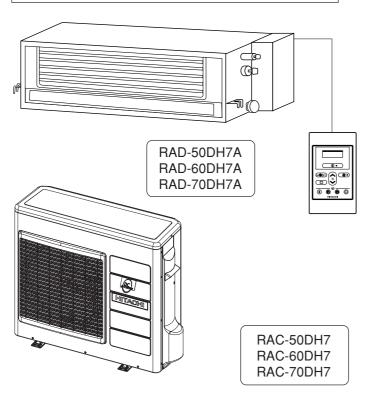
HITACHI Inspire the Next

SERVICE MANUAL

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

FOR SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY



PM

NO. 0411E

RAD-50DH7A/RAC-50DH7 RAD-60DH7A/RAC-60DH7 RAD-70DH7A/RAC-70DH7

REFER TO THE FOUNDATION MANUAL

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SPECIFICATIONS

or Lon 10	***************************************							
TYPE			(DUCTING TYPE)					
'''-			INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT	INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT	INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT
MODEL			RAD-50DH7A	RAC-50DH7	RAD-60DH7A	RAC-60DH7	RAD-70DH7A	RAC-70DH7
POWER SOURCE			1 Ø, 50 Hz, 220-240V		1 Ø, 50 Hz	, 220-240V	1 Ø, 50 Hz	, 220-240V
	TOTAL INPUT	(W)	1,400 (200 ~ 2,100)		1,870 (200	0 ~ 2,500)	2,530 (200	0 ~ 2,920)
COOLING	TOTAL AMPERES	(A)	6.40 ~ 5.90		8.55 ^	7.90	11.60	~ 10.70
COOLING	OADAOITY	(kW)	5.00 (0.90 ~ 6.00)		6.00 (0.9	0 ~ 7.00)	7.10 (0.9	0 ~ 8.00)
	CAPACITY	(B.T.U./h)	17,070 (3,073 ~ 20,490)		20,490 (3,07	′3 ~ 23,901)	24,240 (3,07	73 ~ 27,310)
	TOTAL INPUT	(W)	1,590 (200 ~ 2,200)		2,130 (200	0 ~ 2,600)	2,340 (200	0 ~ 3,100)
HEATING	TOTAL AMPERES	(A)	7.30 ~ 6.70		9.75 ^	9.00	10.70	~ 9.80
IILAIING	CAPACITY	(kW)	6.00 (0.90 ~ 7.00)		7.30 (0.9	0 ~ 8.00)	8.00 (0.9	0 ~ 9.00)
CAPACITY		(B.T.U./h)	20,490 (3,073 ~ 23,901)		24,920 (3,07	′3 ~ 27,315)	27,310 (3,07	73 ~ 30,730)
W W H D D		W	900	850	900	850	900	850
		Н	270	800	270	800	270	800
		D	720	298	720	298	720	298
NET WEIGHT (kg)		35	55	35	55	35	55	

After installation

SPECIFICATIONS AND PARTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE FOR IMPROVEMENT

ROOM AIR CONDITIONER

INDOOR UNIT + OUTDOOR UNIT

APRIL 2008 Refrigeration & Air-Conditioning Division

WORKING STANDARDS FOR PREVENTING BREAKAGE OF SEMICONDUCTORS

1. Scope

The standards provide for items to be generally observed in carrying and handling semiconductors in relative manufacturers during maintenance and handling thereof. (They apply the same to handling of abnormal goods such as rejected goods being returned).

2. Object parts

- (1) Micro computer
- (2) Integrated circuits (IC)
- (3) Field-effect transistors (FET)
- (4) P.C. boards or the like on which the parts mentioned in (1) and (2) of this paragraph are equipped.

3. Items to be observed in handling

(1) Use a conductive container for carrying and storing of parts. (Even rejected goods should be handled in the same way).

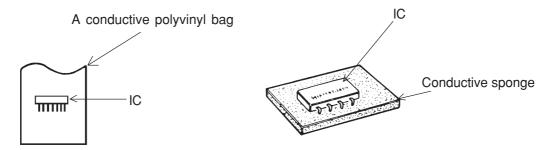


Fig. 1. Conductive Container

- (2) When any part is handled uncovered (in counting, packing and the like), the handling person must always use himself as a body earth. (Make yourself a body earth by passing one M ohm earth resistance through a ring or bracelet).
- (3) Be careful not to touch the parts with your clothing when you hold a part even if a body earth is being taken.
- (4) Be sure to place a part on a metal plate with grounding.
- (5) Be careful not to fail to turn off power when you repair the printed circuit board. At the same time, try to repair the printed circuit board on a grounded metal plate.

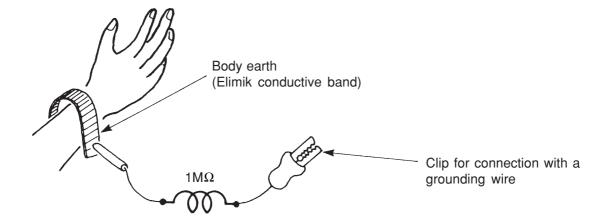


Fig. 2. Body Earth

(6) Use a three wire type soldering iron including a grounding wire.

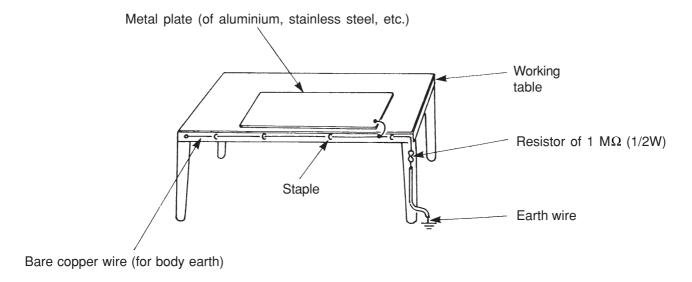


Fig. 3. Grounding of the working table

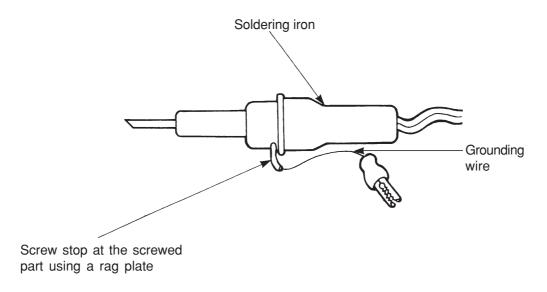


Fig. 4. Grounding a soldering iron

Use a high insulation mode (100V, $10M\Omega$ or higher) when ordinary iron is to be used.

(7) In checking circuits for maintenance, inspection or some others, be careful not to have the test probes of the measuring instrument shortcircuit a load circuit or the like.

A CAUTION

- 1. In quiet or stopping operation, slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle is heard occasionally, but this noise is not abnormal for the operation.
- 2. When it thunders near by, it is recommended to stop the operation and to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet for safety.
- 3. In the event of power failure, the airconditioner will restart automatically in the previously selected mode once the power is restored. In the event of power failure during TIMER operation, the timer will be reset and the unit will begin or stop operating under a new timer setting.
- 4. If the room air conditioner is stopped by adjusting thermostat, or missoperation, and re-start in a moment, there is occasion that the cooling and heating operation does not start for 3 minutes, it is not abnormal and this is the result of the operation of IC delay circuit. This IC delay circuit ensures that there is no danger of blowing fuse or damaging parts even if operation is restarted accidentally.
- 5. This room air conditioner should not be used at the cooling operation when the outside temperature is below -10°C (50°F).
- 6. This room air conditioner (the reverse cycle) should not be used when the outside temperature is below -15°C (5°F).
 - If the reverse cycle is used under this condition, the outside heat exchanger is frosted and efficiency falls.
- 7. When the outside heat exchanger is frosted, the frost is melted by operating the hot gas system, it is not trouble that at this time fan stops and the vapour may rise from the outside heat exchanger.

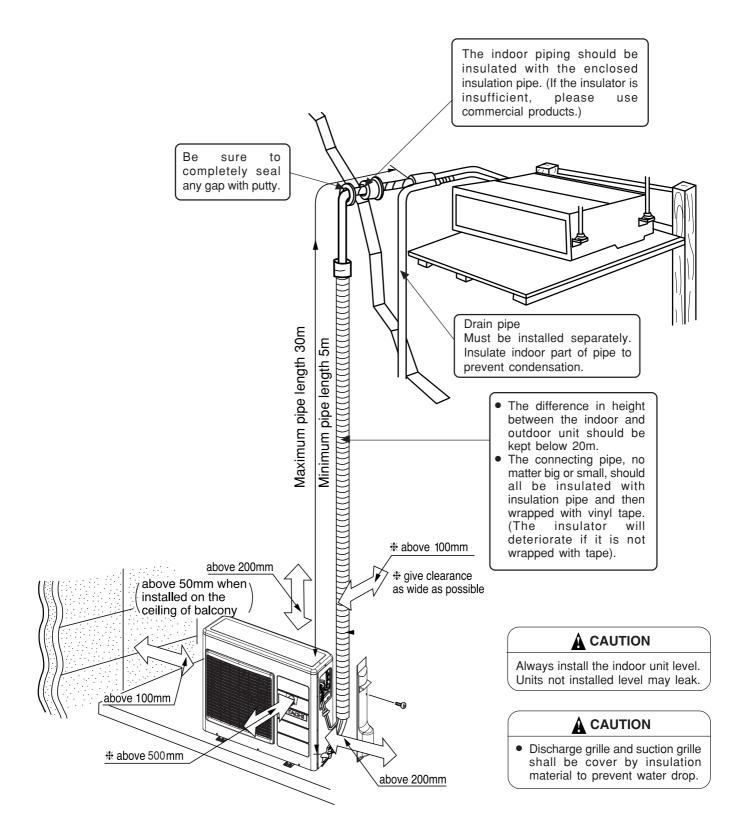
SPECIFICATIONS

3FECIFICATION3			
MODEL		RAD-50DH7A RAD-60DH7A RAD-70DH7A	RAC-50DH7/RAC-60DH7/RAC-70DH7
FAN MOTOR		56 W	80 W
FAN MOTOR CAPACITOR		NO	NO
FAN MOTOR PROTECTOR		NO	NO
COMPRESSOR		_	JU1015D4
COMPRESSOR MOTOR CAP	ACITOR	NO	NO
OVERLOAD PROTECTOR		NO	NO
OVERHEAT PROTECTOR		NO	YES
FUSE (MICRO COMPUTER C	CIRCUIT)	3.15A	NO
POWER RELAY		G4A	NO
POWER SWITCH		NO	NO
TEMPORARY SWITCH		NO	NO
SERVICE SWITCH		NO	NO
TRANSFORMER		NO	NO
VARISTOR		416NR	NO
NOISE SUPPRESSOR		NO	NO
THERMOSTAT		YES(IC)	YES(IC)
REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH	(LIQUID CRYSTAL)	YES NO	
		30 A TIME DELAY FUSE	
DEEDIGEDANT OURSON	UNIT		₩ 1800g
REFRIGERANT CHARGING VOLUME (Refrigerant R410A)	PIPES (MAX. 30m) (MIN. 5m)		

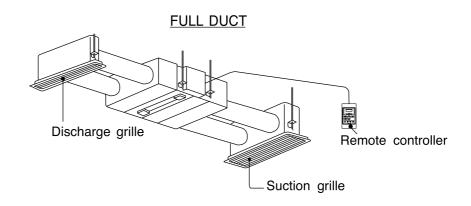
Figure showing the installation of Indoor and Outdoor unit

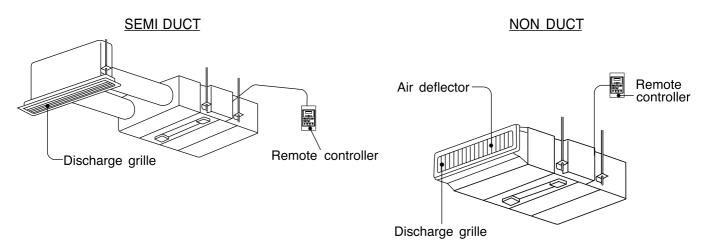
A CAUTION

- Install the indoor unit with a proper clearance around it for operation and maintenance working space.
- In case that the ceiling board can not be detected for servicing, prepare a service access door below the indoor unit
 for removing the indoor unit.

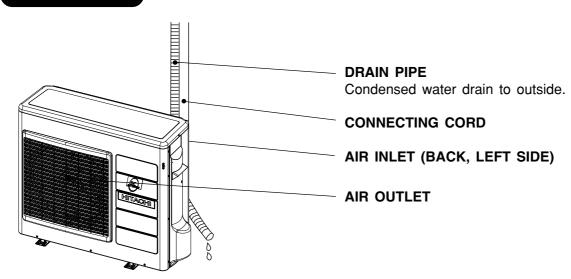


INDOOR UNIT





OUTDOOR UNIT



MODEL NAME AND DIMENSIONS

MODEL	WIDTH (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)	DEPTH (mm)
RAD-50DH7A / RAD-60DH7A / RAD-70DH7A	900	270	720
RAC-50DH7 / RAC-60DH7 / RAC-70DH7	850	800	298

Please note:

On switching on the equipment, particularly when the room light is dimmed, a slight brightness fluctuation may occur. This is of no consequence.

The conditions of the local Power Supply Companies are to be observed.

Note

 Avoid to use the room air conditioner for cooling operation when the outside temperature is below 21°C (70°F).

The recommended maximum and minimum operating temperatures of the hot and cold sides should be as below:

		Coo	ling	Heating	
		Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
Indoor	Dry bulb °C	21	32	20	27
indoor	Wet bulb °C	15	23	12	19
Outdoor	Dry bulb °C	21	43	2	21
Outdoor	Wet bulb °C	15	26	1	15

MEMO



SAFETY PRECAUTION

- Please read the "Safety Precaution" carefully before operating the unit to ensure correct usage of the unit.
- Pay special attention to signs of " A Warning" and " A Caution". The "Warning" section contains matters which, if not observed strictly, may cause death or serious injury. The "Caution" section contains matters which may result in serious consequences if not observed properly. Please observe all instructions strictly to ensure safety.
- The sign indicate the following meanings.

Make sure to connect earth line.

electric shock.

No The sign in the figure indicates prohibition.

0

Indicates the instructions that must be followed.

• Please keep this manual after reading.

PRECAUTIONS DURING INSTALLATION

Do not reconstruct the unit.
 Water leakage, fault, short circuit or fire may occur if you reconstruct the unit by yourself.





• Please ask your sales agent or qualified technician for the installation of your unit. Water leakage, short circuit or fire may occur if you install the unit by yourself.

by yourself.

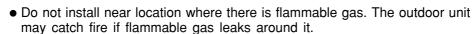
• Please use earth line.

Do not place the earth line near water or gas pipes, lightning-conductor, or the earth line of telephone. Improper installation of earth line may cause



CAUTION

• A circuit breaker should be installed depending on the mounting site of the unit. Without a circuit breaker, the danger of electric shock exists.





• Please ensure smooth flow of water when installing the drain hose.

PRECAUTIONS DURING SHIFTING OR MAINTENANCE

WARNIN

A

W

Α

R N

I N G • Should abnormal situation arises (like burning smell), please stop operating the unit and turn off the circuit breaker. Contact your agent. Fault, short circuit or fire may occur if you continue to operate the unit under abnormal situation.



- Please contact your agent for maintenance. Improper self maintenance may cause electric shock and fire.
- Please contact your agent if you need to remove and reinstall the unit. Electric shock or fire may occur if you remove and reinstall the unit yourself improperly.
- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the special cord obtainable at authorized service/parts centers.

PRECAUTIONS DURING OPERATION

• Avoid an extended period of direct air flow for your health.





- Do not insert a finger, a rod or other objects into the air outlet or inlet. As the fan is rotating at a high speed, it will cause injury. Before cleaning, be sure to stop the operation and turn the breaker OFF.
- Do not use any conductor as fuse wire, this could cause fatal accident.





• During thunder storm, disconnect and turn off the circuit breaker.

PRECAUTIONS DURING OPERATION

• The product shall be operated under the manufacturer specification and not for any other intended use.





- Do not attempt to operate the unit with wet hands, this could cause fatal accident.
- When operating the unit with burning equipments, regularly ventilate the room to avoid oxygen insufficiency.





- Do not direct the cool air coming out from the air-conditioner panel to face household heating apparatus as this may affect the working of apparatus such as the electric kettle, oven etc.
- Please ensure that outdoor mounting frame is always stable, firm and without defect. If not, the outdoor unit may collapse and cause danger.





- Do not splash or direct water to the body of the unit when cleaning it as this may cause short circuit.
- Do not use any aerosol or hair sprays near the indoor unit. This chemical can adhere on heat exchanger fin and blocked the evaporation water flow to drain pan. The water will drop on tangential fan and cause water splashing out from indoor unit.





- Please switch off the unit and turn off the circuit breaker during cleaning, the high-speed fan inside the unit may cause danger.
- Turn off the circuit breaker if the unit is not to be operated for a long period.





- Do not climb on the outdoor unit or put objects on it.
- Do not put water container (like vase) on the indoor unit to avoid water dripping into the unit. Dripping water will damage the insulator inside the unit and causes short-circuit.



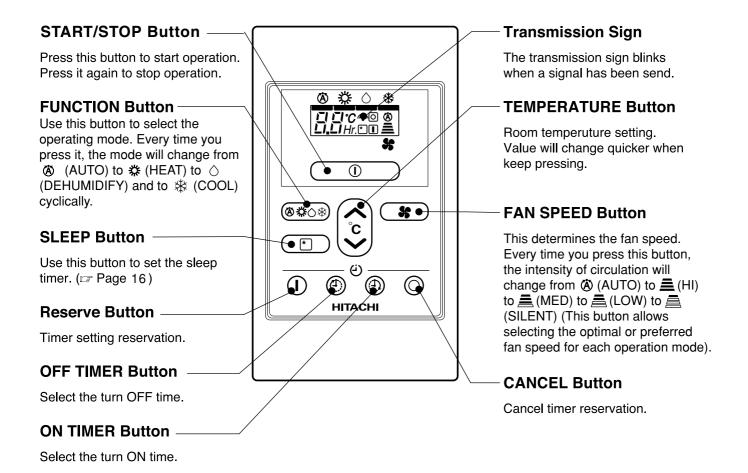


- Do not place plants directly under the air flow as it is bad for the plants.
- When operating the unit with the door and windows opened, (the room humidity is always above 80%) and with the air deflector facing down or moving automatically for a long period of time, water will condense on the air deflector and drips down occasionally. This will wet your furniture. Therefore, do not operate under such condition for a long time.
- If the amount of heat in the room is above the cooling or heating capability of the unit (for example: more people entering the room, using heating equipments and etc.), the preset room temperature cannot be achieved.
- This appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm persons unless they have been adequately supervised by a responsible person to ensure that they can use the appliance safely.
- Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.



NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF REMOTE CONTROL UNIT

■ This controls the operation function and timer setting of the room air conditioner.



Precautions for Use

- Do not put the remote controller in the following places.
 - Under direct sunlight.
 - In the vicinity of a heater.
- Handle the remote controller carefully. Do not drop it on the floor, and protect it from water.
- Once the outdoor unit stops, it will not restart for about 3 minutes (unless you turn the power switch off and on or unplug the power cord and plug it in again).

This is to protect the device and does not indicate a failure.

• If you press the FUNCTION selector button during operation, the device may stop for about 3 minutes for protection.

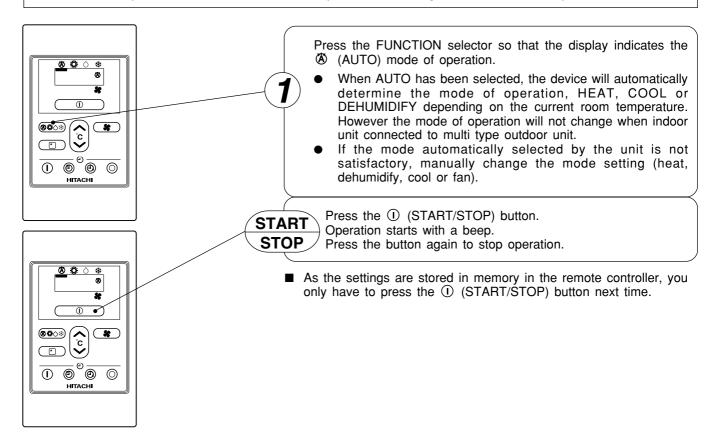
VARIOUS FUNCTIONS

■ Auto Restart Control

- If there is a power failure, operation will be automatically restarted when the power is resumed with previous operation mode.
 - (As the operation is not stopped by remote controller.)
- If you intend not to continue the operation when the power is resumed, switch off the power supply.
 When you switch on the circuit breaker, the operation will be automatically restarted with previous operation mode.
 - Note: 1. If you do not require Auto Restart Control, please consult your sales agent or OFF by remote control.
 - 2. Auto Restart Control is not available when Timer or Sleep Timer mode is set.

AUTOMATIC OPERATION

The device will automatically determine the mode of operation, HEAT, COOL or DEHUMIDIFY depending on the current room temperature. The selected mode of operation will change when the room temperature varies.



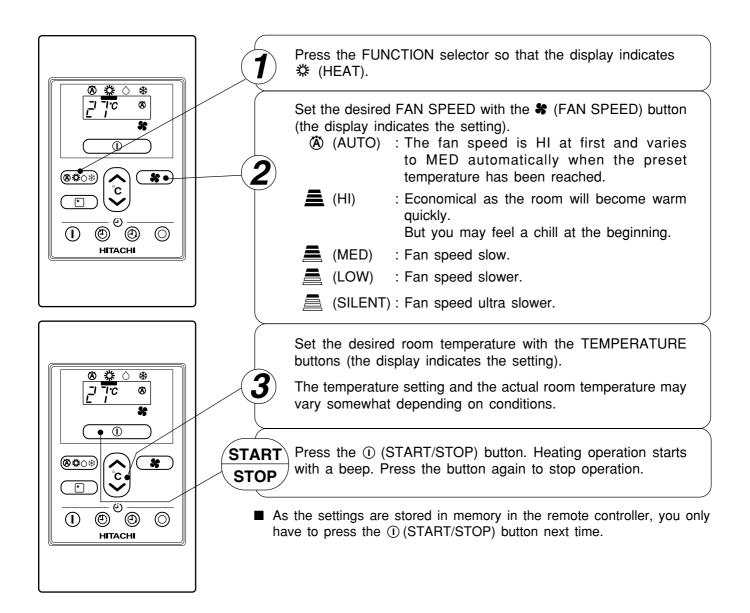
FAN SPEED (AUTO)

..... When the AUTO fan speed mode is set in the cooling/heating operation:

For the heating operation	 The fan speed will automatically change according to the temperature of discharged air. When the difference of room temperature and setting temperature is large, fan starts to run at HI speed. When the room temperature reaches setting temperature, fan speed changes to LOW automatically.
For the cooling operation	 When the difference of room temperature and setting temperature is large, fan starts to run at HI speed. After room temperature reaches the preset temperature, the cooling operation, which changes the fan speed and room temperature to obtain optimum conditions for natural healthful cooling will be performed.

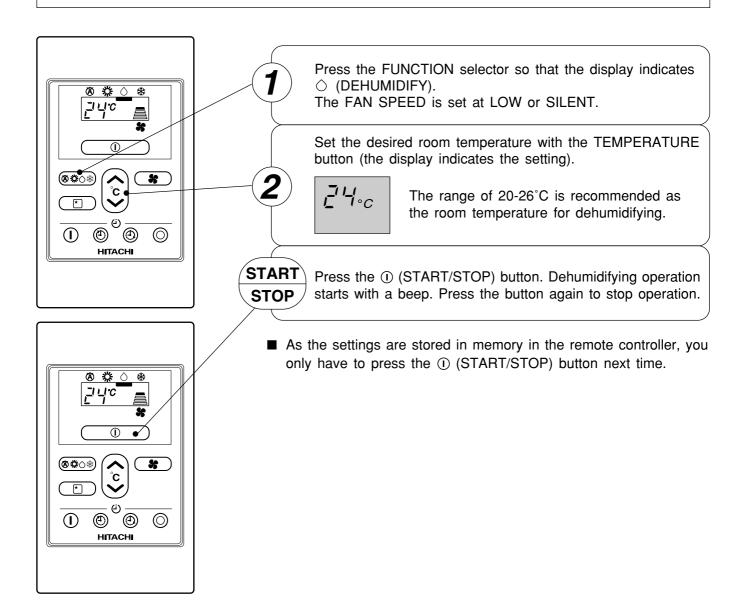
HEATING OPERATION

- Use the device for heating when the outdoor temperature is under 21°C.
 When it is too warm (over 21°C), the heating function may not work in order to protect the device.
- In order to keep reliability of the device, please use this device above -15°C of the outdoor temperature.



