T, for:	Cooling/Soft Dry	Heating
Indoor intake air (°C)	$T < 15$ or $T \geq 30$	—
Outdoor air (°C)	$T < 16$ or $T \geq 38$	$T < 4$ or $T \geq 24$
Indoor heat exchanger (°C)	$T < 30$	$T \geq 0$

8.2.1.10. Low Frequency Protection Control 3

If Compressor operation frequency reduce from 20 Hz, the frequency will be fixed for 20 Hz for 3 min. before reduce to min. frequency.

8.2.1.11. Minimum Frequency Protection Control

- During cooling operation (except Anti Freezing control, soft dry) carry out the following operation.

Hi & above	20
Me- & above, Auto	20
Below Me-	20

However, when less than thermo OFF for 130 sec. continuously, the above control will be cancel.

- During heating operation, operate the followings control.

1. During Remote Control setting is 18°C & above

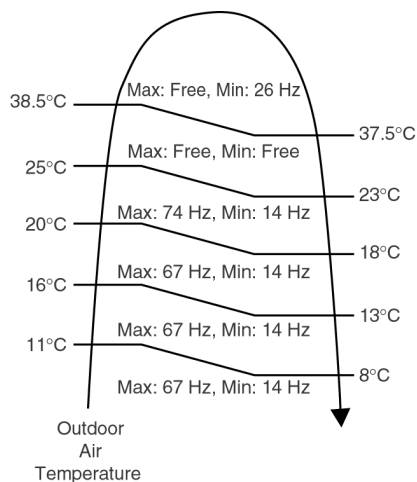
Indoor Fan Speed	
Hi & above	20
Me- & above, Auto	20
Below Me-	20

However, when less than thermo OFF for 130 sec. continuously, the above control will be cancel.

8.2.2. Protection Control For Cooling & Soft Dry Operation

8.2.2.1. Outdoor Air Temperature Control

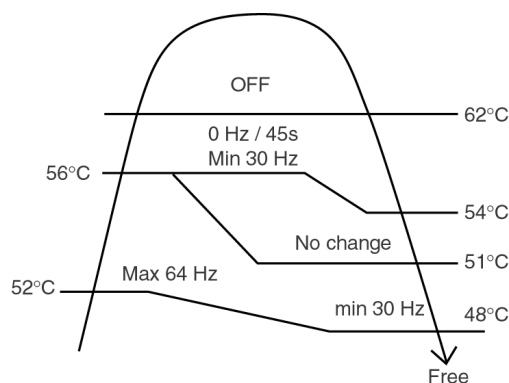
The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to the outdoor air temperature as shown in the diagram below.



8.2.2.2. Cooling Overload Control

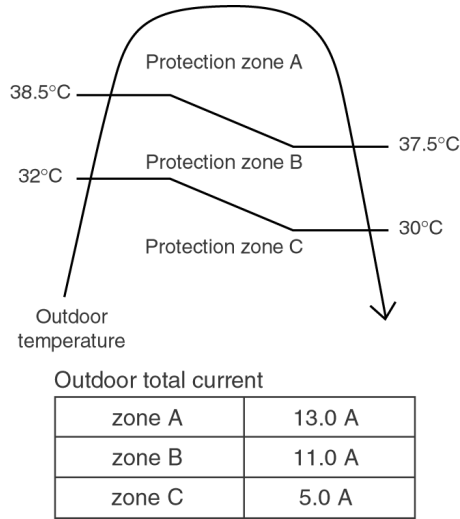
i. Pipe temperature limitation/restriction

- Detects the Outdoor pipe temperature and carry out below restriction/limitation (Limit the compressor Operation frequency)
- The compressor stop if outdoor pipe temperature exceeds 62°C
- If the compressor stops 4 times in 20 minutes, Timer LED blinking (F95: outdoor high pressure rise protection)



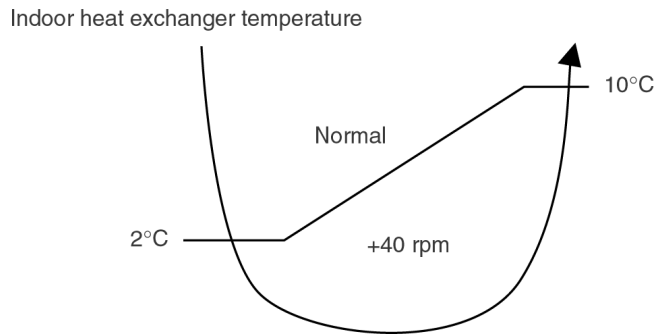
ii. Electrical part temperature rise protection control

- To prevent electrical component temperature rise during cooling overload.
- Judgement condition is by outdoor temperature (sampled every 10s).
- Control contents:
 - Outdoor fan speed (switch to zone A and B minimum fan speed).
 - Outdoor total current (zone C) higher than the specified.
- Cancellation condition: When one of above is not satisfied.



8.2.2.3. Anti-Freezing Control

1. When indoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than 2°C continuously for six minutes, compressor will stop operating.
2. Compressor will resume its operation three minutes after the indoor heat exchanger is higher than 10°C.
3. At the same time, indoor fan speed increase +40 rpm compared to its normal operation.
4. If indoor heat exchanger temperature is higher than 10°C for five minutes, the fan speed will return to its normal operation.



8.2.2.4. Anti-Dew Formation Control

a) Control 1

This control is performed if the following conditions are fulfilled during cooling/dry operation.

i. Control Start Condition

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1) Indoor Intake Temperature | 24°C & above |
| 2) Outdoor Temperature | Refer below |
| 3) Remote Control Setting Temperature | 16°C & above, below 30°C |
| 4) Fan tab | Refer below |

Control start after 1) ~ 4) continued for more than 1 minutes.

ii. Control Contents

* If the outdoor temperature $\geq 30^\circ\text{C}$

Me & above (include auto air flow)

$0 \leq T < 30 \text{ min}$	74
$30 \text{ min} \leq T < 90 \text{ min}$	67
$90 \text{ min} \leq T < 420 \text{ min}$	67
$0 \leq T < 30 \text{ min}$	67
$30 \text{ min} \leq T < 90 \text{ min}$	54
$90 \text{ min} \leq T < 420 \text{ min}$	54

* If the outdoor temperature < 30°C

Me & above (include auto air flow)

0 ≤ T < 30 min	74
30 min ≤ T < 90 min	67
90 min ≤ T < 420 min	67

0 ≤ T < 30 min	67
30 min ≤ T < 90 min	54
90 min ≤ T < 420 min	47

b) Control 2

• When the following conditions occurs for 20 minutes continuously, anti-dew formation is controlled and air vane change Horizontal vane shift to 2nd position and Vertical vane shift to center position.

1. Indoor intake air temperature is 25°C or above and less than 29°C.
2. Outdoor air temperature is less than 30°C.
3. Air vane control: Manual Horizontal Airflow and Manual Vertical Airflow.
4. Fan speed is quiet Lo.

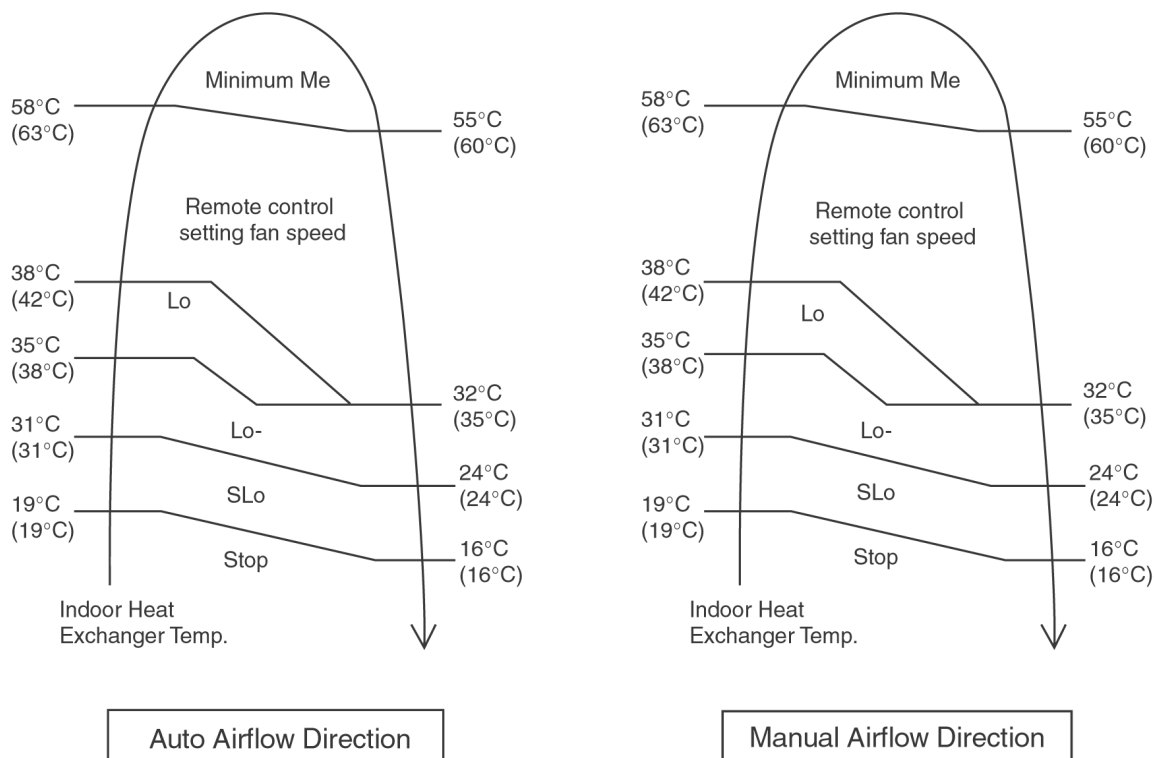
8.2.3. Protection Control For Heating Operation

8.2.3.1. Anti Cold Draft Control

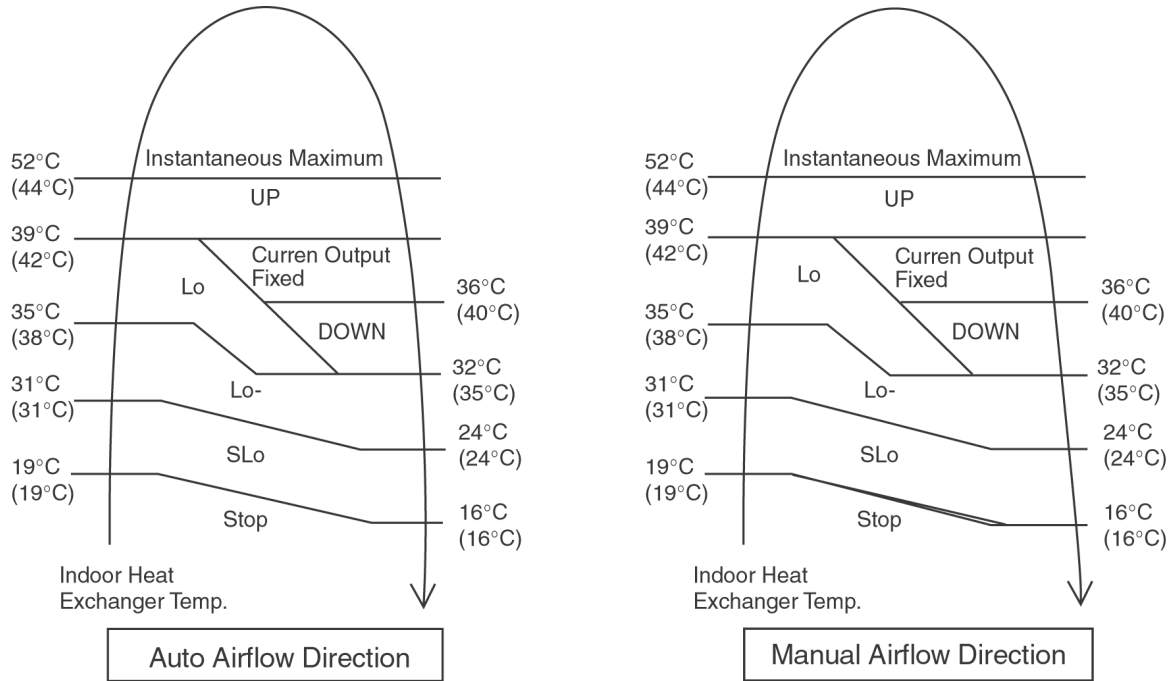
Indoor fan speed varies in accordance to indoor heat exchanger temperature, based on type of air volume and direction, as shown below.

1. Manual Fan Speed

() : Powerful



2. Auto Fan Speed



Note:

a. UP:

- If move from Lo, the fan speed will be shifted to Maximum 1300 rpm (E24CK).
- If move from Maximum, the fan speed no change.
- In up zone, 10 rpm is added for every 10s until Maximum 1300 rpm (E24CK).

b. DOWN:

- The fan speed will be decreased one step every 10 sec. until Minimum 1100 rpm.

c. Current Output Fixed:

- Maintain at present fan speed.

d. Instantaneous Maximum:

- Fan speed will be increased to maximum auto fan speed.

e. Temperature in () is for Powerful Mode operation.

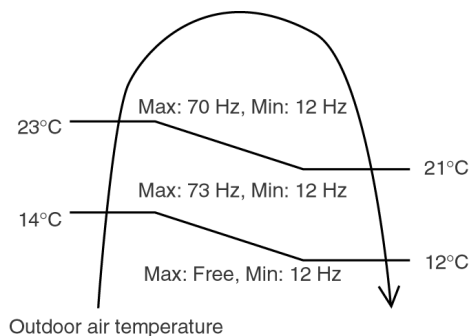
8.2.3.2. Intake Air Temperature Control

Compressor will operate at freq 67 Hz if either one of the below conditions occur:

1. When the indoor intake air temperature is above 10°C and remote control setting fan speed is lower Me-.
2. When the indoor intake air temperature is 30°C or above.

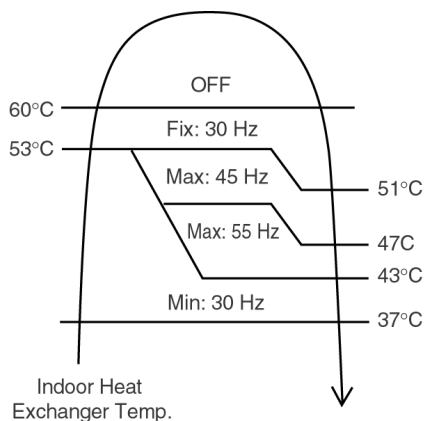
8.2.3.3. Outdoor Air Temperature Control

The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to the outdoor air temperature as shown in the below figures. This control will begin one minute after the compressor starts.



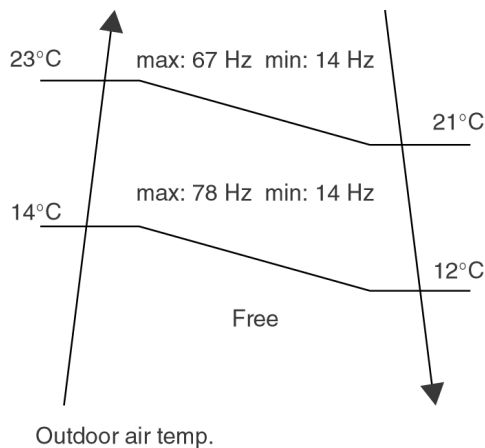
8.2.3.4. Overload Protection Control

The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to indoor heat exchanger temperature as shown in below figures.



8.2.3.5. Outdoor Temperature Control

- Outdoor temperature is detected and the following control is perform.
- Control operates after more than 1 minute the compressor has started.



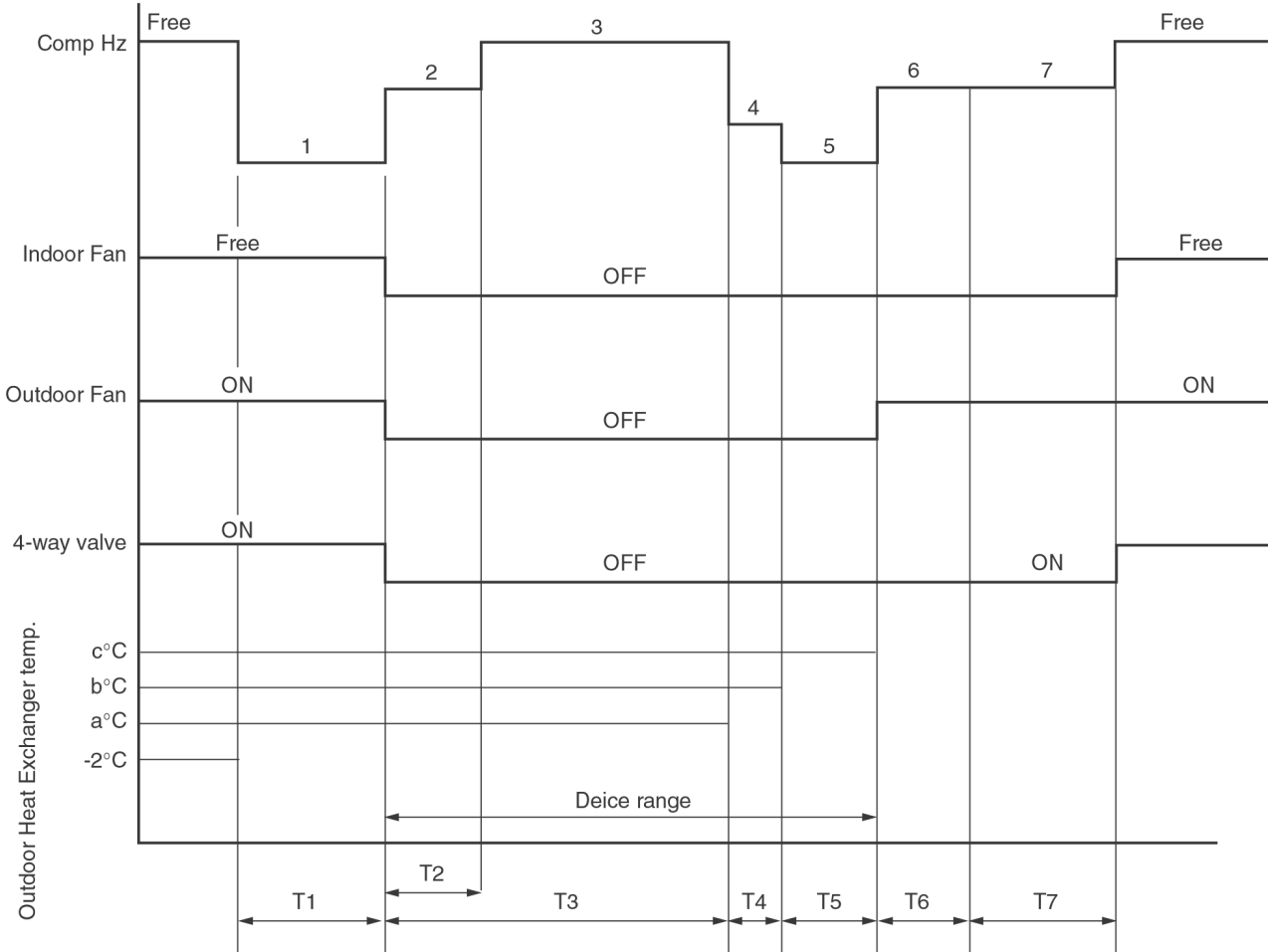
8.2.3.6. Deice Control

A. Deice operation (Normal Deice Operation)

1. Detection methods

Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor, timer.

2. Deice operation time chart



Notes

- During deice operation, as relationship for outdoor piping temperature and time T5, the priority given to the condition which is first fulfilled and shift to the next mode.
- First deice after operation restricted to 60 min. & above.
- No restart operation if compressor OFF for sequence No. 1~7.
(Instantaneous, restart)

Sequence range	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Time	120 s	30 s	max 10 min. 30 s		max: 30 s	59 s	0 s
Frequency (Hz)	40	62	67	40	40	0	0
Indoor fan	FREE	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Outdoor fan	650 rpm	OFF			OFF	ON	650 rpm
4-way valve	ON	OFF			OFF	OFF	OFF

Outdoor heat exchanger temperature

a	15°C
b	18°C
c	25°C

3. Explanation of operation

- 1) At the deice starting signal, the compressor frequency is set to the value as previously mentioned.
- 2) At 120 sec. after deice starting signal generated, 4 way valve OFF and at the same time outdoor fan is OFF, indoor fan is OFF, compressor frequency is set to the previously mentioned value.
- 3) Within 30 sec. after the 4 way valve OFF, the compressor frequency is set to the previously mentioned value.
- 4) If the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is above a°C, the compressor frequency is set to the value as previously mentioned.
- 5) After the compressor frequency is changed according to the item 4), in case either outdoor heat exchanger temperature more than b°C or 10.5 minutes lapsed after 4 way valve OFF is fulfilled, 30 sec. calculation start.
- 6) After 5) operated, if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is more than c°C or 30 sec. lapsed, deice operation completion signal transmit, the compressor frequency is set to the previously mentioned value. And timing ON signal transmit on outdoor FM.
- 7) After 59 sec. lapsed after deice operation completion signal generated, 4 way valve/indoor fan is ON, compressor frequency become FREE, and recover to normal heating operation.

4. Deice operation judgement condition

When any of below a, b, c, d condition is satisfied, deice signal is produced.

- a. Continuously, outdoor heat exchanger temperature < 3°C for 120 minutes and outdoor heat exchanger temperature < -6°C for 3 minutes and outdoor air temperature > -1°C and Comp. is ON.
- b. Continuously, outdoor heat exchanger temperature < 3°C for 80 minutes and outdoor heat exchanger temperature < -7°C for 3 minutes and outdoor air temperature > -1°C and Comp. is ON.
- c. Continuously, outdoor heat exchanger temperature < 3°C for 40 minutes and outdoor heat exchanger temperature < -9°C for 3 minutes and outdoor air temperature > -3°C and Comp. is ON.
- d. Continuously, outdoor heat exchanger temperature < 3°C for 40 minutes and outdoor heat exchanger temperature < -11°C for 3 minutes and outdoor air temperature > -3°C and Comp. is ON.

However, the first deice will start only after minimum of 60 minutes in operation.

(2nd deice and onward shall follow above conditions)

9 Operating Instructions

1 PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Your device can ...

- COOL** Cooling
- HEAT** Heating
- DRY** Dehumidifying
- FAN** Air circulation

1.1 Outdoor Unit

- Air intake
- Air outlet
- Piping, connecting cable
- Filters under front panel, see page 43

1.2 Indoor Unit

- Direction louver
- Ionizer
- Fluorescent lights may interfere with signal transmission
- DO NOT TOUCH
- 0-10m

Indicator & Auto operation button

Under front panel

- Compressor: on/off
- «ion»
- «POWER ON»
- «QUIET»
- «TIMER»

1.3 Remote Control

If Remote Control malfunctions/ is misplaced...

- 1 Open front panel
- 2 Press to START >>
- 3 Press again to STOP >>

see page 41

- 41 Set TEMPERATURE
- 42 Activate
- 41 Select MODE (AUTO•HEAT, COOL•DRY•FAN)
- 42 Activate « QUIET »
- 42 TIMER functions
- 45 Check Malfunction code

see page 42

- 42 Switch OFF/ON of the device
- 42 Very fast cooling/heating
- 42 Select Fan Speed
- 42 Select air flow direction
- 44 Set CLOCK

Open Memory reset!

Find on page

OPERATION

START

Press button

Switch on



AUTO

Automatic

Select...

min. 16 °C
max. 30 °C



Based on the outdoor, indoor and setting temperature, the system automatically chooses.

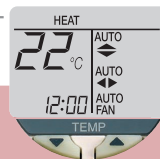
COOL
DRY
HEAT

HEAT

Heating

Select...

min. 16 °C
max. 30 °C



Choose the right temperature to be comfortably warm!

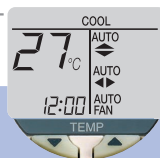
Recommended: **-20...24 °C**

COOL

Cooling

Select...

min. 16 °C
max. 30 °C



Choose the right temperature to be comfortably cool!

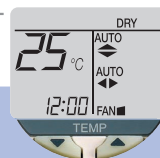
Recommended: **26...28 °C**

DRY

Dehumidifying

Select...

min. 16 °C
max. 30 °C



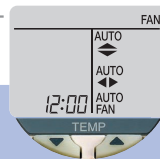
Very gentle cooling and dehumidifying operation.

Recommended: Room temperature **-1-2 °C**

FAN

Air circulation

Select...