DEHUMIDIFYING OPERATION

Use the device for dehumidifying when the room temperature is over 16°C. When it is under 15°C, the dehumidifying function will not work.



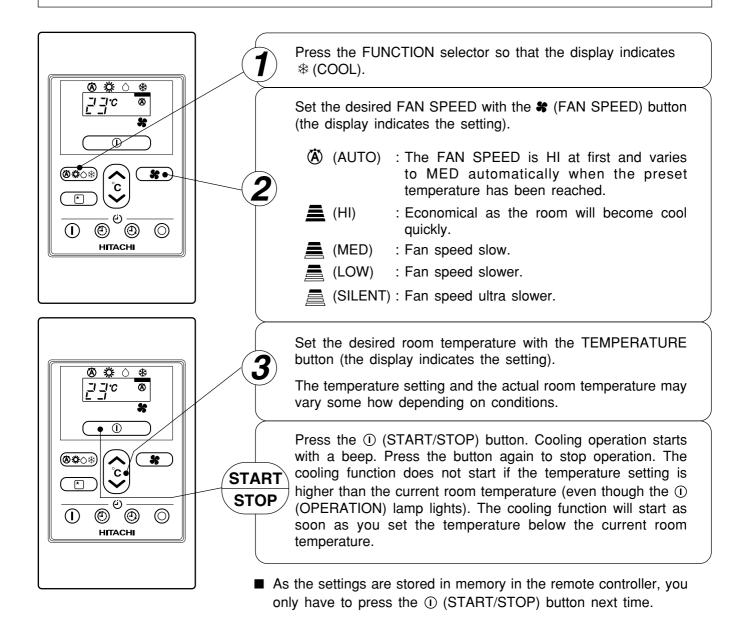
■ Dehumidifying Function

When the room temperature is higher than the temperature setting: The device will dehumidify the room, reducing the room temperature to the preset level.

When the room temperature is lower than the temperature setting: Dehumidifying will be performed at the temperature setting slightly lower than the current room temperature, regardless of the temperature setting. The function will stop (the indoor unit will stop emitting air) as soon as the room temperature becomes lower than the setting temperature.

COOLING OPERATION

Use the device for cooling when the outdoor temperature is $-10 \sim 43$ °C. If indoor humidity is very high (80%), some dew may form on the air outlet grille of the indoor unit.



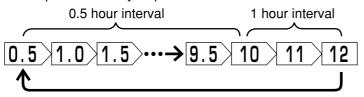
TIMER RESERVATION

■ ON Timer and OFF Timer are available.

OFF Timer Reservation

OFF TIME setting

- Select the OFF TIME by pressing the (OFF) Button.
- Setting time will change according to the below sequence when you press the button.



 The value change quicker if you keep pressing the button.

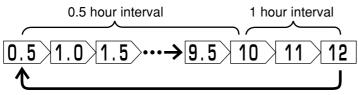
2 Press the () (Reserve) button

- OFF TIMER reserved with a signal received sound "beep".
- The O (OFF) Mark starts lighting instead of blinking.

ON Timer Reservation

ON TIME setting

- Select the ON TIMER by pressing the (ON) Button.
- At the beginning of setting, time 6 hours was set.
- Setting time will change according to the below sequence.



 The value change quicker if you keep pressing the button.

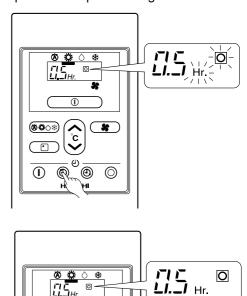
2 Press the () (Reserve) button

- ON TIMER reserved with a signal received sound "beep".
- The I (ON) Mark starts lighting instead of blinking.

CANCELLATION of Timer Reservation

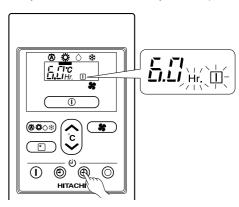
Press the (Cancel) button

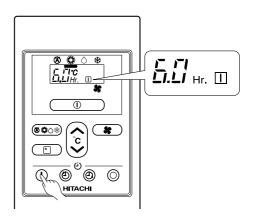
 As the time settings are stored in remote controller memory, you only have to press the (Reserve) button in order to use the same setting next time. ■ Operation stop at setting time



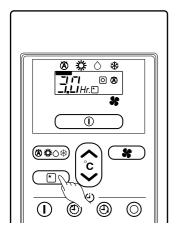
■ Operation will start for setting temperature at setting time (The starting time may different depend on the room temperature and set temperature).

*





HOW TO SET THE SLEEP TIMER



Mode	Indication
Sleep timer	1 hour → 2 hours → 3 hours → 7 hours → Sleep timer off

Sleep Timer: The device will continue working for the designated number of hours and then turn off.

Press the SLEEP button, indoor unit will produce a beep.

The timer information will be displayed on the remote controller.

Example: Setting 3 hours

sleep time.

How to Cancel Reservation

Press the \bigcirc (CANCEL) button. The \bigcirc (RESERVED) sign goes out with a beep.

Explanation of the sleep timer

The device will control the FAN SPEED and room temperature automatically so as to be quiet and good for people's health.

NOTE

- If you set the sleep timer after the off or on-timer has been set, the sleep timer becomes effective instead of the off or on-timer set earlier.
- You can not set other timer during sleep timer operation.
- After sleep timer time is up and when press sleep button again, the sleep timer will be set as last setting.
- Sleep timer effective only once.

When you do not use the room air conditioner, set the circuit breaker to "OFF".

HOW TO USE THE AIR CONDITIONER EFFECTIVELY

- 1. An average room temperature setting is probably the best for you as well as being economical.
 - Excessive cooling or heating is not recommended for health reasons. High electricity bills may also result.
 - Close the curtains or blinds to prevent heat from flowing into or escaping the room as well as to make more effective use of electricity.



2. At intervals, the doors and windows should be opened to let fresh air in.



Make sure the room is ventilated when operating the air conditioner at the same time as other heating appliances.



3. Using the timer is recommended before going to sleep or going out.



- 4. The following must never be used for cleaning the indoor and outdoor units.
 - Benzine, thinner and scrub can damage plastic surfaces or coating.
 - Hot water above 40°C can shrink the filter and deform plastic parts.



- 5. Do not block the air intake and air outlet.
 - Do not block the air outlets and intakes of the indoor and outdoor units with curtains or other obstacles which could degrade air conditioner performance and cause unit failure.

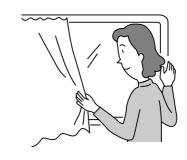
Suitable Room Temperature



Warning

Freezing temperature is bad for health and a waste of electric power.

Install curtain or blinds



It is possible to reduce heat entering the room through windows.

Ventilation

A Caution

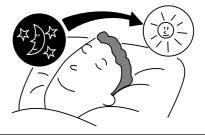
Do not close the room for a long period of time. Occasionally open the door and windows

to allow the entrance of fresh air.



Effective Usage Of Timer

At night, please use the "OFF or ON timer operation mode", together with your wake up time in the morning. This will enable you to enjoy a comfortable room temperature. Please use the timer effectively.



Do Not Forget To Clean The Air Filter

Dusty air filter will reduce the air volume and the cooling efficiency. To prevent from wasting electric energy, please clean the filter every 2 weeks.



Please Adjust Suitable Temperature For Baby And Children

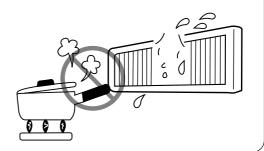
Please pay attention to the room temperature and air flow direction when operating the unit for baby, children and old folks who have

difficulty in movement.

The Air Conditioner And The Heat Source In The Room

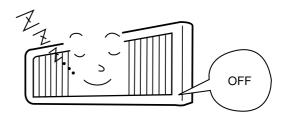
A Caution

If the amount of heat in the room is above the cooling capability of the air conditioner (for example: more people entering the room, using heating equipments and etc.), the preset room temperature cannot be achieved.



Not Operating For A Long Time

When the indoor unit is not to be used for a long period of time, please switch off the power from the mains. If the power from mains remains "ON", the indoor unit still consumes about 8W in the operation control circuit even if it is in "OFF" mode.

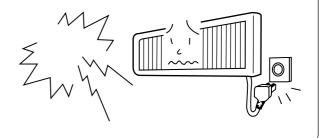


When Lightning Occurs



Warning

To protect the whole unit during lightning, please stop operating the unit and remove the plug from the socket.

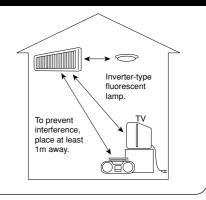


Interference From Electrical Products



A Caution

To avoid noise interference, please place the indoor unit and its remote controller at least 1m away from electrical products.



MAINTENANCE

A WARNING

• Before cleaning, stop unit operation with the remote controller and turn off the circuit breaker.

A CAUTION

- Do not expose the unit to water as it may cause an electric shock.
- For cleaning inside the air conditioner, consult your sales agent.
- Avoid using detergent when cleaning the heat exchanger of the indoor unit. Unit failure may result.
- When cleaning the heat exchanger with a vacuum cleaner, make sure to wear gloves so as not to injure your hands on the heat exchanger fins.

1. AIR FILTER

Clean the air filter, as it removes dust inside the room. Be sure to clean the filter once every two weeks so as not to consume electricity unnecessarily.

PROCEDURE



Loose the screw and release the filter holders. Pull the filter toward center to take it out from indoor unit (refer to diagram)

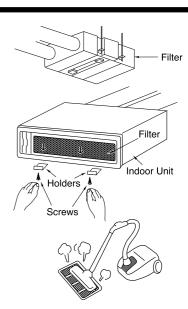


Remove dust from the filter using a vacuum cleaner. If there is too much dust, use neutral detergent. After using neutral detergent, wash with clean water and dry in the shade.



Install the filters.

Slightly lift the suction grille and close as original state.



A CAUTION

- Do not wash with hot water at more than 40°C. The filter may shrink.
- When washing it, shake off moisture completely and dry it in the shade; do not expose it directly to the sun. The filter may shrink.
- Do not operate the air conditioner with the filter removed. Dust may enter the air conditioner and cause trouble.

PLEASE CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS BY QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONAL EITHER EVERY HALF YEARLY OR YEARLY. CONTACT YOUR SALES AGENT OR SERVICE SHOP.

1		Is the earth line disconnected or broken?
2		Is the mounting frame seriously affected by rust and is the outdoor unit tilted or unstable?
3	Confirm	Is the plug of power line firmly plugged into the socket? (Please ensure no loose contact between them).

AFTER SALE SERVICE AND WARRANTY

WHEN ASKING FOR SERVICE, CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS.

CONDITION	CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS		
When it does not operate	 Is the fuse all right? Is the voltage extremely high or low? Is the circuit breaker "ON"? 		
When it does not cool well When it does not hot well	 Was the air filter cleaned? Does sunlight fall directly on the outdoor unit? Is the air flow of the outdoor unit obstructed? Are the doors or windows opened, or is there any source of heat in the room? Is the set temperature suitable? 		

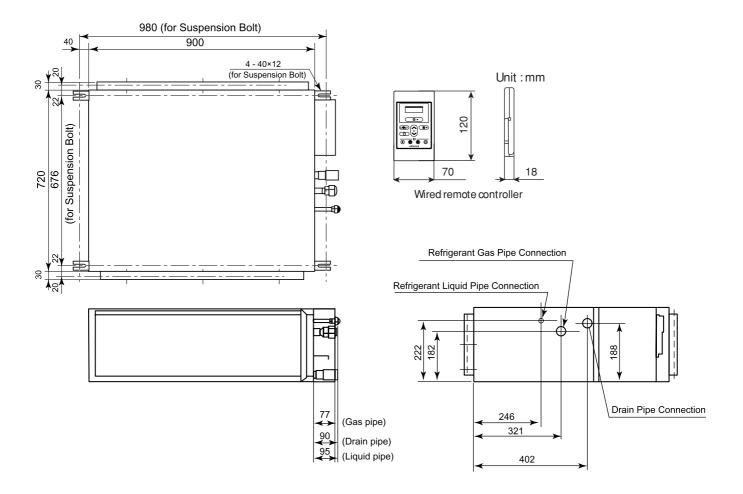


Notes

- In quiet or stop operation, the following phenomena may occassionally occur, but they are not abnormal for the operation.
 - (1) Slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle.
 - (2) Slight rubbing noise from the fan casing which is cooled and then gradually warmed as operation stops.
- The odor will possibly be emitted from the room air conditioner because the various odor, emitted by smoke, foodstuffs, cosmetics and so on, sticks to it. So the air filter and the evaporator regularly must be cleaned to reduce the odor.
- Please contact your sales agent immediately if the air conditioner still fails to operate normally after the above inspections. Inform your agent of the model of your unit, production number, date of installation. Please also inform him regarding the fault.
- Power supply shall be connected at the rated voltage, otherwise the unit will be broken or could not reach the specified capacity.

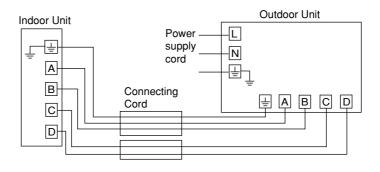
CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM

MODEL RAD-50DH7A RAD-60DH7A RAD-70DH7A



Note:

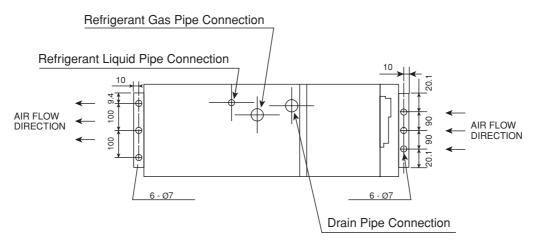
- 1. Servicing space of 100mm or more is required on the left and right sides of the indoor unit and also 50mm or more space is required above the unit
- 2. Insulated pipes should be used for both the narrow and wide dia. pipes.
- 3. Piping length is within 20m
- 4. Height different of the piping between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit should be within 10m.
- 5. Power supply cord length is about 2m
- 6. Connecting cable 2.5mm dia. x 3 (AB Line), 1.6mm dia. x 2 (CD Line) is used for the connection.



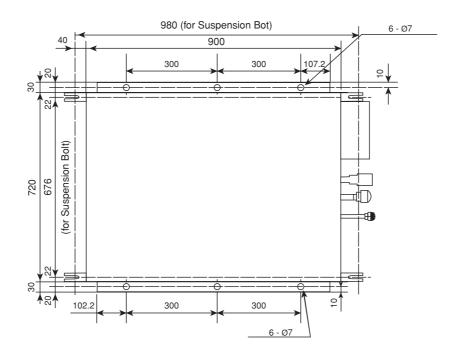
MOUNTING HOLE DIMENSION

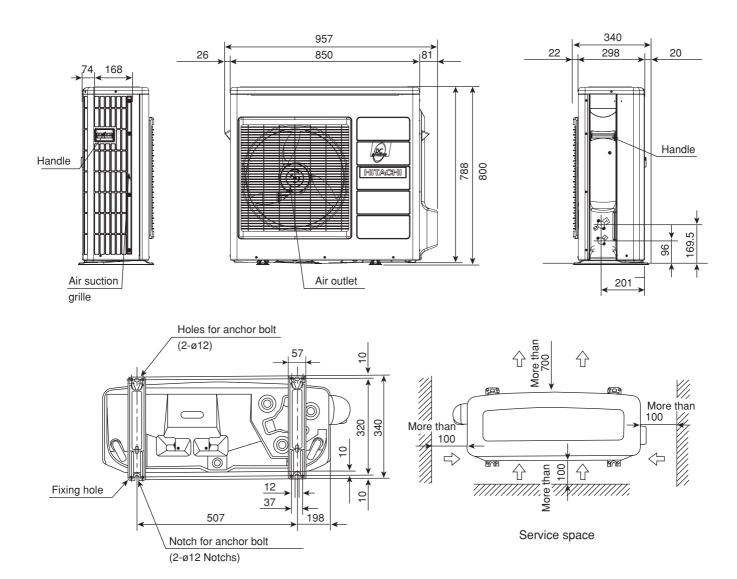
MODEL RAD-50DH7A RAD-60DH7A RAD-70DH7A

SIDE VIEW



TOP VIEW





MAIN PARTS COMPONENT

THERMOSTAT (Room Temperature Thermistor)

Thermostat Specifications

MODEL		RAD-50DH7A/RAD-60DH7A/RAD-70DH7A		
THERMOSTAT MODEL		IC		
OPERATION MODE		COOL	HEAT	
INDICATIO		ON	15.6 (60.1)	20.0 (68.0)
	16	OFF	15.3 (59.5)	20.7 (69.3)
TEMPERATURE	INDICATION 24	ON	23.6 (74.5)	28.0 (82.4)
°C (°F)		OFF	23.3 (73.9)	28.7 83.7)
	INDICATION	ON	31.6 (88.9)	36.0 (96.8)
	32	32 OFF	31.3 (88.3)	36.7 (98.1)

FAN MOTOR

Fan Motor Specifications

MODEL	RAD-50DH7A/RAD-60DH7A/RAD-70DH7A	RAC-50DH7/RAC-60DH7/RAC-70DH7
POWER SOURCE	DC: 280V	DC350V
OUTPUT	56W	80W
CONNECTION	280V O RED 0V O BLK 15V O WHT 15V O YEL 0 ~ 6.5V O BLU	360V
	(Control circuit built in)	

BLU : BLUE YEL : YELLOW BRN : BROWN WHT : WHITE

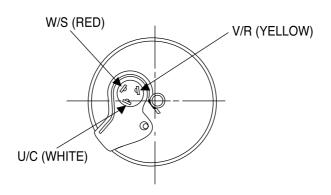
GRY: GRAY ORN: ORANGE GRN: GREEN RED: RED

BLK : BLACK PNK : PINK VIO : VIOLET

COMPRESSOR MOTOR

Compressor Motor Specifications

MODEL		RAC-50DH7/RAC-60DH7/RAC-70DH7	
COMPRESSOR MODEL		JU1015D4	
PHASE		SINGLE	
RATED VOLTAGE		AC 220 ~ 240 V	
RATED FREQUENCY		50 Hz	
POLE NUMBER		4	
CONNECTION		YELLOW Ø RED	
RESISTANCE VALUE	20°C (68°F)	2M = 1.05	
(Ω)	75°C (167°F)	2M = 1.268	



A CAUTION

When the Air Conditioner has been operated for a long time with the capillary tubes clogged or crushed or with too little coolant, check the color of the refrigerant oil inside the compressor. If the color has been changed conspicuously, replace the compressor.

WIRING DIAGRAM

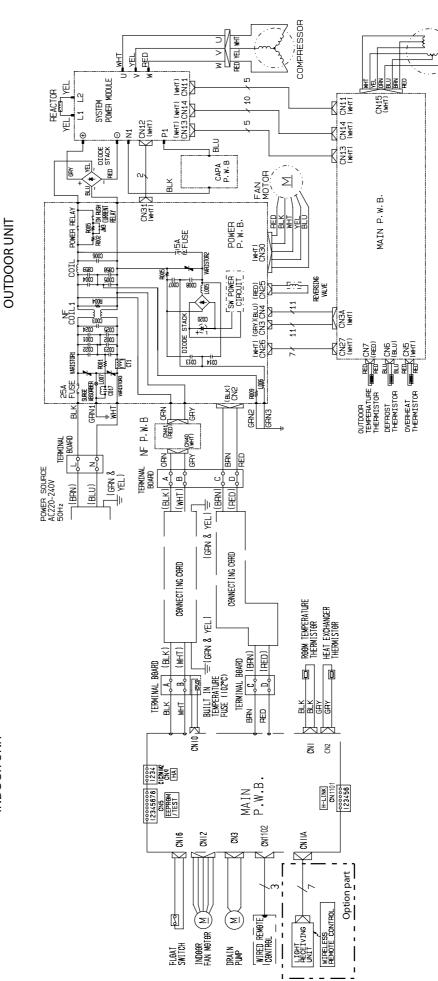
MODEL RAD-50DH7A/RAD-60DH7A/RAD-70DH7A RAC-50DH7/RAC-60DH7/RAC-70DH7

BROWN GREEN : VIOLET GRN BRN 0 ORN : ORANGE : YELLOW . PINK PNK YEL BLACK BLUE GRAY BLU GRY BLK

RED : RED IVO : IVORY

WHT: WHITE

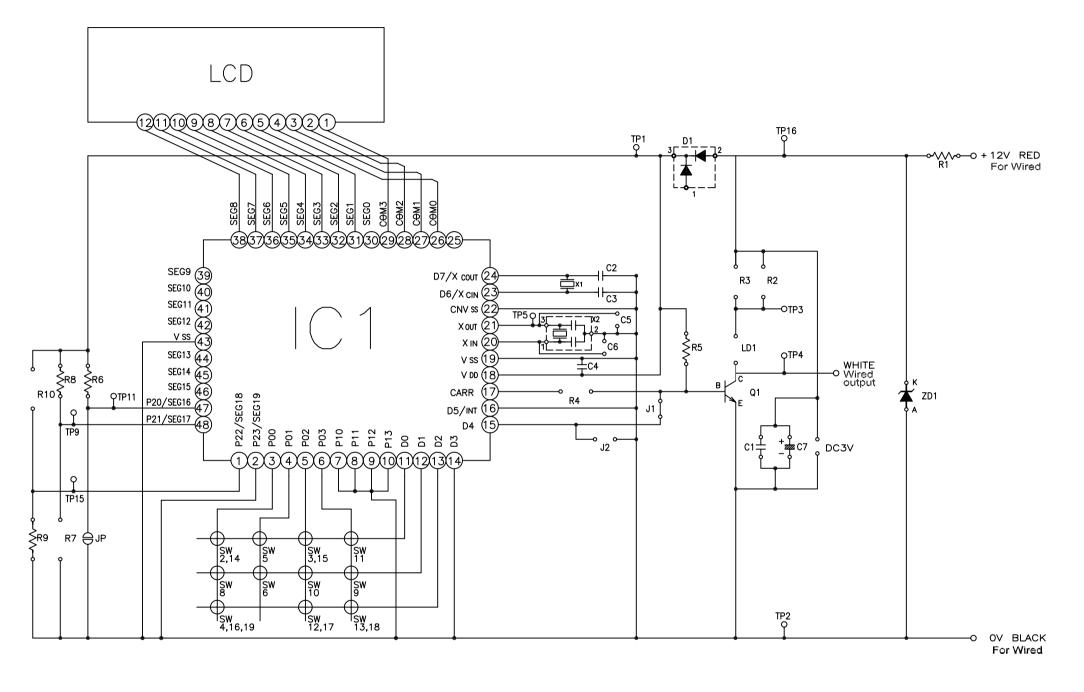
INDOOR UNIT



ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Wired Remote Control



IC			
Symbol	Specification	Form	
IC1	M34552G8 HFP···OTPMICON	F	
	M34552M4H-116FP···MASKMICON	'	

LCD

Symbol	Specification	Form
LCD	LCD-53WA	Н

Diode

Symbol	Specification	Form
D1	RB425D	С

Zenner diode

Symbol	Specification	Form
ZD1	HZK3BTR	С

D-Capacitor

Symbol	Specification	Form
C7	100μF, 6.3V	F
	·	

Transistor

Symbol	Specification	Form
Q1	2SD1328S-TX	С

Size of Resistor and C-Capacitor

3 · · · 3216 Size 2 · · · 2125 Size

1 • • • 1608 Size

Resonators

Symbol	Specification	Form
X1	C-R002RX 32.768kHz	Н
X2	CSTCC3.64MG0H6 3.64MHz	F

Resistor

Symbol	Specification	Size	Forn
R1	1.5kΩ, 1/8W	2	С
R5	3kΩ, 1/16W	1	С
R6	100kΩ,1/16W	1	С
R8	10kΩ, 1/16W	1	С
R9	10kΩ, 1/16W	1	С

Chip-jumper

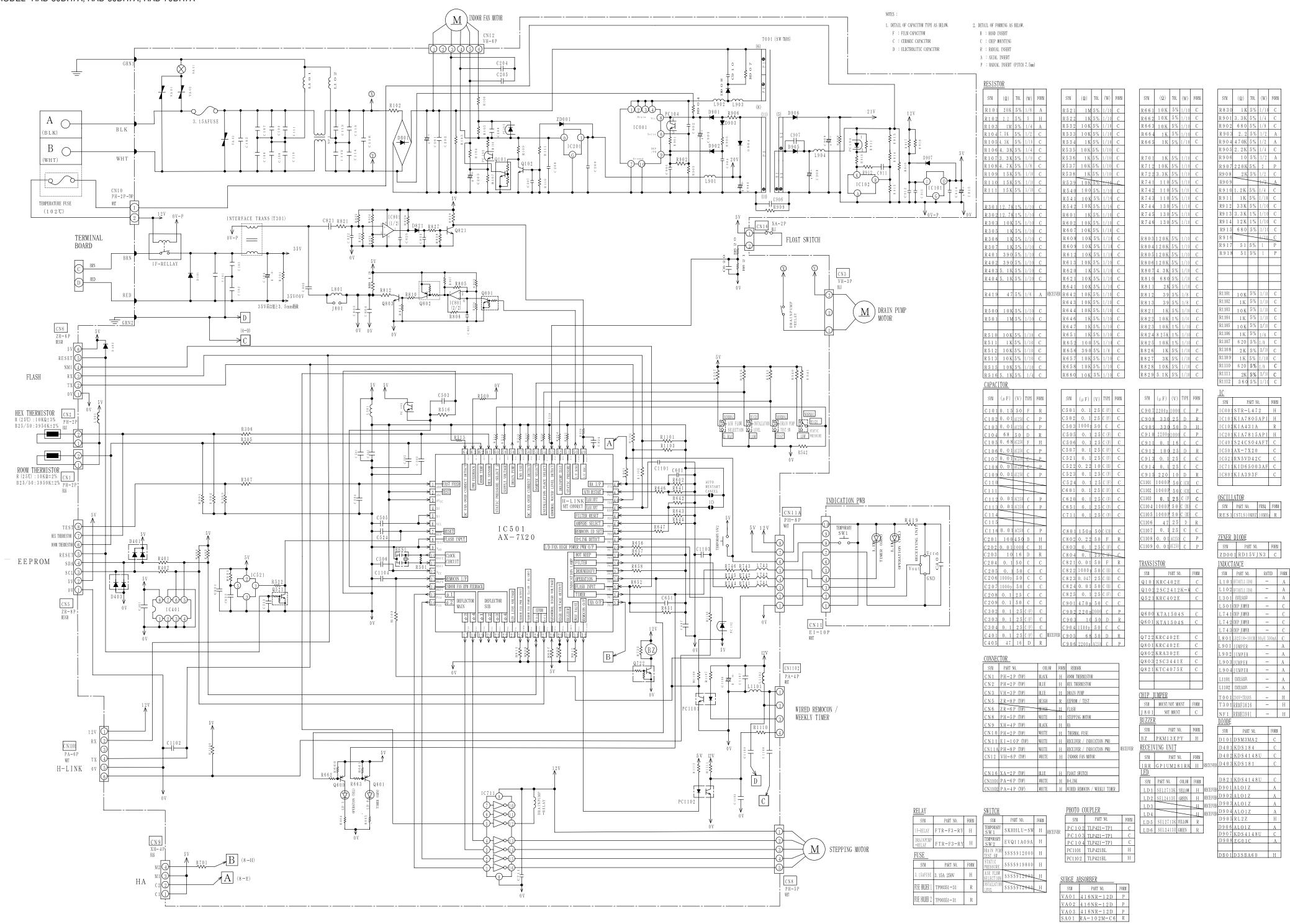
Symbol	Specification	Size	Forn
J1	0Ω	1	С

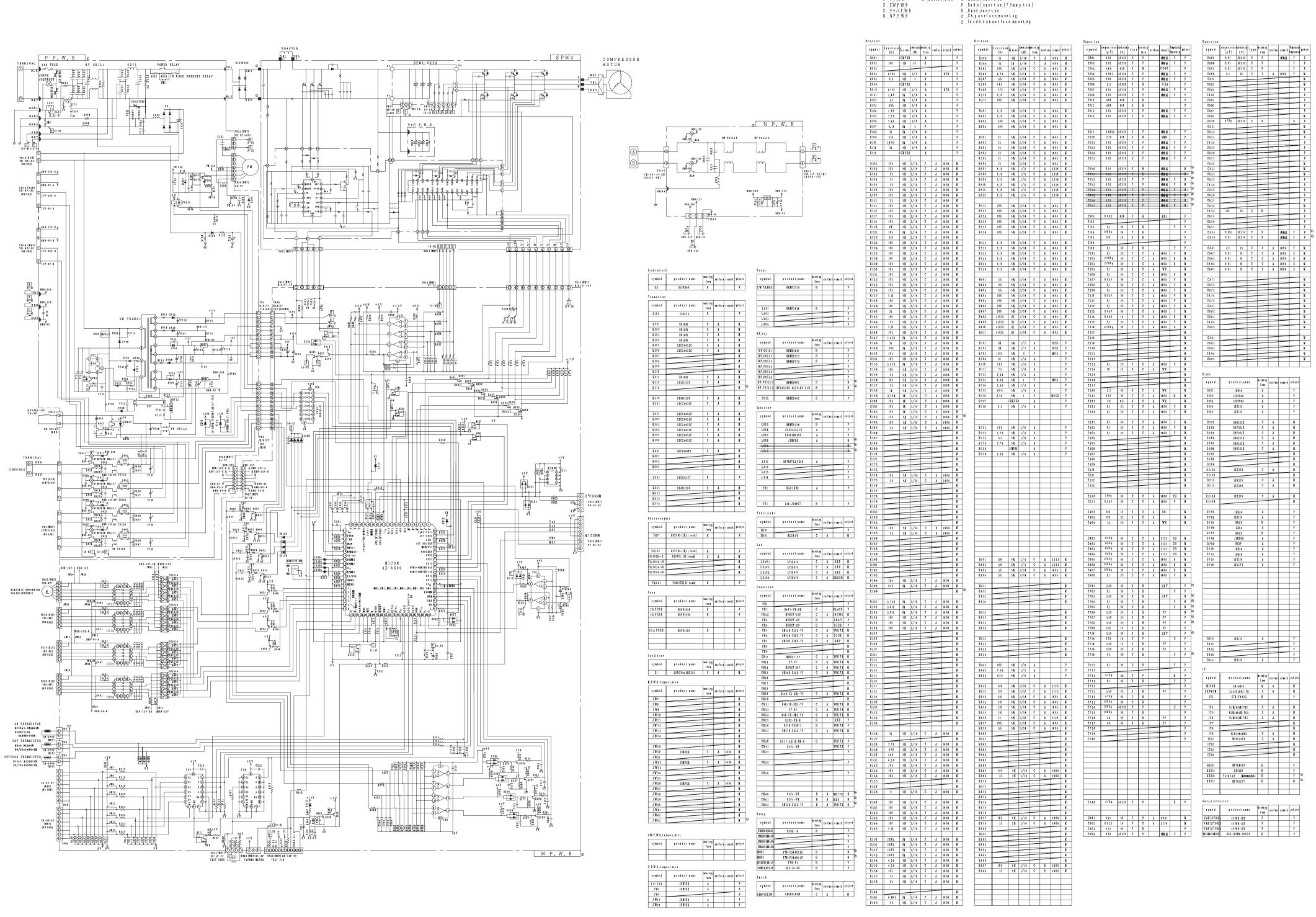
C-Capacitor

ymbol	Specification	Characteristics	Size	Form
C1	1μF,16∨	F	2	С
C2	22pF,50V	CH	2	С
C3	22pF,50V	CH	2	С
C4	1	F	2	C

Table1 Key-matrix table

	P00	P01	P02	P03
D0	×	0	*	l
D1	(D)	Θ	>	>
D2	0		₩.	Ø ‡○ �





Mounting form A _Axial_msert.on R _Rad_al_msert.on

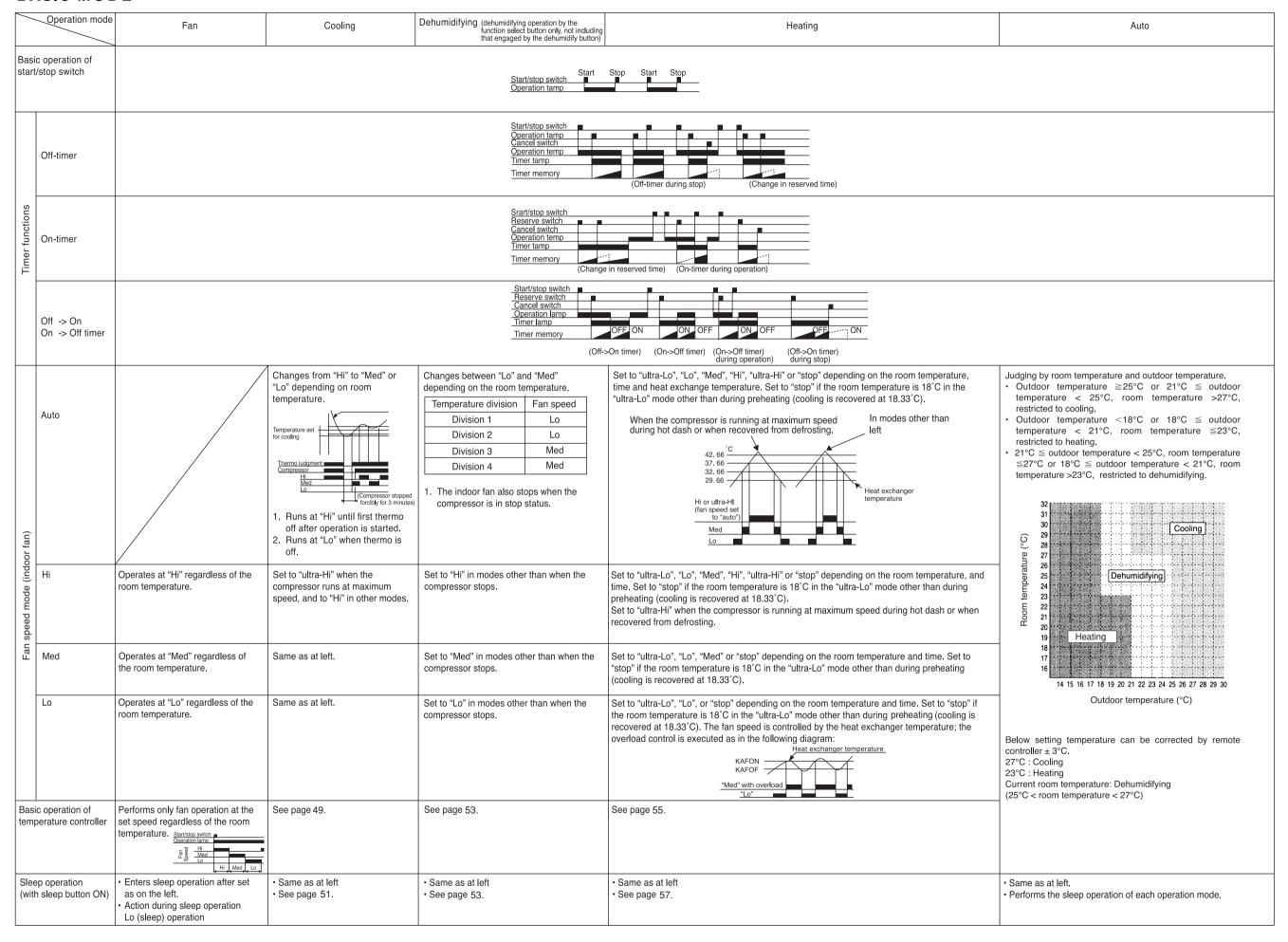
P ... P . P . W . B

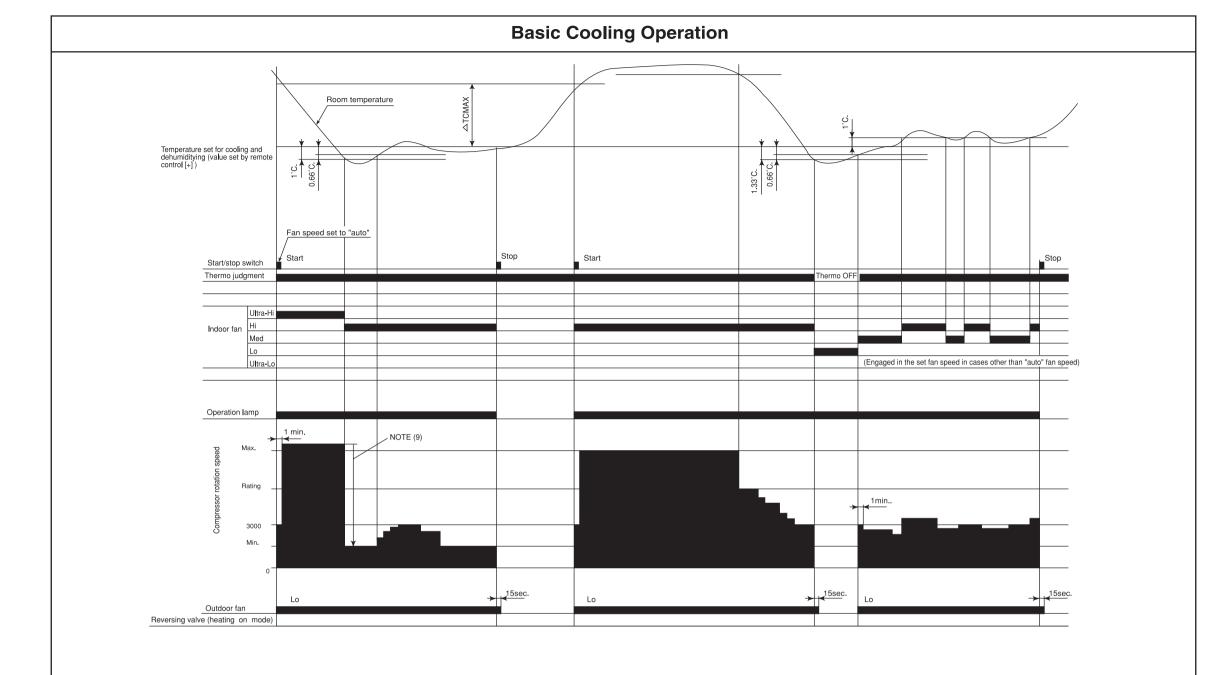
Electric Expansion valve Reset circuit DC compressor motor Upper arm drive circuit Lower arm drive circuit Electric Expansion valve drive circuit Self-diagnosis circuit Relay drive circuit Power circuit (P.W.B.) Trip signal synthesis circuit FM) Outdoor DC fan motor SPM2 Power module Peak current cut off Clock Outdoor microcomputer / HIC (AX-6V01) ACT Power circuit Rotor magnetic pole position detection circuit Voltage amplification circuit Peak current cut off circuit Reversing valve coil Indoor/Outdoor interface circuit 2 Overload control circuit Outdoor temperature thermistor Power circuit (Indoor unit) DC current signal Magnetic relay Over heat thermistor Defrost thermistor Inrush current Protection circuit OUTDOOR UNIT Power source 1ø, 50Hz, 220~240V Power Noise filter DC35V unit Terminal Outdoor board z 0 A | Ω В INDOOR UNIT Indoor/Outdoor interface circuit | FM) Indoor fan motor Indicating lamp Timer Drain pump motor DC fan motor drive circuit Power circuit Buzzer circuit MODEL RAD-50DH7A/RAC-50DH7 RAD-60DH7A/RAC-60DH7 RAD-70DH7A/RAC-70DH7 Micro computer clock circuit Indoor microcomputer (AX-7X20) **BLOCK DIAGRAM** Wired remote control | Wired remote control | Wireless remote control receiver circuit Room temperature thermistor Static pressure select switch Heat exchanger thermistor Drain pump test switch Initial setting circuit Temporary switch Wireless remote control Reset circuit Option parts H-link

Table 1 Mode data file

	RAD-50DH7A	RAD-60DH7A	RAD-70DH7A
LABEL NAME	VALUE		
WMAX	5800 min ⁻¹		
WMAX2	5800 min ⁻¹		
WSTD	4950 min ⁻¹		
CMAX	5200 min ⁻¹		
CSTD	5000 min ⁻¹		
WMIN	1500 min ⁻¹		
CMIN		1600 min ⁻¹	
STARTMC		60 Seconds	
DWNRATEW	100%		
DWNRATEC	100%		
SHIFTW	2.00°C		
SHIFTC	1.00°C		
CLMXTP	30.00°C		
YNEOF	20.00°C		
TEION	0.00°C		
TEIOF	9.00°C		
SFTDSW	2.00°C		
DFTIM1	60 Minutes		
DFTIM2	60 Minutes		

BASIC MODE





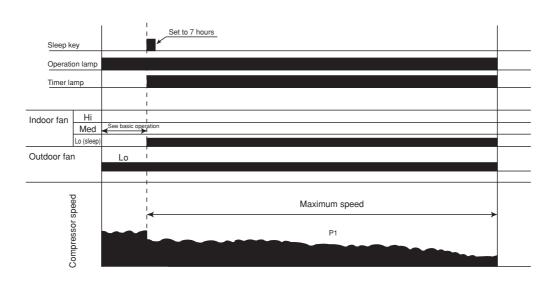
Notes

- (1) Condition for entering into Cool Dashed mode. When fan set to "Hi" or "Auto mode" and temperature difference between indoor temperature and set temperature has a corresponding compressor rpm (calculated value in Table 2) larger than WMAX.
- (2) Cool Dashed will release when i) a maximum 25 minutes is lapsed and ii) room temperature is lower than set temperature –3°C (thermo off) and iii) when room temperature has achieved setting temperature –1°C then maximum Cool Dashed time will be revised to 20 minutes. And iv) indoor fan is set to Lo and Med fan mode and v) change operation mode.
- (3) During Cool Dashed operation, thermo off temperature is set temperature (with shift value) -3°C. After thermo off, operation continue in Fuzzy control mode.
- (4) Compressor minimum "ON" time and "OFF" time is 3 minutes.
- (5) During normal cooling mode, compressor maximum rpm CMAX will maintain for 60 minutes if indoor temperature is lower than CLMXTP. No time constrain if indoor temperature is higher than CLMXTP.
- (6) During Cool Dashed, when room temperature reaches set temperature -1°C compressor rpm is actual rpm x DWNRATEC.

Table 2 ∆TCMAX

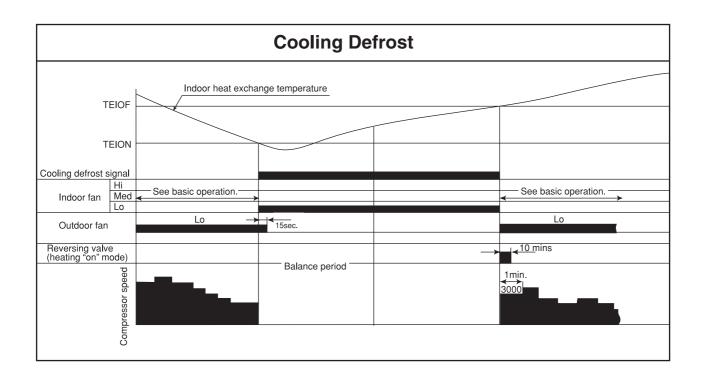
Table 2 ATOWAX			
Temperature	Calculated		
difference	compressor rpm		
1.66	2265 min ⁻¹		
2	2435 min ⁻¹		
2.33	2600 min ⁻¹		
2.66	2765 min ⁻¹		
3	2935 min ⁻¹		
3.33	3100 min ⁻¹		
3.66	3265 min ⁻¹		
4	3435 min ⁻¹		
4.33	3600 min ⁻¹		
4.66	3765 min ⁻¹		
5	3935 min ⁻¹		
5.33	4100 min ⁻¹		
5.66	4265 min ⁻¹		
6	4435 min ⁻¹		
6.33	4600 min ⁻¹		
6.66	4765 min ⁻¹		
7	4935 min ⁻¹		
7.33	5100 min ⁻¹		
7.66	5265 min ⁻¹		
8	5435 min ⁻¹		
8.33	5600 min ⁻¹		
8.66	5765 min ⁻¹		
9	5935 min ⁻¹		
9.33	6100 min ⁻¹		
9.66	6265 min ⁻¹		
10	6435 min ⁻¹		
10.33	6600 min ⁻¹		
10.66	6765 min ⁻¹		
11	6935 min ⁻¹		

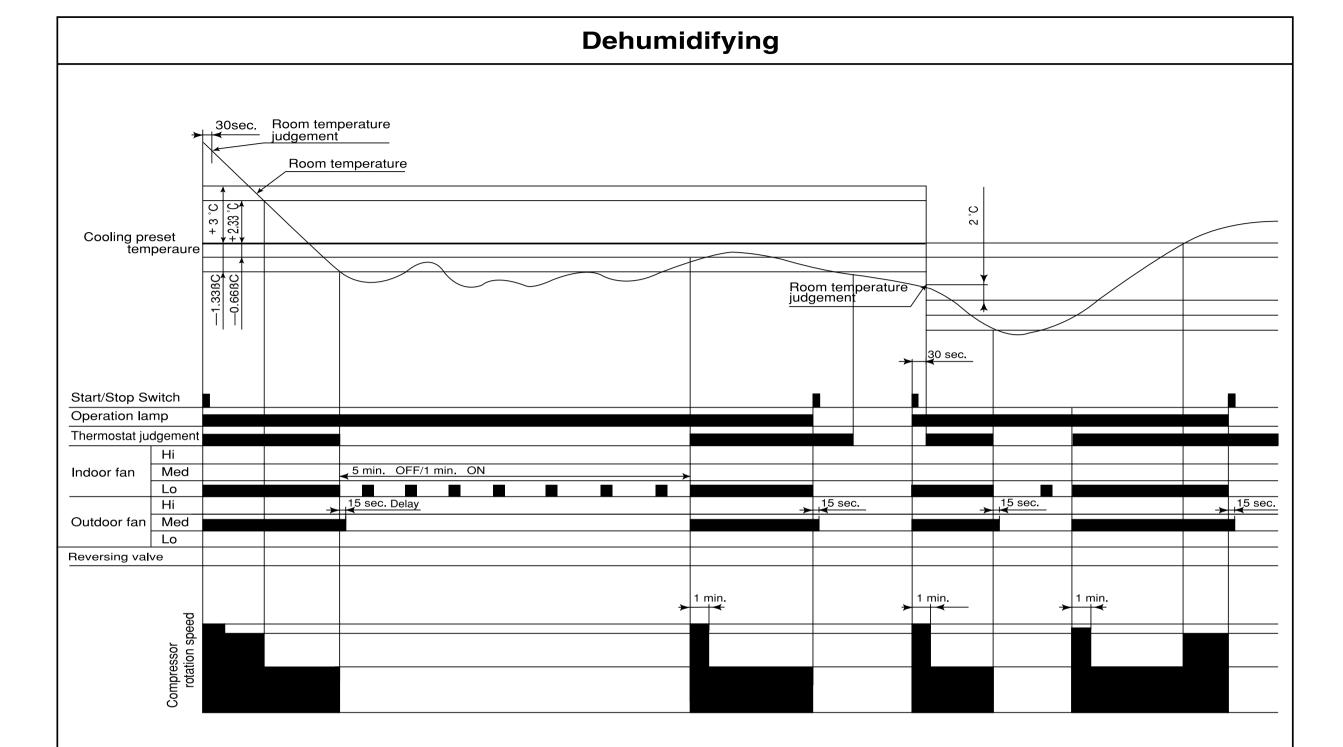
Cooling Sleep Operation



Notes:

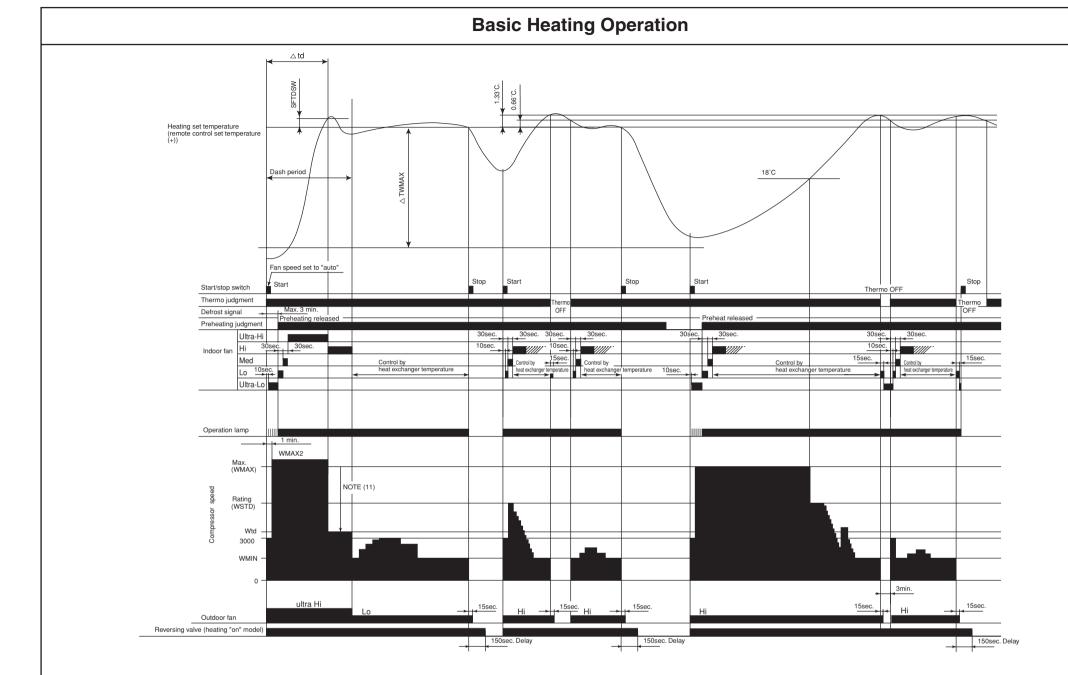
- (1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep key is pressed.
- (2) When the sleep key is set, the maximum compressor speed is limited, and the indoor fan is set to "sleep Lo".
- (3) The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed.
- (4) When operation is stopped during sleep operation, the set temperature when stopped, as well as the time, continue to be counted.
- (5) If the set lime is changed during sleep operation, all data including set temperature, time, etc. is cleared and restarted.
- (6) If sleep operation is canceled by the cancel key or sleep key, all data is cleared.