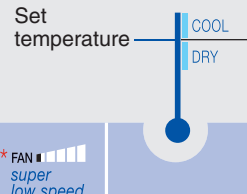
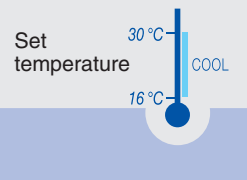
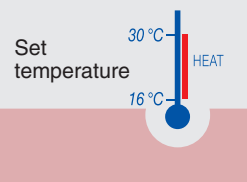
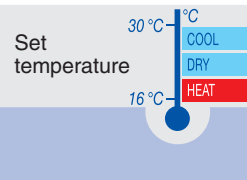
Fan operation, to circulate air in the room.

Switch off



STOP

Automatic Internal Function



* FAN ■■■
super
low speed

* automatic during dehumidifying (DRY)

Additional comfort

44



PREPARATIONS

45



TROUBLE-SHOOTING

46



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

43



HELPFUL INFORMATION

Press button

Air Flow

Direction / volume
Select automatic / manual

Vertical direction: COOL / AUTO, HEAT / AUTO, AUTO, 1-5
Horizontal direction: COOL / AUTO, HEAT / AUTO, AUTO, 1-5
Fan speed (air volume): AUTO FAN, FAN SPEED

TIMER Operation

ON Timer: Select, Set time, Confirm
OFF Timer: Set time, Confirm
ON & OFF Timer: Set time, Confirm

ON/OFF Timers: Active every day, cancel

Current time OK? → Setting : page 44
Start before 'ON' time ▶ Max 35 Min For your comfort

QUIET Operation

Provide quiet operation

Air flow sound \approx 3dB

Air flow sound will reduce during operation

IONIZER

Produce negative ion for fresh air

ON/OFF: Activate / Deactivate

Air-conditioner: ON (Provide negative ion during operation), OFF (Provide negative ion with FAN operation)

If Blinking: press twice (Still Blinking - Call Service)

POWERFUL

Fast cooling/heating

ON/OFF: Activate / Deactivate

Automatic Internal Function

Set temperature

Start: + (3.5 °C) HEAT, - (1 °C) DRY, - (2 °C) COOL
20 min.

CARE & CLEANING



Indoor Unit



Wipe gently

Filters



*
**



Soaps



Neutral household
detergents
(≈pH7)



Benzine / Thinner



Scouring
powder



Front Panel



Wash gently.. + dry



Ionizer



Remove



Reinstall



every 6 months



Open manually



Clean with
cotton bud



Purifying filters

every 6 months



Remove



Vacuum refresh

Part No
CZ-SF70P
CZ-SFD72P

REPLACE every 3 years!



Expose to direct sunlight

6 hrs



Reinstall



Air filters

every 2 weeks



Remove



Vacuum



Wash



Dry



Damaged -> replace!



Reinstall

* Catechin


** Triple Deodorizing Filter



DIRTY FILTERS cause: unpurified air, low cooling/heating capacity, more unpleasant smells, higher energy consumption!

HELPFUL INFORMATION



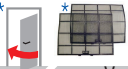
Automatic Operation

AUTO  If remote control malfunctions / is misplaced ▶ see page 40

Thunder / Lightning

Built-in surge protection, BUT UNPLUG in case of very strong lightning!

Save cost

≈ -10%    * Better performance!



Use... **QUIET!** **TIMER!** ▶ see page 44


Power Failure

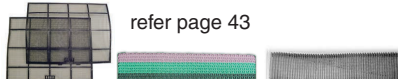
When power resume

3-4 Min.	Random restart automatically
✓ MODE	Restored
✗ TIMER	Deleted -> set again!


PREPARATIONS

 Press button
 Plug/breaker

 Installation: see enclosed installation instruction!

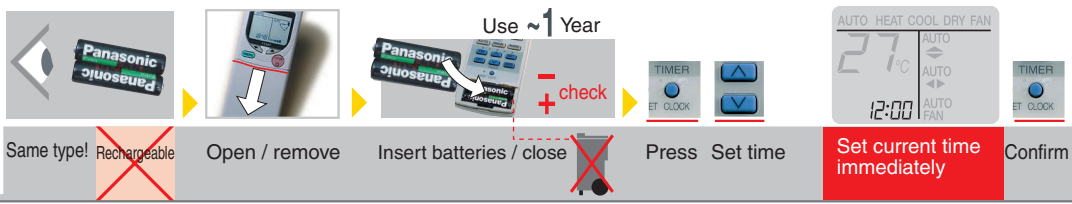
 refer page 43

Indoor Unit



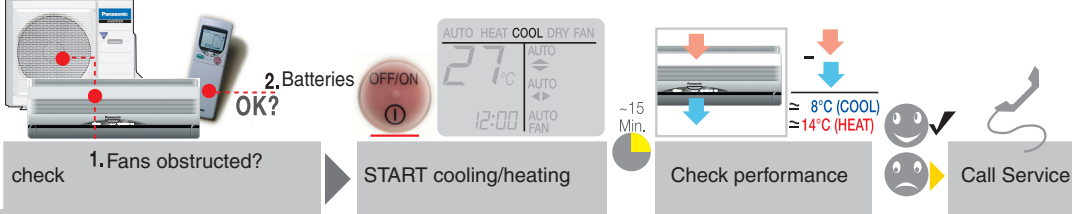
OPEN front panel
Remove AIR filters
Place PURIFYING filters
Place AIR filters
CLOSE front Panel
Plug in

Insert batteries
Set Clock



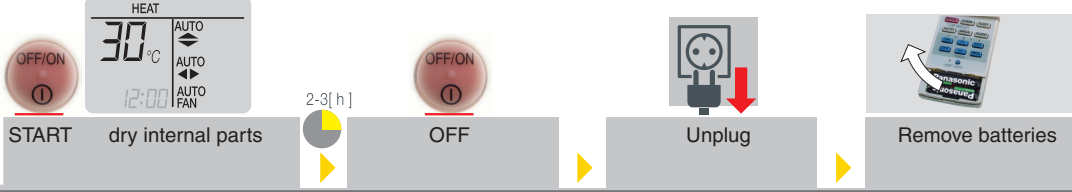
Same type! ~~Rechargeable~~
Open / remove
Insert batteries / close ~~check~~
Press
Set time
Set current time immediately
Confirm

Pre-season inspection



check
1. Fans obstructed?
START cooling/heating
Check performance
Call Service

For extended non-operation



START
dry internal parts
OFF
Unplug
Remove batteries

Recommended Inspections

After several seasons and due to operational conditions, performance may be reduced by dust or there may be unpleasant smells.

▶ Consult an authorized distributor for inspection!



TROUBLESHOOTING

OK?

✓ No problem

- 1 It sounds like water flowing... ▶ Caused by refrigerant flow inside ✓
- 2 Mist seems to emerge from the indoor unit ▶ Condensation effect due to cooling ✓
- 3 Outdoor unit emits water/steam ▶ Condensed moisture due to defrosting ✓
- 4 Delayed air discharging ▶ At COOL, SOFT DRY (Auto Fan Speed): Prevent odours smell from blowing out ✓
▶ At HEAT (POWER LED flashes): Prevent cold air from blowing out ✓
- 5 Function stops suddenly ▶ At COOL, SOFT DRY (Auto Fan Speed): Function interruptions to the internal temp. measurement ✓
▶ At HEAT (POWER LED flashes): Iced up outer device is defrosted (approx. 10 min.) ✓



- 1 Remote control/display doesn't work ▶ Batteries empty? ▶ Batteries correctly inserted? See page 44
- 2 No Operation ▶ Circuit breaker tripped? ▶ Power plug OK? ▶ TIMER used correctly?
- 3 Noise too loud ▶ Installation work slanted? ▶ Front grille/panel closed properly?
- 4 Cooling/heating efficiency low ▶ Temperature set correctly? ▶ Windows/doors closed? ▶ Filters cleaned/replaced?
▶ Outdoor unit obstructed? ▶ Intake/outlet ventilators obstructed?

In case of...

- Abnormal noise during operation
- Water / foreign particles have entered the Remote Control
- Water leak from Indoor Unit
- Switches / buttons do not operate properly
- Circuit breaker switches off frequently
- Power plug / cord become unnaturally warm

• «TIMER» flashes



1.press 5 sec.

2.search code

if 4x beep



=Code (H23/H26/H27/H28)

* Emergency operation (limited function)



TURN OFF/UNPLUG



CALL authorized distributor

* 1. Press MODE - 2. Select COOL/HEAT - 3. Press OFF/ON



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Before operating, read the safety precautions thoroughly

EMERGENCY!

SOS Immediately isolate from the mains supply (e.g. if there is a smell of burning)

Use only for...

COOL Cooling **FAN** Air circulation

HEAT Heating NEVER use this unit for purposes other than those listed in these Operating Instructions. In particular, do not use it for the preservation of food.

DRY Dehumidifying

Installation

- NEVER install, remove or reinstall yourself Engage dealer / specialist
- NOT in potentially explosive atmosphere Connect drain hose properly

Mains connection

Engage dealer / specialist for mains connection including...

- Used connectors / breakers easy reachable! NEVER shared
- Connect protective earth! Plug in properly

Australia (AS) Standard
The appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm person without supervision. Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

United Kingdom (GB) Standard
Replacement or installation of power plugs shall be performed by authorised/qualified personnel only. The wires in this mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

L		live	brown
N		neutral	blue
E		earth	green- yellow
		Terminals	wires colours

Operation

- NEVER use the plug to switch on/off
- Do NOT stay long in the stream of cold air
- Do NOT operate with wet hands
- Ventilate the room periodically
- NEVER modify / damage mains cables / connectors
- Do NOT pull out the plug by the cable
- Place nothing on the unit --> covered openings may cause overheating
- Do NOT insert finger or other objects into the unit! --> especially dangerous for children!
- Unused for a long time? --> OFF / unplug

If the supply cord is damaged or needed to be replaced, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or its service agent or a similarly qualified person in order to avoid a hazard.



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS & FEATURES

refer page

Defects

Defect / suspicion of defect? → Attend defects before use!



Do NOT repair yourself



Engage dealer / specialist

Cleaning



OFF and unplug (connector or breaker)



Do NOT wash!

Waste disposal



Uninstalling and disposal of the unit ONLY by dealer / specialist



Packaging recyclable

Indoor Unit Outdoor Unit Wet Bulb Temperature Dry Bulb



Operational Condition

	min	max		min	max
°C	11	23	Cooling	16	32
°C	11	26		16	43
°C	-	-	Heating	16	30
°C	-6	18		-5	24



Illuminating button: convenient in the dark!

40



Automatic Operation: indoor temp. is gauged to select the optimum mode

41



Ionizer Mode: produce negative ion for fresh air

42



Quiet Mode: to provide quiet operation

42



Powerful Mode: reaches the desired room temperature quickly

42



Auto Restart Control: After power failure, restart automatically when power resume

43



Removable Front Panel: for quick and easy cleaning, washable

43



Catechin Filter: Trapping dust, tobacco, smoke / tiny particles, it inhibits the growth of bacteria/ viruses

43 / 44



Triple Deodorizing Filter: Absorb odours produced by wall paper, construction material and living environment

43 / 44



Environmental friendly (Refrigerant R410A model): Zero ozone depleting and low global warming potential

Manufactured by:

MATSUSHITA INDUSTRIAL CORP. SDN.BHD.
Lot 2, Persiaran Tengku Ampuan, Section 21, Shah Alam
Industrial Site Selangor, Malaysia

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
web site: <http://www.panasonic.co.jp/global/>

TSM SUCCESS MANUAL® - safe to use - easy to understand due to TSM® - Total Security Management and ergonomic communication® -060203 by SEV-ASE



This TSM SUCCESS MANUAL® has been examined by SEV for conformity with the safety relevant standards, and has been analysed by an application oriented risk analysis for the completeness and correctness of the indications for a safe use of the appliance. Thereby we assume a use with which can be reckoned based on commonsense.

10 Installation And Servicing Air Conditioner Using R410A

10.1. OUTLINE

10.1.1. About R410A Refrigerant

1. Converting air conditioners to R410A

Since it was declared in 1974 that chlorofluorocarbons (CFC), hydro chlorofluorocarbons (HCFC) and other substances pose a destructive danger to the ozone layer in the earth's upper stratosphere (20 to 40 km above the earth), measures have been taken around the world to prevent this destruction.

The R22 refrigerant which has conventionally been used in ACs is an HCFC refrigerant and, therefore, possesses this ozone-destroying potential. International regulations (the Montreal Protocol on Ozone-Damaging Substances) and the domestic laws of various countries call for the early substitution of R22 by a refrigerant which will not harm the ozone layer.

- In ACs, the HFC refrigerant which has become the mainstream alternative is called R410A. Compared with R22, the pressure of R410A is approximately 1.6 times as high at the same refrigerant temperature, but the energy efficiency is about the same. Consisting of hydrogen (H), fluorine (F) and carbon (C), R410A is an HFC refrigerant. Another typical HFC refrigerant is R407C. While the energy efficiency of R407C is somewhat inferior to that of R410A, it offers the advantage of having pressure characteristics which are about the same as those of R22, and is used mainly in packaged ACs.

2. The characteristics of HFC (R410A) refrigerants

a. Chemical characteristics

The chemical characteristics of R410A are similar to those of R22 in that both are chemically stable, non-flammable refrigerants with low toxicity.

However, just like R22, the specific gravity of R410A gas is heavier than that of air. Because of this, it can cause an oxygen deficiency if it leaks into a closed room since it collects in the lower area of the room. It also generates toxic gas when it is directly exposed to a flame, so it must be used in a well ventilated environment where it will not collect.

Table 1 Physical comparison of R410A and R22

	R410A	R22
Composition (wt%)	R32/R125 (50/50)	R22 (100)
Boiling point (°C)	-51.4	-40.8
Vaporizing pressure (25°C)	1.56 Mpa (15.9 kgf/cm ²)	0.94 Mpa (9.6 kgf/cm ²)
Saturated vapor density	64.0 kg/m ³	44.4 kg/m ³
Flammability	Non-flammable	Non-flammable
Ozone-destroying point (ODP)	0	0.055
Global-warming point (GWP)	1730	1700

b. Compositional change (pseudo-azeotropic characteristics)

R410A is a pseudo-azeotropic mixture comprising the two components R32 and R125. Multi-component refrigerants with these chemical characteristics exhibit little compositional change even from phase changes due to vaporization (or condensation), which means that there is little change in the circulating refrigerant composition even when the refrigerant leaks from the gaseous section of the piping.

Accordingly, R410A can be handled in almost the same manner as the single-component refrigerant R22. However, when charging, because there is a slight change in composition between the gas phase and the liquid phase inside a cylinder or other container, charging should basically begin with the liquid side.

c. Pressure characteristics

As seen in Table 2, the gas pressure of R410A is approximately 1.6 times as high as that of R22 at the same refrigerant temperature, which means that special R410A tools and materials with high-pressure specifications must be used for all refrigerant piping work and servicing.

Table 2 Comparison of R410A and R22 saturated vapor density

Refrigerant Temperature (°C)	Unit: MPa	
	R410A	R22
-20	0.30	0.14
0	0.70	0.40
20	1.35	0.81
40	2.32	1.43
60	3.73	2.33
65	4.15	2.60

d. R410A refrigerating machine oil

Conventionally, mineral oil or a synthetic oil such as alkylbenzene has been used for R22 refrigerating machine oil. Because of the poor compatibility between R410A and conventional oils like mineral oil, however, there is a tendency for the refrigerating machine oil to collect in the refrigerating cycle. For this reason, polyester and other synthetic oils which have a high compatibility with R410A are used as refrigerating machine oil.

Because of the high hygroscopic property of synthetic oil, more care must be taken in its handling than was necessary with conventional refrigerating machine oils. Also, these synthetic oils will degrade if mixed with mineral oil or alkylbenzene, causing clogging in capillary tubes or compressor malfunction. Do not mix them under any circumstances.

10.1.2. Safety Measures When Installing/Serviceing Refrigerant Piping

Cause the gas pressure of R410A is approximately 1.6 times as high as that of R22, a mistake in installation or servicing could result in a major accident. It is essential that you use R410A tools and materials, and that you observe the following precautions to ensure safety.

1. Do not use any refrigerant other than R410A in ACs that have been used with R410A.
2. If any refrigerant gas leaks while you are working, ventilate the room. Toxic gas may be generated if refrigerant gas is exposed to a direct flame.
3. When installing or transferring an AC, do not allow any air or substance other than R410A to mix into the refrigeration cycle. If it does, the pressure in the refrigeration cycle can become abnormally high, possibly causing an explosion and/or injury.
4. After finishing the installation, check to make sure there is no refrigerant gas leaking.
5. When installing or transferring an AC, follow the instructions in the installation instructions carefully. Incorrect installation can result in an abnormal refrigeration cycle or water leakage, electric shock, fire, etc.
6. Do not perform any alterations on the AC unit under any circumstances. Have all repair work done by a specialist. Incorrect repairs can result in a water leakage, electric shock, fire, etc.

10.2. TOOLS FOR INSTALLING/SERVICING REFRIGERANT PIPING

10.2.1. Necessary Tools

In order to prevent an R410A AC from mistakenly being charged with any other refrigerant, the diameter of the 3-way valve service port on the outdoor unit has been changed. Also, to increase its ability to withstand pressure, the opposing dimensions have been changed for the refrigerant pipe flaring size and flare nut. Accordingly, when installing or servicing refrigerant piping, you must have both the R410A and ordinary tools listed below.

Table 3 Tools for installation, transferring or replacement

Type of work	Ordinary tools	R410A tools
Flaring	Flaring tool (clutch type), pipe cutter, reamer	Copper pipe gauge for clearance Adjustment, flaring tool (clutch type)*1)
Bending, connecting pipes	Torque wrench (nominal diameter 1/4, 3/8, 1/2). Fixed spanner (opposing sides 12 mm, 17 mm, 19 mm). Adjustable wrench, Spring bender	
Air purging	Vacuum pump. Hexagonal wrench (opposing sides 4 mm)	Manifold gauge, charging hose, vacuum pump adaptor
Gas leak inspection	Gas leak inspection fluid or soapy water	Electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant*2)

*1) You can use the conventional (R22) flaring tool. If you need to buy a new tool, buy the R410A type.

*2) Use when it is necessary to detect small gas leaks.

For other installation work, you should have the usual tools, such as screwdrivers (+,-), a metal-cutting saw, an electrical drill, a hole core drill (65 or 70 dia.), a tape measure, a level, a thermometer, a clamp meter, an insulation tester, a voltmeter, etc.

Table 4 Tools for serving

Type of work	Ordinary tools	R410A tools
Refrigerant charging		Electronic scale for refrigerant charging. Refrigerant cylinder. Charging orifice and packing for refrigerant cylinder
Brazing (Replacing refrigerating cycle part*1)	Nitrogen blow set (be sure to use nitrogen blowing for all brazing), and brazing machine	

*1) Always replace the dryer of the outdoor unit at the same time. The replacement dryer is wrapped in a vacuum pack. Replace it last among the refrigerating cycle parts. Start brazing as soon as you have opened the vacuum pack, and begin the vacuuming operation within 2 hours.

10.2.2. R410A Tools

1. Copper tube gauge for clearance adjustment
(used when flaring with the conventional flaring tool (clutch type))

- This gauge makes it easy to set the clearance for the copper tube to 1.0-1.5 mm from the clamp bar of the flaring tool.

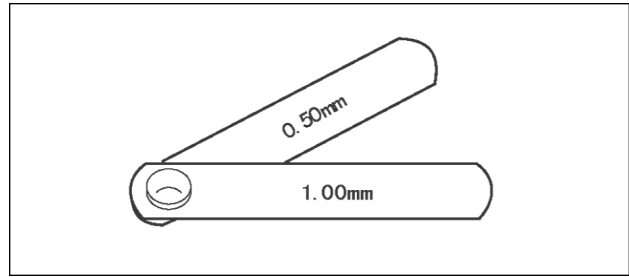


Fig. 1 Copper tube gauge for clearance adjustment

2. Flaring tool (clutch type)

- In the R410A flaring tool, the receiving hole for the clamp bar is enlarged so the clearance from the clamp bar can be set to 0-0.5 mm, and the spring inside the tool is strengthened to increase the strength of the pipe-expanding torque. This flaring tools can also be used with R22 piping, so we recommend that you select it if you are buying a new flaring tool.

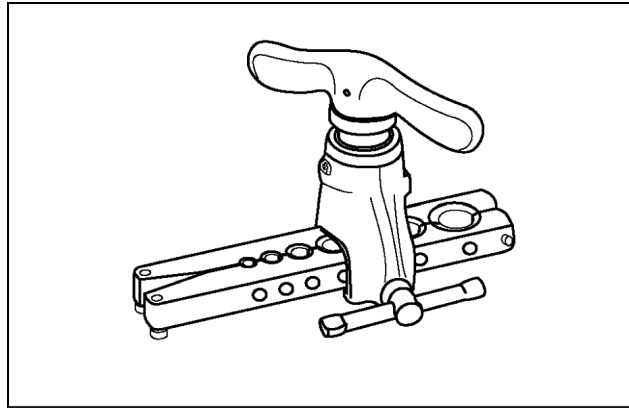


Fig. 2 Flaring tool (clutch type)

3. Torque wrenches

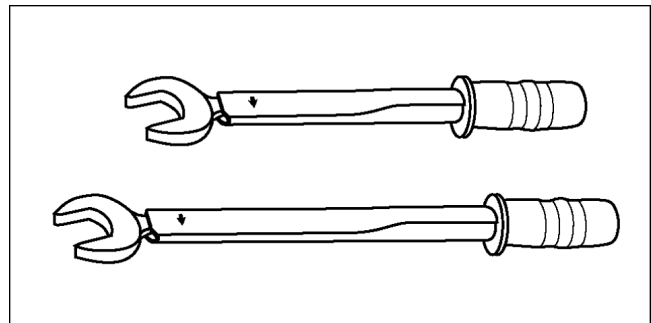


Fig. 3 Torque wrenches

Table 5

	Conventional wrenches	R410A wrenches
For 1/4 (opposite side x torque)	17 mm x 18 N.m (180 kgf.cm)	17 mm x 18 N.m (180 kgf.cm)
For 3/8 (opposite side x torque)	22 mm x 42 N.m (420 kgf.cm)	22 mm x 42 N.m (420 kgf.cm)
For 1/2 (opposite side x torque)	24 mm x 55 N.m (550 kgf.cm)	26 mm x 55 N.m (550 kgf.cm)

4. Manifold gauge

- Because the pressure is higher for the R410A type, the conventional type cannot be used.

Table 6 Difference between R410A and conventional high / low-pressure gauges

	Conventional gauges	R410A gauges
High-pressure gauge (red)	-76 cmHg - 35 kgf/cm ³	-0.1 - 5.3 Mpa -76 cmHg - 53 kgf/cm ³
Low-pressure gauge (blue)	-76 cmHg - 17 kgf/cm ³	-0.1 - 3.8 Mpa -76 cmHg - 38 kgf/cm ³

- The shape of the manifold ports has been changed to prevent the possibility of mistakenly charging with another type of refrigerant.

Table 7 Difference between R410A and conventional manifold port size

	Conventional gauges	R410A gauges
Port size	7/16 UNF 20 threads	1/2 UNF 20 threads

5. Charging hose

- The pressure resistance of the charging hose has been raised to match the higher pressure of R410A. The hose material has also been changed to suit HFC use, and the size of the fitting has been changed to match the manifold ports.

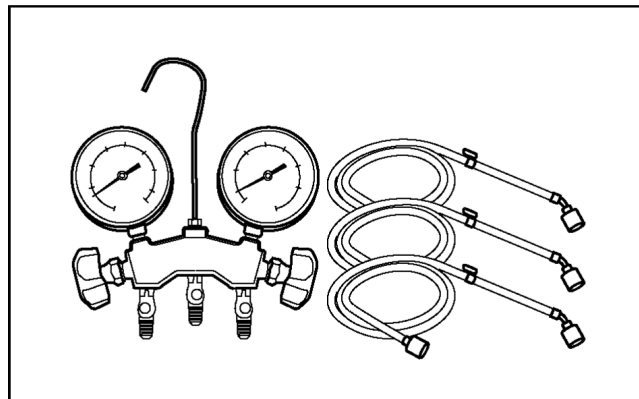


Fig. 4 Manifold gauge charging hose

Table 8 Difference between R410A and conventional charging hoses

		Conventional hoses	R410A hoses
Pressure resistance	Working pressure	3.4 MPa (35 kgf/cm ³)	5.1 MPa (52 kgf/cm ³)
	Bursting pressure	17.2 MPa (175 kgf/cm ³)	27.4 MPa (280 kgf/cm ³)
Material		NBR rubber	HNBR rubber Nylon coating inside

6. Vacuum pump adaptor

- When using a vacuum pump for R410A, it is necessary to install an electromagnetic valve to prevent the vacuum pump oil from flowing back into the charging hose. The vacuum pump adaptor is installed for that purpose. If the vacuum pump oil (mineral oil) becomes mixed with R410A, it will damage the unit.