Notes:

- (1) If the room temperature is (cooling preset temperature) (1.33°C) or less after 30 seconds from starting the operation, the operation is done assuming as the preset temperature = (room temperature at the time) (2°C).
- (2) The indoor fan is operated in the "Lo" mode. During thermo OFF indoor fan will be OFF for 5 minutes and ON for 1 minute.
- (3) When the operation is started by the themostat turning ON, the start of the indoor fan is delayed 32 seconds after the start of compressor operation.
- (4) The compressor is operated forcedly for 3 minutes after operation is started.
- (5) The minimum ON time and OFF time of the compressor are 3 minutes.



Notes:

- (1) Condition for entering into Hot Dashed mode. When fan set to "Hi" or "Auto mode" and i) Indoor temperature is lower than 18°C, and ii) outdoor temperature is lower than 10°C, and iii) Temperature difference between indoor temperature and set temperature has a corresponding compressor rpm (calculated value in Table 3) larger than WMAX.
- (2) Hot Dashed will release when i) Room temperature has achieved the set temperature + SFTDSW. ii) Thermo off.
- (3) During Hot Dashed operation, thermo off temperature is set temperature (with shift value) +3°C. After thermo off, operation continue in Fuzzy control mode.
- (4) Compressor minimum "ON" time and "OFF" time is 3 minutes.
- (5) During normal heating mode, compressor maximum rpm WMAX will maintain for 120 minutes if indoor temperature is higher than 18°C. No time limit constrain if indoor temperature is lower than 18°C and outdoor temperature is lower than 2°C.
- (6) During Hotkeep or Defrost mode, indoor operation lamp will blink at interval of 3 seconds "ON" and 0.5 second "OFF".
- (7) When heating mode starts, it will enter into Hotkeep mode if indoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than YNEOF + 0.33°C.
- (8) In "Ultra-Lo" fan mode, if indoor temperature is lower than 18°C, indoor fan will stop. If indoor temperature is higher than 18°C + 0.33°C, fan will continue in "Ultra-Lo" mode.

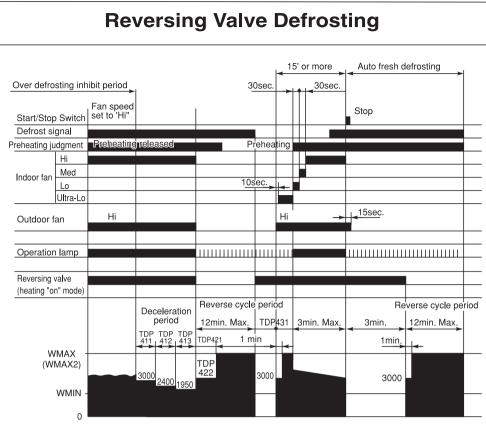
 During Hotkeep or Defrost mode, fan will continue in "Ultra-Lo" mode.
- (9) During Hot Dashed or outdoor temperature is lower than -5°C, compressor rpm is WMAX2.
- (10) During Hot Dashed, when room temperature reaches set temperature + SFTDSW compressor rpm is actual rpm x DWNRATEW.

Table 3 ∆TWMAX

Temperature	Calculated
difference	compressor rpm
1.66	1965 min ⁻¹
2	2135 min ⁻¹
2.33	2300 min ⁻¹
2.66	2465 min ⁻¹
3	2635 min ⁻¹
3.33	2800 min ⁻¹
3.66	2965 min ⁻¹
4	3135 min ⁻¹
4.33	3300 min ⁻¹
4.66	3465 min ⁻¹
5	3635 min⁻¹
5.33	3800 min ⁻¹
5.66	3965 min⁻¹
6	4135 min ⁻¹
6.33	4300 min ⁻¹
6.66	4465 min ⁻¹
7	4635 min ⁻¹
7.33	4800 min ⁻¹
7.66	4965 min⁻¹
8	5135 min⁻¹
8.33	5300 min⁻¹
8.66	5465 min⁻¹
9	5635 min⁻¹
9.33	5800 min ⁻¹
9.66	5965 min ⁻¹
10	6135 min ⁻¹
10.33	6300 min ⁻¹
10.66	6465 min ⁻¹
11	6635 min ⁻¹

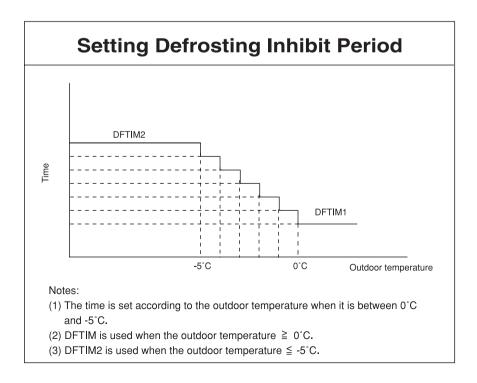
Notes:

1. See the data in Table 1 on page 47 for each constant in capital letters in the diagrams.

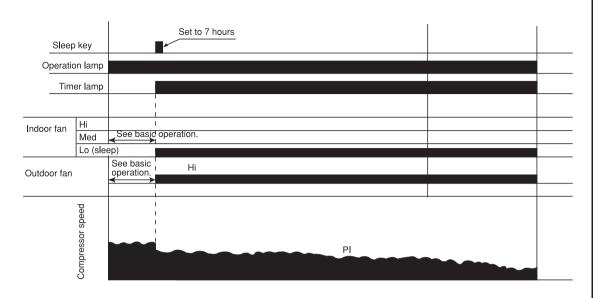


Notes

- (1) The defrosting inhibit period is set as shown in the diagram below. When defrosting has finished once, the inhibit period is newly set, based on the outdoor temperature when the compressor was started. During this period, the defrost signal is not accepted.
- (2) If the difference between the room and outdoor temperature is large when defrosting is finished, the maximum compressor speed (WMAX) or (WMAX2) can be continued for 120 minutes maximum.
- (3) The defrosting period is 12 minutes maximum.
- (4) When operation is stopped during defrosting, it is switched to auto refresh defrosting.
- (5) Auto refresh defrosting cannot be engaged within 15 minutes after operation is started or defrosting is finished.







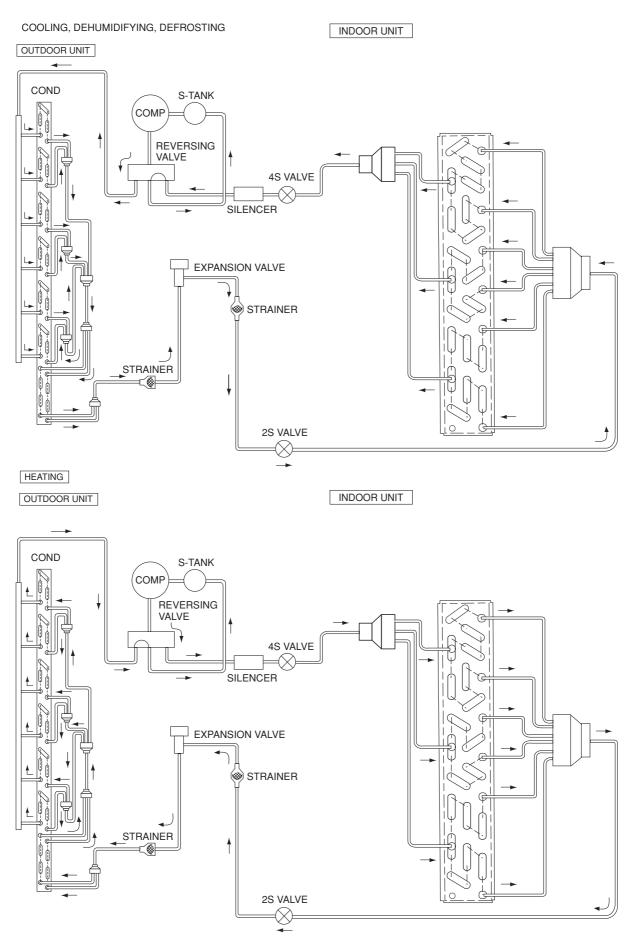
Notes:

- (1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep key is pressed.
- (2) When the sleep key is set, the maximum compressor speed is limited to WSTD+2000/2, and the indoor fan is set to "sleep Lo".
- (3) If the operation mode is changed during sleep operation, the changed operation mode is set and sleep control starts.
- (4) The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed. (Lo)
- (5) When defrosting is to be set during sleep operation, defrosting is engaged and sleep operation is restored after defrosting.
- (6) When operation is stopped during sleep operation, the set temperature when stopped, as well as the time, continue to be counted.
- (7) If the set time is changed during sleep operation, all data including set temperature, time, etc. is cleared and restarted.
- 8) If sleep operation is canceled by the cancel key or sleep key, all data is cleared.

- 49 -

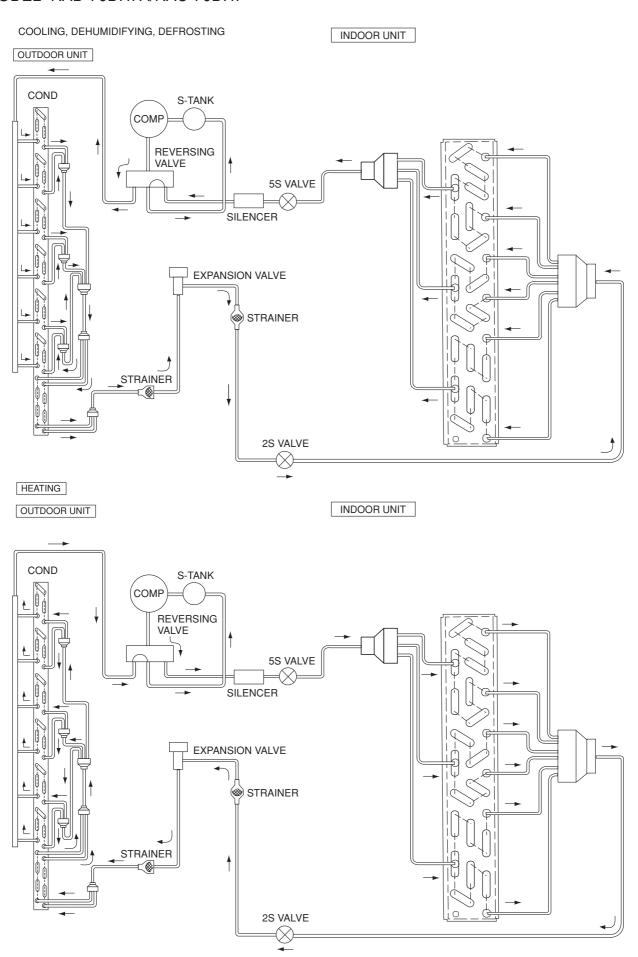
REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

MODEL RAD-50DH7A/RAC-50DH7 RAD-60DH7A/RAC-60DH7



REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

MODEL RAD-70DH7A/RAC-70DH7



AUTO SWING FUNCTION

		PRESENT CONDITION	NOI		
INPUT SIGNAL	OPERATION	OPERATION MODE	AIR DEFLECTOR	OPERATING SPECIFICATION	REFERENCE
KEY INPUT	STOP	EACH MODE	STOP	ONE SWING (CLOSING AIR DEFLECTOR) ① DOWNWARD ② UPWARD	INITIALIZE AT NEXT OPERATION.
			DURING ONE SWING	STOP AT THE MOMENT.	
		AUTO COOL COOL FAN AUTO DRY DRY	STOP	START SWINGING ① DOWNWARD ② UPWARD ③ DOWNWARD	
	DURING		DURING SWINGING	STOP AT THE MOMENT.	
	OPERATION	AUTO HEAT HEAT CIRCULATOR	STOP	START SWINGING ① DOWNWARD ② UPWARD ③ DOWNWARD	
			DURING SWINGING	STOP AT THE MOMENT.	
THERMO. ON (INTERNAL FAN		AUTO DRY DRY	TEMPORARY STOP	START SWING AGAIN.	
THERMO. ON (INTERNAL FAN OFF)	DURING	AUTO HAET HEAT CIRCULATOR	DURING SWINGING	STOP SWINGING TEMPORARILY. (SWING MODE IS CLEARED IF SWING COMMAND IS TRANSMITTED DURING TEMPORARY STOP.)	
MAIN SWITCH	STOP	COOL FAN DRY	STOP DURING ONE SWING	INITIALIZE ① DOWNWARD ② UPWARD	
5		HEAT CIRCULATOR	STOP DURING ONE SWING	INITIALIZE ① DOWNWARD	
MAIN SWITCH OFF	DURING OPERATION	EACH MODE	STOP DURING SWINGING DURING INITIALIZING	ONE SWING (CLOSING AIR DEFLECTOR) ① DOWNWARD ② UPWARD	INITIALIZE AT NEXT OPERATION.
			STOP	INITIALIZING CONDITION OF EACH MODE.	
CHANGE OF OPERATION	DURING OPERATION	ЕАСН МОDE	DURING SWINGING	STOP SWINGING AND MODE BECOMES INITIALIZING CONDITION.	

DESCRIPTION OF MAIN CIRCUIT OPERATION

MODEL RAD-50DH7A, RAD-60DH7A, RAD-70DH7A

1. Reset Circuit

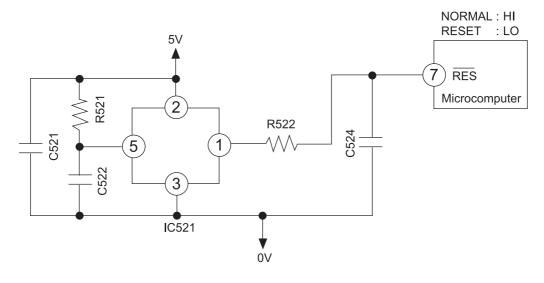


Fig. 1-1

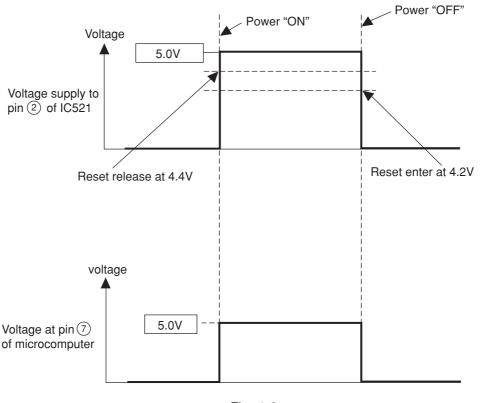


Fig. 1-2

- The reset circuit initializes the microcomputer program when power is ON or OFF.
- Low voltage at pin (7) resets the microcomputer and Hi activates the microcomputer.
- When power "ON" 5V voltage rises and reaches 4.4V, pin ① of IC521 is set to "Hi". At this time the microcomputer starts operation.
- When power "OFF" voltage drops and reaches 4.2V, pin ① of IC521 is set to "Low". This will RESET the
 microcomputer.

2. Buzzer Circuit

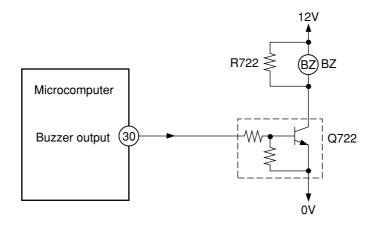


Fig. 2-1 Buzzer Circuit

• When the buzzer sounds, an approx. 3.9kHz square signal is output from buzzer output pin ③ of the microcomputer. After the amplitude of this signal has been set to 12Vp-p by a transistor, it is applied to the buzzer. The piezoelectric element in the buzzer oscillates to generate the buzzer's sound.

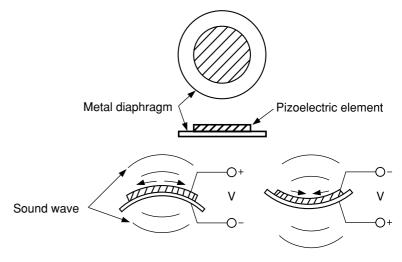


Fig. 2-2 Buzzer Operation

3. Initial Setting Circuit (IC401)

- When power is supplied, the microcomputer reads the data in IC401 (E²PROM) and sets the preheating activation value and the rating and maximum speed of the compressor, etc. to their initial values.
- Data of self-diagnosis mode is stored in IC401; data will not be erased even when power is turned off.

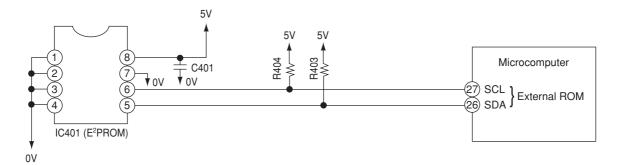


Fig. 3-1

4. Room Temperature Thermistor Circuit

- Fig. 4-1 shows the room temperature thermistor circuit.
- The voltage at (A) depends on the room temperature as shown in Fig. 5-2.

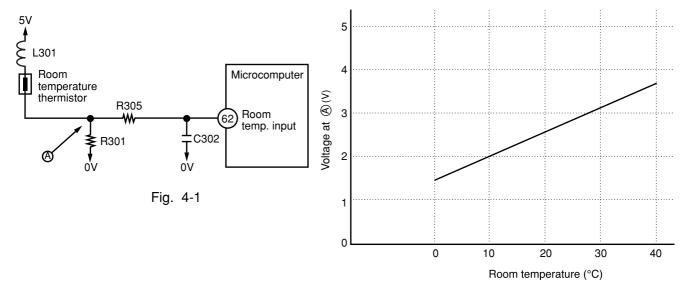


Fig. 4-2

5. Heat exchanger temperature thermistor circuit

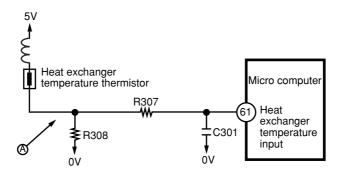


Fig. 5-1

- The circuit detects the indoor heat exchanger temperature and controls the following.
 - Low-temperature defrosting during cooling and dehumidifying operation.

The voltage at (A) depends on the heat exchanger temperature as shown in Fig. 5-2.

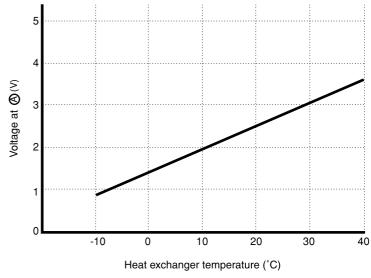


Fig. 5-2

6. Temporary Switch

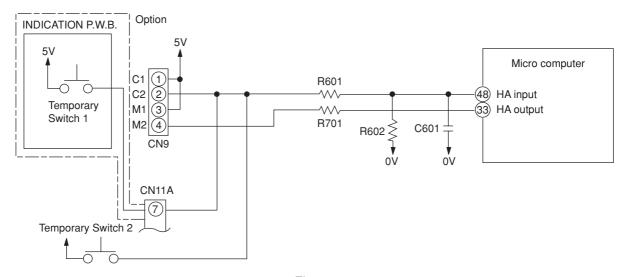
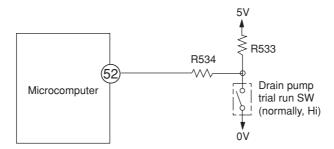


Fig. 6-1

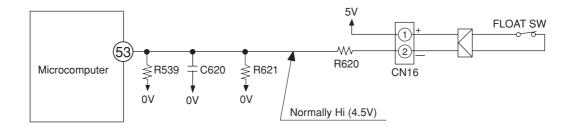
- The temporary switch is used to operate the air conditioner temporarily when the wireless remote control is lost or faulty.
- The air conditioner operates in the previous mode at the previously set temperature. However, when the power switch is set to OFF, it starts automatic operation.

7. Drain pump trial run switch



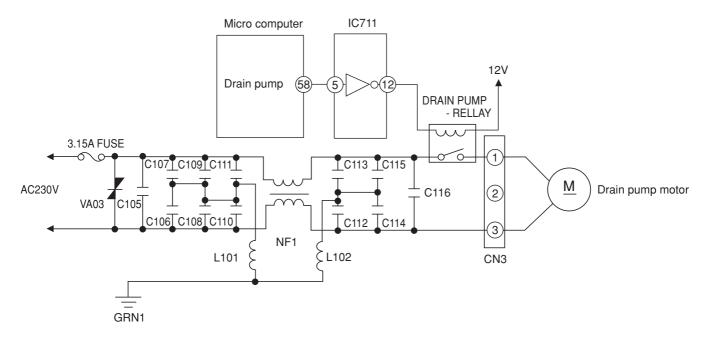
• This switch forcibly turns the drain pump on. When the drain pump trial run switch is turned on, the timer indicator will blink seven times, and no remote signal will be accepted.

8. Float switch



- This is a float type switch that monitors the drain level of drain pan. The switch will be activated and will stop operation if the drain pump is faulty or drain hose is stopped up, disabling drainage, causing the drain level to rise abnormally.
- When the float switch is activated, the timer indicator will flash six times. Note that the float switch will
 also be activated, disabling operation if the connector of float switch has defective contact or is
 connected incompletely.