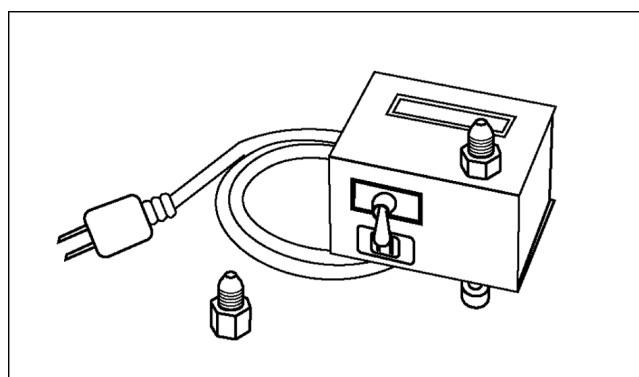


Fig. 5 Vacuum pump adaptor

7. Electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant

- The leak detector and halide torch that were used with CFC and HCFC cannot be used with R410A (because there is no chlorine in the refrigerant).
- The present R134a leak detector can be used, but the detection sensitivity will be lower (setting the sensitivity for R134a at 1, the level for R410A will drop to 0.6).
- For detecting small amounts of gas leakage, use the electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant. (Detection sensitivity with R410A is about 23 g/year).

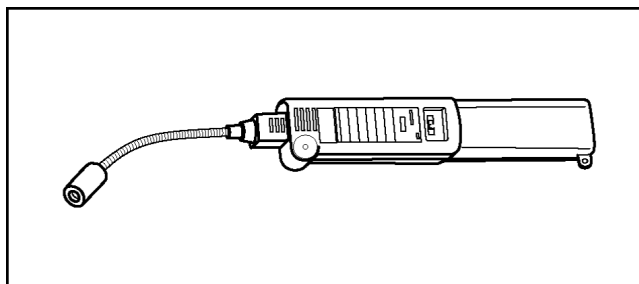


Fig. 6 Electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant

8. Electronic scale for refrigerant charging

- Because of the high pressure and fast vaporizing speed of R410A, the refrigerant cannot be held in a liquid phase inside the charging cylinder when charging is done using the charging cylinder method, causing bubbles to form in the measurement scale glass and making it difficult to see the reading. (Naturally, the conventional R22 charging cylinder cannot be used because of the differences in the pressure resistance, scale gradation, connecting port size, etc.)
- The electronic scale has been strengthened by using a structure in which the weight detector for the refrigerant cylinder is held by four supports. It is also equipped with two connection ports, one for R22 (7/16 UNF, 20 threads) and one for R410A (1/2 UNF, 20 threads), so it can also be used for conventional refrigerant charging.
- There are two types of electronic scales, one for 10-kg cylinders and one for 20-kg cylinders. (The 10-kg cylinder is recommended.)

Refrigerant charging is done manually by opening and closing the valve.

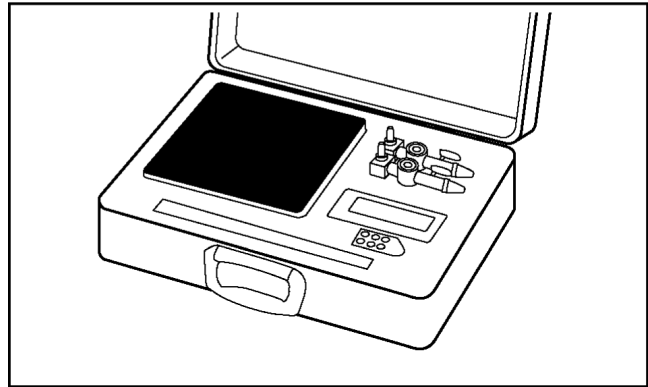


Fig. 7 Electronic scale for refrigerant charging

9. Refrigerant cylinders

- The R410A cylinders are labeled with the refrigerant name, and the coating color of the cylinder protector is pink, which is the color stipulated by ARI of the U.S.
- Cylinders equipped with a siphon tube are available to allow the cylinder to stand upright for liquid refrigerant charging.

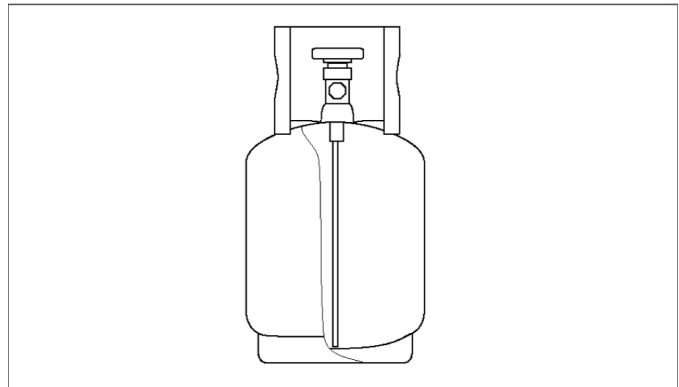


Fig. 8 Refrigerant cylinders

10. Charging orifice and packing for refrigerant cylinders

- The charging orifice must match the size of the charging hose fitting (1/2 UNF, 20 threads).
- The packing must also be made of an HFC-resistant material.

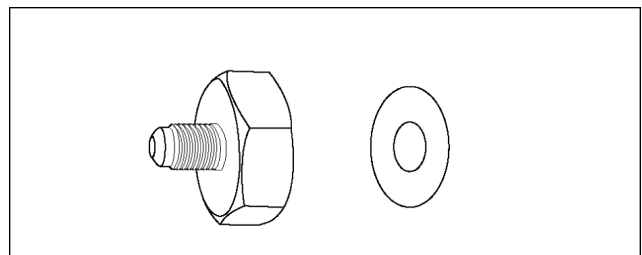


Fig. 9 Charging orifice and packing

10.2.3. R410A Tools Which Are Usable for R22 Models

Table 9 R410A tools which are usable for R22 models

	R410A tools	Usable for R22 models
(1)	Copper tube gauge for clearance adjustment	OK
(2)	Flaring tool (clutch type)	OK
(3)	Manifold gauge	NG
(4)	Charging hose	NG
(5)	Vacuum pump adaptor	OK
(6)	Electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant	NG
(7)	Electronic scale for refrigerant charging	OK
(8)	Refrigerant cylinder	NG
(9)	Charging orifice and packing for refrigerant cylinder	NG

10.3. REFRIGERANT PIPING WORK

10.3.1. Piping Materials

It is recommended that you use copper and copper alloy jointless pipes with a maximum oil adherence of 40 mg/10m. Do not use pipes that are crushed, deformed, or discolored (especially the inside surface). If these inferior pipes are used, impurities may clog the expansion valves or capillaries.

Because the pressure of ACs using R410A is higher than those using R22, it is essential that you select materials that are appropriate for these standards.

The thickness of the copper tubing used for R410A is shown in Table 10. Please be aware that tubing with a thickness of only 0.7 mm is also available on the market, but this should never be used.

Table 10 Copper tube thickness (mm)

Soft pipe		Thickness (mm)	
Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	R410A	(Reference) R22
1/4	6.35	0.80	0.80
3/8	9.52	0.80	0.80
1/2	12.7	0.80	0.80

10.3.2. Processing and Connecting Piping Materials

When working with refrigerant piping, the following points must be carefully observed: no moisture or dust must be allowed to enter the piping, and there must be no refrigerant leaks.

1. Procedure and precautions for flaring work

a. Cut the pipe

Use a pipe cutter, and cut slowly so the pipe will not be deformed.

b. Remove burrs and clean shavings from the cut surface

If the shape of the pipe end is poor after removing burrs, or if shavings adhere to the flared area, it may lead to refrigerant leaks.

To prevent this, turn the cut surface downward and remove burrs, then clean the surface, carefully.

c. Insert the flare nut (be sure to use the same nut that is used on the AC unit)

d. Flaring

Check the clamp bar and the cleanliness of the copper pipe.

Be sure to use the clamp bar to do the flaring with accuracy. Use either an R410A flaring tool, or a conventional flaring tool. Flaring tools come in different sizes, so be sure to check the size before using. When using a conventional flaring tool, use the copper pipe gauge for clearance adjustment, etc., to ensure the correct A dimension (see Fig. 10)

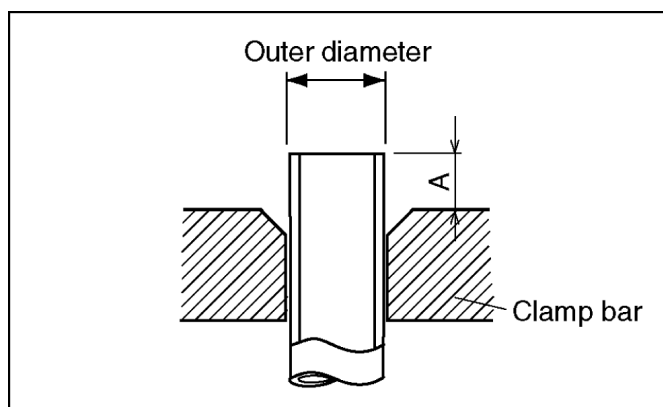


Fig. 10 Flaring dimensions

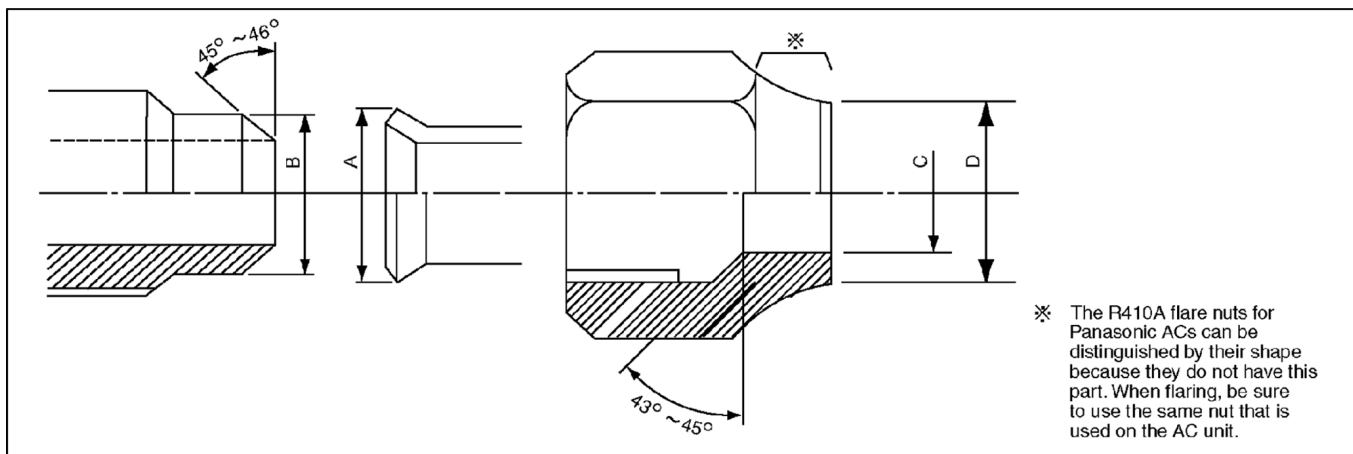


Fig. 11 Relation between the flare nut structure and flaring tool end

Table 11 R410A flaring dimensions

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)	A (mm)		
			R410A flaring tool, clutch type	Conventional flaring tool	
				Clutch type	Wing-nut type
1/4	6.35	0.8	0 - 0.5	1.0 - 1.5	1.5 - 2.0
3/8	9.52	0.8	0 - 0.5	1.0 - 1.5	1.5 - 2.0
1/2	12.70	0.8	0 - 0.5	1.0 - 1.5	2.0 - 2.5

Table 12 R22 flaring dimensions

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)	A (mm)		
			R410A flaring tool, clutch type	Conventional flaring tool	
				Clutch type	Wing-nut type
1/4	6.35	0.8	0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1.0	1.0 - 1.5
3/8	9.52	0.8	0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1.0	1.0 - 1.5
1/2	12.70	0.8	0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1.0	1.5 - 2.0

Table 13 R410A flare and flare nut dimensions Unit: mm

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)	A +0, -0.4	B dimension	C dimension	D dimension	Flare nut width
1/4	6.35	0.8	9.1	9.2	6.5	13	17
3/8	9.52	0.8	13.2	13.5	9.7	20	22
1/2	12.70	0.8	16.6	16.0	12.9	23	26

Table 14 R22 flare and flare nut dimensions Unit: mm

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)	A +0, -0.4	B dimension	C dimension	D dimension	Flare nut width
1/4	6.35	0.8	9.0	9.2	6.5	13	17
3/8	9.52	0.8	13.0	13.5	9.7	20	22
1/2	12.70	0.8	16.2	16.0	12.9	20	24

2. Procedure and precautions for flare connection

- Check to make sure there is no scratches, dust, etc., on the flare and union.
- Align the flared surface with the axial center of the union.
- Use a torque wrench, and tighten to the specified torque. The tightening torque for R410A is the same as the conventional torque value for R22. Be careful, because if the torque is too weak, it may lead to a gas leak. If it is too strong, it may split the flare nut or make it impossible to remove the flare nut.

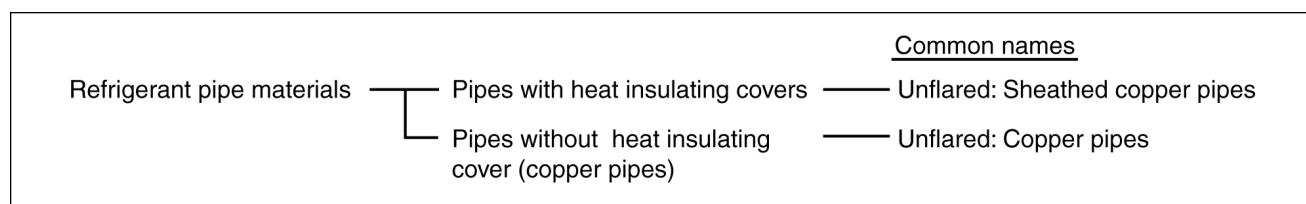
Table 15 R410A tightening torque

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Tightening torque N.m (kgf.cm)	Torque wrench tightening torque N.m (kgf.cm)
1/4	6.35	14 - 18 (140 - 180)	18 (180)
3/8	9.52	33 - 42 (330 - 420)	42 (420)
1/2	12.70	55 (550)	55 (550)

10.3.3. Storing and Managing Piping Materials

1. Types of piping and their storage

The following is a general classification of the refrigerant pipe materials used for ACs.



Because the gas pressure of R410A is approximately 1.6 times as high as that of R22, copper pipes with the thickness shown in Table 10, and with minimal impurities must be used. Care must also be taken during storage to ensure that pipes are not crushed, deformed, or scratched, and that no dust, moisture or other substance enters the pipe interior. When storing sheathed copper pipes or plain copper pipes, seal the openings by pinching or taping them securely.

2. Makings and management

a. Sheathed copper pipes and copper-element pipes

When using these pipes, check to make sure that they are the stipulated thickness. For flare nuts, be sure to use the same nut that is used on the AC unit.

b. Copper pipes

Use only copper pipes with the thickness given in table 10, and with minimal impurities. Because the surface of the pipe is exposed, you should take special care, and also take measures such as marking the pipes to make sure they are easily distinguished from other piping materials, to prevent mistaken use.

3. Precautions during refrigerant piping work

Take the following precautions on-site when connecting pipes. (Keep in mind that the need to control the entry of moisture and dust is even more important than in conventional piping).

- Keep the open ends of all pipes sealed until connection with AC equipment is complete.
- Take special care when doing piping work on rainy days. The entering of moisture will degrade the refrigerating machine oil, and lead to malfunctions in the equipment.
- Complete all pipe connections in as short a time as possible. If the pipe must be left standing for a long time after removing the seal, it must be thoroughly purged with nitrogen, or dried with a vacuum pump.

10.4. INSTALLATION, TRANSFERRING, SERVICING

10.4.1. Inspecting Gas Leaks with a Vacuum Pump for New Installations (Using New Refrigerant Piping)

- From the viewpoint of protecting the global environment, please do not release refrigerant into the atmosphere.
 - Connect the projecting side (pin-pushing side) of the charging hose for the manifold gauge to the service port of the 3-way valve. (1)
 - Fully open the handle Lo of the manifold gauge and run the vacuum pump. (2) (If the needle of the low-pressure gauge instantly reaches vacuum, re-check step a).)
 - Continue the vacuum process for at least 15 minutes, then check to make sure the low-pressure gauge has reached -0.1 MPa (-76 cmHg). Once the vacuum process has finished, fully close the handle Lo of the manifold gauge and stop the vacuum pump operation, then remove the charging hose that is connected to the vacuum pump adaptor. (Leave the unit in that condition for 1-2 minutes, and make sure that the needle of the manifold gauge does not return.) (2) and (3)
 - Turn the valve stem of the 2-way valve 90° counter-clockwise to open it, then, after 10 seconds, close it and inspect for a gas leak (4)
 - Remove the charging hose from the 3-way valve service port, then open both the 2-way valve and 3-way valve. (1) (4) (Turn the valve stem in the counter-clockwise direction until it gently makes contact. Do not turn it forcefully).
 - Tighten the service port cap with a torque wrench (18 N.m (1.8 kgf.m)). (5) Then tighten the 2-way valve and 3-way valve caps with a torque wrench (42 N.m (4.2 kgf.m)) or (55 N.m (5.5 kgf.m)). (6)
 - After attaching each of the caps, inspect for a gas leak around the cap area. (5) (6)

Precautions

- Be sure to read the instructions for the vacuum pump, vacuum pump adaptor and manifold gauge prior to use, and follow the instructions carefully.
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is filled with oil up to the designated line on the oil gauge.
- The gas pressure back flow prevention valve on the charging hose is generally open during use. When you are removing the charging hose from the service port, it will come off more easily if you close this valve.

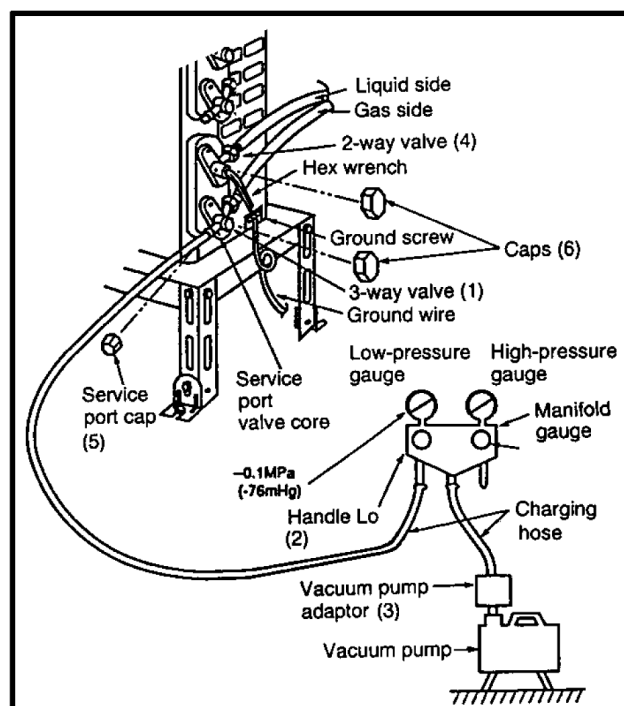


Fig. 12 Vacuum pump air purging configuration

10.4.2. Transferring (Using New Refrigerant Piping)

1. Removing the unit

a. Collecting the refrigerant into the outdoor unit by pumping down

The refrigerant can be collected into the outdoor unit (pumping down) by pressing the TEST RUN button, even when the temperature of the room is low.

- Check to make sure that the valve stems of the 2-way valve and 3-way valve have been opened by turning them counter-clockwise. (Remove the valve stem caps and check to see that the valve stems are fully opened position. Always use a hex wrench (with 4-mm opposing sides) to operate the valve stems.)
- Press the TEST RUN button on the indoor unit, and allow preliminary operation for 5-6 minutes. (TEST RUN mode)
- After stopping the operation, let the unit sit for about 3 minutes, then close the 2-way valve by turning the valve stem in the clockwise direction.
- Press the TEST RUN button on the indoor unit again, and after 2-3 minutes of operation, turn the valve stem of the 3-way valve quickly in the clockwise direction to close it, then stop the operation.
- Tighten the caps of the 2-way valve and 3-way valve to the stipulated torque.
- Remove the connection pipes (liquid side and gas side).

b. Removing the indoor and outdoor units.

- Disconnect the pipes and connecting electric cables from between the indoor and outdoor units.
- Put capped flare nuts onto all of the pipe connections of the indoor and outdoor units, to make sure no dust or other foreign matter enters.
- Remove the indoor and outdoor units.

2. Installing the unit

Install the unit using new refrigerant piping. Follow the instructions in section 4.1 to evacuate the pipes connecting the indoor and outdoor units, and the pipes of the indoor unit, and check for gas leaks.

10.4.3. AC Units Replacement (Using Existing Refrigerant Piping)

When replacing an R410A AC unit with another R410A AC unit, you should re-flare the refrigerant piping. Even though the replacement AC unit uses the R410A, problems occur when, for example, either the AC unit maker or the refrigerating machine oil is different.

When replacing an R22 AC unit with an R410A AC unit, the following checks and cleaning procedures are necessary but are difficult to do because of the chemical characteristics of the refrigerating machine oil (as described in items c) and d) of section **About R410A Refrigerant**). In this case, you should use new refrigerant piping rather than the existing piping.

1. Piping check

Because of the different pressure characteristics of R22 and R410A, the design pressure for the equipment is 1.6 times different. The wall thickness of the piping must comply with that shown in Table 10, but this is not easy to check. Also, even if the thickness is correct, there may be flattened or bent portions midway through the piping due to sharp curves. Buried sections of the piping also cannot be checked.

2. Pipe cleaning

A large quantity of refrigerating machine oil (mineral oil) adheres to existing pipes due to the refrigeration cycle circulation. If the pipes are used just as they are for the R410A cycle, the capacity will be lowered due to the incompatibility of this oil with the R410A, or irregularities may occur in the refrigeration cycle. For this reason, the piping must be thoroughly cleaned, but this is difficult with the present technology.

10.4.4. Refrigerant Compatibility (Using R410A Refrigerant in R22 ACs and Vice Versa)

Do not operate an existing R22 AC with the new R410A refrigerant. Doing so would result in improper functioning of the equipment or malfunction, and might lead to a major accident such as an explosion in the refrigeration cycle. Similarly, do not operate an R410A AC with R22 refrigerant. The chemical reaction between the refrigerating machine oil used in R410A ACs and the chlorine that is contained in R22 would cause the refrigerating machine oil to degrade and lead to malfunction.

10.4.5. Recharging Refrigerant During Servicing

When recharging is necessary, insert the specified amount of new refrigerant in accordance with the following procedure.

1. Connect the charging hose to the service port of the outdoor unit.
2. Connect the charging hose to the vacuum pump adaptor. At this time, fully open the 2-way valve and 3-way valve.
3. Fully open the handle Lo of the manifold gauge, turn on the power of the vacuum pump and continue the vacuum process for at least one hour.
4. Confirm that the low pressure gauge shows a reading of -0.1 Mpa (-76 cmHg), then fully close the handle Lo, and turn off the vacuum pump. Wait for 1-2 minutes, then check to make sure that the needle of the Low pressure gauge has not returned. See Fig. 13 for the remaining steps of this procedure.
5. Set the refrigerant cylinder onto the electronic scale, then connect the hose the cylinder and to the connection port for the electronic scale. (1)(2)

Precaution:

Be sure to set up the cylinder for liquid charging. If you use a cylinder equipped with a siphon tube, you can charge the liquid without having to turn the cylinder around

6. Remove the charging hose of the manifold gauge from the vacuum pump adaptor, and connect it to the connection port of the electronic scale. (2)(3)
7. Open the valve of the refrigerant cylinder, then open the charging valve slightly and close it. Next, press the check valve of the manifold gauge and purge the air. (2)(4) (Watch the liquid refrigerant closely at this point.)
8. After adjusting the electronic scale to zero, open the charging valve, then open the valve Lo of the manifold gauge and charge with the liquid refrigerant. (2)(5) (Be sure to read the operating instructions for the electronic scale.)
9. If you cannot charge the stipulated amount, operate the unit in the cooling mode while charging a little of the liquid at a time (about 150 g/time as a guideline). If the charging amount is insufficient from one operation, wait about one minute, then use the same procedure to do the liquid charging again.

Precaution:

Never use the gas side to allow a larger amount of liquid refrigerant to be charged while operating the unit.

10. Close the charging valve, and after charging the liquid refrigerant inside the charging hose, fully close the valve Lo of the manifold gauge, and stop the operation of the unit. (2)(5)
11. Quickly remove the charging hose from the service port. (6) If you stop midway through, the refrigerant that is in the cycle will be discharged.
12. After putting on the caps for the service port and operating valve, inspect around the caps for a gas leak. (6)(7)

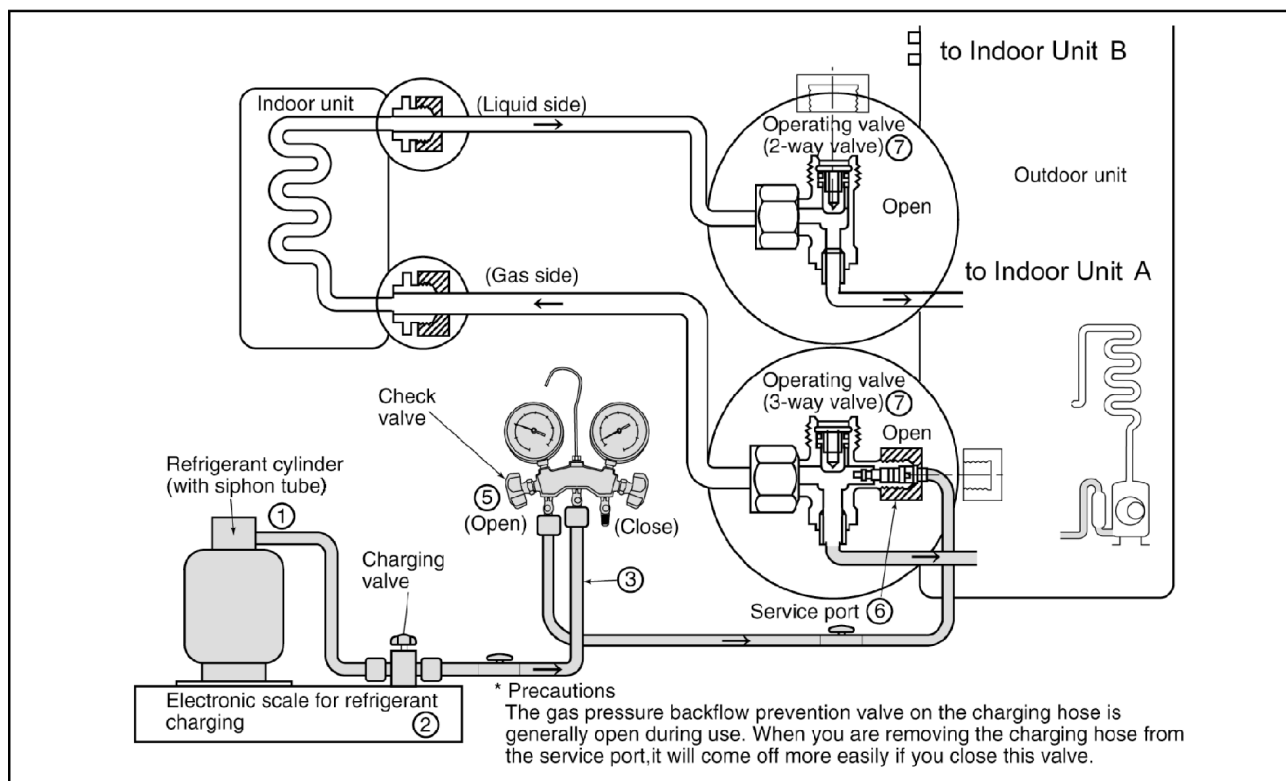


Fig. 13 Re-charging refrigerant

10.4.6. Brazing

As brazing requires sophisticated techniques and experiences, it must be performed by a qualified person.

In order to prevent the oxide film from occurring in the pipe interior during brazing, it is effective to proceed with brazing while letting dry nitrogen gas (N₂) flow.

<Brazing Method for Preventing Oxidation>

1. Attach a reducing valve to the nitrogen gas cylinder.
2. Apply a seal onto the clearance between the piping and inserted pipe for the nitrogen gas in order to prevent the nitrogen gas from flowing backward.
3. When the nitrogen gas is flowing, be sure to keep the piping end open.
4. Adjust the flow rate of nitrogen gas so that it is lower than 0.05 m³/h, or 0.02 MPa (0.2 kgf/cm²) by means of the reducing valve.
5. After taking the steps above, keep the nitrogen gas flowing until the piping cools down to a certain extent (i.e. temperature at which pipes are touchable with finger).
6. Completely remove the flux after brazing.

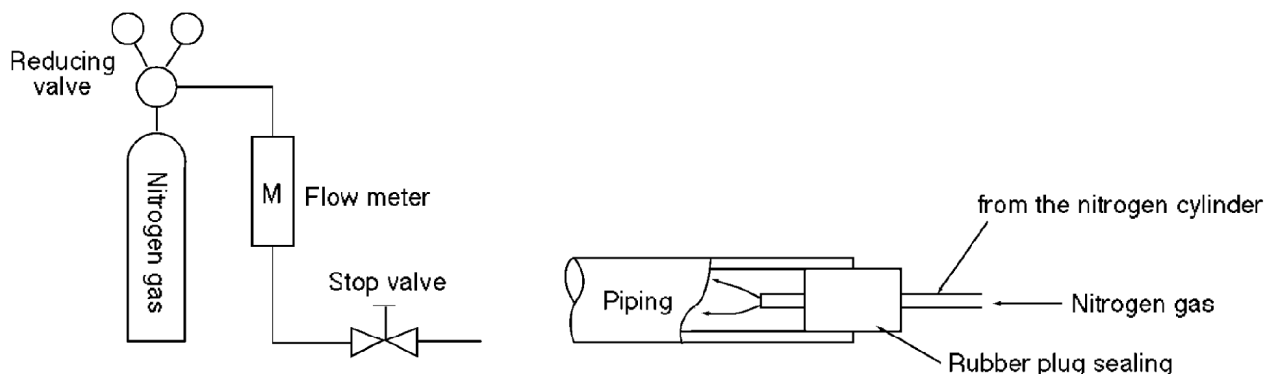


Fig. 14 Prevention of Oxidation during Brazing

Cautions during brazing

1. General Cautions

- a. The brazing strength should be high as required.
- b. After operation, airtightness should be kept under pressurized condition.
- c. During brazing do not allow component materials to become damaged due to overheating.
- d. The refrigerant pipe work should not become blocked with scale or flux.
- e. The brazed part should not restrict the flow in the refrigerant circuit.
- f. No corrosion should occur from the brazed part.

2. Prevention of Overheating

Due to heating, the interior and exterior surfaces of treated metal may oxidize. Especially, when the interior of the refrigerant circuit oxidizes due to overheating, scale occurs and stays in the circuit as dust, thus exerting a fatally adverse effect. So, make brazing at adequate brazing temperature and with minimum of heating area.

3. Overheating Protection

In order to prevent components near the brazed part from overheating damage or quality deterioration due to flame or heat, take adequate steps for protection such as (1) by shielding with a metal plate, (2) by using a wet cloth, and (3) by means of heat absorbent.

4. Movement during Brazing

Eliminate all vibration during brazing to protect brazed joints from cracking and breakage.

5. Oxidation Preventative

In order to improve the brazing efficiency, various types of antioxidant are available on the market. However, the constituents of these are widely varied, and some are anticipated to corrode the piping materials, or adversely affect HFC refrigerant, lubricating oil, etc. Exercise care when using an oxidation preventative.

10.4.7. Servicing Tips


The drier must also be replaced whenever replacing the refrigerant cycle parts. Replacing the refrigerant cycle parts first before replacing the drier. The drier is supplied in a vacuum pack. Perform brazing immediately after opening the vacuum pack, and then start the vacuum within two hours. In addition, the drier also needs to be replaced when the refrigerant has leaked completely. (Applicable for drier models only)


11 Installation Instructions

Required tools for Installation Works			
1. Philips screw driver	5. Spanner	9. Gas leak detector	13. Multimeter
2. Level gauge	6. Pipe cutter	10. Measuring tape	14. Torque wrench 18 N●m (1.8 kgf●m) 55 N●m (5.5 kgf●m) 65 N●m (6.5 kgf●m)
3. Electric drill, hole core drill (ø70 mm)	7. Reamer	11. Thermometer	15. Vacuum pump
4. Hexagonal wrench (4 mm)	8. Knife	12. Megameter	16. Gauge manifold


11.1. Safety Precautions

- Read the following “SAFETY PRECAUTIONS” carefully before installation.
- Electrical work must be installed by a licensed electrician. Be sure to use the correct rating of the power plug and main circuit for the model to be installed.
- The caution items stated here must be followed because these important contents are related to safety. The meaning of each indication used is as below. Incorrect installation due to ignoring of the instruction will cause harm or damage, and the seriousness is classified by the following indications.






 WARNING	This indication shows the possibility of causing death or serious injury.
--	---

 CAUTION	This indication shows the possibility of causing injury or damage to properties only.
--	---


The items to be followed are classified by the symbols:

	Symbol with background white denotes item that is PROHIBITED from doing.
---	--

- Carry out test running to confirm that no abnormality occurs after the installation. Then, explain to user the operation, care and maintenance as stated in instructions. Please remind the customer to keep the operating instructions for future reference.

 WARNING	
1. Engage dealer or specialist for installation. If installation done by the user is defective, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.	
2. Install according to this installation instruction strictly. If installation is defective, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.	
3. Use the attached accessories parts and specified parts for installation. Otherwise, it will cause the set to fall, water leakage, fire or electrical shock.	
4. Install at a strong and firm location which is able to withstand the set's weight. If the strength is not enough or installation is not properly done, the set will drop and cause injury.	
5. For electrical work, follow the local national wiring standard, regulation and this installation instruction. An independent circuit and single outlet must be used. If electrical circuit capacity is not enough or defect found in electrical work, it will cause electrical shock or fire.	
6. Use the specified cable (2.5 mm ²) and connect tightly for indoor/outdoor connection. Connect tightly and clamp the cable so that no external force will be acted on the terminal. If connection or fixing is not perfect, it will cause heat-up or fire at the connection.	
7. Wire routing must be properly arranged so that control board cover is fixed properly. If control board cover is not fixed perfectly, it will cause heat-up at connection point of terminal, fire or electrical shock.	
8. When carrying out piping connection, take care not to let air substances other than the specified refrigerant go into refrigeration cycle. Otherwise, it will cause lower capacity, abnormal high pressure in the refrigeration cycle, explosion and injury.	
9. When connecting the piping, do not allow air or any substances other than the specified refrigerant (R410A) to enter the refrigeration cycle. Otherwise, this may lower the capacity, cause abnormally high pressure in the refrigeration cycle, and possibly result in explosion and injury.	
10. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When connecting the piping, do not use any existing (R22) pipes and flare nuts. Using such same may cause abnormally high pressure in the refrigeration cycle (piping), and possibly result in explosion and injury. Use only R410A materials. • Thickness of copper pipes used with R410A must be more than 0.8 mm. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8 mm. • It is desirable that the amount of residual oil is less than 40 mg/10 m. 	
11. Do not modify the length of the power supply cord or use of the extension cord, and do not share the single outlet with other electrical appliances. Otherwise, it will cause fire or electrical shock.	

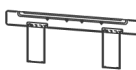
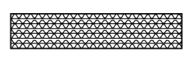




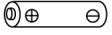



CAUTION

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. The equipment must be earthed and installed with earth leakage current breaker. It may cause electrical shock if grounding is not perfect. | |
| 2. Do not install the unit at place where leakage of flammable gas may occur. In case gas leaks and accumulates at surrounding of the unit, it may cause fire. |  |
| 3. Carry out drainage piping as mentioned in installation instructions. If drainage is not perfect, water may enter the room and damage the furniture. | |

ATTENTION

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Selection of the installation location.
Select a installation location which is rigid and strong enough to support or hold the unit, and select a location for easy maintenance. | |
| 2. Power supply connection to the room air conditioner.
Connect the power supply cord of the room air conditioner to the mains using one of the following method.
Power supply point shall be the place where there is ease for access for the power disconnection in case of emergency.
In some countries, permanent connection of this room air conditioner to the power supply is prohibited. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="151 683 1455 772">1. Power supply connection to the receptacle using a power plug.
Use an approved 16A power plug with earth pin for 2.0HP (E18CK, E21CK) and 20A for 2.5HP (E24CK) for the connection to the socket. <li data-bbox="151 772 1455 851">2. Power supply connection to a circuit breaker for the permanent connection. Use an approved 16A circuit breaker for 2.0HP (E18CK, E21CK) and 20A for 2.5HP (E24CK) for the permanent connection. It must be a double pole switch with a minimum 3 mm contact gap. | |
| 3. Do not release refrigerant.
Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation, reinstallation and during repairing a refrigeration parts. Take care of the liquid refrigerant, it may cause frostbite. | |
| 4. Installation work.
It may need two people to carry out the installation work. | |
| 5. Do not install this appliance in a laundry room or other location where water may drip from the ceiling, etc. | |

Attached accessories

No.	Accessories part	Qty.	No.	Accessories part	Qty.
1	Installation plate 	1	6	Triple Deodorizing filter 	1
2	Installation plate fixing screw 	6	7	Remote Control holder 	1
3	Remote control 	1	8	Remote Control holder fixing screw 	2
4	Battery 	2	9	Drain elbow (E18CK, E21CK, E24CK) 	1
5	Air purifying filter 	1			

Applicable piping kit

CZ-4F5, 7, 10BP (E18CK, E21CK)

CZ-52F5, 7, 10BP (E24CK)

SELECT THE BEST LOCATION

INDOOR UNIT

- There should not be any heat source or steam near the unit.
- There should not be any obstacles blocking the air circulation.
- A place where air circulation in the room is good.
- A place where drainage can be easily done.
- A place where noise prevention is taken into consideration.
- Do not install the unit near the door way.
- Ensure the spaces indicated by arrows from the wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.
- Recommended installation height for indoor unit shall be at least 2.3 m.

OUTDOOR UNIT

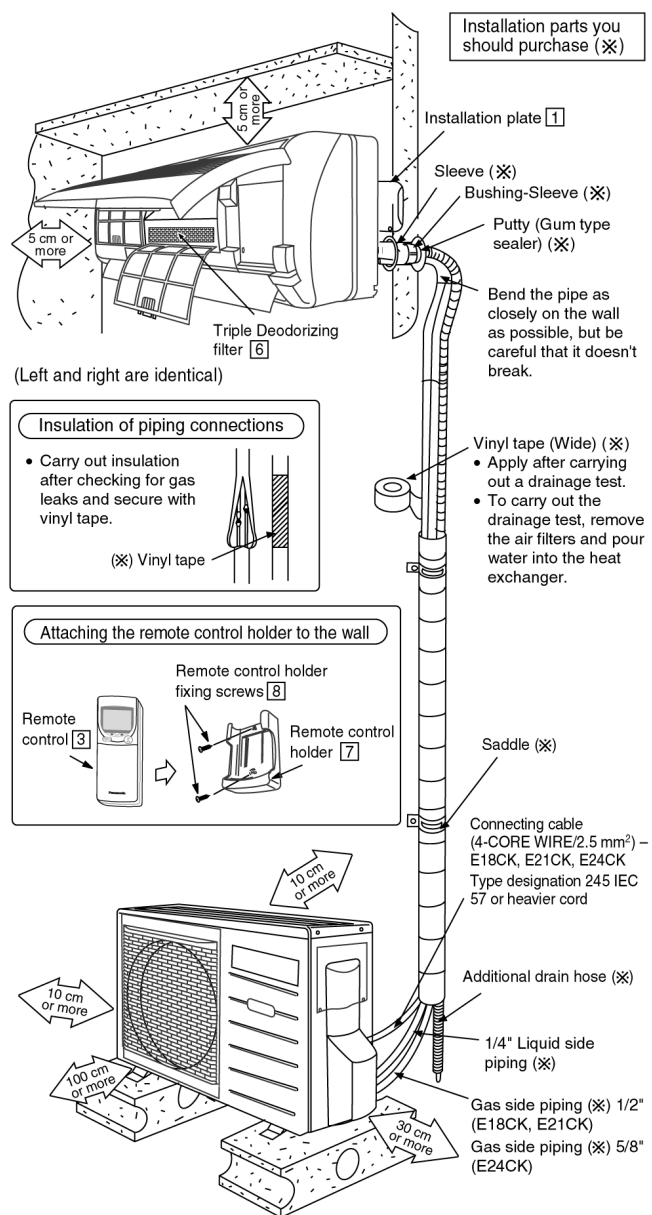
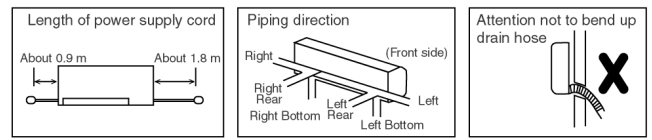
- If an awning is built over the unit to prevent direct sunlight or rain, be careful that heat radiation from the condenser is not obstructed.
- There should not be any animal or plant which could be affected by hot air discharged.
- Keep the spaces indicated by arrows from wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.
- Do not place any obstacles which may cause a short circuit of the discharged air.
- If piping length is over 10m (E18CK, E21CK) and 7.5m (E24CK), additional refrigerant should be added as shown in the table.

Model	Piping size		Rated Length (m)	Max. Elevation (m)	Max. Piping Length (m)	Additional Refrigerant (g/m)
	Gas	Liquid				
E18CK, E21CK	1/2"	1/4"	5	15	20	20
E24CK	5/8"	1/4"	5	20	30	30

Example: For E21CK

If the unit is installed at a 12m distance, the quantity of additional refrigerant should be 40g... (12-10)m x 20g/m = 40g

Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram



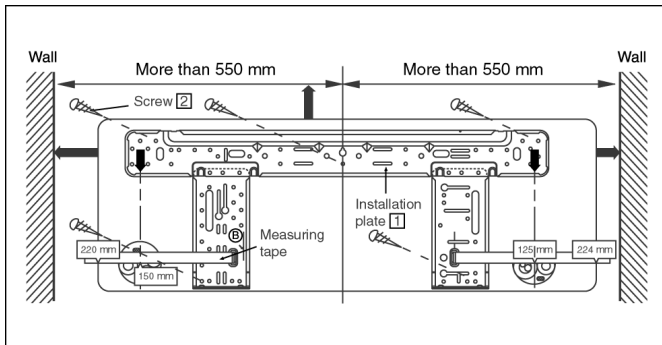
• This illustration is for explanation purposes only. The indoor unit will actually face a different way.

11.2. INDOOR UNIT

11.2.1. SELECT THE BEST LOCATION (Refer to “Select the best location” section)

11.2.2. HOW TO FIX INSTALLATION PLATE

The mounting wall is strong and solid enough to prevent it from the vibration.



The centre of installation plate should be at more than 550 mm at right and left of the wall.

The distance from installation plate edge to ceiling should more than 67 mm.

From installation plate left edge to unit's left side is 47 mm.

From installation plate right edge to unit's right is 73 mm.

- Ⓑ :
- For left side piping, piping connection for liquid should be about 126 mm from this line.
 - For left side piping, piping connection for gas should be about 174 mm from this line.
 - For left side piping, piping connecting cable should be about 984 mm from this line.

1. Mount the installation plate on the wall with 5 screws or more.

(If mounting the unit on the concrete wall consider using anchor bolts.)

- Always mount the installation plate horizontally by aligning the marking-off line with the thread and using a level gauge.

2. Drill the piping plate hole with $\phi 70$ mm hole-core drill.

- Line according to the arrows marked on the lower left and right side of the installation plate. The meeting point of the extended line is the centre of the hole. Another method is by putting measuring tape at position as shown in the diagram above. The hole centre is obtained by measuring the distance namely 150 mm and 125 mm for left and right hole respectively.
- Drill the piping hole at either the right or the left and the hole should be slightly slanted to the outdoor side.

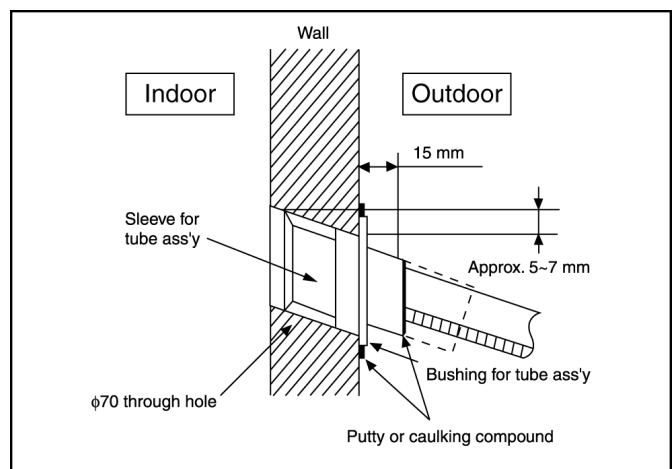
11.2.3. TO DRILL A HOLE IN THE WALL AND INSTALL A SLEEVE OF PIPING

1. Insert the piping sleeve to the hole.
2. Fix the bushing to the sleeve.
3. Cut the sleeve until it extrudes about 15 mm from the wall.

Caution

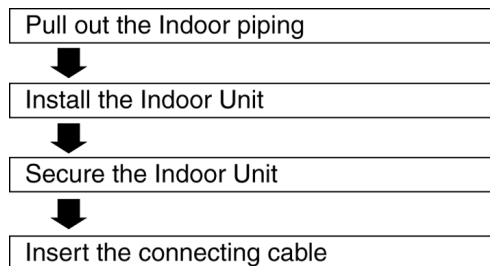
When the wall is hollow, please be sure to use the sleeve for tube ass'y to prevent dangers caused by mice biting the connecting cable.

4. Finish by sealing the sleeve with putty or caulking compound at the final stage.

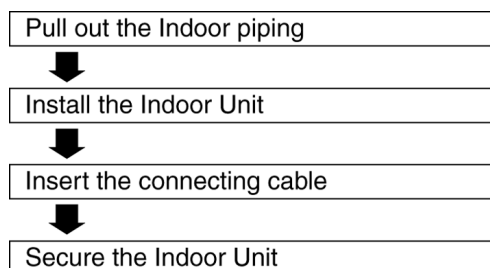


11.2.4. INDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION

1. For the right rear piping



2. For the right and right bottom piping



3. For the embedded piping

- Replace the drain hose
- ↓
- Bend the embedded piping
 - Use a spring bender or equivalent to bend the piping so that the piping is not crushed.
- ↓
- Install the Indoor Unit
- ↓
- Cut and flare the embedded piping
 - When determining the dimension of the piping, slide the unit all the way to the left on the installation plate.
 - Refer to the section "Cutting and flaring the piping".
- ↓
- Pull the connecting cable into Indoor Unit
 - The inside and outside connecting cable can be connected without removing the front grille.
- ↓
- Connect the piping
 - Please refer to "Connecting the piping" column in outdoor unit section. (Below steps are done after connecting the outdoor piping and gas-leakage confirmation.)
- ↓
- Insulate and finish the piping
 - Please refer to "Piping and finishing" column of outdoor section and "Insulation of piping connections" column as mentioned in Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation.
- ↓
- Secure the Indoor Unit

Install the Indoor Unit

Hook the indoor unit onto the upper portion of installation plate (Engage the indoor unit with the upper edge of the installation plate). Ensure the hooks are properly seated on the installation plate by moving in left and right.

Secure the Indoor Unit

1. Tape the extra power supply cord in a bundle and keep it behind the chassis.
 - Ensure that the power supply cord is not clamped in between the unit's hook (2 positions) and installation plate.
2. Press the lower left and right side of the unit against the installation plate until hooks engages with their slots (sound click).

Pull out the piping and drain hose

Move the drain hose near to arrow mark and tape it with piping in a position as mentioned in Fig. below

↓: Centre of the piping hole (left rear side of piping)

To take out the unit, push the [PUSH] marking at the bottom unit, and pull it slightly towards you to disengage the hooks from the unit.

(This can be used for left rear piping & left bottom piping also.)

How to keep the cover

In case of the cover is cut, keep the cover at the rear of chassis as shown in the illustration for future reinstallation.