9. Drain pump drive circuit



Drain pump drive circuit is using drain pump relay that control by micro computer pin no 58 to drive the drain pump.

10. Indoor Fan Motor Feedback Circuit

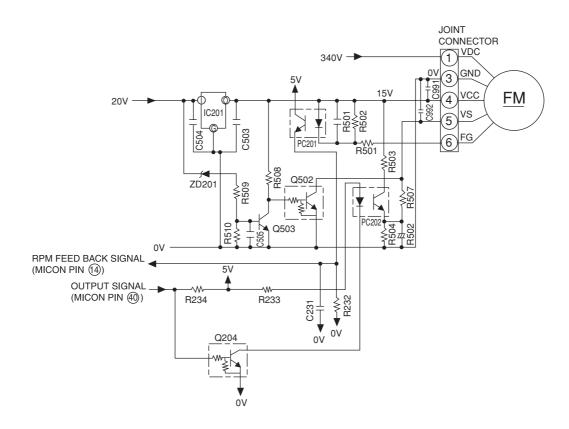


Fig. 10-1

<Exp. of circuit wave>

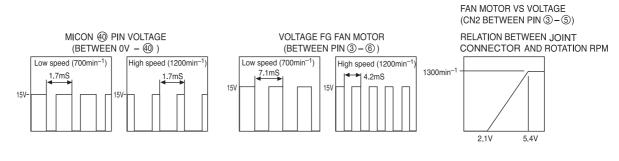


Fig. 10-2

- Fan motor will receive signal thru Joint Connector with VDC (Motor Drive Voltage), VCC (Motor Controller Power Supply), VSC (RPM Instruction) motor WCC return the FG sinal under frequency RPM.
- The circuit produces fan motor drive from 340V DC supplied from the indoor unit and controls the fan motor speed.

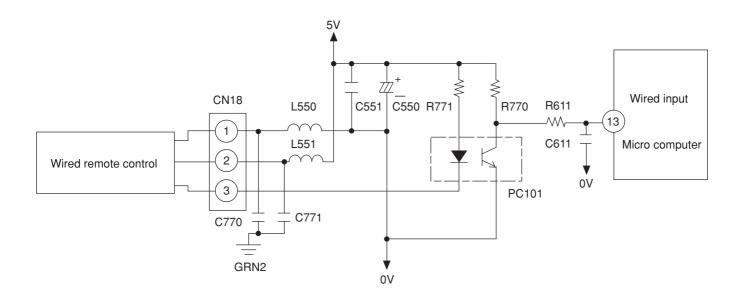
▲ CAUTION 1

Indoor fan motor circuit will be connected with primary power source line and please take care of the electrical shock.

A CAUTION 2

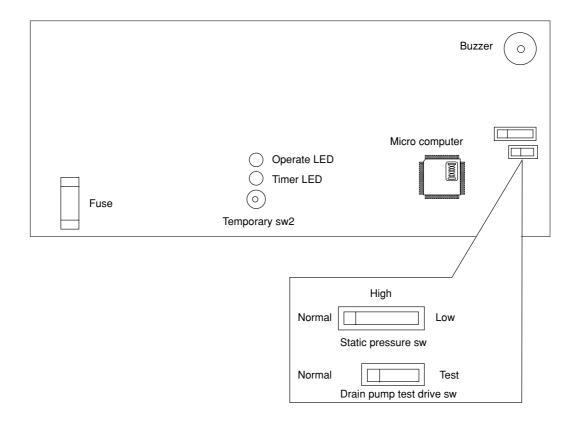
Please do not disconnect the fan motor connector during running due to the high voltage supply, it will cause the damage at fan motor and PWB.

11. Wired remote control receiver circuit



The signal from wired remote control is send to micro computer pin no 13 by using photo coupler (PC101). L550, L551, C770 and C771 act as a filter to reduce the noise from the wired remote control.

12. Static-pressure switch



Static pressure switch

When set to High, the revolution per minute will increase 100 min⁻¹ and when set to Low, the revolution per minute will decrease 200 min⁻¹.

1. Power Circuit

RAC-50DH7, RAC-60DH7, RAC-70DH7

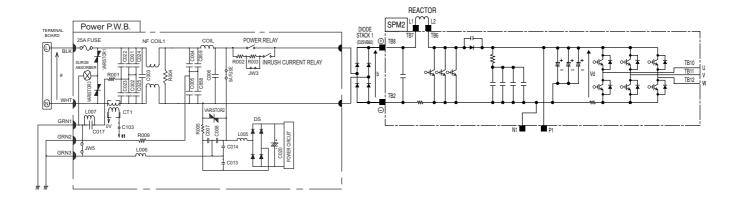


Fig. 1-1

• This circuit full-wave rectifies 220-240V AC applied between terminals L and N, and boosts it to a required voltage with the active module, to create a DC voltage.

The voltage becomes 260-360V when the compressor is operated

(1) Active module

The active filter, consisting of a reactor and switching element, eliminates higher harmonic components contained in the current generated when the compressor is operated, and improves the power-factor.

(2) Diode stacks

These rectify the 220-240V AC from terminals L and N to a DC power supply.

< Reference >

- In case of malfunction or defective connection: Immediately after the compressor starts, it may stop due to "abnormally low speed" active error, etc.
 - The compressor may continue to operate normally, but the power-factor will decrease, the operation current will increase, and the overcurrent breaker of the household power board will probably activate.
- In case of active module faulty or defective connection:
 - Although the compressor continues to operate normally, the power-factor will decrease, the operation current will increase, and the overcurrent breaker of the household power board will probably activate.

< Reference >

- If diode stack 1 is faulty, the compressor may stop due to "lp", "anbormally low speed", etc. immediately after it starts, or it may not operate at all because no DC voltage is generated between the positive ⊕ and negative ⊖ terminals.
 - If diode stack 1 is faulty, be aware that the 25A fuse might also have blown.
- If diode stack 2 is faulty, DC voltage may not be generated and the compressor may not operate at all. Also, be aware that the 5A fuse might have blown.

(3) Smoothing capacitor (C501, C502, C503)

This smoothes (averages) the voltage rectified by the diode stacks.

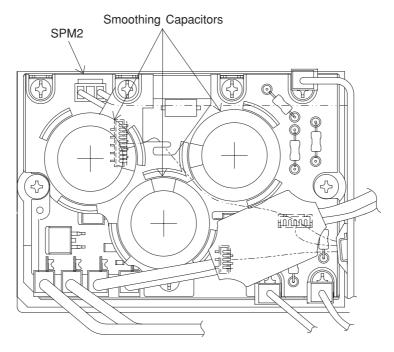


Fig. 1-2

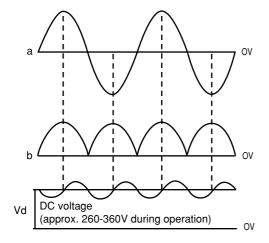


Fig. 1-3

(4) Smoothing capacitor (C020)

This smoothes (averages) the voltage rectified by the diode stack2. A DC voltage is generated in the same way as in Fig. 1-3.

Voltage between + side of C020 is about 330V.

- (5) C001 to C003, C012 to C015, C007, C008, NF COIL1, COIL, C22 ~ C25 absorb electrical noise generated during operation of compressor, and also absorb external noise entering from power line to protect electronic parts.
- (6) Surge absorber, Varistor 1, 2, 3, absorbs external power surge.
- (7) Inrush protective resistor (R002, R003) This works to protect from overcurrent when power is turned on.

 Be careful to avoid an electric shock as a high voltage is generated. Also take care not to cause a short-circuit through incorrect connection of test equipment terminals. The circuit board could be damaged.

< Reference >

 When inrush protective resistor is defective, diode stack may malfunction. As a result, DC voltage is not generated and no operation can be done.

2. Indoor/Outdoor Interface Circuit

- The interface circuit superimposes an interface signal on the DC 35V line supplied from the outdoor unit
 to perform communications between indoor and outdoor units. This circuit consists of a transmiting circuit
 which superimposes an interface signal transmit from the microcomputer on the DC 35V line and a
 transmiting circuit which detects the interface signal on the DC 35V line and outputs it to the microcomputer.
- Communications are performed by mutually transmiting and receiving the 4-frame outdoor request signal one frame of which consists of a leader of approx. 100 ms., start bit, 8-bit data and stop bit and the command signal with the same format transmit from the indoor unit.
- From outdoor microcomputer to indoor microcomputer.
 - The request signal output from microcomputer pin (3), (4),(9) is input to the transmitting circuit. The transmitting circuit modulates this signal by approx. 38kHz high-frequency. This high-frequency signal is amplified by a transistor, superimposed on the DC 35V line via C801 (or C811, C821) and L801 (or L802, L803), and supplied to the indoor unit.
 - To prevent erroneous reception, the outdoor microcomputer is designed so that it cannot receive a signal while is is outputting a request signal.
 - The receiving circuit in the indoor unit consists of a comparator and transistor. The interface signal from the outdoor unit on the DC 35V line is supplied to C821, where DC components are eliminated, and is then shaped by the comparator. The shaped signal is detected by diode, amplified by amp, and supplied to receiving input of the indoor microcomputer.
 - Fig. 2-2 shows the voltages at each component when data is transferred from the outdoor microcomputer to the indoor microcomputer.
- Indoor microcomputer to outdoor microcomputer.
 - The communications from the indoor microcomputer to the outdoor micro computer are the same. Fig. 2-3 shows the voltages and waveforms at each circuit.

 Fig. 2-1 shows the interface circuit used for the indoor and outdoor microcomputers to communicate with each other.

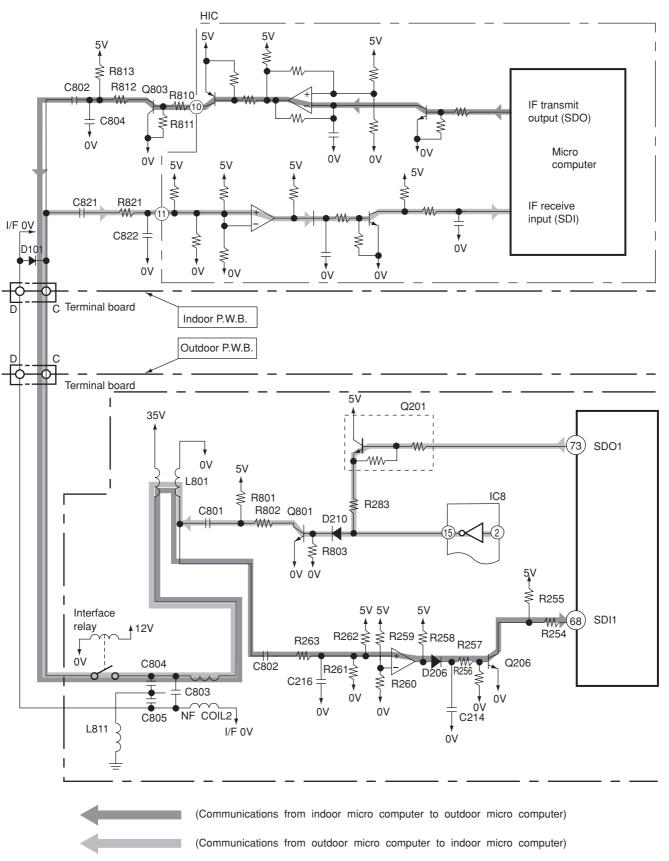


Fig. 2-1 Indoor / Outdoor interface Circuit

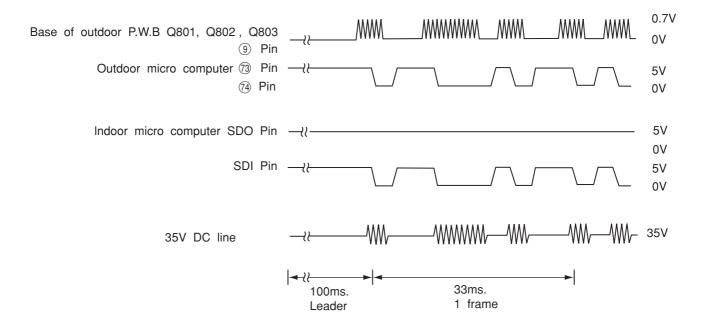


Fig. 2-2 Voltages Waveforms of indoor / Outdoor Micro computers (Outdoor to Indoor Communications)

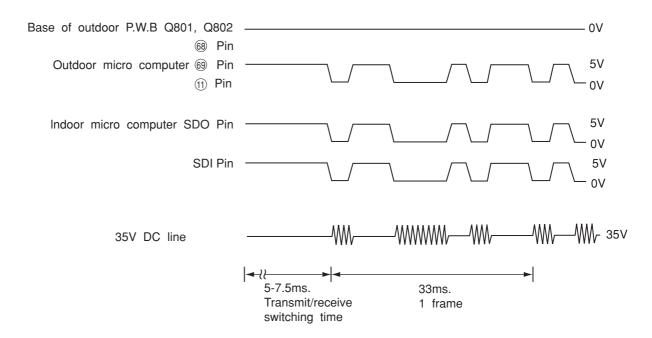


Fig. 2-3 Voltages Waveforms of indoor / Outdoor Micro computers (Indoor to Outdoor Communications)

3. Power Module Circuit

Fig. 3-1 shows the system power module and its peripheral circuit. (Current ACT module and power module are combined into one unit.) The three transistors on the positive ⊕ side are called the upper arm, and the three transistors on the negative ⊖ side, the lower arm.

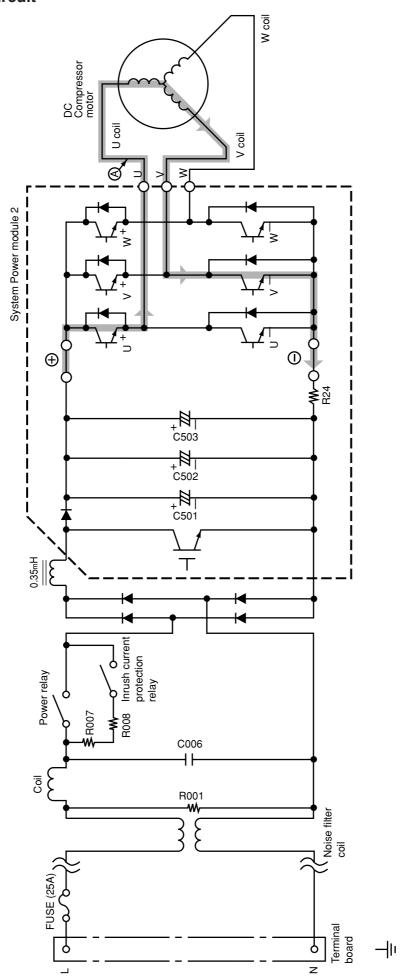


Fig. 3-1 Power module circuit (U+ is ON, V- is ON)

• DC 320-360V is input to power module and power module switches power supply current according to rotation position of magnet rotor. The switching order is as shown in Fig. 3-2.

At point E: U⁺ is ON, V⁻ is ON (circuit in Fig. 3-1)
At point F: U⁺ is chopped (OFF), V⁻ is ON (circuit in Fig. 3-4)

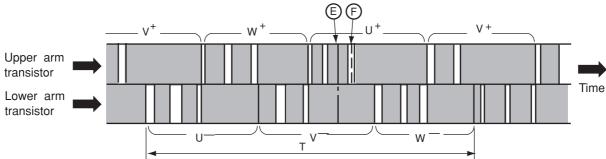


Fig. 3-2 Switching order of power module

- Upper arm transistor is controlled to ON/OFF by 3.2kHz chopper signal. Rotation speed of the compress is proportional to duty ratio (ON time/ ON time + OFF time) of this chopper signal.
- Time T in Fig. 3-2 shows the switching period, and relation with rotation speed (N) of the compressor is shown by formula below;

$$N = 60/2 X 1/T$$

• Fig. 3-3 shows voltage / current waveform at each point shown in Figs. 3-1 and 3-4. First half of upper arm is chopper, second half is ON, and first half of lower arm is chopper, second half is ON.

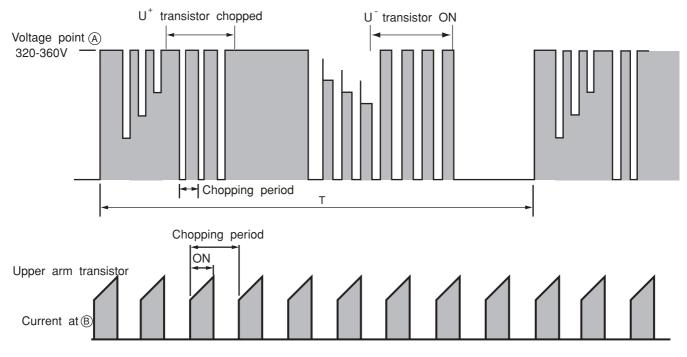


Fig. 3-3 Voltage waveform at each point

- When power is supplied U⁺ → U⁻, because of that U⁺ is chopped, current flows as shown below; B
 - (1) When U⁺ transistor is ON: U⁺ transistor → U coil → V coil → V⁻ transistor → DC current detection resistor → Point ® (Fig. 3-1)
 - (2) When U⁺ transistor is OFF: (by inductance of motor coil) U coil → V coil → V⁻ transistor → Return diode → Point (A) (Fig. 3-4)

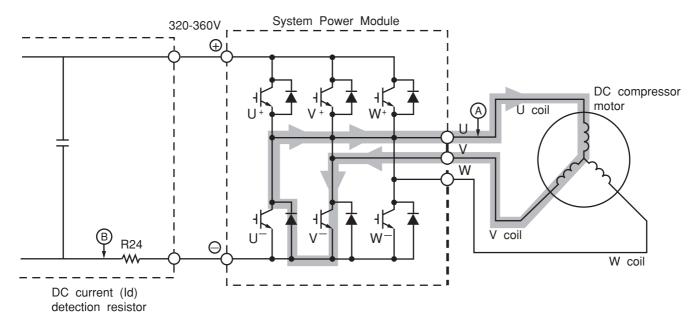
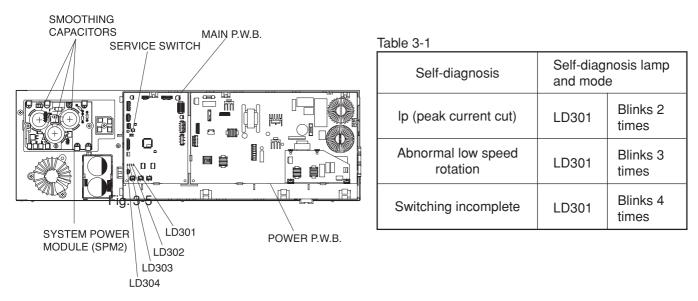


Fig. 3-4 System Power module circuit (U⁺ is OFF, V⁻ is ON)

• Since current flows at point ® only when U+ transistor and V⁻ transistor is ON, the current waveform at point ® becomes intermittent waveform as shown in Fig. 3-3. Since current at point ® is approximately proportional to the input current of the air conditioner, input current is controlled by using DC current (Id) detection resistor.

<Reference>

If power module is detective, self diagnosis lamps on the control P.W.B. may indicate as shown below:



** From results of power module simple inspection (inspection mode when operated with compressor lead disconnected), LD310 blinks four times about 2 seconds later: Unit has not entered the normal operation.

4. Power Supply Circuit

• Fig. 4-1 shows the power circuit.

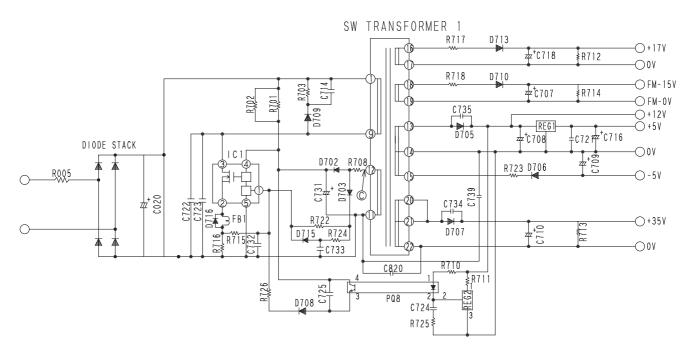


Fig. 4-1 Power circuit for P.W.B.

- There are two switching power supply in Power PWB.
- Switching power supply 1 is generating the secondary power for control circuits and DC35V indoor unit.
- Switching power supply performs voltage conversion effectively by switching transistor IC1 to convert DC330V to high frequency of approximately 20kHz to 200kHz.
- Transistor IC1 operates as follows:

(1) Shifting from OFF to ON

• DC about 330V is applied from smoothing capacitors C020 ⊕ and ⊝ in the control power circuit. With this power, current flows to pin ④ of IC1 via R701 and IC1 starts to turn ON. Since voltage in the direction of arrow generates at point ⓒ at the same time, current passing through R708 and D702 is positive-fed back to IC1.

(2) During ON

• The drain current at IC1 increases linearly. During this period, the gate voltage and current become constant because of the saturation characteristics of the transformer.

(3) Shifting from ON to OFF

• This circuit applies a negative feedback signal from the 12V output. When the voltage across C708 reaches the specified value, REG2 turns on and current flows to PQ8 ①-②. This turns the secondary circuits on, sets IC1 pin ① to "Hi", and turns IC1 off.

(4) During OFF

• While IC1 is on, the following energy charges the primary windings of the transformer:

Energy=LI²/2. Here, L: Primary inductance

I: Current when IC1 is off

This energy discharges to the secondary windings during power off. That is, C707-C710, C718 is charged according to the turn ratio of each winding.

- At the start, an overcurrent flows to IC1 because of the charged current at C707-C710, C718.
- The drain current at IC1 generates a voltage across R716. If it exceeds the IC1 base voltage, it sets the IC gate voltage to "HI".
- R716 limits the gate voltage to prevent excessive collector current from flowing to IC1.
- This SW power circuit uses a frequency as low as 20kHz, especially at a low load (when both the indoor and outdoor units stop): This reduces power loss in standby status.

<Reference>

If the power circuit for P.W.B. seems to be faulty:

- (1) Make sure that 5V, 12V, 15V, 17V and -5V on the control P.W.B. power voltage are the specified values.
- (2) When only the 5V output is low:

REG 1 (regulator) faulty, 5V-0V shorted, output is too high, or REG 1 is abnormal.

(3) When 12V and 5V are abnormal:

The following defects can be considered:

- 1) Fan, operation, power, rush prevention relay (shorting in relay, etc.)
- 2 REG 1 (regulator is abnormal), etc.

Shorting on primary circuits.

When shorting occurs in the secondary circuits, there is no abnormality in the primary circuits because of overcurrent protection.

The voltage rises when an opening occurs in the primary circuits, or the feedback system is abnormal.

(4) When 15V and 17V power supply are abnormal:

D710, D713 or Drive circuit is abnormal.

(5) When all voltage are abnormal:

IC1, R716, may possibly be defective. Also D cable may possibly be reverse connected.

If IC1 is abnormal, be aware that other components, such as the power module, REG (regulator), etc. are possibly defective.

[When the switching power supply seems to be abnormal, the voltage between IC1 pin ④ (to be measured at the leads of R701 and R702) and IC1 pin ⑤ (to be measured at R216 lead) may be between 11 and 16V. This is because the protection circuit of IC is operating.]