(Left, right and 2 bottom covers for piping)

Exchange the drain hose and the cap

Refer view for left piping installation

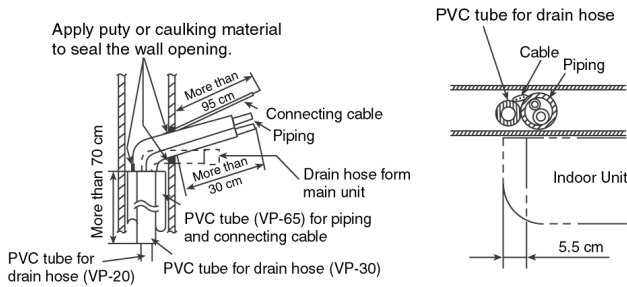
Adjust the piping slightly downwards

Insert the connecting cable

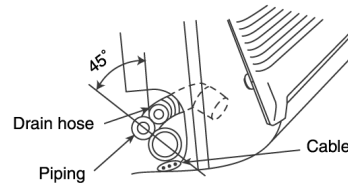
Length of connecting cable	134 cm
Cable	

More than approx. 95 cm

- How to pull the piping and drain hose out, in case of the embedded piping.



- In case of left piping how to insert the connecting cable and drain hose.

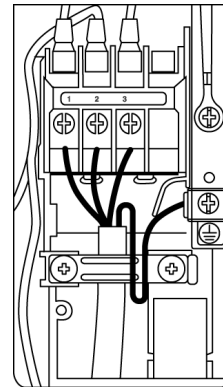


(For the right piping, follow the same procedure)

11.2.5. CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE INDOOR UNIT

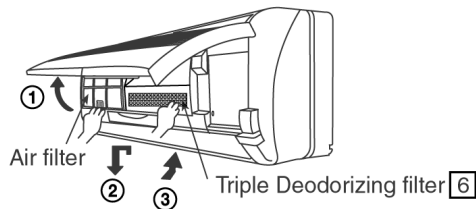
1. The inside and outside connecting cable can be connected without removing the front grille.
2. Connecting cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed $4 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (E18CK, E21CK, E24CK) flexible cord, type designation 245 IEC 57 or heavier cord.
 - Ensure the color of wires of outdoor unit and the terminal Nos. are the same to the indoor's respectively.
 - Earth lead wire shall be longer than the other lead wires as shown in the figure for the electrical safety in case of the slipping out of the cord from the anchorage.
 - Secure the cable onto the control board with the holder (clamper).

Terminals on the indoor unit	1	2	3	
Color of wires				
Terminals on the outdoor unit	1	2	3	



INSTALLATION OF AIR PURIFYING FILTERS

- a. Open the front panel.
- b. Remove the air filters.
- c. Put air purifying filters (left) and triple deodorizing filter (right) into place as shown in illustration below.

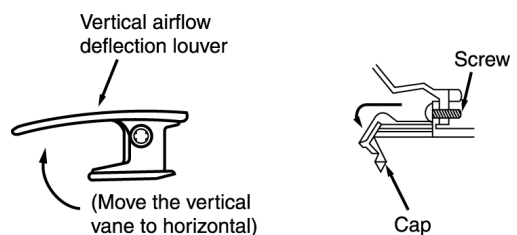


HOW TO TAKE OUT FRONT GRILLE

Please follow the steps below to take out front grille if necessary such as when servicing.

- a. Open the intake grille and remove the screw at the front of the front grille.
- b. Set the vertical airflow direction louver to the horizontal position.
- c. Slide down the 3 caps on the front grille as shown in the illustration below, and then remove the 3 mounting screws.
- d. Pull the lower section of the front grille towards you to remove the front grille.

When reinstalling the front grille, first set the vertical airflow direction louver to the horizontal position and then carry out above steps 2 - 3 in the reverse order.



AUTO SWITCH OPERATION

The below operations will be performed by pressing the “AUTO” switch.

1. AUTO OPERATION MODE

The Auto operation will be activated immediately once the Auto Switch is pressed.

2. TEST RUN OPERATION (FOR PUMP DOWN/SERVICING PURPOSE)

The Test Run operation will be activated if the Auto Switch is pressed continuously for more than 5 sec. to below 8 sec. A “beep” sound will occur at the fifth sec., in order to identify the starting of Test Run operation

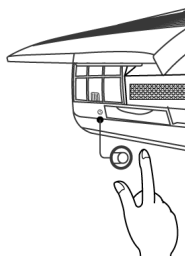
3. HEATING TRIAL OPERATION

Press the AUTO Switch continuously for more than 8 sec. to below 11 sec. and release when a “beep beep” sound is occurred at eighth sec. (However, a “beep” sound is occurred at fifth sec.)

4. REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVING SOUND ON/OFF

The ON/OFF of Remote Control receiving sound can be changed over by following steps:

- a. Press “AUTO” switch continuously for more than 16 sec. to below 21 sec. A “beep” “beep” “beep” “beep” sound will occur at sixteenth sec.
- b. Press the “Check” button once at Remote Control. A “beep” sound will occur.
- c. Press the “AUTO” switch once to select Remote Control receiving sound ON/OFF. A “beep” sound indicates receiving sound ON, and a “beep” sound indicates receiving sound OFF.

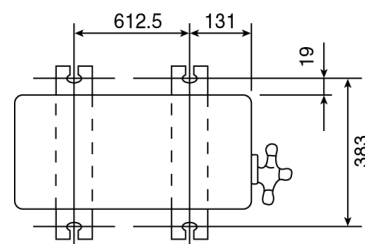


11.3. OUTDOOR UNIT

11.3.1. SELECT THE BEST LOCATION (Refer to “Select the best location” section)

11.3.2. INSTALL THE OUTDOOR UNIT

- After selecting the best location, start installation according to Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram.
1. Fix the unit on concrete or rigid frame firmly and horizontally by bolt nut. (ø10 mm).
 2. When installing at roof, please consider strong wind and earthquake. Please fasten the installation stand firmly with bolt or nails.



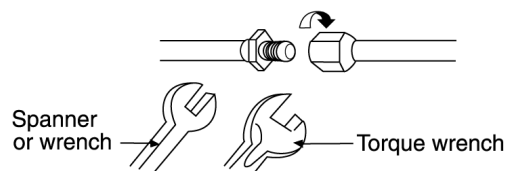
11.3.3. CONNECTING THE PIPING

Connecting The Piping To Indoor Unit

Please make flare after inserting flare nut (locate at joint portion of tube assembly) onto the copper pipe. (In case of using long piping)

Connect the piping

- Align the center of piping and sufficiently tighten the flare nut with fingers.
- Further tighten the flare nut with torque wrench in specified torque as stated in the table.



MODEL	Piping size (Torque)	
	Gas	Liquid
E18CK, E21CK	1/2" (55 N.m)	1/4" (18 N.m)
E24CK	5/8" (65 N.m)	1/4" (18 N.m)

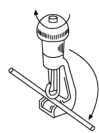
Connecting The Piping to Outdoor Unit

Decide piping length and then cut by using pipe cutter. Remove burrs from cut edge. Make flare after inserting the flare nut (located at valve) onto the copper pipe.

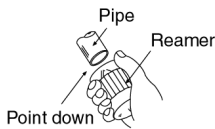
Align center of piping to valves and then tighten with torque wrench to the specified torque as stated in the table.

CUTTING AND FLARING THE PIPING

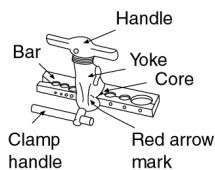
1. Please cut using pipe cutter and then remove the burrs.
2. Remove the burrs by using reamer. If burrs is not removed, gas leakage may be caused.
Turn the piping end down to avoid the metal powder entering the pipe.
3. Please make flare after inserting the flare nut onto the copper pipes.



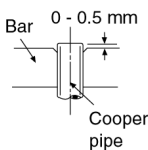
1. To cut



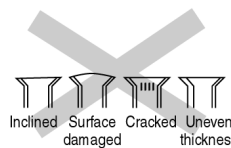
2. To remove burrs



3. To flare



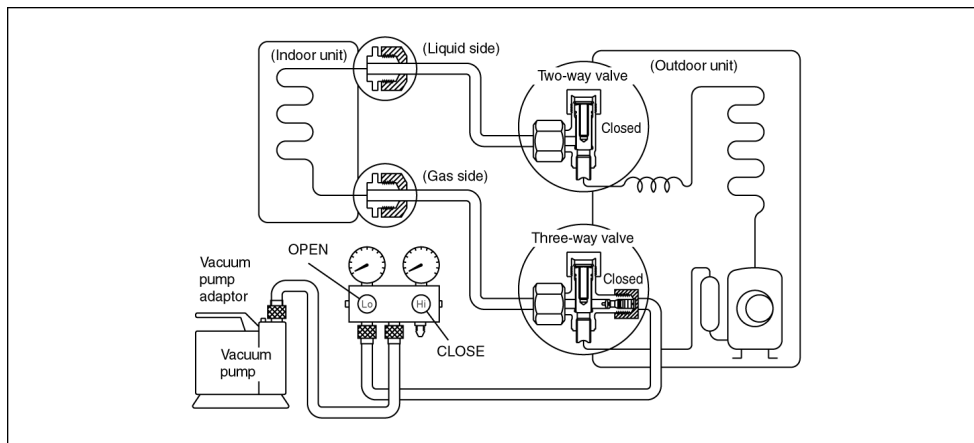
Improper flaring



When properly flared, the internal surface of the flare will evenly shine and be of even thickness. Since the flare part comes into contact with the connectors, carefully check the flare finish.

11.3.4. EVACUATION OF THE EQUIPMENT (FOR EUROPE & OCEANIA DESTINATION)

WHEN INSTALLING AN AIR CONDITIONER, BE SURE TO EVACUATE THE AIR INSIDE THE INDOOR UNIT AND PIPES in the following procedure.



1. Connect a charging hose with a push pin to the Low side of a charging set and the service port of the 3-way valve.
 - Be sure to connect the end of the charging hose with the push pin to the service port.
2. Connect the center hose of the charging set to a vacuum pump with check valve, or vacuum pump and vacuum pump adaptor.
3. Turn on the power switch of the vacuum pump and make sure that the needle in the gauge moves from 0 cmHg (0 MPa) to -76 cmHg (-0.1 MPa). Then evacuate the air approximately ten minutes.
4. Close the Low side valve of the charging set and turn off the vacuum pump. Make sure that the needle in the gauge does not move after approximately five minutes.

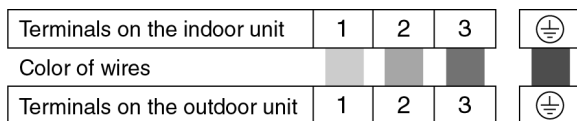
Note: BE SURE TO FOLLOW THIS PROCEDURE IN ORDER TO AVOID REFRIGERANT GAS LEAKAGE.
5. Disconnect the charging hose from the vacuum pump and from the service port of the 3-way valve.
6. Tighten the service port caps of the 3-way valve at torque of 18 N.m with a torque wrench.
7. Remove the valve caps of both of the 2-way valve and 3-way valve. Position both of the valves to "OPEN" using a hexagonal wrench (4 mm).
8. Mount valve caps onto the 2-way valve and the 3-way valve.
 - Be sure to check for gas leakage.

CAUTION

- If gauge needle does not move from 0 cmHg (0 MPa) to -76 cmHg (-0.1 MPa), in step 3 above take the following measure:
- If the leak stops when the piping connections are tightened further, continue working from step 3.
- If the leak does not stop when the connections are retightened, repair the location of leak.
- Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation and reinstallation. Take care of the liquid refrigerant, it may cause frostbite.

11.3.5. CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE OUTDOOR UNIT

1. Remove the control board cover from the unit by loosening the screw.
2. Connecting cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed $4 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (E18CK, E21CK, E24CK) flexible cord, type designation 245 IEC 57 or heavier cord.



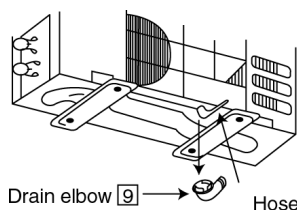
3. Secure the cable onto the control board with the holder (clammer).
4. Attach the control board cover back to the original position with the screw.


11.3.6. PIPE INSULATION

1. Please carry out insulation at pipe connection portion as mentioned in Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram. Please wrap the insulated piping end to prevent water from going inside the piping.
2. If drain hose or connecting piping is in the room (where dew may form), please increase the insulation by using POLY-E FOAM with thickness 6 mm or above.

DISPOSAL OF OUTDOOR UNIT DRAIN WATER

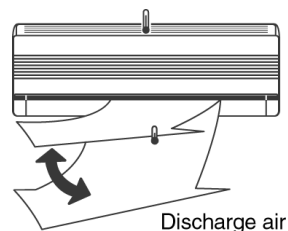
- If a drain elbow is used, the unit should be placed on a stand which is taller than 3 cm.
- If the unit is used in an area where temperature falls below 0°C for 2 or 3 days in succession, it is recommended not to use a drain elbow, for the drain water freezes and the fan will not rotate.



Drain elbow  Hose
Install the hose at an angle so that the water smoothly flows out.

EVALUATION OF THE PERFORMANCE

- Operate the unit at cooling operation mode for fifteen minutes or more.
- Measure the temperature of the intake and discharge air.
- Ensure the difference between the intake temperature and the discharge is more than 8°C .

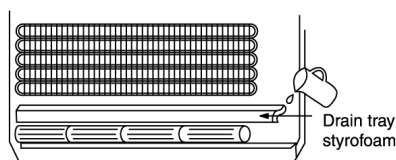


CHECK ITEMS

- Is there any gas leakage at flare nut connections?
- Has the heat insulation been carried out at flare nut connection?
- Is the connecting cable being fixed to terminal board firmly?
- Is the connecting cable being clamped firmly?
- Is the drainage OK?
(Refer to "Check the drainage" section)
- Is the earth wire connection properly done?
- Is the indoor unit properly hooked to the installation plate?
- Is the power supply voltage complied with rated value?
- Is there any abnormal sound?
- Is the cooling operation normal?
- Is the thermostat operation normal?
- Is the remote control's LCD operation normal?
- Is the air purifying filter installed?

CHECK THE DRAINAGE

- Open front panel and remove air filters.
(Drainage checking can be carried out without removing the front grille.)
- Pour a glass of water into the drain tray-styrofoam.
- Ensure that water flows out from drain hose of the indoor unit.



12 Servicing Information

Caution:

- Pb free solder has a higher melting point than standard solder; Typically the melting point is 50 - 70°F (30 - 40°C) higher. Please use a high temperature soldering iron. In case of the soldering iron with temperature control, please set it to 700 ± 20°F (370 ± 10°C).
- Pb free solder will tend to splash when heated too high (about 1100° F/600°C).

12.1. Troubleshooting

1. Rated Frequency Operation

During troubleshooting and servicing, rated compressor operating frequency must be obtained in order to check the specification and technical data. Below are the methods used to obtain rated compressor operating specification.

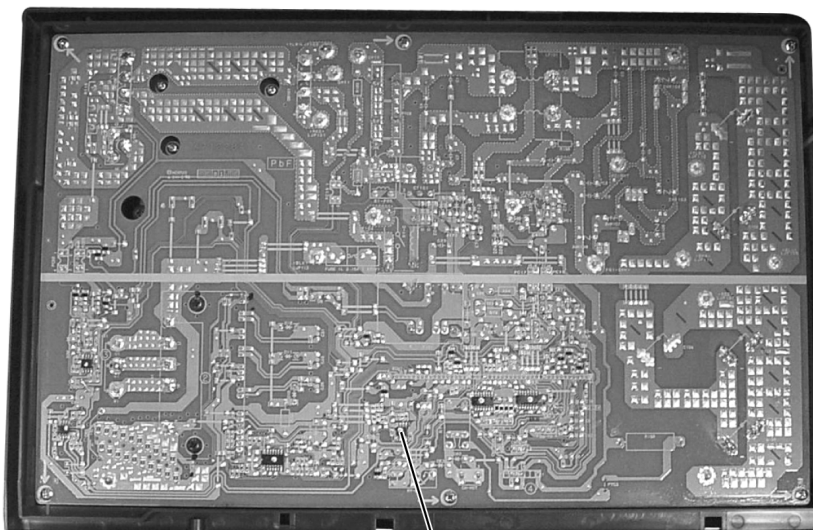
(a) Cooling

- Press the Auto button continuously for 5 seconds or less than 8 seconds, the air conditioner starts operation at Cooling rated frequency. ("beep" will be heard at the 5th second.)



Automatic Operation Switch

- Short the service terminal (CN-S) of the outdoor printed circuit board. The operation of air conditioner is Cooling rated frequency.



CN-S

(b) Heating

Press the Auto button continuously for 8 seconds or less than 11 seconds, the air conditioner starts operation at Heating rated frequency. ("beep" "beep" will be heard at the 8th second.)

2. Troubleshooting Air Conditioner

Refrigeration cycle system

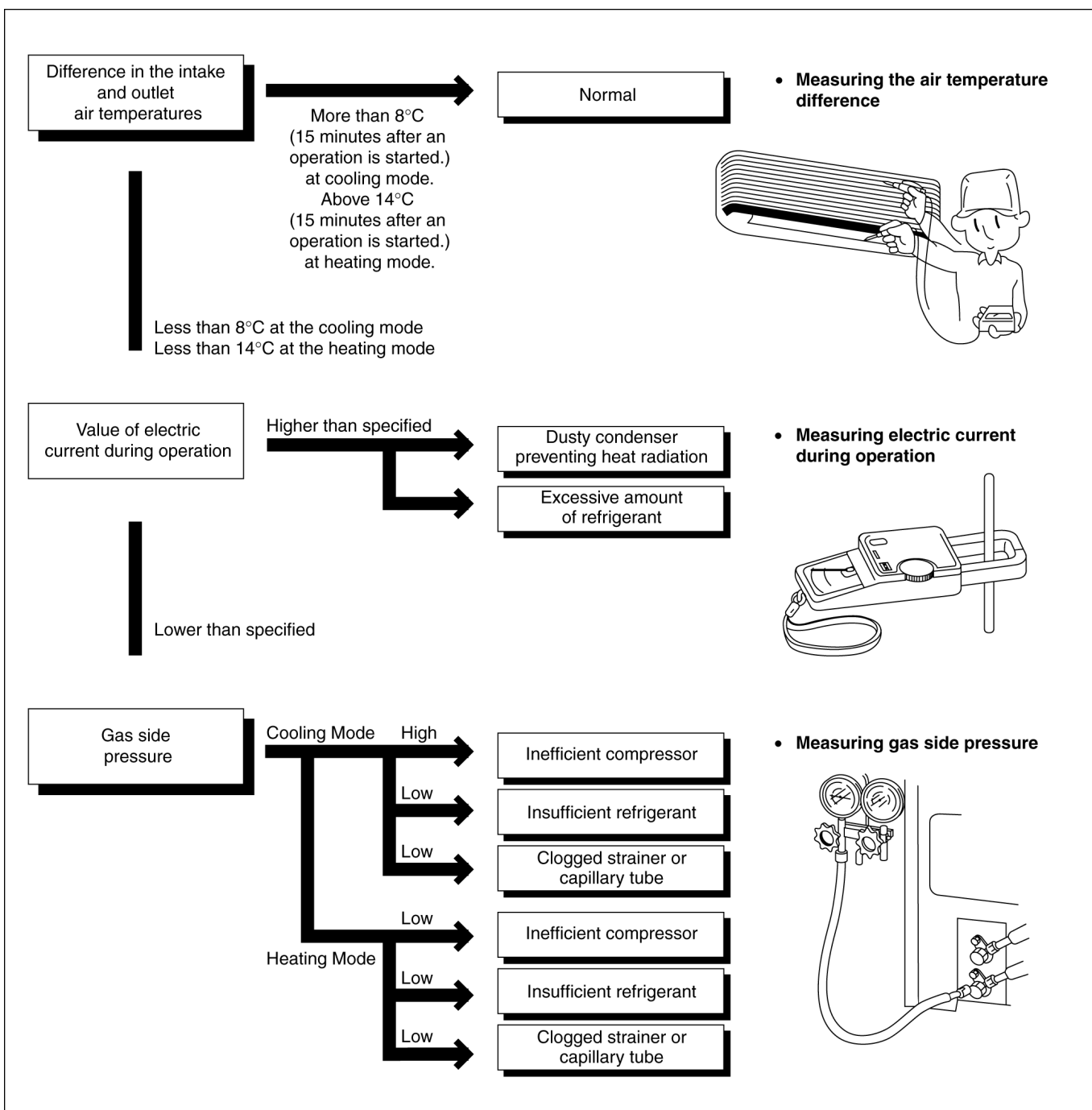
In order to diagnose malfunctions, make sure that there are no electrical problems before inspecting the refrigeration cycle. Such problems include insufficient insulation, problem with the power source, malfunction of a compressor and a fan.

The normal outlet air temperature and pressure of the refrigeration cycle depends on various conditions, the standard values for them are shown in the table to the right.

Normal Pressure and Outlet Air Temperature (Standard)

	Gas pressure MPa (kg/cm ² G)	Outlet air temperature (°C)
Cooling Mode	0.9 ~ 1.2 (9 ~ 12)	12 ~ 16
Heating Mode	2.3 ~ 2.9 (23 ~ 29)	36 ~ 45

- ★ Condition:
- Indoor fan speed; High
 - Outdoor temperature 35°C at cooling mode and 7°C at heating mode.
 - Compressor operates at rated frequency



1. Relationship between the condition of the air conditioner and pressure and electric current

Condition of the air conditioner	Cooling Mode			Heating Mode		
	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Electric current during operation	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Electric current during operation
Insufficient refrigerant (gas leakage)	↘	↘	↘	↘	↘	↘
Clogged capillary tube or Strainer	↘	↘	↘	↗	↗	↗
Short circuit in the indoor unit	↘	↘	↘	↗	↗	↗
Heat radiation deficiency of the outdoor unit	↗	↗	↗	↘	↘	↘
Inefficient compression	↗	↘	↘	↗	↘	↘

- Carry on the measurements of pressure, electric current, and temperature fifteen minutes after an operation is started.

12.2. Breakdown Self Diagnosis Function

Once abnormality detected during operation, the unit will immediately stop its operation (Timer LED is blinking) and maximum of three error codes (abnormality) will be saved in memory. The abnormality of the operation can be identified through the below breakdown diagnosis method:

- Press “CHECK” button at remote control continuously for more than five seconds to turn on the diagnosis mode, “H11” will be displayed at remote control.
- By pressing the TMER “^” button once, next error code will be displayed; press “V” button once, previous error code will be displayed.
- If error code displayed matches the error code saved in unit memory (abnormality detected), four “beep” sounds will be heard and Power LED will light on. Otherwise, one “beep” sound is heard.

If “CHECK” button is press again during Cooling operation using test run operation mode for 30 seconds, the diagnosis mode will turn off.

Error Codes Table

Diagnosis display	Abnormality / Protection control	Abnormality Judgement	Emergency operation	Primary location to verify
H11	Indoor / outdoor abnormal communication	> 1 min after starting operation	Indoor fan operation only	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal / external cable connections • Indoor / Outdoor PCB
H14	Indoor intake air temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intake air temperature sensor (defective or disconnected)
H15	Outdoor compressor temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compressor temperature sensor (defective or disconnected)
H16	Outdoor Current Transformer open circuit	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outdoor PCB • IPM (Power transistor) module
H19	Indoor fan motor mechanism lock	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indoor PCB • Fan motor
H23	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	O (Cooling only)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heat exchanger temperature sensor (defective or disconnected)
H26	Ion abnormality	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indoor PCB • Ionizer
H27	Outdoor air temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outdoor temperature sensor (defective or disconnected)
H28	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (defective or disconnected)
H33	Indoor/Outdoor wrong connection	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indoor/Outdoor supply voltage
H97	Outdoor Fan Motor lock abnormality	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outdoor PCB • Outdoor Fan Motor
H98	Indoor high pressure protection	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air filter dirty • Air circulation short circuit
H99	Indoor heat exchanger anti-freezing protection	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insufficient refrigerant • Air filter dirty
F11	Cooling / Heating cycle changeover abnormality	4 times occurrence within 30 minutes	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4-way valve • V-coil
F90	PFC control	4 times occurrence within 10 minutes	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Voltage at PFC
F91	Refrigeration cycle abnormality	7 times occurrence continuously	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No refrigerant (3-way valve is closed)
F93	Outdoor compressor abnormal revolution	4 times occurrence within 20 minutes	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outdoor compressor
F95	Cool high pressure protection	4 times occurrence within 20 minutes	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outdoor refrigerant circuit
F96	IPM (power transistor) overheating protection	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excess refrigerant • Improper heat radiation • IPM (Power transistor)
F97	Outdoor compressor overheating protection	4 times occurrence within 20 minutes	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insufficient refrigerant • Compressor
F98	Total running current protection	3 times occurrence within 20 minutes	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excess refrigerant • Improper heat radiation
F99	Outdoor Direct Current (DC) peak detection	7 times occurrence continuously	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outdoor PCB • IPM (Power transistor) • Compressor

Note:

“O” - Frequency measured and fan speed fixed.

The memory data of error code is erased when the power supply is cut off, or press the Auto Switch until “beep” sound heard following by pressing the “RESET” button at Remote Control.

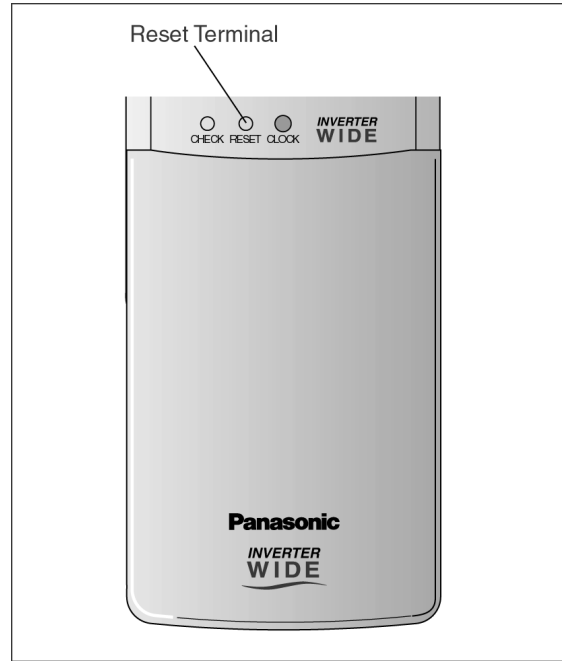
Although operation forced to stop when abnormality detected, emergency operation is possible for certain errors (refer to Error Codes Table) by using Remote Control or Auto Switch at indoor unit. However, the Remote Control signal receiving sound is changed from one “beep” to four “beep” sounds.

12.3. Remote Control

• Remote Control Reset

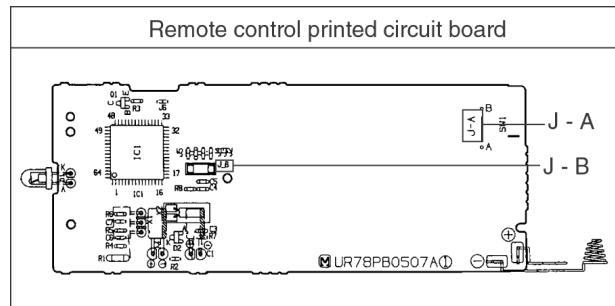
When the batteries are inserted for the first time, or the batteries are replaced, all the indications will blink and the remote control might not work.

If this happen, remove the cover of the remote control and push the reset point once to clear the memory data.



• Changing the wireless remote control transmission code

When there are more than one indoor units installed in the same room, it is possible to set different remote control receiving signal by modifying the jumpers inside Remote Control.



	Remote control printed circuit board		Note
	J - A	J - B	
0	SHORT	OPEN	At product delivery
1	OPEN	OPEN	
2	SHORT	SHORT	
3	OPEN	SHORT	

12.4. Indoor Electronic Controllers Removal Procedures

1. The Electronic Controller, a Signal Receiver and an Indicator (Fig. 3) can be seen by the below steps:

- Open the Intake Grille and remove the screw at the front of the Front Grille. (Fig. 1).
- Remove the 3 caps and 3 screws at the bottom of the Front Grille. (Fig. 1)
- Remove the Front Grille by releasing the 3 hooks at the top of the Front Grille. (Fig. 1)

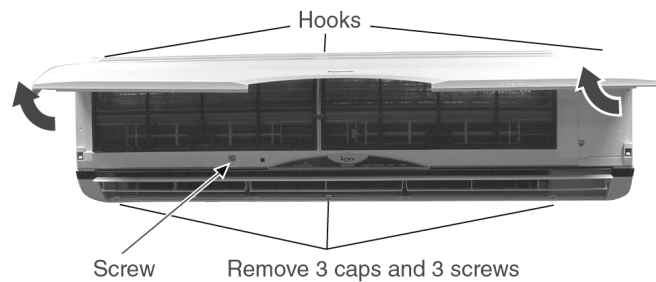


Fig. 1

- Unhook the tabs at the Control Board to remove the Control Board Cover. (Fig. 2)

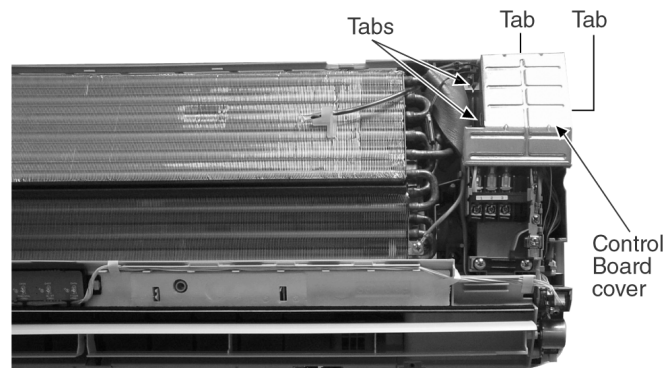


Fig. 2

2. To remove the Main Electronic Controller:

- Release the 2 Particular Piece. (Fig. 3)
- Release the CN-REC/DISP connectors. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-TH connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-MAIN connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-STM1 connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-STM2 connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the hooks that hold the Electronic Controller. (Fig. 3)

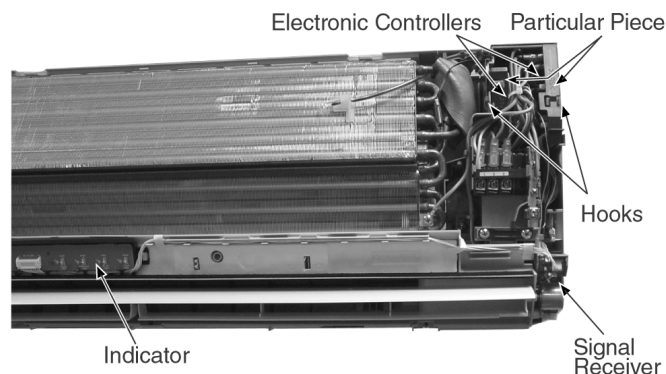


Fig. 3

3. To remove the Power Electronic Controller:

- Release the CN-001 connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-002 connector. (Fig. 4)

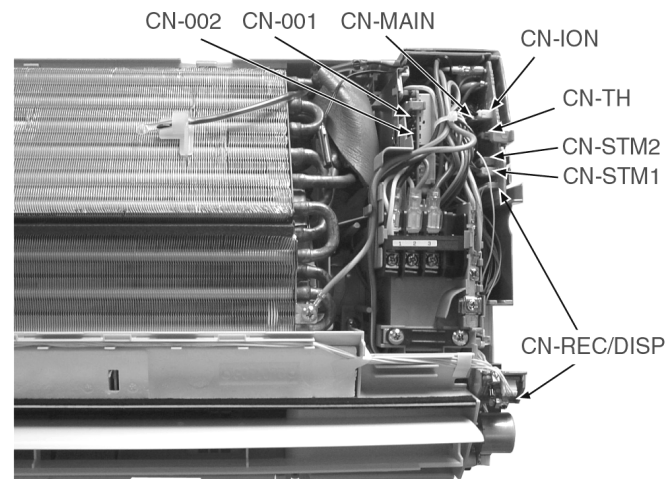


Fig. 4

12.5. Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor Removal Procedures

1. In order to remove the Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor, Control Board need to be taken out by releasing all the connectors as indicated below.

- a. Release the Earth Wire screw. (Fig. 5)
- b. Release the Intake Air Sensor. (Fig. 5)
- c. Release the Piping Sensor. (Fig. 5)
- d. Release the CN-REC connectors. (Fig. 5)
- e. Release the CN-STM1. (Fig. 5)
- f. Release the CN-STM2. (Fig. 5)
- g. Release connectors generator Ionizer. (Fig. 5)

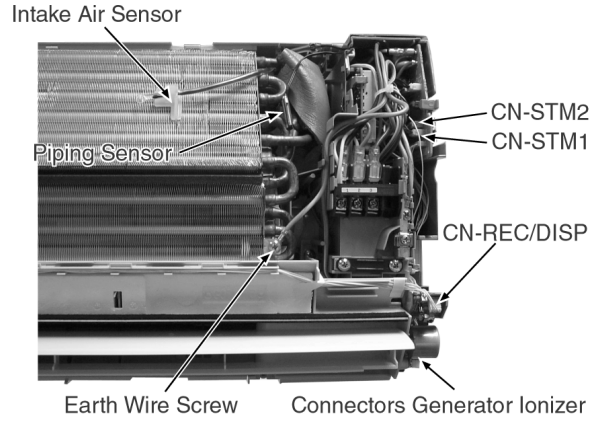


Fig. 5

2. Pull out the Drain Hose from outlet to remove the Discharge Grille. (Fig. 6)

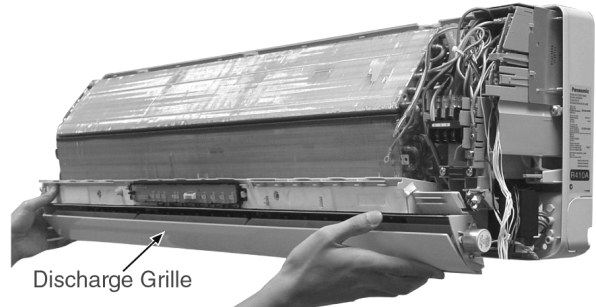


Fig. 6

3. Removing the right and left screws. (Fig. 7)

4. By pressing down the hook at the left and pushing up the hook at the right, you will be able to remove the Control Board. (Fig. 7)

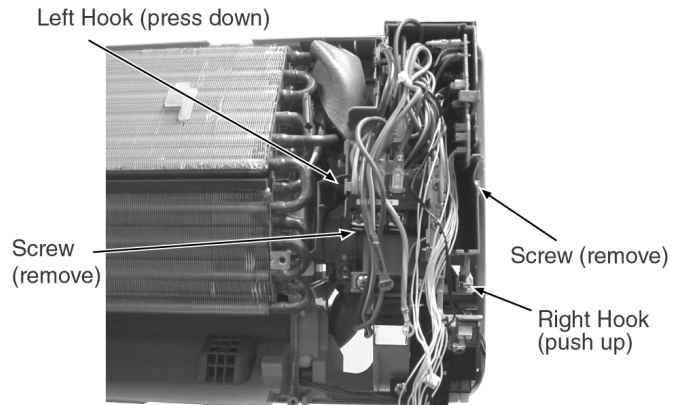


Fig. 7

5. Remove the screw at the Cross Flow Fan. (Fig. 8)

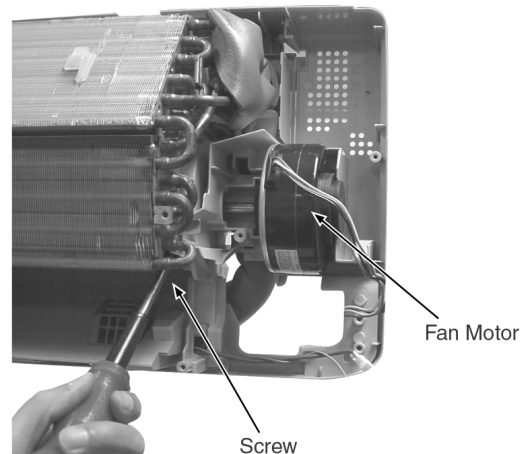


Fig. 8

6. Remove the Bearing. (Fig. 9)

7. Remove the screws at the left of the Evaporator. (Fig. 9)

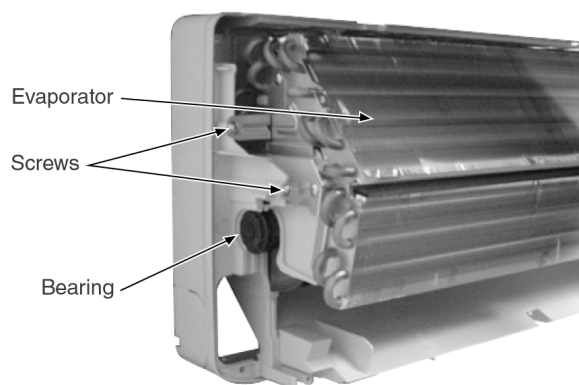


Fig. 9

8. Push up the Evaporator and pull out the Cross Flow Fan from shaft. By then, Fan Motor can be taken out. (Fig. 10).

REMINDER - To reinstall the Fan Motor, put it back in place, adjust the position of the Fan Motor's leadwire appropriately as shown in the Fig. 8 before installing the Cross Flow Fan.

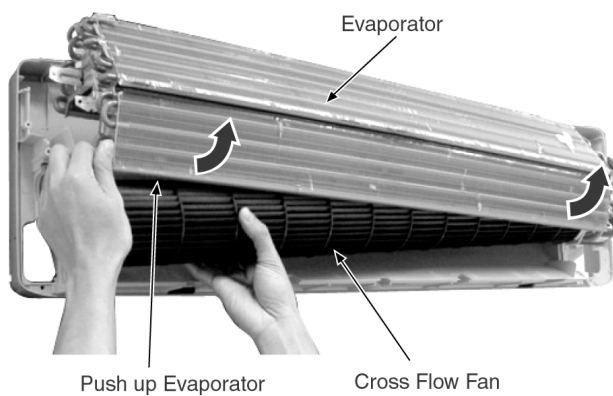


Fig. 10

12.6. Outdoor Electronic Controller Removal Procedure

1. Remove the top panel and front panel

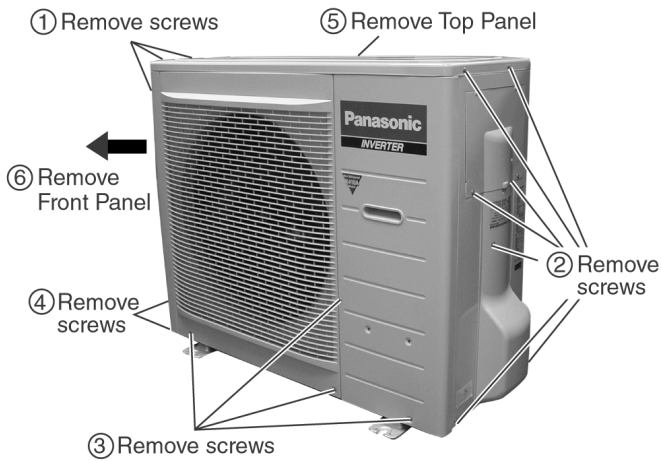


Fig. 16

⚠ WARNING

- Be save to return the wiring to its original position
- There are many high voltage components within the heat sink cover so never touch the interior during operation. Wait at least two minutes after power has been turned off.

2. Remove the Outdoor Electronic Controller



Fig. 18

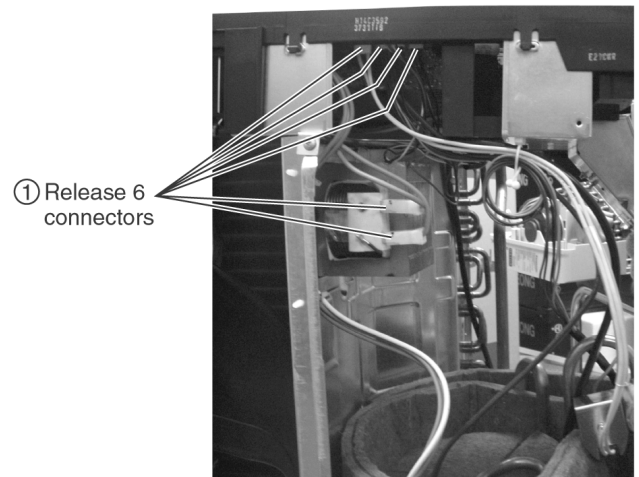
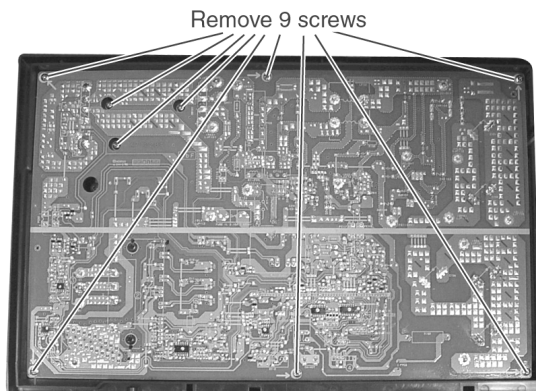


Fig. 19



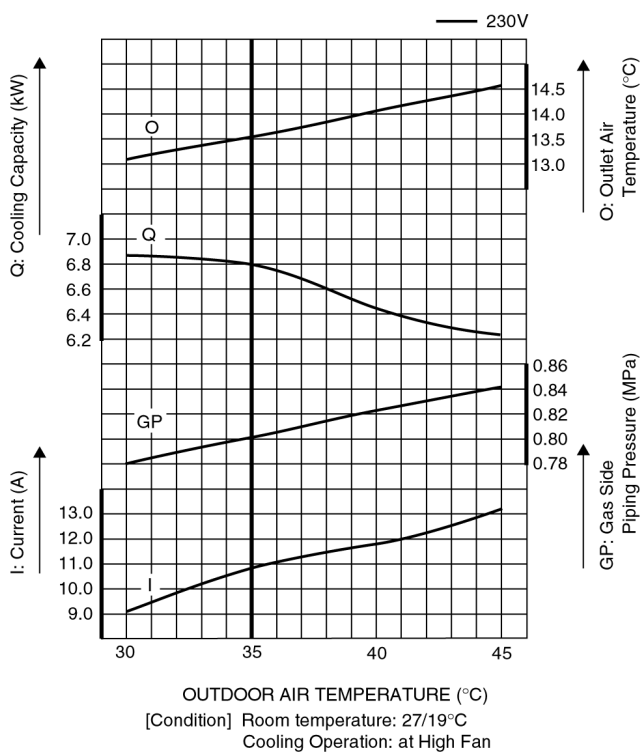
⚠ Caution! When handling electronic controller, be careful of electrostatic discharge.

13 Technical Data

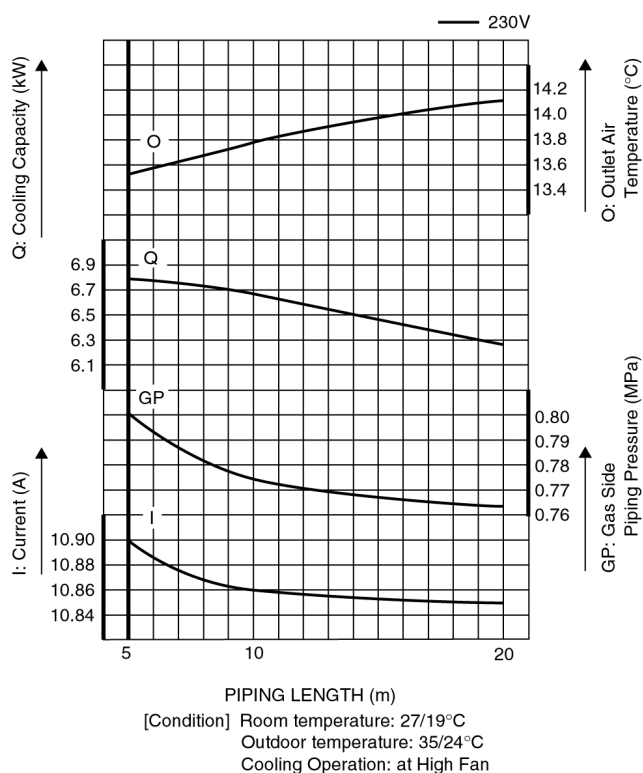
■ Operation characteristics

CS-E24CKE CU-E24CKE

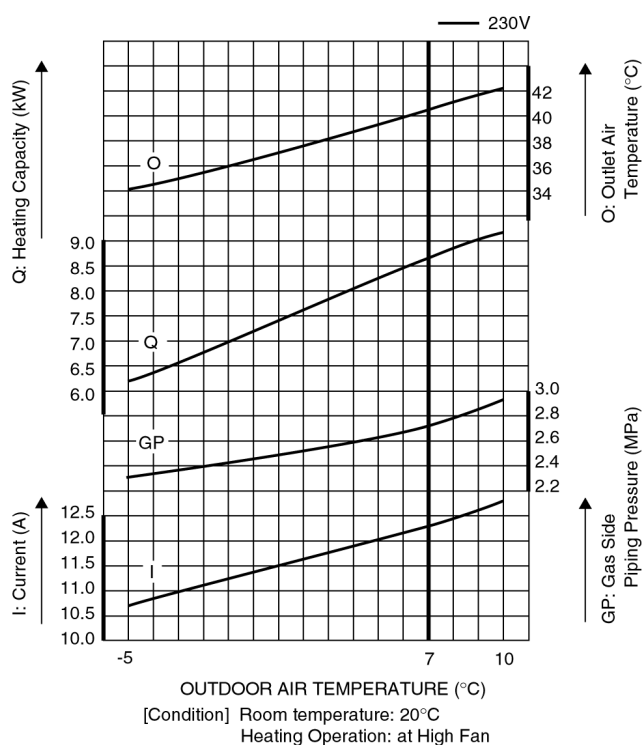
● Cooling Characteristic



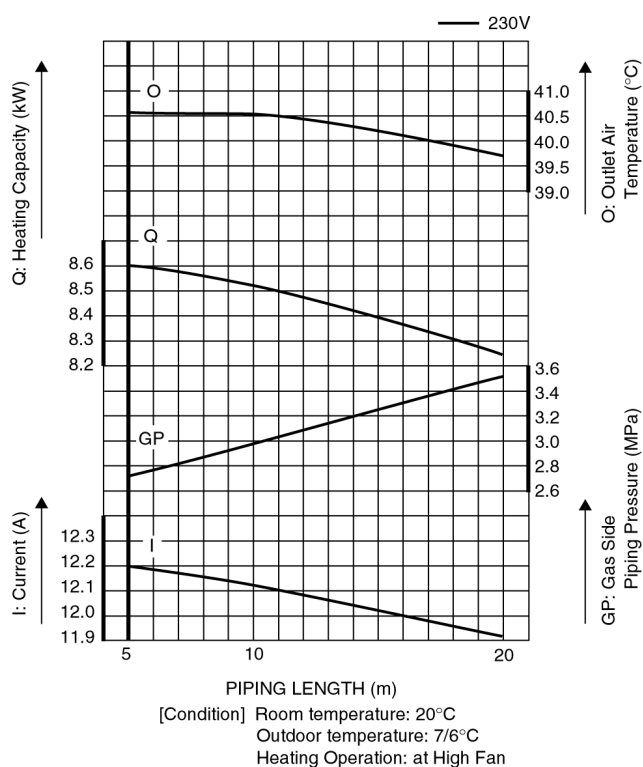
● Piping Length Characteristic (Cooling)



● Heating Characteristic



● Piping Length Characteristic (Heating)



• **CS-E24CKE CU-E24CKE**

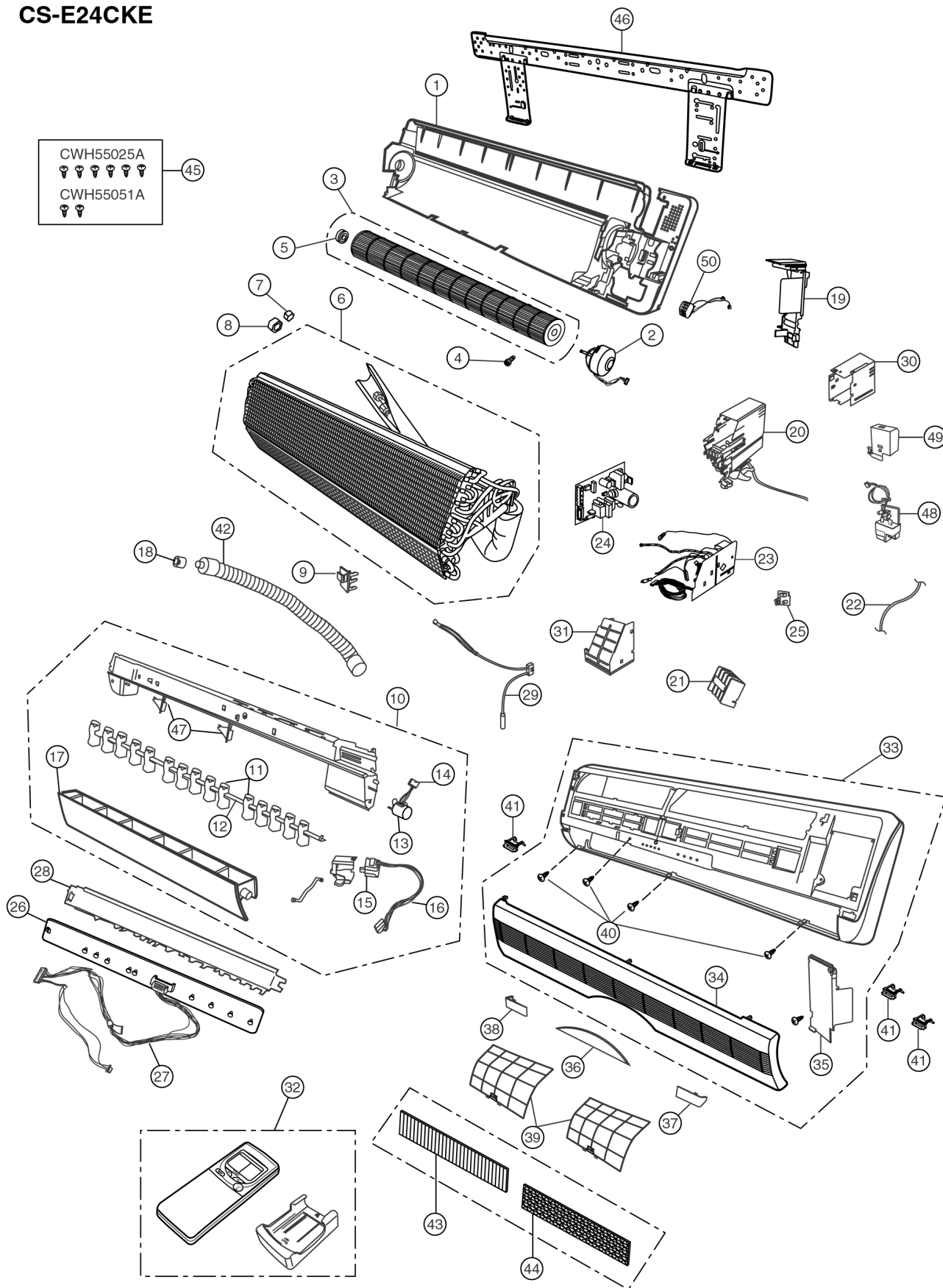
Indoor wet bulb temp.	Outdoor Temp. (°C)											
	30			35			40			46		
	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
17.0°C	6.75	5.11	2.21	6.30	4.90	2.37	5.86	4.71	2.54	5.33	4.48	2.74
19.0°C				6.80		2.41						
19.5°C	7.41	5.35	2.25	6.92	5.14	2.42	6.44	4.95	2.59	5.85	4.71	2.79
22.0°C	8.07	5.55	2.29	7.54	5.34	2.46	7.02	5.15	2.63	6.38	4.91	2.84

TC - Total Cooling Capacity (kW)
 SHC - Sensible Heat Capacity (kW)
 IP - Input Power (kW)

Indoor 27°C/19°C
 Outdoor 35°C/24°C

14 Exploded View

CS-E24CKE



Note:

The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.