6. Rotor magnetic pole position detection circuit

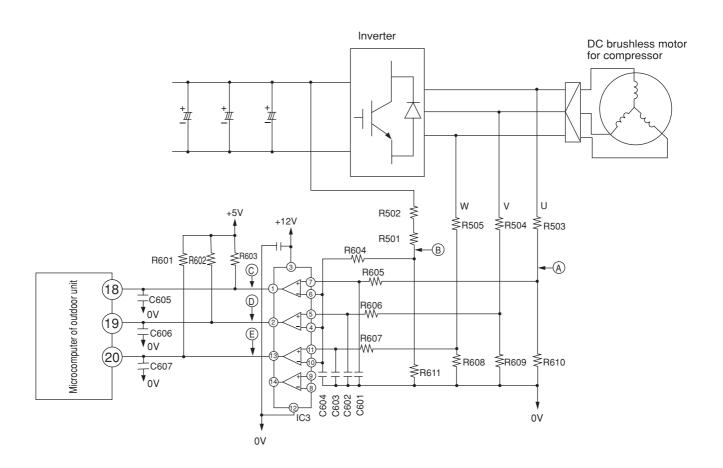


Fig. 6-1 Rotor magnetic pole position detection circuit

When the DC brushless motor is rotated, it also operates as power generator, generating reverse electromotive force according to number of rotations. This reverse electromotive force is voltage-divided by R503 - R505 and R608 - R610, and appears as point A voltage. IC3 compares and digitalizes point A voltage with point B voltage (in which DC voltage (Vd) is voltage-divided by R501, R502 and R611), and inputs this to microcomputer as position detection signals for points C, D and E. Microcomputer switches inverter using optimum timing based on position detection signals, in order to control the rotation of the brushless motor.

7. Peripheral circuit of microcomputer

• Fig. 7-1 shows the microcomputer and its peripheral circuits.

Table 7-1, the basic operations of each circuit block, and Fig. 7-2, the system configuration.

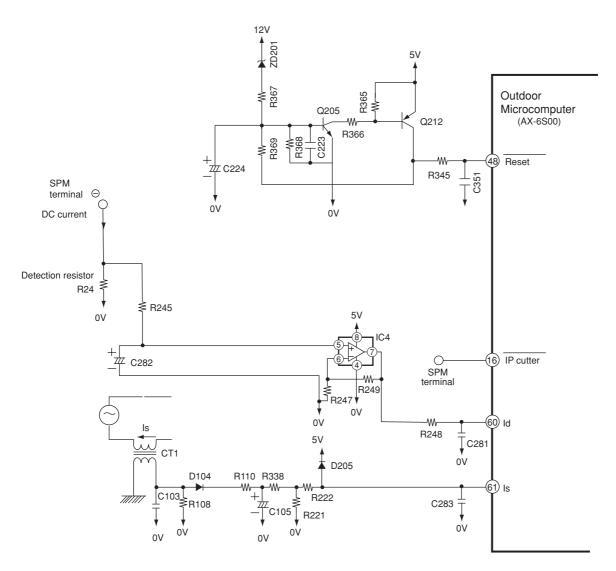


Fig. 7-1 Peripheral circuit of microcomputer (AX-6V)

Table 7-1

Circuit block	Basic operation
Peak current cutoff circuit	This circuit detects DC current flowing power module: When over-current (instantaneous value) flows, it stops upper and lower arm drive circuit and also produces lp signal to stop microcomputer.
Overload external judgment circuit	This circuit detects DC current flowing to power module and produces signal to notify microcomputer of overload status.
Voltage amplifier circuit	This circuit voltage-amplifies DC current level detected by detection resistor and sends it to microcomputer. In addition, setting of internal/external overload judgment is performed.
Reset circuit	This circuit produces reset voltage.

8. Overload control circuit (OVL control circuit)

- Overload control is to decrease the speed of the compressor and reduce the load when the load on the air conditioner increases to an overload state, in order to protect the compressor, electronic components and power breaker.
- Overloads are judged by comparing the DC current level and set value.
- Fig. 8-1 shows the overload control system configuration and Fig. 8-2 is a characteristic diagram of
 overload judgement values. There are two judgement methods-external judgement which compares the
 externally set value with the DC current value regardless of the rotation speed and internal judgement
 which compares the set value that varies according to the rotation speed programmed in the microcomputer
 software with the DC current value.

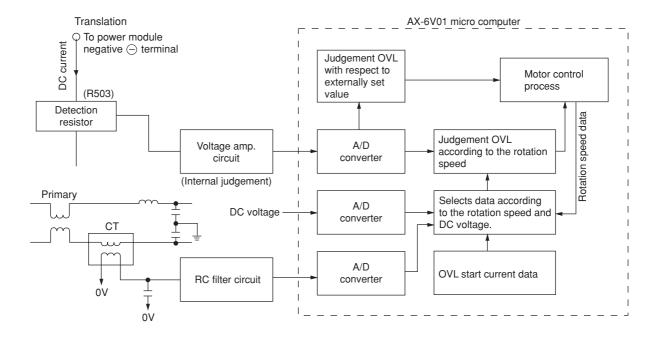


Fig. 8-1 Overload Control System Configuration

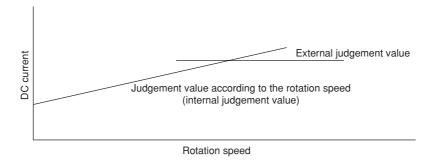


Fig. 8-2

9. Reset Circuit

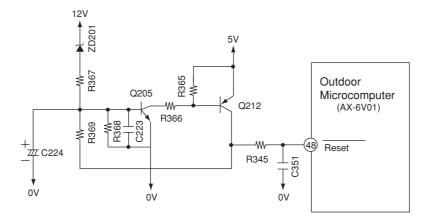


Fig. 9-1

- Reset circuit performs initial setting of the microcomputer program when power is turned on.
- Microcomputer resets program with reset voltage set to Lo, to enable operation at Hi level.
- Fig. 9-1 shows the reset circuit, and Fig. 9-2 shows waveform at each point when power is turned on/ off.
- After power is turned on, 12V line and 5V line voltages rise: When 12V line voltage reaches 7.2V (Zener voltage of ZD201), ZD201 turns ON and Q211 and Q205 turn on, and reset voltage becomes Hi. Reset voltage is not set to Hi until VDD of microcomputer rises to 5V, enabling operation, due to ZD201.
- After power turns off, when 12V line voltage drops, ZD201 also turns OFF.

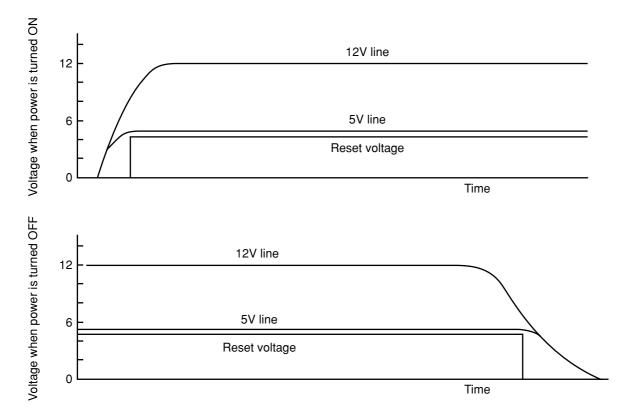


Fig. 9-2

10. Temperature Detection Circuit

- The outdoor units (this model) provides with the outdoor temperature thermistor, DEF (defrost) thermistor, OH (overheat) thermistor and electric expansion valve thermistor so that they detect the temperatures of the unit and control the system.
- The circuit of the thermistors is shown as Fig. 10-1 for model RAS-70YHA1/RAS-80YHA1, and their roles and temperature measuring points are shown as Table 10-1.

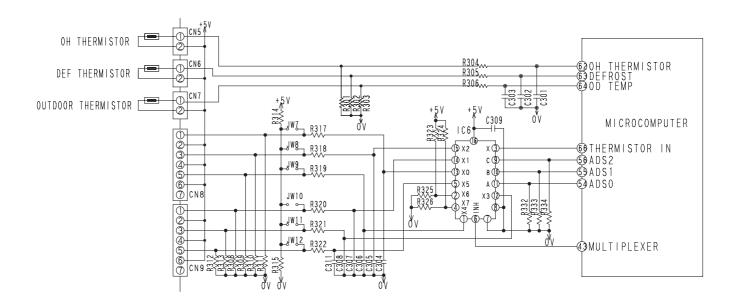


Fig. 10-1 Temperature Detection Circuit

Table 10-1 Name and Role of each thermistor

Name	Connector No	Measuring Point	Role	
OH thermistor	CN5	Compressor head	If the temperature of the compressor rises abnormally (118°C), the compressor will be stopped. The temperature is used to decide the operation of the valve.	
DEF thermistor	CN6	Heat exchanger	The thermistors decide the defrost operation during heating combined the data of the outside temperature and its data.	
Outdoor temperature thermistor	CN7	Outside temperature	Outdoor temperature is used to decide the various operations of the air conditioner.	
Electric expansion valve thermistor (NARROW PIPE)	CN8	Indoor unit (NARROW PIPE)	The thermistors detect the temperatures of the piping to the indoor units. The temperatures are used to decide how much the expansion valve is opened.	
Electric expansion valve thermistor (WIDE PIPE)	CN9	Indoor unit (WIDE PIPE)		

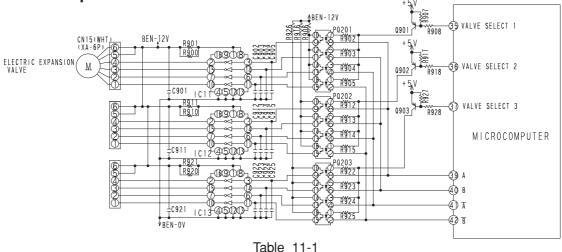
- Table 10-2 shows the correspondence between
 the thermistor's resistance and the temperature.
 They should be used as reference values. The
 value, which you measure, may be slightly
 difference from that in the table. It depends on
 the instrument.
- When you measure the resistance, pull out the connector after turning off the power supply.
 Pulling out the connector while the power supply is turned on will cause troubles.

Table 10-2 Correspondence between each thermistor's resistance and temperature (reference value)

Electric expansion valve thermistor	Temperature	Resistance	Microcomputer pin potential
DEF thermistor	-15°C	12.6kΩ	1.0V
	0°C	6.1kΩ	1.7V
	25°C	2.2kΩ	3.0V
	50°C	860Ω	3.9V
	75°C	400Ω	4.4V
Outdoor temperature	Temperature	Resistance	Potential
thermistor	-15°C	12.6kΩ	1.0V
	0°C	6.1kΩ	1.7V
	15°C	3.2kΩ	2.4V
	30°C	2kΩ	3.1V
OH thermistor	Temperature	Resistance	Potential
	25°C	33.9kΩ	0.5V
	50°C	10.8kΩ	1.3V
	75°C	4.1kΩ	2.4V
	100°C	1.7kΩ	3.4V
	105°C	1.5kΩ	3.6V
	118°C	1kΩ	3.9V

- When the connectors of the thermistors are disconnected or the thermistors is open or short, LD301 (red) lights and LD302 (red) blinks so that they indicate troubled parts. Combinations of LD301 and LD302 are set up for indicating troubled thermistors. The correspondences between the number of blink time and troubled parts are shown as Table 10-3. Look in the table (LD301 and LD302 blink) for troubled parts, and if the disconnections of them are checked out, they are replaced.
- If you can see two or more troubled thermistors, a small number of blink takes precedence of others.
- The electric expansions valve thermistor is put togrther with 3 pieces, when replacing the thermistor, replace one set of 3 pieces as taking care of positioning. If you don't do so, the unit may not operate normally and its cooling performance may drop.
- Be ware that only an open-circuit for OH thermistor has to be checked in 5 minutes after the compressor starts.
- If the unit operates abnormally after replacing the thermistor, replace the control P.W.B. because it malfunctions.

11. Electric expansion valve



- The electric expansion valve is driven by DC 12V. Power is supplied to 1 or 2 phases of 4-phase winding to switch magnetic pole of winding in order to control opening degree.
- Relationship between power switching direction of phase and open/close direction is shown below. When power is supplied, voltages at pins 4 to 1 of CN15 are about 0.9V; they are about 12V when no power is supplied. When power is reset, initialization is performed for 10 or 20 seconds. During initialization, measure all voltages at pins 4 to 1 of CN15 using mutimeter. If there is any pin with voltage that has not changed from around 0.9V or 12V, expansion valve or microcomputer is defective.
- Fig. 11-2 shows logic waveform when expansion valve is operating.

Drive status Pin Lear phase No. wire 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 (4) White ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON (3) OFF ON OFF OFF Yellow ON ON OFF OFF (2) OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON Orange 1 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON Blue Operation mode 1→2→3→4→5→6→7→8 VALVE CLOSE $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1$ VALVE OPEN

Table 11-2

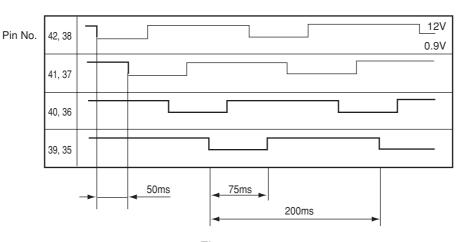


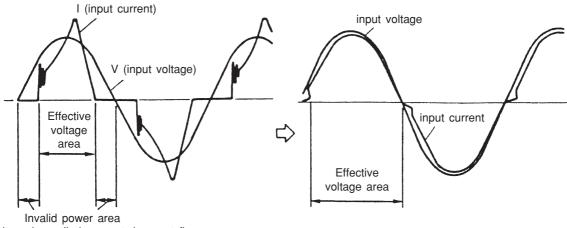
Fig. 11-2

With expansion valve control, opening degree is adjusted to stabilize target temperature, by detecting temperature of compressor head.

The period of control is about once per 20 seconds, and output a few pulses.

12. Power Factor Control Circuit

Power factor is controlled by almost 100%. (Effective use of power)
With IC in ACT module, control is performed so that input current waveform will be similar to waveform of input voltage.



(Even if voltage is applied. current does not flow

^{*}Assuming the same current capacity (20A), power can be used about 10% effective, comparing with curent use (power factor of 90%), and maximum capacity is thereby improved.

SERVICE CALL Q & A

COOLING MODE



The compressor has stopped suddenly during cooling operation.



Check if the indoor heat exchanger is frosted.
Wait for 3-4 minutes until it is defrosted.

If the air conditioner operates in cooling mode when it is cold, the evaporator may get frosted.

DEHUMIDIFYING MODE



Sound of running water is heard from indoor unit during dehumidifying.



Normal sound when refrigerant flows in pipe.



Compressor occasionally does not operate during dehumidifying.



Compressor may not operate when room temperature is 10°C or less. It also stops when the humidity is preset humidity or less.

HEATING MODE



The circulation stops occasionally during Heating mode.



It occurs during defrosting. Wait for 5-10 minutes until the condenser is defrosted.



When the fan speed is set at HIGH or MED, the flow is actually Weak.



At the beginning of heating, the fan speed remains LOW for 30 seconds. If HIGH is selected, it switches to LOW and again to MED after additional 30 seconds.



Heating operation stops while the temperature is preset at "30".



If temperature is high in the outdoor, heating operation may stop to protect internal devices.

AUTO FRESH DEFROSTING



After the ON/OFF button is pressed to stop heating, the outdoor unit is still working with the OPERATION lamp lighting.



Auto Fresh Defrosting is carried out: the system checks the outdoor heat exchanger and defrosts it as necessary before stopping operation.

AUTO OPERATION



Fan speed does not change when fan speed selector is changed during auto operation.



At this point fan speed is automatic.

NICE TEMPERATURE RESERVATION



When on-timer has been programmed, operation starts before the preset time has been reached.



This is because "Nice temperature reservation" function is operating. This function starts operation earlier so the preset temperature is reached at the preset time. Operation may start maximum 60 minutes before the preset time.



Does "Nice temperature reservation" function operate during dehumidifying?



It does not work. It works only during cooling and heating.



Even if the same time is preset, the operation start time varies.



This is because "Nice temperature reservation" function is operating. The start time varies according to the load of room. Since load varies greatly during heating, the operation start time is

corrected, so it will vary each day.

INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL



Timer cannot be set.



(A12)

Has the clock been set? Timer cannot be set unless the clock has been set.



The current time display disappears soon.



(A13) The c

The current time disappears in approx. 10 seconds. The time set display has priority.

When the current time is set the display flashes for approx 3 minutes.



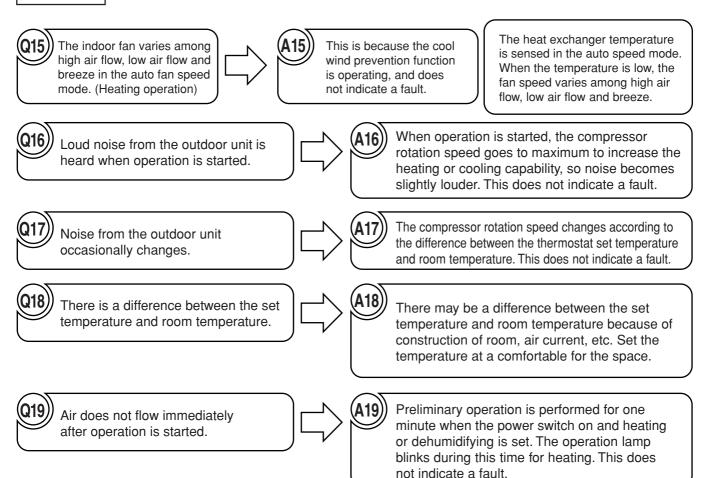
The timer has been programmed, but the preset time disappears.



(A14)

Is the current time past the preset time? When the preset time reaches the current time, it disappears.

OTHERS



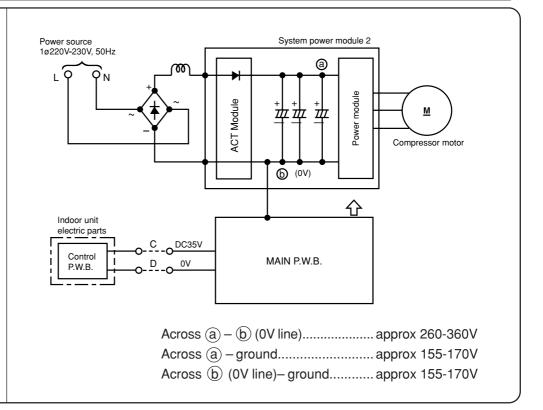
TROUBLE SHOOTING

PRECAUTIONS FOR CHECKING



- 1. Remember that the 0V line is biased to 155-170V in reference to the ground level.
- 2. Also note that it takes about 10 minutes until the voltage fall after the power switch is turned off.

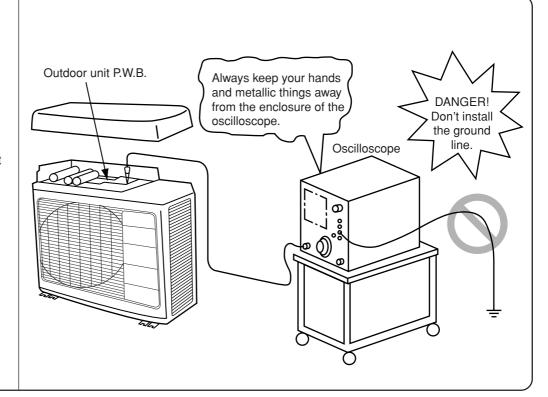






When using an oscilloscope, never ground it. Don't forget that high voltages as noted above may apply to the oscilloscope.





DISCHARGE PROCEDURE AND POWER SHUT OFF METHOD FOR POWER CIRCUIT



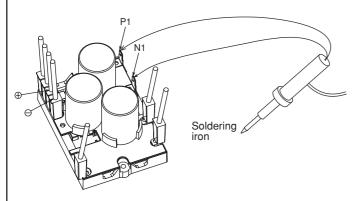
Caution

• Voltage of about 300-330V is charged between both ends of smoothing capacitors



 During continuity check for each part of circuit in indoor unit electrical parts, disconnect red/gray lead wire connected from diode stack to system power module (SPM2) to prevent secondary trouble. (Be sure to discharge smoothing capacitor)

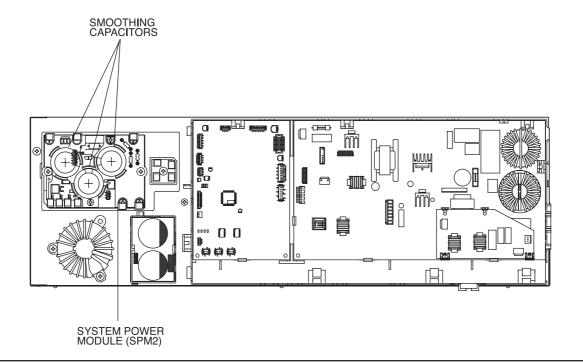
- 1. Turn OFF the Power supply to the outdoor unit.
- 2. After power is turned off, wait for 10 minutes or more. Then, remove electrical parts cover and apply soldering iron of 30 to 75W for 15 seconds or more to P2 and N1 terminals on system power module, in order to discharge voltage in smoothing capacitor.
- 3. Remove receptable of red/gray lead wire connected to system power module from diode stack before performing operation chech of each circuit.



System power module

Do not use a soldering iron with transformer: If one is used, thermal fuse inside transformer will be blown

As shown above, apply soldering iron to metal parts (receptable) inside the sleeve corresponding to P1 and N1 terminals of system power module: Do this with smoothing capacitors kept connected. By removing red/gray lead wire from diode stack, power supply can be shut off. (corresponding to +) and -> terminals of system power module)



TROUBLESHOOTING WHEN TIMER LAMP BLINKS

Model RAD-50DH7A, RAD-60DH7A, RAD-70DH7A

Perform troubleshooting according to the number of times the indoor timer lamp and outdoor LD301 blink.

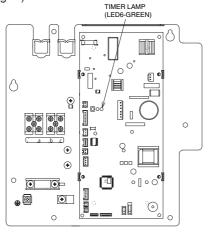
SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE

Model: RAD-50DH7A, RAD-60DH7A, RAD-70DH7A

<Remark>

If using wired remote controller, electrical cover have to be opened so that timer lamp at indoor p.w.b can be seen as Fig. 1.

If using wireless remote controller (optional part), no need to open electrical cover. Refer the timer lamp at panel-as (Fig. 2).



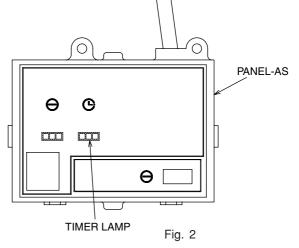


Fig. 1

No.	Timer indicator flashing mode	Reason for display	Section of estimated fault
1	2 sec. — — — Once	Four-way valve faulty The room heat exchange temperature is low during heating, or it is high during cooling.	Four-way valve faulty. Disconnection in heat exchange thermistor (only during heating)
2	2 sec Twice	Outdoor unit forced operation The outdoor unit is in forced operation or undergoing balancing after forced operation.	Service SW in outdoor electrical parts turned ON.
3	2 sec 3 times	Indoor/outdoor interface faulty The interface signal from the outdoor unit has been interrupted.	Indoor interface circuit Outdoor interface circuit
4		Outdoor electrical assembly defective.	Please check at the outdoor electrical led lamp blinking (LD301) and refer to self diagnosis lighting mode for outdoor unit.
5		Abnormal water level detection All stop when the float switch has been activated.	(1) Drain stopped up(2) Drain pump(3) Float switch
6		Drain pump forced operation. When the knob of drain pump test switch at Indoor P.W.B main slide to 'test' position.	(1) Indoor P.W.B. Main.
7		Room thermistor or heat exchanger thermistor is faulty When room thermistor or heat exchanger thermistor is opened circuit or short circuit.	(1) Room thermistor (2) Heat exchanger thermistor
8		DC fan motor overcurrent detection Overcurrent in indoor DC fan motor has been detected.	(1) Indoor fan locked (2) Indoor fan motor (3) Indoor P.W.B. Main
9		IC401 data reading fault There was error in the data read from IC401	IC401 faulty

(___ -- Lights for 0.35 sec. at interval of 0.35 sec..)