The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

15 Replacement Parts List

<Model: CS-E24CKE>

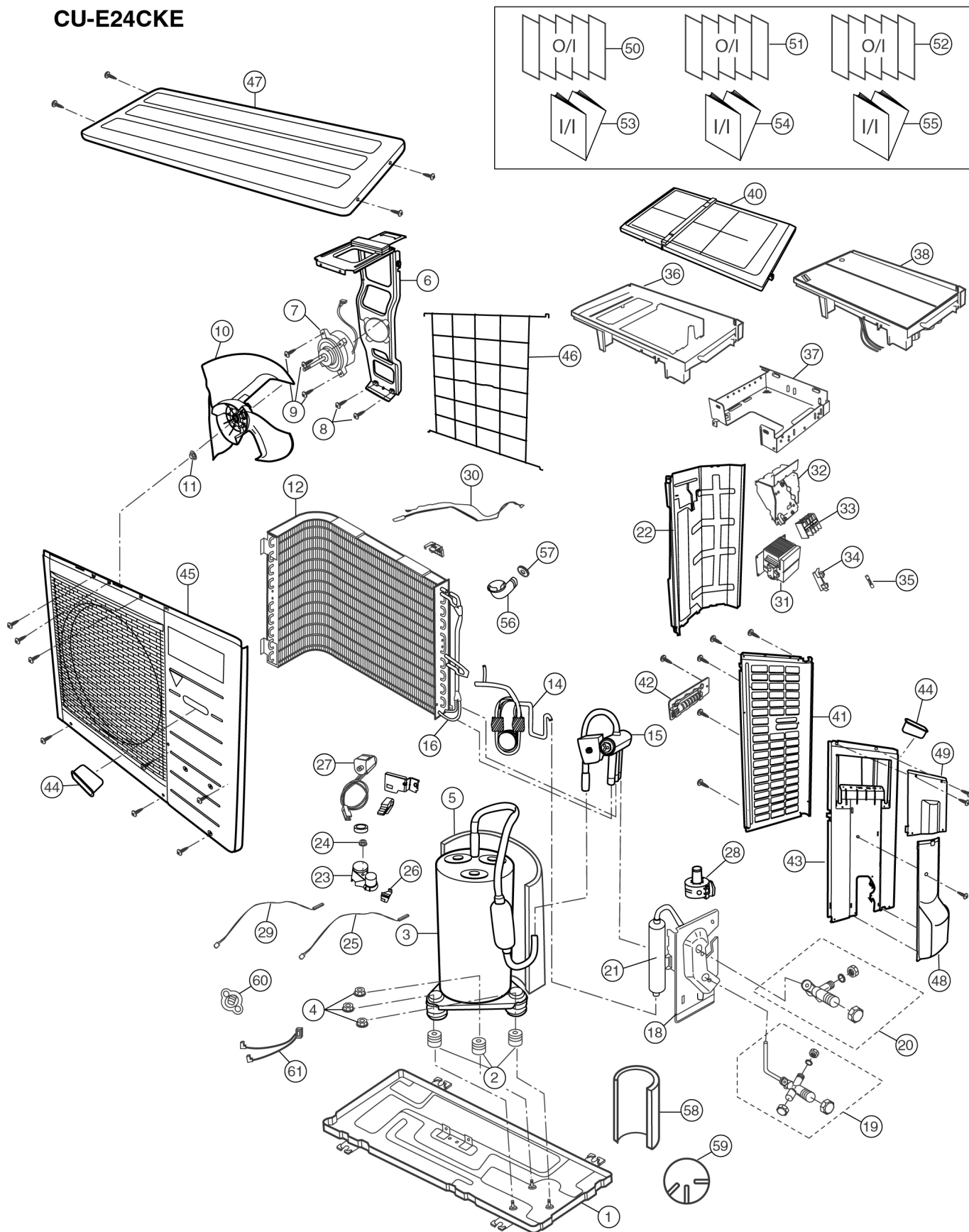
REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-E24CKE	REMARKS
1	CHASSY COMPLETE	1	CWD50C1343	
2	FAN MOTOR	1	CWA981056	0
3	CROSS FLOW FAN COMPLETE	1	CWH02C1010	
4	SCREW - CROSS FLOW FAN	1	CWH4580304	
5	BEARING ASS'Y	1	CWH64K007	
6	EVAPORATOR	1	CWB30C1451	
7	FLARE NUT	1	CWT25086	
8	FLARE NUT	1	CWT251016	
9	INTAKE AIR SENSOR HOLDER	1	CWH32142	
10	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE20C2240	
11	VERTICAL VANE	15	CWE241088	
12	CONNECTING BAR	1	CWE261025	
13	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA98260	0
14	LEAD WIRE - AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA67C3849	
15	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA981041	0
16	LEAD WIRE - AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA67C3731	
17	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	CWE241136	
18	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH52C1001	
19	PARTICULAR PIECE	1	CWD932162	
20	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	CWH102103	
21	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	CWA28C2082	0
22	POWER SUPPLY CORD	1	CWA20C2346	
23	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	CWA73C1585	0
24	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - POWER	1	CWA743304	0
25	P.C.B. RECEIVER	1	CWA742724	
26	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	CWE39C1102	0
27	LEAD WIRE - INDICATOR	1	CWA67C4948	
28	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	CWD932163	
29	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2122	0
30	CONTROL BOARD TOP COVER	1	CWH131091	
31	CONTROL BOARD FRONT COVER	1	CWH131090	
32	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	CWA75C2401	0
33	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE11C2967	
34	INTAKE GRILLE	1	CWE22C1105	
35	GRILLE DOOR	1	CWE141033	
36	CONTROL PANEL	1	CWE312291	
37	DECORATION BASE (R)	1	CWE351067	
38	DECORATION BASE (L)	1	CWE351068	
39	AIR FILTER	2	CWD001049	
40	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	4	XTT4+16C	
41	CAP - FRONT GRILLE	3	CWH521062	
42	DRAIN HOSE	1	CWH851044	
43	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	CWMD00C0001	0
44	TRIPLE DEODORIZING FILTER	1	CWMD00C0004	0
45	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	CWH82C067	
46	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	CWH36K1007	
47	FULCRUM	2	CWH621013	
48	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - IONIZER	1	CWA743099	0
49	CASING - IONIZER	1	CWD932228	
50	ION - GENERATOR	1	CWH94C0001	

(Note)

- All parts are supplied from MAICO, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 061).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

16 Exploded View

CU-E24CKE



Note:

The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.

The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

17 Replacement Parts List

<Model: CU-E24CKE>

REF NO.	DESCRIPTION & NAME	QTY.	CU-E24CKE	REMARKS
1	CHASSY ASSY	1	CWD50K2098	
2	ANTI-VIBRATION BUSHING	3	CWH501061	
3	COMPRESSOR	1	C-7RVN153HOV	O
4	NUT-COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH56000	
5	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302215	
6	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541067	
7	FAN MOTOR	1	CWA981111	O
8	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	CWH551060	
9	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	3	CWH551106	
10	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH03K1016	
11	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053	
12	CONDENSER	1	CWB32C1385	
14	TUBE ASS'Y COMPLETE (CAP. TUBE & STRAINER)	1	CWT023184	O
15	4 WAYS VALVE	1	CWB001026	
16	STRAINER	1	-	
18	HOLDER - COUPLING	1	CWH351036	
19	3 WAYS VALVE (GAS)	1	CWB011223	O
20	2 WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	CWB021183	O
21	DRYER	1	-	O
22	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151069	
23	TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH171033	
24	NUT-TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH561040	
25	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	-	
26	HOLDER SENSOR	3	CWH321026	
27	V-COIL COMPLETE (4-WAYS VALVE)	1	CWA43C2168	O
28	V-COIL COMPLETE (EXPAND VALVE)	1	-	
29	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	-	
30	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2120	O
31	REACTOR	1	CWA421077	
32	CONTROL BOARD (SIDE)	1	CWH102122	
33	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036	O
34	FUSE HOLDERS	1	-	
35	FUSE	1	-	
36	CONTROL BOARD (TOP)	1	CWH102204	
37	CONTROL BOARD (BOTTOM)	1	CWH102205	
38	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	CWA73C1562R	O
40	CONTROL BOARD COVER (TOP)	1	CWH131167	
41	CABINET SIDE PLATE (LEFT)	1	CWE041082A	
42	HANDLE	1	CWE161010	
43	CABINET SIDE PLATE (RIGHT)	1	CWE041100A	
44	HANDLE	2	CWE16000E	
45	CABINET FRONT PLATE CO.	1	CWE06K1043	
46	WIRE NET	1	CWD041041A	
47	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	CWE031037A	
48	CONTROL BOARD COVER (BOTTOM)	1	CWH131168	
49	CONTROL BOARD COVER (TOP)	1	CWH131169A	
50	OPERATING INSTRUCTION (ENG., FRA., NED. & DEU.)	1	CWF564230	
51	OPERATING INSTRUCTION (ENG., ITA., POR. & ESP.)	1	CWF564231	
52	OPERATING INSTRUCTION (ENG., BUL., GRE. & RUS.)	1	CWF564232	
53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION (ENG., FRA., ESP. & DEU.)	1	CWF612582	
54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION (ITA., NED., POR. & GRE.)	1	CWF612583	
55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION (RUS.)	1	CWF612584	
56	DRAIN HOSE	1	CWH5850080	
57	PACKING	1	CWB81012	
58	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302231	
59	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302233	
60	SENSOR	1	CWA501114	
61	LEAD WIRE	1	CWA67C5008	

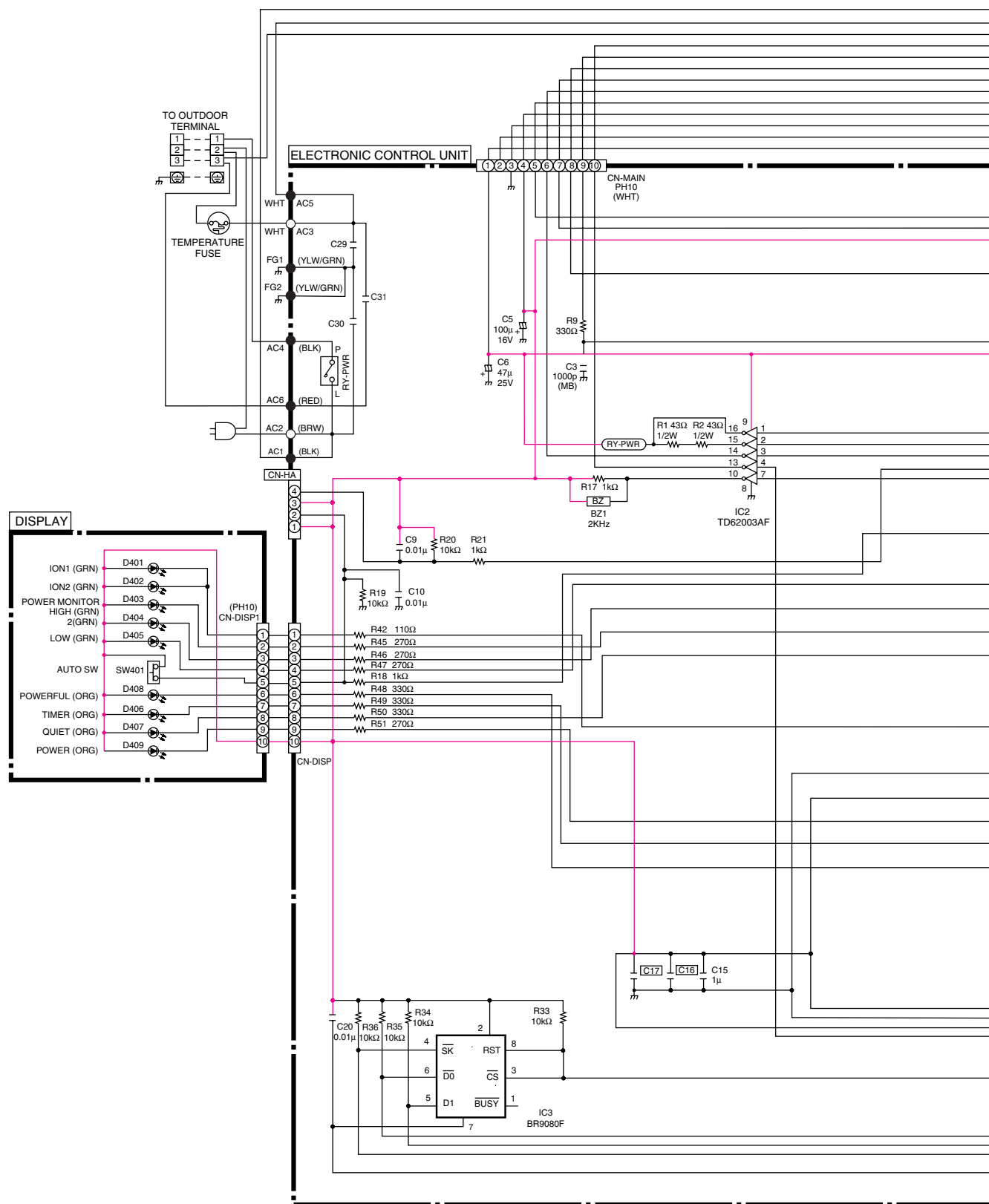
(Note)

- All parts are supplied from MAICO, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 061).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

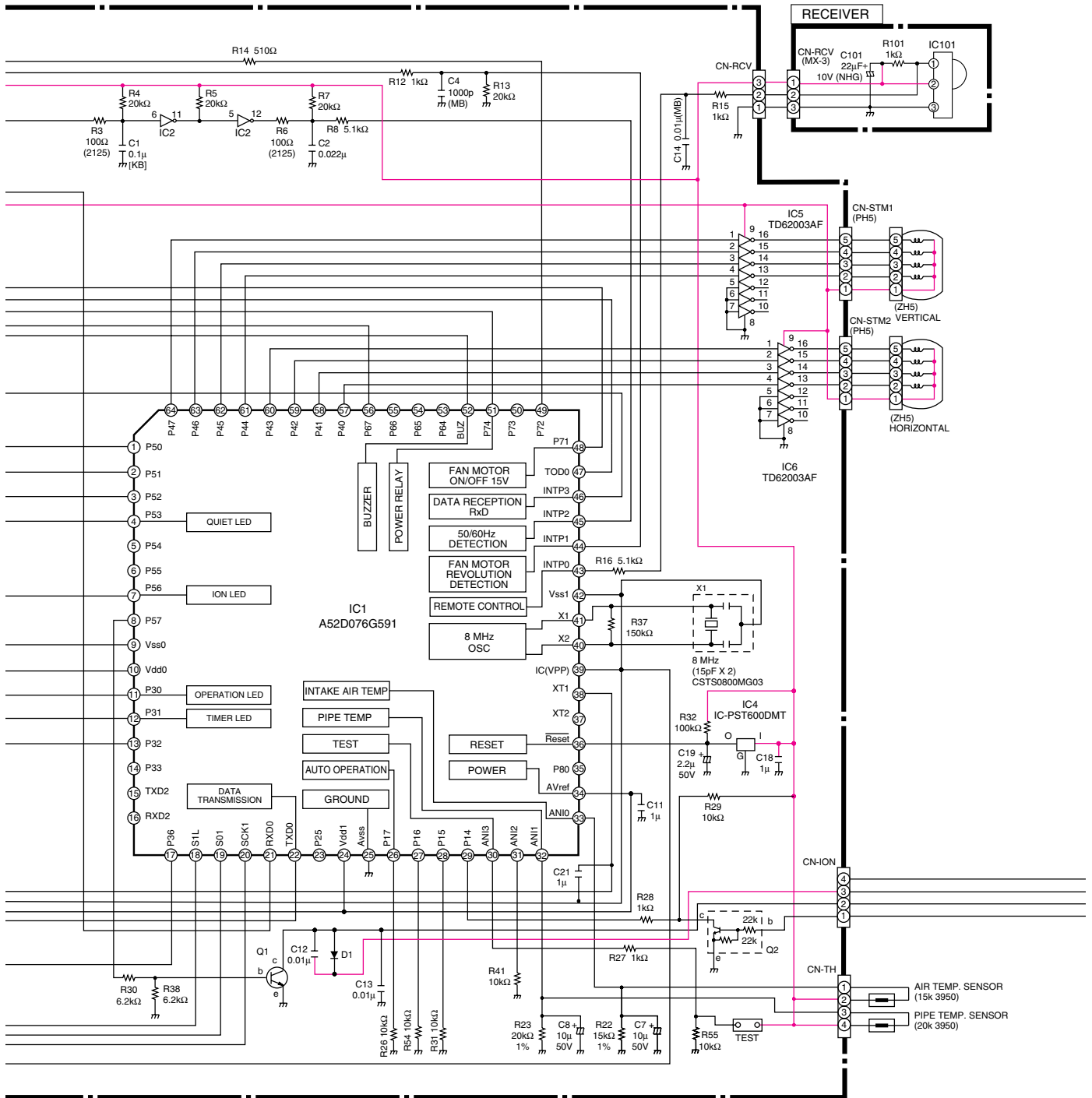
18 Electronic Circuit Diagram

• CS-E24CKE

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 1/3

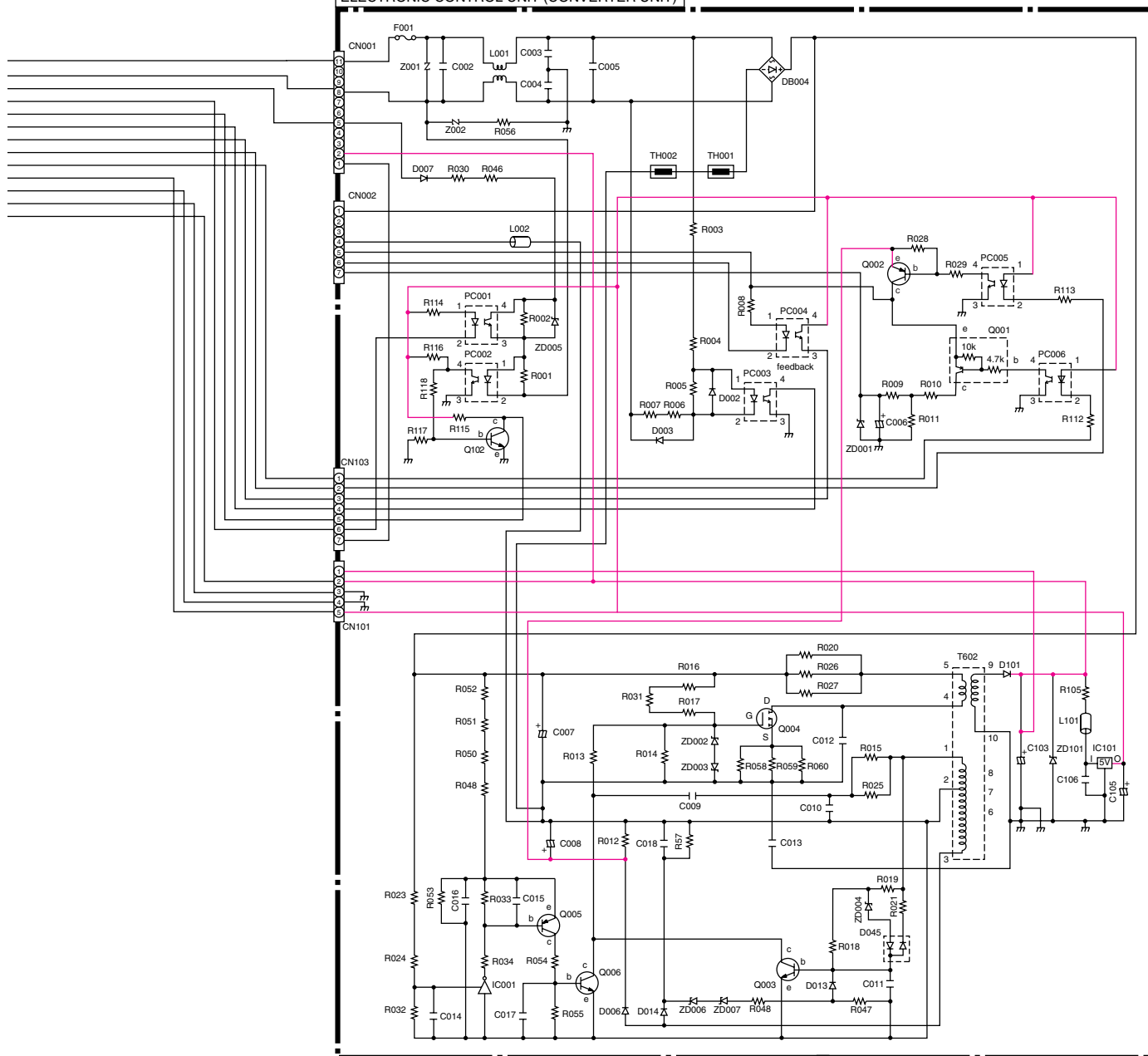


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 2/3

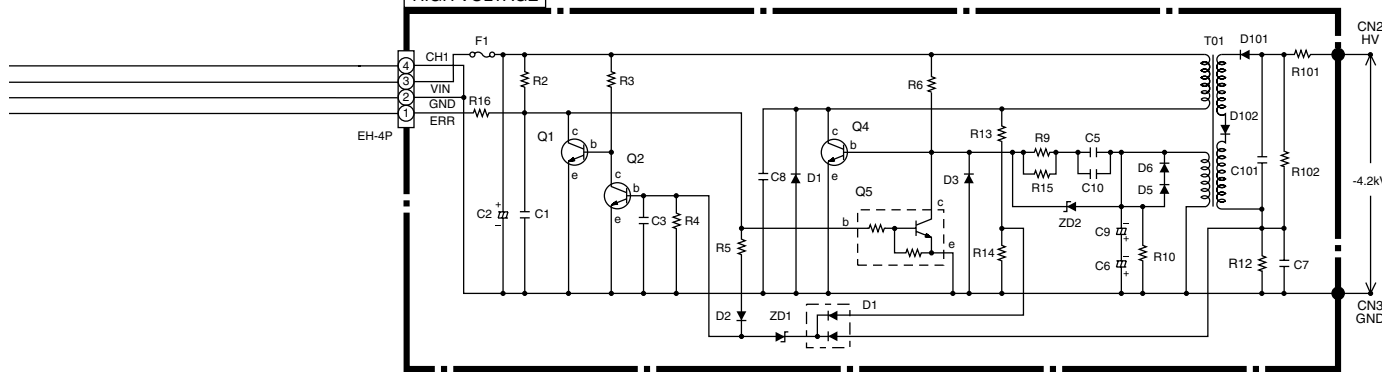


SCHMATIC DIAGRAM 3/3

ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT (CONVERTER UNIT)

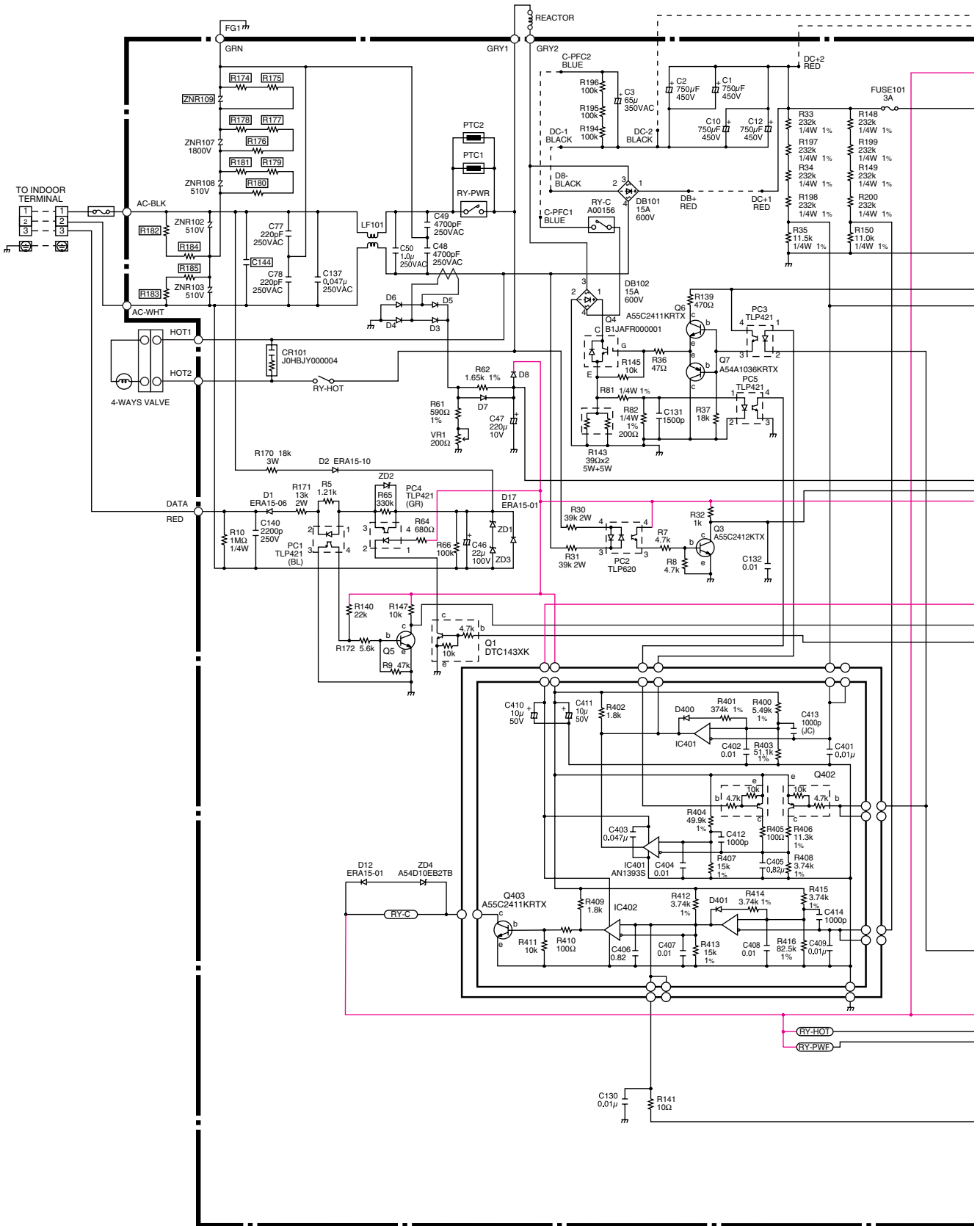


HIGH VOLTAGE

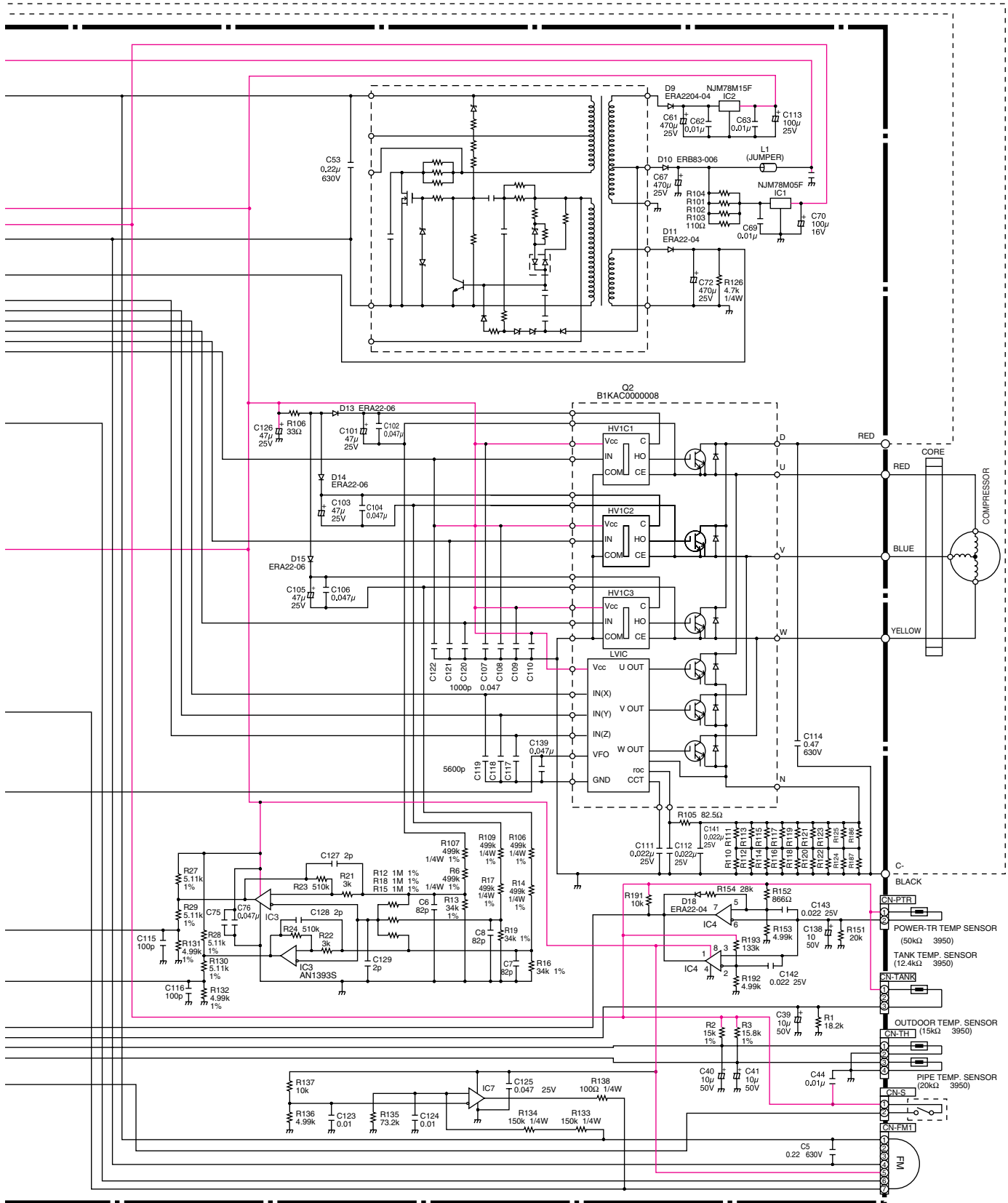


• CU-E24CKE

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 1/3



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 3/3



CS-E24CKE

Fig. 1

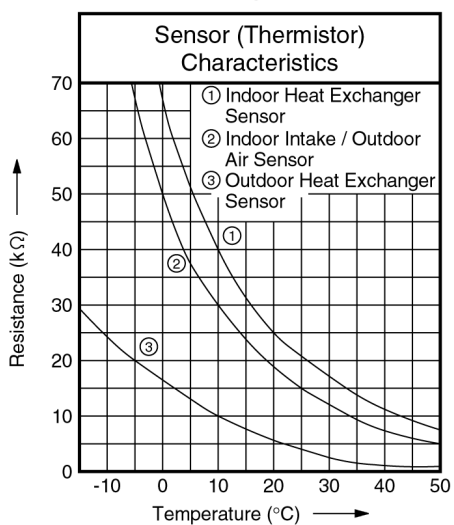
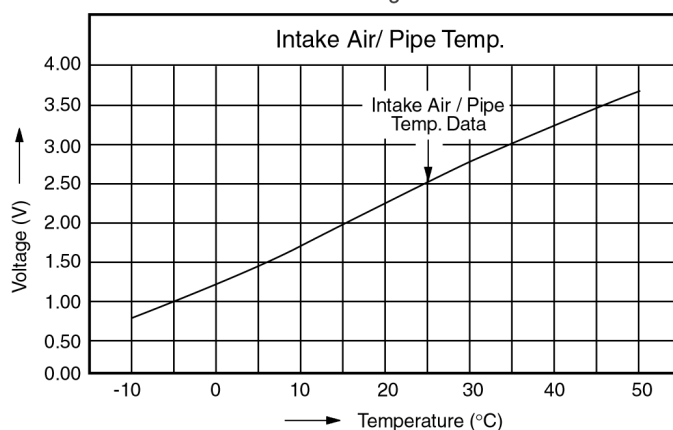


Fig. 2



CU-E24CKE

Fig. 3

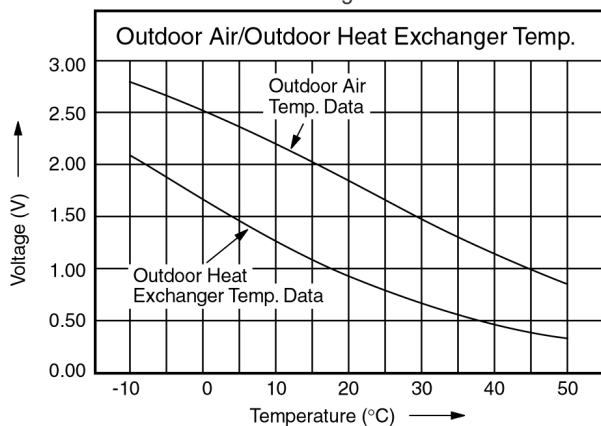


Fig. 4

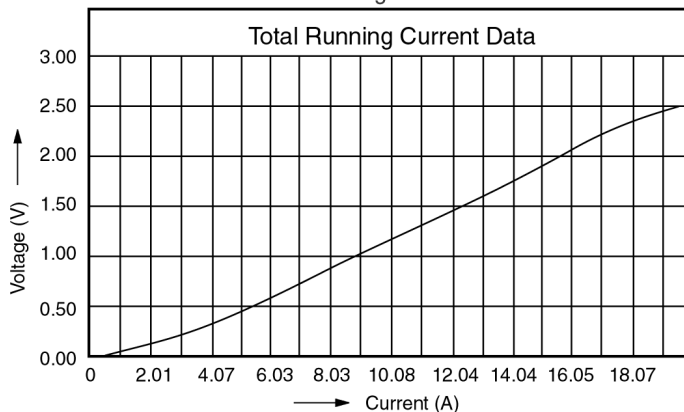


Fig. 5

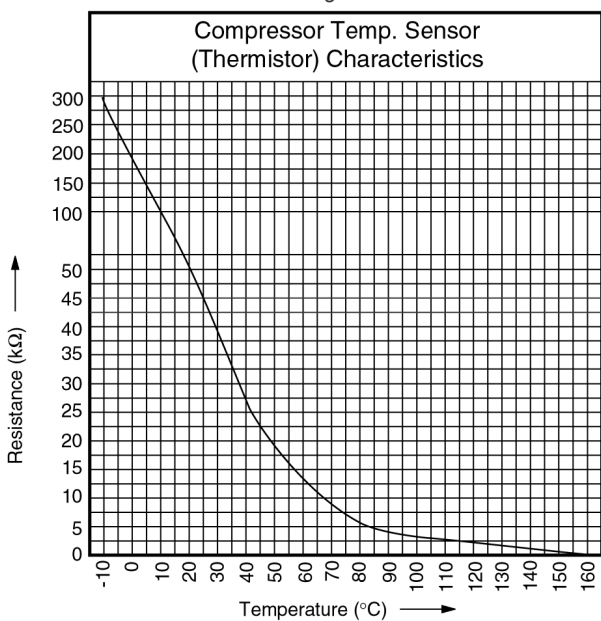
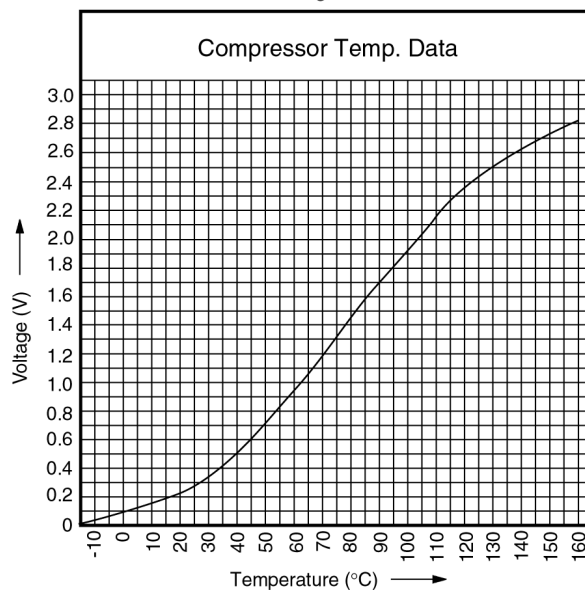


Fig. 6



How to use electronic circuit diagram

Before using the circuit diagram, read the following carefully.

* Voltage measurement

Voltage has been measured with a digital tester when the indoor fan is set at high fan speed under the following conditions without setting the timer.

Use them for servicing.

Voltage indication is in Red at all operations.

* Indications for resistance

a. K...kΩ M...MΩ
W...watt Not indicated....1/4W

b. Type

Not indicated.....carbon resistor

Tolerance±5%



.....metal oxide resistor

Tolerance±1%

* Indications for capacitor

a. Unit μ....μF P....pF

b. Type Not indicated....ceramic capacitor

(S).....S series aluminium electrolytic capacitor

(Z).....Z series aluminium electrolytic capacitor

(SU).....SU series aluminium electrolytic capacitor

(P).....P series polyester system

(SXE).....SXE series aluminium electrolytic capacitor

(SRA).....SRA series aluminium electrolytic capacitor

(KME).....KME series aluminium electrolytic capacitor

* Diode without indication.....MA165

※ Circuit Diagram is subject to change without notice for further development.

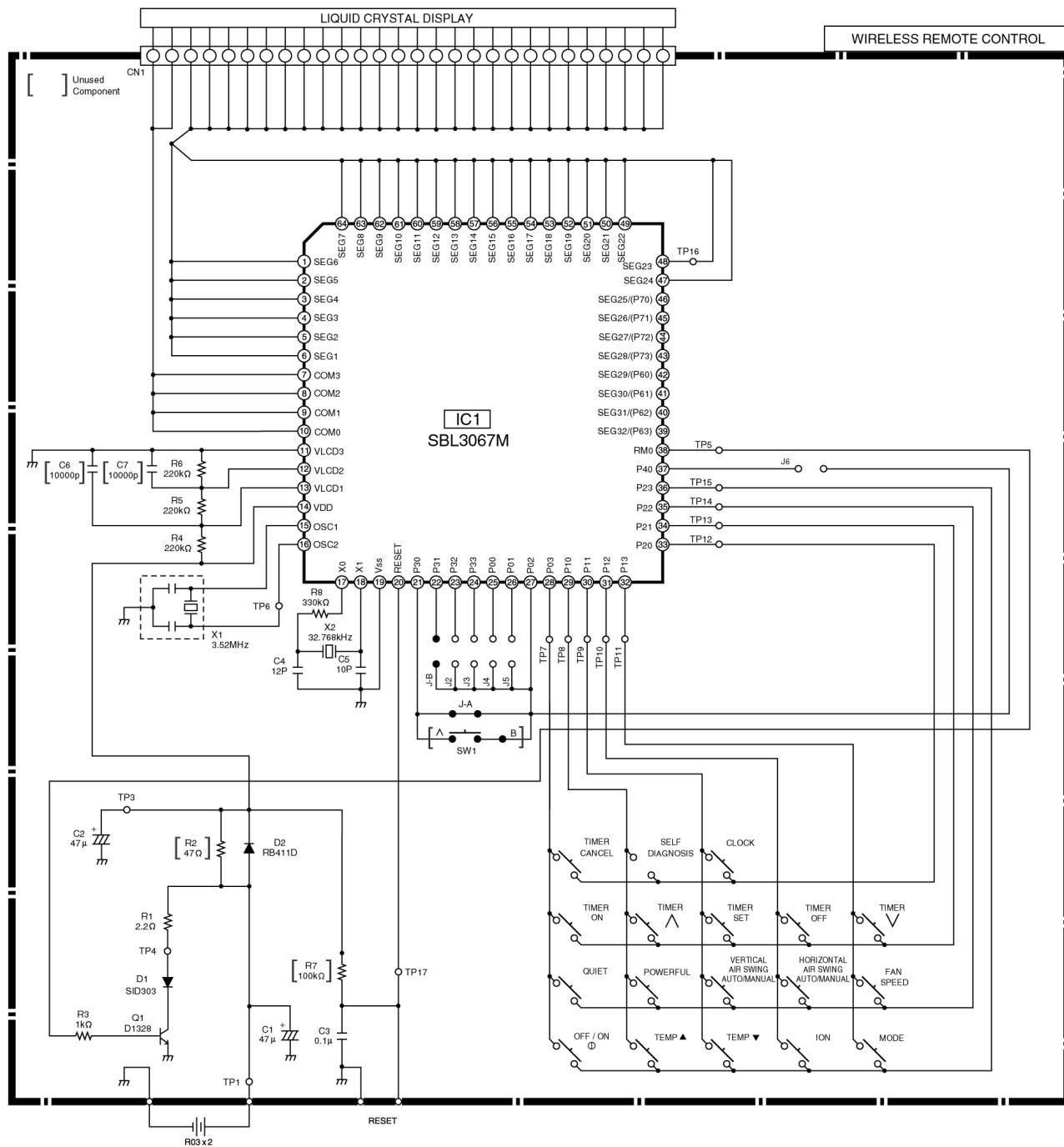
TIMER TABLE <INDOOR>

Name	Time	Test mode (When test point Short-circuited)
4 way valve abnormality	4 min.	24 sec.
Outdoor air temp. for Hz No. decision	30 min.	0 sec.
Anti-dew formation control	20 min.	0 sec.
Anti-freezing control	6 min.	0 sec.
Thermo OFF delay	3 min.	0 sec.
Low pressure control (gas leakage) compressor OFF time	3 min.	0 sec.
Time delay safety control	2 min. 58 sec.	0 sec.
Odour timer status shift time	20 sec.	0 sec.
	90 sec.	
	20 sec.	
	120 sec.	
Intake air temp. sampling time	2 min.	0 sec.
Self diagnosis display time	10 sec.	0 sec.
Auto mode judgement sampling time	20 sec.	0 sec.
24 hours Real Timer	1 hour	1 min.
Heating SSHi fan speed shift	120 min.	12 sec.
Cooling SHi fan speed shift	30 min.	3 sec.
Hot start forced completion	4 min.	0.4 sec.
Auto mode judgement interval	30 min.	3 sec.
After Hot start / Deice	2 min.	12 sec.

TIMER TABLE <OUTDOOR>

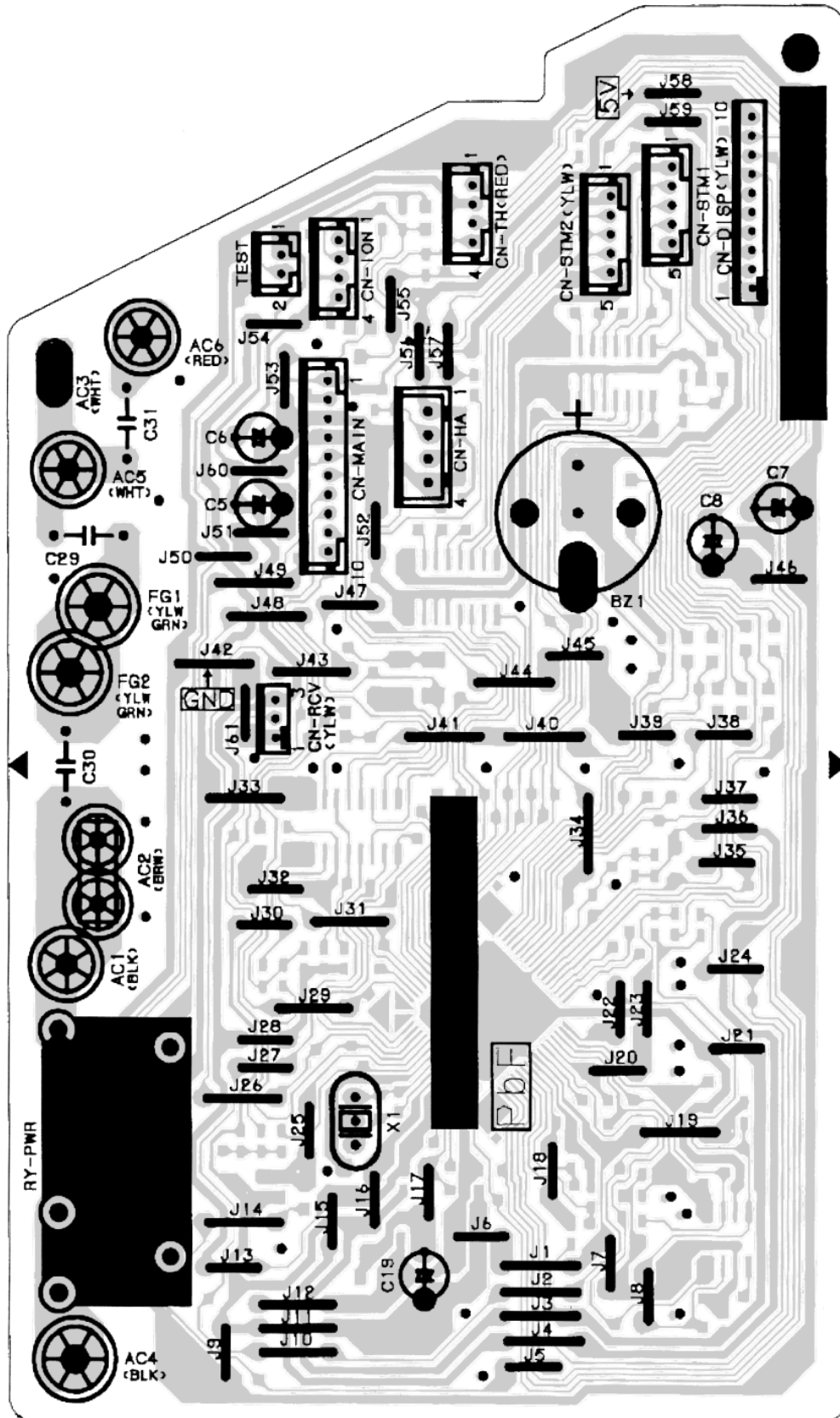
Name	Time	Test mode (When test point Short-circuited)
DC PEAK	30 sec.	3 sec.
Deice detection	120 min.	24 sec.
	80 min.	16 sec.
	40 min.	8 sec.
	40 min.	8 sec.
Hz lock time	30 sec.	0 sec.
Outdoor fan delay operation control	30 sec.	3 sec.
4 way valve delay operation control	3 min.	18 sec.

18.1. REMOTE CONTROL



18.2. PRINT PATTERN INDOOR UNIT PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

● MAIN



18.3. PRINT PATTERN OUTDOOR UNIT PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

● MAIN