<Cautions>

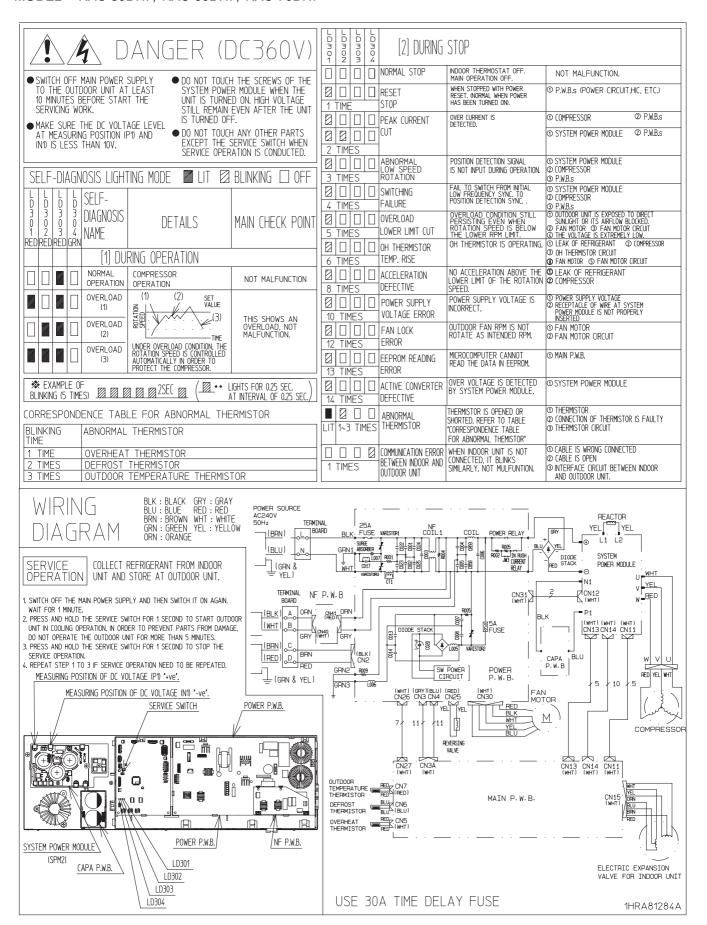
%1

- (1) If the interface circuit is faulty when power is supplied, the self-diagnosis display will not be displayed.
- (2) If the indoor unit does not operate at all, check to see if the connecting cable is connected or disconnected.
- (3) To check operation again when the timer lamp is blinking, you can use the remote control for operation (except for mode mark %1).

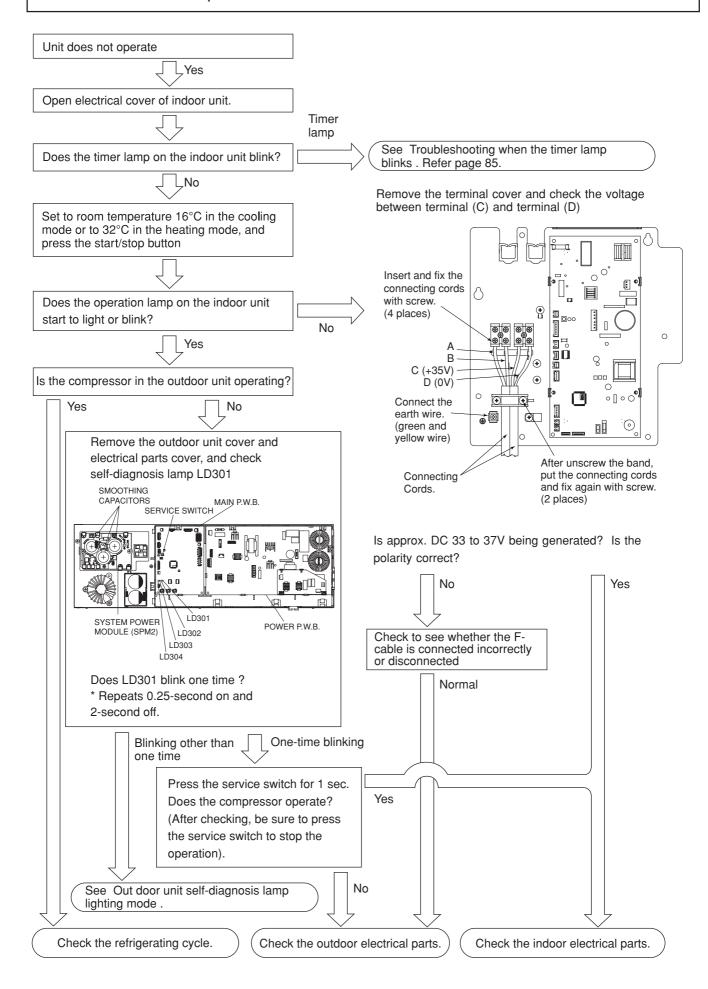
- 85 -

SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE

MODEL RAC-50DH7, RAC-60DH7, RAC-70DH7

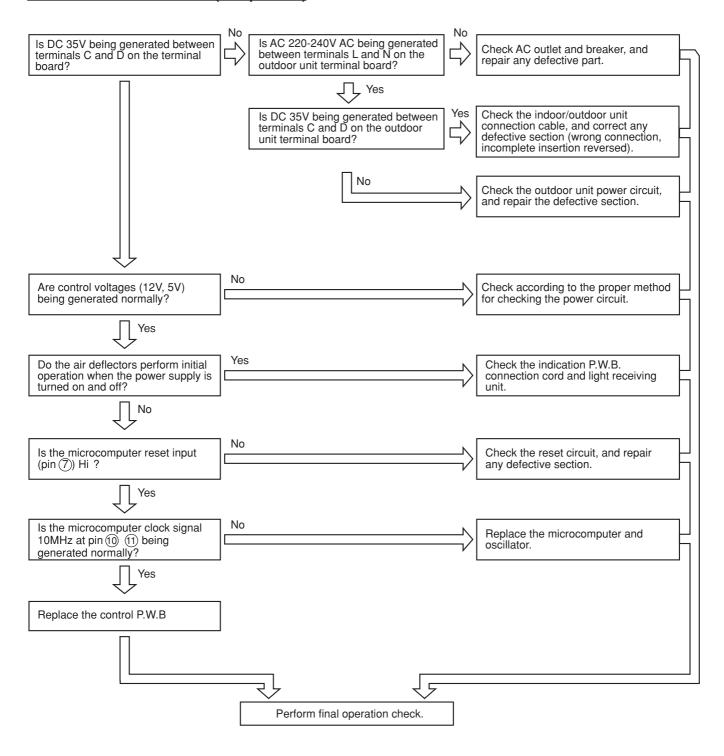


CHECKING THE INDOOR/OUTDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS AND REFRIGERATING CYCLE

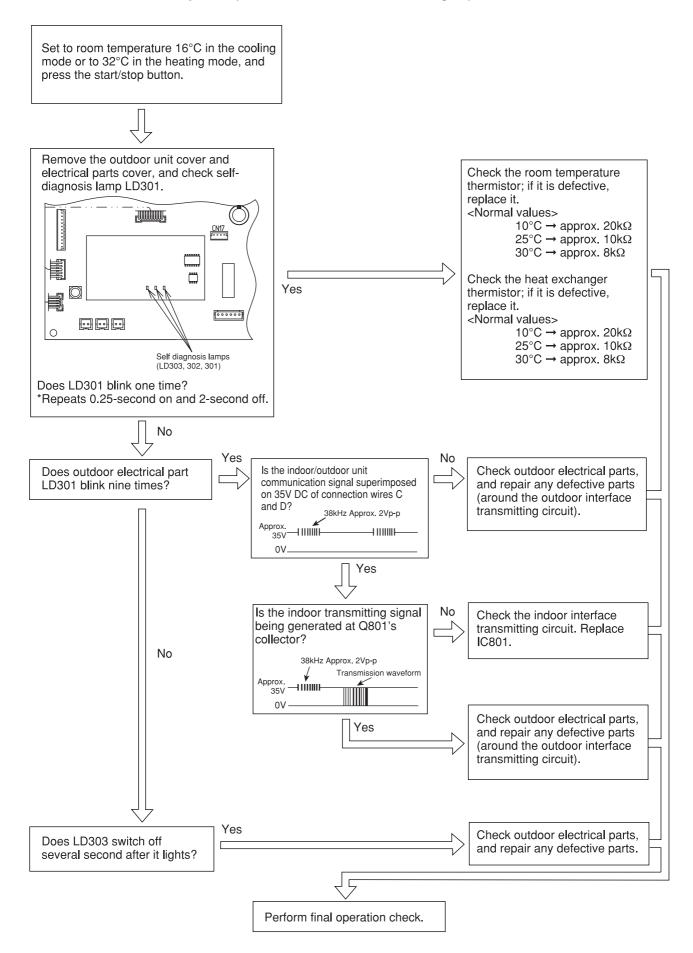


CHECKING INDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS

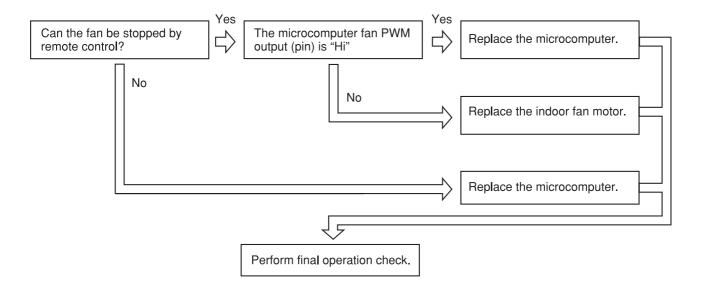
1. Power does not come on (no operation)



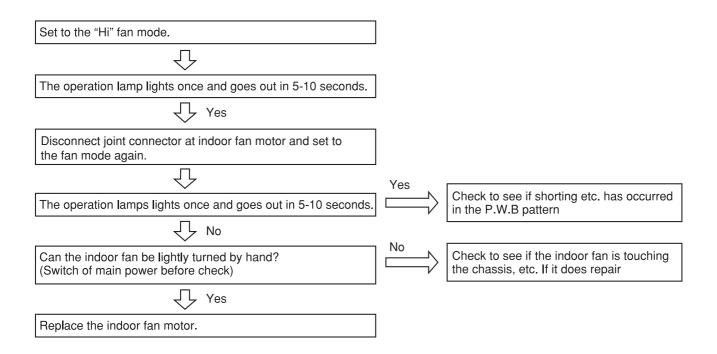
2. Outdoor unit does not operate (but receives remote infrared signal)



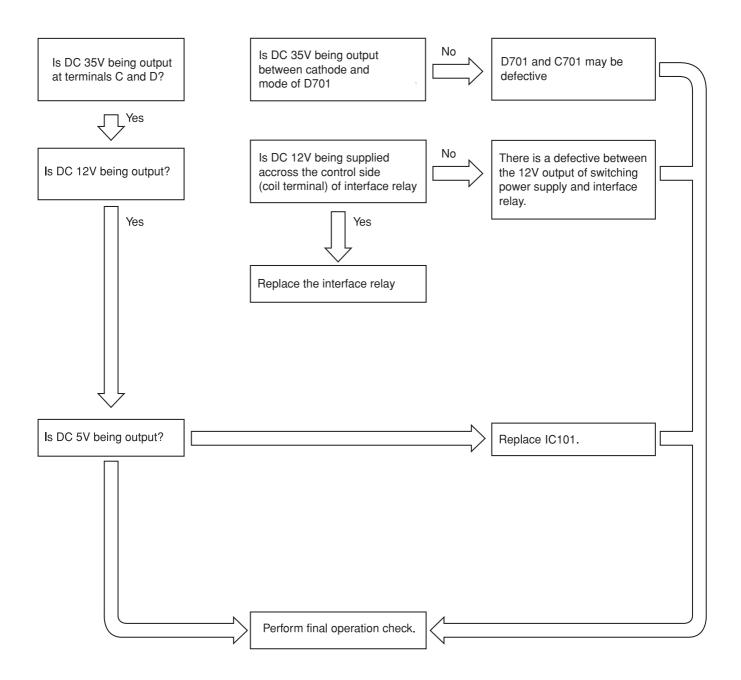
3. Only indoor fan does not operate (other is normal)



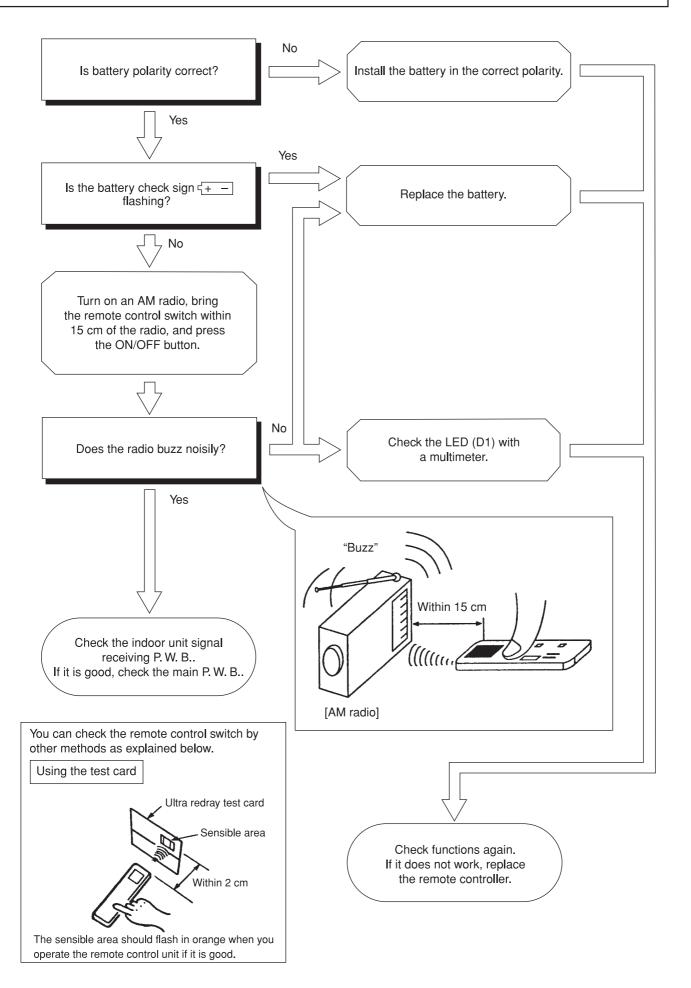
4. All systems stop from several seconds to several minutes after operation is started (all indicators are also off)

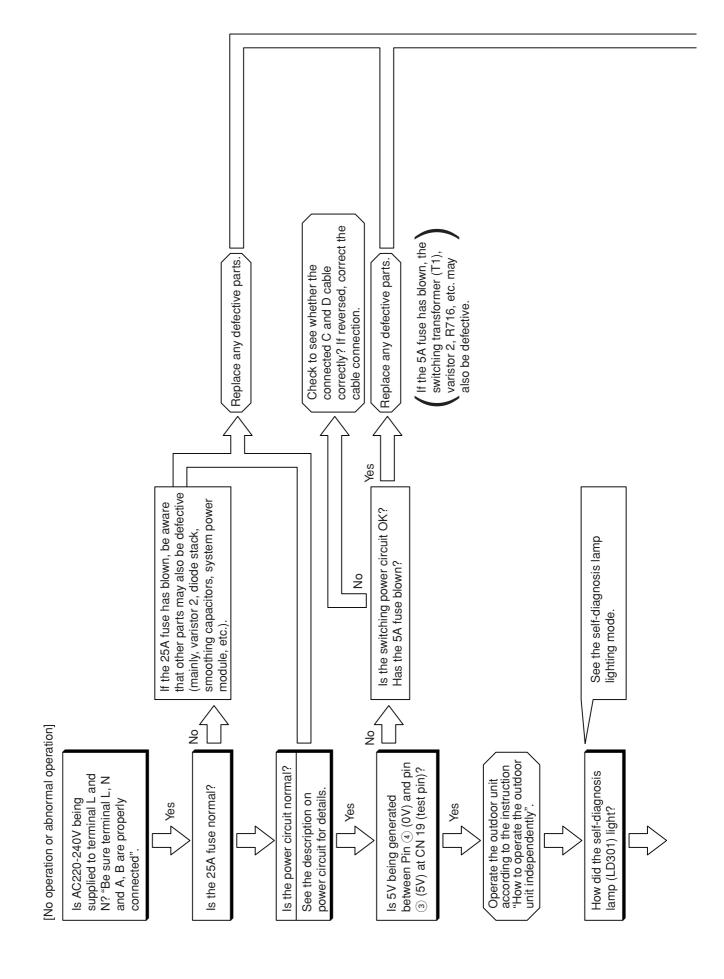


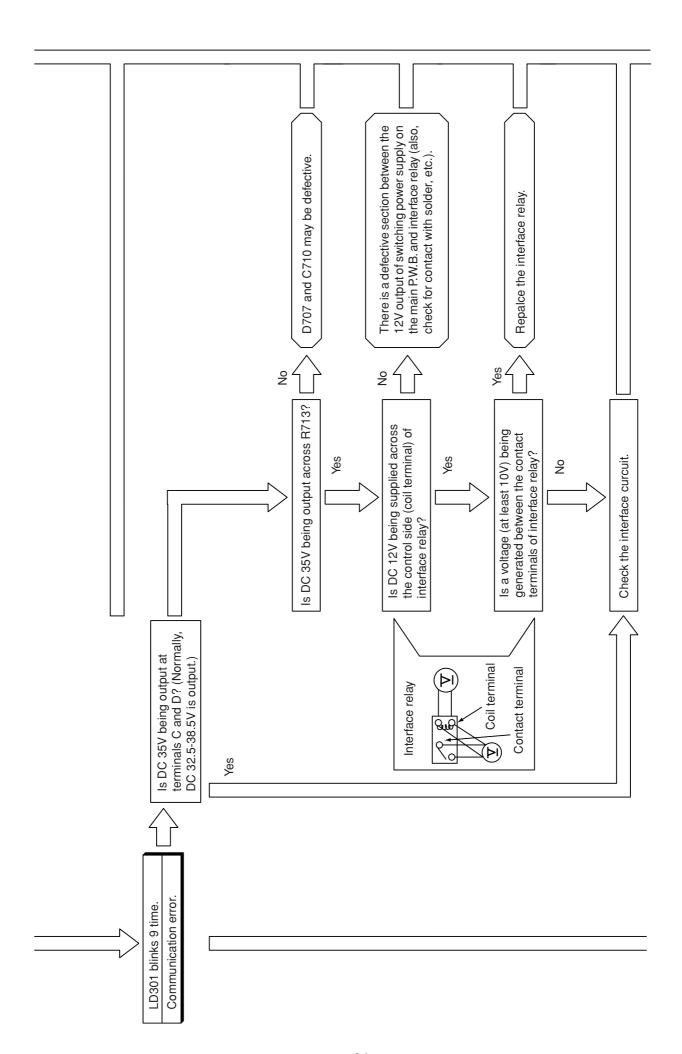
5. Check the main P.W.B (power circuit)

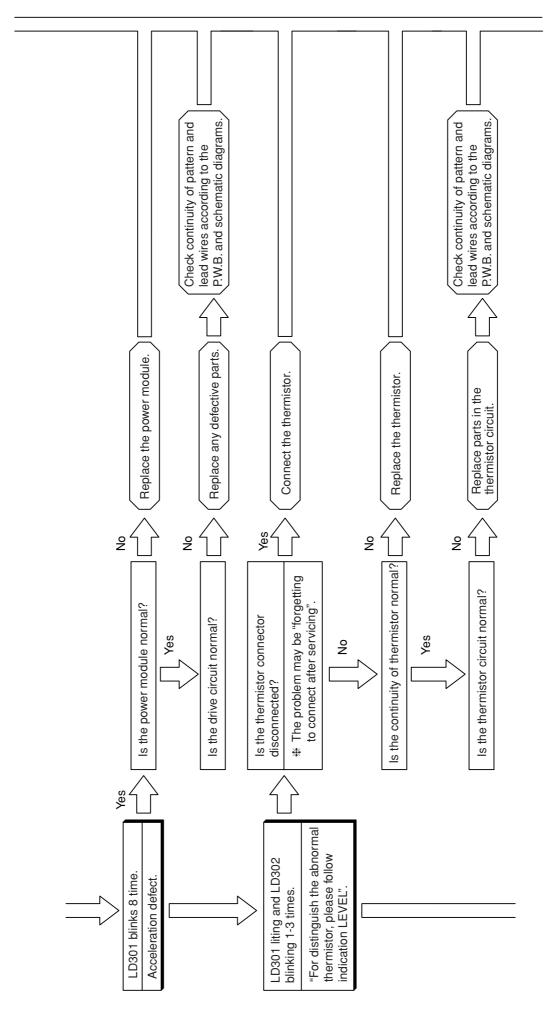


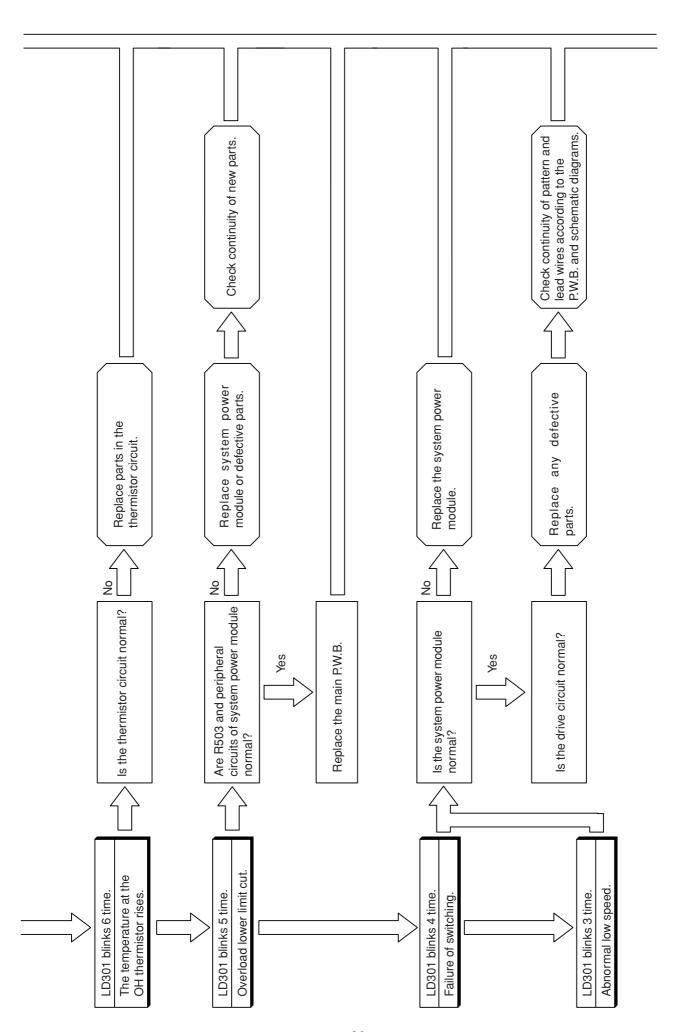
CHECKING THE REMOTE CONTROLLER

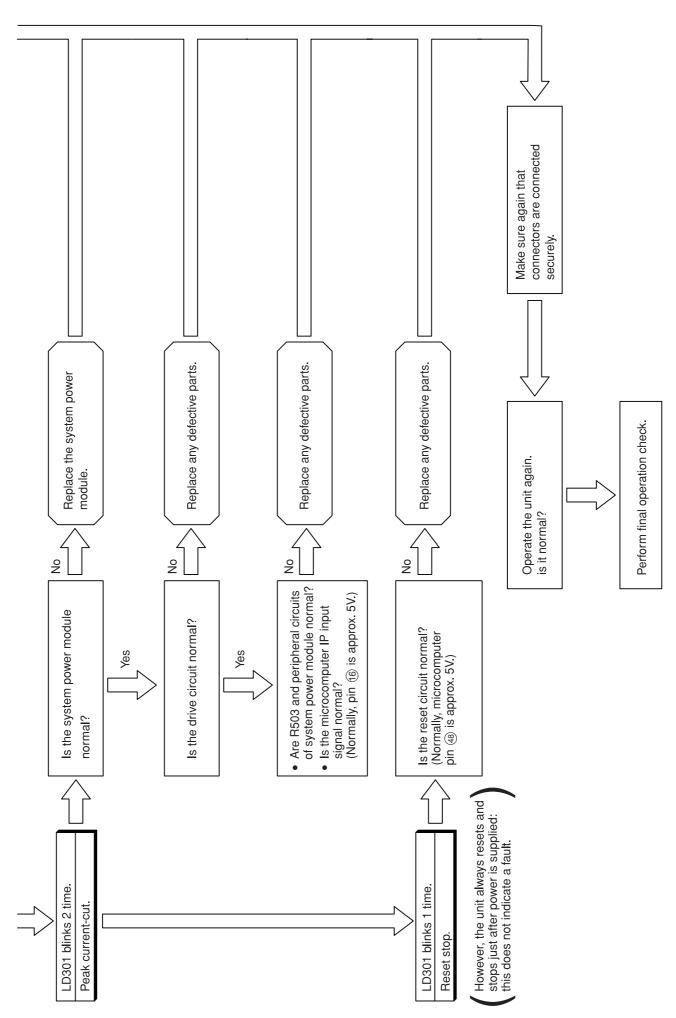






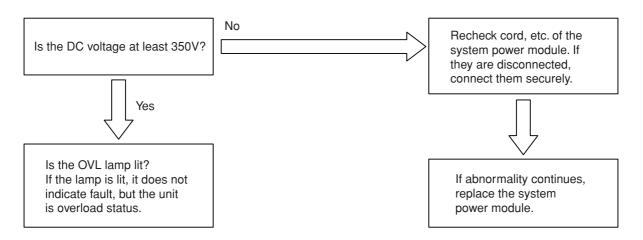






POWER CIRCUIT

Phenomenon 1 < Rotation speed does not increase>

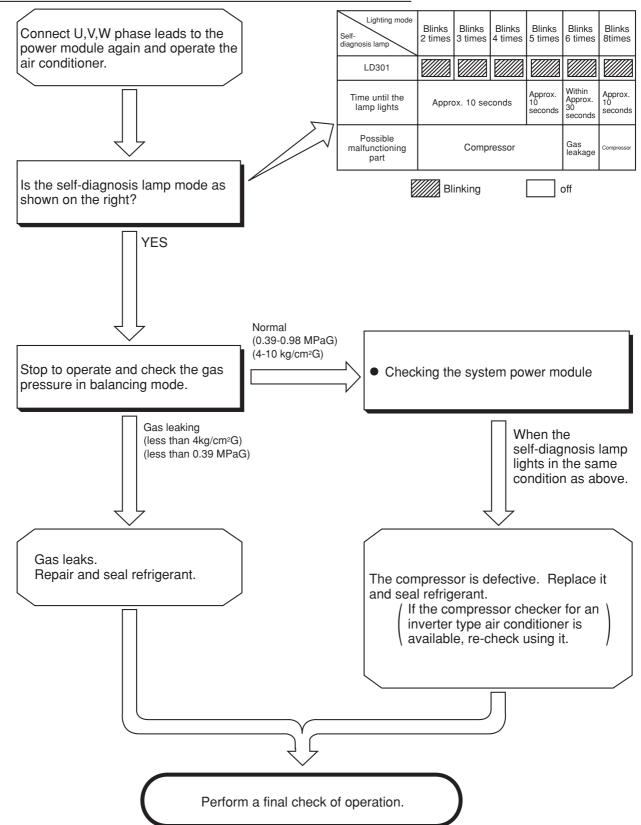


Overvoltage defect: system power module faulty (15-times blinking)

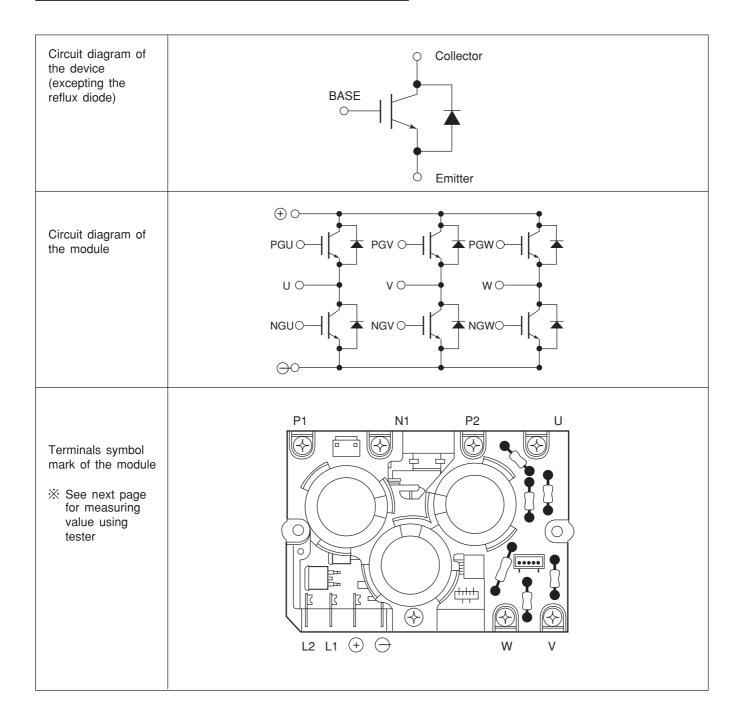
CHECKING THE REFRIGERATING CYCLE

(JUDGING BETWEEN GAS LEAKAGE AND COMPRESSOR DEFECTIVE)

Troubleshooting procedure (No operation, No heating, No cooling)



SYSTEM POWER MODULE DIAGNOSIS



HOW TO CHECK SYSTEM POWER MODULE

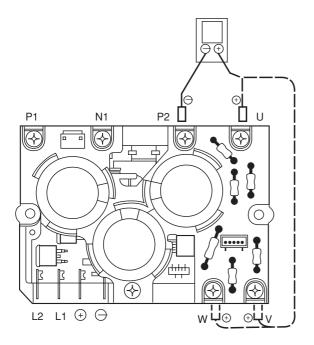
Checking system power module using tester

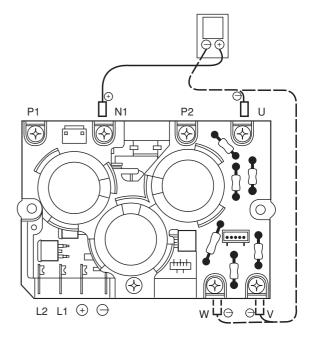
Set tester to resistance range (X 100)

If indicator does not swing in the following conductivity check, the system power module is normal. (In case of digital tester, since built-in battery is set in reverse direction, (+) and (-) terminals are reversed.)

△ CAUTION

If inner circuit of system power module is disconnected (open), the indicator of tester will not swing and this may assumed as normal. In this case, if indicator swings when \bigoplus and \bigoplus terminals are connected in reverse of diagram below, it is normal. Furthermore, compare how indicator swings at U, V and W phases. If indicator swings the same way at each point, it is normal.



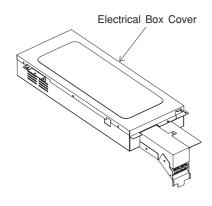


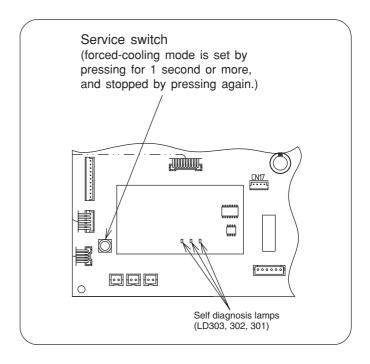
HOW TO OPERATE USING THE SERVICE SWITCH THE OUTDOOR UNIT

- 1. Turn off the power supply to outdoor unit and then turn on again.
- 2. Remove the electrical box cover.

LD303 (red) will light and the unit will operate in the forced cooling mode at this time.

Never operate the unit for more than 5 minutes.





(Cautions)

- (1) If interface signal (DC 35V) terminals C and D are not connected when the outdoor unit is in forced cool mode, the outdoor unit defect indicator (LD301) will blink 9 times during operation to indicate communication error.
- (2) If checking is done with the compressor connector disconnected, the unit will continue normal operation when the electrical parts are normal, or it will repeat operating for approx. one minute and stop due to overload power limit cut, or it will operate in the overload status.

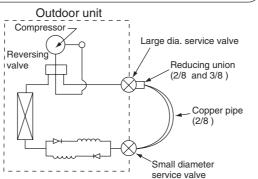
Be sure to push the service switch again to stop the forced cool operation.

HOW TO OPERATE THE OUTDOOR UNIT INDEPENDENTLY

1. Connect the large dia. pipe side and small dia. pipe side service valves using a pipe.

Connect the small diameter service value and the large diameter service valve using the reducing union and copper pipe as shown on the right.

Charge refrigerant of 300g after vacuuming ($\stackrel{.}{\times}$ 1)



Parts to be prepared

- (1) Reducing union 2/8" (6.35mm) 1/2" (12.7mm)
- (2) Copper pipe (2/8" and 1/2")

Do not operate for more than 5 minutes

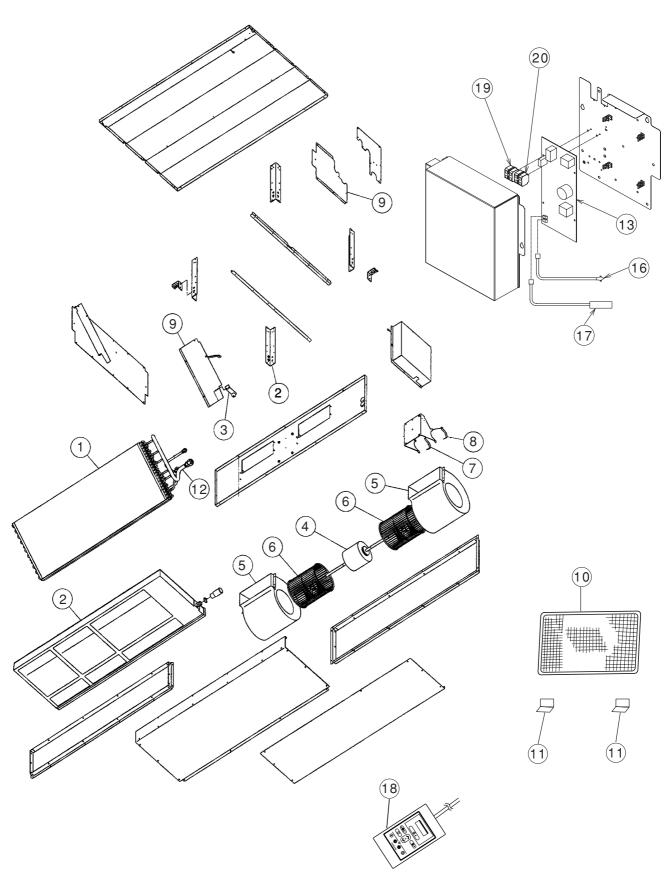
The operation method is the same as "How to operate using the connector to servicing the outdoor unit".

💥 1 The charging amount of 300g is equivalent to the load in normal operation.

PARTS LIST AND DIAGRAM

INDOOR UNIT

MODEL: RAD-50DH7A/RAD-60DH7A/RAD-70DH7A



MODEL RAD-50DH7A

NO.	PART NO.		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME
1	PMRAD-50DH7	002	1	CYCLE ASSY
2	PMRAD-50DH7	003	1	DRAIN PAN ASSY
3	PMRAD-50DH7	004	1	FLOAT SWITCH
4	PMRAD-50DH7	005	1	FAN MOTOR
5	PMRAD-50DH7	006	2	FAN CASING
6	PMRAD-50DH7	007	2	FAN
7	PMRAD-50DH7	800	1	BAND (L)
8	PMRAD-50DH7	009	1	BAND (R)
9	PMRAD-50DH7	010	1	DRAIN PUMP
10	PMRAD-50DH7	011	1	FILTER
11	PMRAD-50DH7	012	2	FILTER PLATE
12	PMRAD-50DH7	013	1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT
13	PMRAD-50DH7	R01	1	P.W.B MAIN
16	PMRAD-50DH7	014	1	ROOM THERMISTOR
17	PMRAD-50DH7	015	1	THERMISTOR
18	PMRAD-18NH7	R02	1	WIRE REMOTE CONTROL
19	PMRAS-70YHA	011	1	2P TERMINAL WITH FUSE
20	PMRAC-07CV1	R06	1	2P TERMINAL

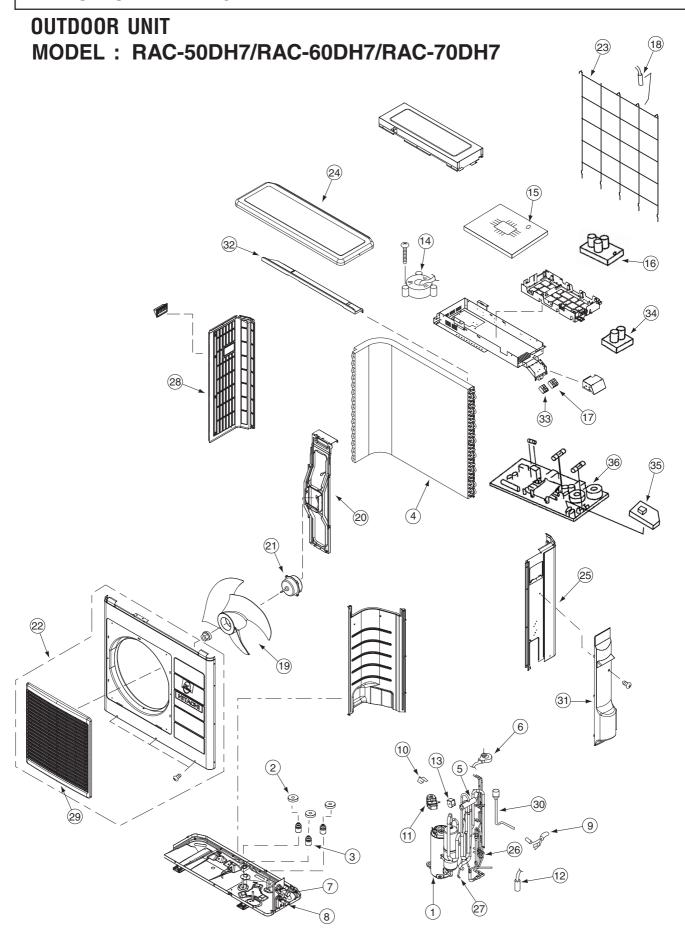
MODEL RAD-60DH7A

NO.	PART NO.		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME
1	PMRAD-50DH7	002	1	CYCLE ASSY
2	PMRAD-50DH7	003	1	DRAIN PAN ASSY
3	PMRAD-50DH7	004	1	FLOAT SWITCH
4	PMRAD-50DH7	005	1	FAN MOTOR
5	PMRAD-50DH7	006	2	FAN CASING
6	PMRAD-50DH7	007	2	FAN
7	PMRAD-50DH7	008	1	BAND (L)
8	PMRAD-50DH7	009	1	BAND (R)
9	PMRAD-50DH7	010	1	DRAIN PUMP
10	PMRAD-50DH7	011	1	FILTER
11	PMRAD-50DH7	012	2	FILTER PLATE
12	PMRAD-50DH7	013	1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT
14	PMRAD-60DH7A	R01	1	P.W.B MAIN
16	PMRAD-50DH7	014	1	ROOM THERMISTOR
17	PMRAD-50DH7	015	1	THERMISTOR
18	PMRAD-18NH7A	R02	1	WIRE REMOTE CONTROL
19	PMRAS-70YHA	011	1	2P TERMINAL WITH FUSE
20	PMRAC-07CV1	R06	1	2P TERMINAL

MODEL RAD-70DH7A

NO.	PART NO.		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME
1	PMRAD-70DH7	002	1	CYCLE ASSY
2	PMRAD-50DH7	003	1	DRAIN PAN ASSY
3	PMRAD-50DH7	004	1	FLOAT SWITCH
4	PMRAD-50DH7	005	1	FAN MOTOR
5	PMRAD-50DH7	006	2	FAN CASING
6	PMRAD-50DH7	007	2	FAN
7	PMRAD-50DH7	800	1	BAND (L)
8	PMRAD-50DH7	009	1	BAND (R)
9	PMRAD-50DH7	010	1	DRAIN PUMP
10	PMRAD-50DH7	011	1	FILTER
11	PMRAD-50DH7	012	2	FILTER PLATE
12	PMRAD-50DH7	013	1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT
15	PMRAD-70DH7A	R01	1	P.W.B MAIN
16	PMRAD-50DH7	014	1	ROOM THERMISTOR
17	PMRAD-50DH7	015	1	THERMISTOR
18	PMRAD-18NH7A	R02	1	WIRE REMOTE CONTROL
19	PMRAS-07YHA	011	1	2P TERMINAL WITH FUSE
20	PMRAC-07CV1	R06	1	2P TERMINAL

PARTS LIST AND DIAGRAM



MODEL RAC-50DH7

NO.	PART NO.		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME
1	PMRAC-50YHA1	902	1	COMPRESSOR
2	KPNT1	001	6	PUSH NUT
3	RAC-2226HV	805	3	COMPRESSOR RUBBER
4	PMRAC-70YHA	S03	1	CONDENSER
5	PMRAC-50YHA1	905	1	REVERSING VALVE
6	PMRAC-25NH4	S03	1	ELECTRICAL EXPANSION COIL
7	PMRAC-50NH4	S04	1	VALVE (4S)
8	PMRAC-50NH4	S03	1	VALVE (2S)
9	PMRAC-80YHA	S14	1	THERMISTOR (OH)
10	PMRAC-25NH4	S09	1	OVERHEAT THERMISTOR SUPPORT
11	PMRAC-25NH4	910	1	OVERLOAD RELAY COVER
12	PMRAC-70YHA	S13	1	THERMISTOR (DEFROST)
13	PMRAC-60YHA1	902	1	COIL (REVERSING VALVE)
14	PMRAC-18SH4	S01	1	REACTOR
15	PMRAD-50DH7	901	1	P.W.B (MAIN)
16	PMRAC-80YHA	S10	1	SYSTEM POWER MODULE
17	PMRAC-25NH4	S13	1	TERMINAL BOARD (4P)
18	PMRAM-65QH4	S10	1	THERMISTOR (OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE)
19	PMRAC-70YHA	907	1	PROPELLER FAN
20	PMRAC-70YHA	S12	1	SUPPORT (FAN MOTOR)
21	PMRAC-70YHA	S04	1	FAN MOTOR
22	PMRAC-70YHA	S01	1	CABINET
23	PMRAC-70YHA	S06	1	NET
24	PMRAC-24CP5	905	1	TOP COVER
25	PMRAC-70YHA	S09	1	SIDE PLATE-R
26	PMRAC-70YHA	911	1	STRAINER (COND)
27	PMRAC-70YHA	910	1	STRAINER (PIPE)
28	PMRAC-70YHA	908	1	SIDE PLATE-L
29	PMRAC-70YHA	S05	1	GRILL
30	PMRAC-80YHA	906	1	EXPANSION VALVE
31	PMRAC-70YHA	915	1	SV-COVER
32	PMRAC-70YHA	916	1	NET COVER
33	PMRAC-63CA1	S02	1	TERMINAL BOARD (2P)
34	PMRAC-80YHA	S12	1	CAPACITOR BOARD
35	PMRAC-70YHA	S18	1	NOISE FILTER BOARD
36	PMRAD-50DH7	902	1	POWER BOARD

MODEL RAC-60DH7

NO.	PART NO.		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME
1	PMRAC-50YHA1	902	1	COMPRESSOR
2	KPNT1	001	6	PUSH NUT
3	RAC-2226HV	805	3	COMPRESSOR RUBBER
4	PMRAC-70YHA	S03	1	CONDENSER
5	PMRAC-50YHA1	905	1	REVERSING VALVE
6	PMRAC-25NH4	S03	1	ELECTRICAL EXPANSION COIL
7	PMRAC-50NH4	S04	1	VALVE (4S)
8	PMRAC-50NH4	S03	1	VALVE (2S)
9	PMRAC-80YHA	S14	1	THERMISTOR (OH)
10	PMRAC-25NH4	S09	1	OVERHEAT THERMISTOR SUPPORT
11	PMRAC-25NH4	910	1	OVERLOAD RELAY COVER
12	PMRAC-70YHA	S13	1	THERMISTOR (DEFROST)
13	PMRAC-60YHA1	902	1	COIL (REVERSING VALVE)
14	PMRAC-18SH4	S01	1	REACTOR
15	PMRAC-60DH7	901	1	P.W.B (MAIN)
16	PMRAC-80YHA	S10	1	SYSTEM POWER MODULE
17	PMRAC-25NH4	S13	1	TERMINAL BOARD (4P)
18	PMRAM-65QH4	S10	1	THERMISTOR (OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE)
19	PMRAC-70YHA	907	1	PROPELLER FAN
20	PMRAC-70YHA	S12	1	SUPPORT (FAN MOTOR)
21	PMRAC-70YHA	S04	1	FAN MOTOR
22	PMRAC-70YHA	S01	1	CABINET
23	PMRAC-70YHA	S06	1	NET
24	PMRAC-24CP5	905	1	TOP COVER
25	PMRAC-70YHA	S09	1	SIDE PLATE-R
26	PMRAC-70YHA	911	1	STRAINER (COND)
27	PMRAC-70YHA	910	1	STRAINER (PIPE)
28	PMRAC-70YHA	908	1	SIDE PLATE-L
29	PMRAC-70YHA	S05	1	GRILL
30	PMRAC-80YHA	906	1	EXPANSION VALVE
31	PMRAC-70YHA	915	1	SV-COVER
32	PMRAC-70YHA	916	1	NET COVER
33	PMRAC-63CA1	S02	1	TERMINAL BOARD (2P)
34	PMRAC-80YHA	S12	1	CAPACITOR BOARD
35	PMRAC-70YHA	S18	1	NOISE FILTER BOARD
36	PMRAC-50DH7	902	1	POWER BOARD

MODEL RAC-70DH7

NO.	PART NO.		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME
1	PMRAC-50YHA1	902	1	COMPRESSOR
2	KPNT1	001	6	PUSH NUT
3	RAC-2226HV	805	3	COMPRESSOR RUBBER
4	PMRAC-70YHA	S03	1	CONDENSER
5	PMRAC-50YHA1	905	1	REVERSING VALVE
6	PMRAC-25NH4	S03	1	ELECTRICAL EXPANSION COIL
7	PMRAC-80YHA	905	1	VALVE (5S)
8	PMRAC-50NH4	S03	1	VALVE (2S)
9	PMRAC-80YHA	S14	1	THERMISTOR (OH)
10	PMRAC-25NH4	S09	1	OVERHEAT THERMISTOR SUPPORT
11	PMRAC-25NH4	910	1	OVERLOAD RELAY COVER
12	PMRAC-70YHA	S13	1	THERMISTOR (DEFROST)
13	PMRAC-60YHA1	902	1	COIL (REVERSING VALVE)
14	PMRAC-18SH4	S01	1	REACTOR
15	PMRAC-70DH7	901	1	P.W.B (MAIN)
16	PMRAC-80YHA	S10	1	SYSTEM POWER MODULE
17	PMRAC-25NH4	S13	1	TERMINAL BOARD (4P)
18	PMRAM-65QH4	S10	1	THERMISTOR (OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE)
19	PMRAC-70YHA	907	1	PROPELLER FAN
20	PMRAC-70YHA	S12	1	SUPPORT (FAN MOTOR)
21	PMRAC-70YHA	S04	1	FAN MOTOR
22	PMRAC-70YHA	S01	1	CABINET
23	PMRAC-70YHA	S06	1	NET
24	PMRAC-24CP5	905	1	TOP COVER
25	PMRAC-70YHA	S09	1	SIDE PLATE-R
26	PMRAC-70YHA	911	1	STRAINER (COND)
27	PMRAC-70YHA	910	1	STRAINER (PIPE)
28	PMRAC-70YHA	908	1	SIDE PLATE-L
29	PMRAC-70YHA	S05	1	GRILL
30	PMRAC-80YHA	906	1	EXPANSION VALVE
31	PMRAC-70YHA	915	1	SV-COVER
32	PMRAC-70YHA	916	1	NET COVER
33	PMRAC-63CA1	S02	1	TERMINAL BOARD (2P)
34	PMRAC-80YHA	S12	1	CAPACITOR BOARD
35	PMRAC-70YHA	S18	1	NOISE FILTER BOARD
36	PMRAC-50DH7	902	1	POWER BOARD

HITACHI