HITACHI

SERVICE MANUAL
TECHNICAL INFORMATION

FOR SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY

RAM-55QH5
RAM-65QH5

CONTENTS

NOTE:
This manual describes only points that differ from RAF-25, 35, 50NH5, RAD-25, 35NH5, RAD-25, 35NH5 and RAM-80QH5 (TC No. 0771EF), RAI-25, 35NH5 (PM No. 0271E), RAI-50NH5 and RAC-50NH5 (PM No. 0274E), RAK-18, 25, 35NH5 (PM No. 0269E), RAK-50NH5 and RAC-50NH5 (PM No. 0302E) for items not described in this manual.

SPECIFICATIONS

TYPE		DC INVERTER DUAL SYSTEM MULTI	
		OUTDOOR UNIT	
MODEL		RAM-55QH5	RAM-65QH5
POWER SOURCE		1ø, 220 - 240V, 50Hz	
TOTAL INPUT	(W)		
TOTAL AMPERES	(A)		
COOLING CAPACITY	(kW)	REFER TO THE SPECIFICATIONS PAGE	
HEATING CAPACITY	(B.T.U.)		
DIMENSIONS (mm)	W	850	
	H	650	
	D	298	
NET WEIGHT	(kg)	50	

※ After installation

SPECIFICATIONS AND PARTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE FOR IMPROVEMENT

ROOM AIR CONDITIONER
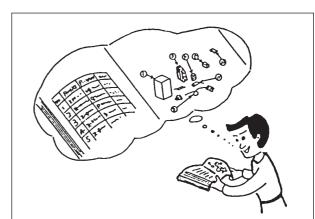## OUTDOOR UNIT
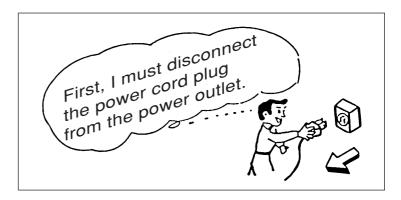
SAFETY DURING REPAIR WORK

1. In order to disassemble and repair the unit in question, be sure to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet before starting the work.

First, I must disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet.

2. If it is necessary to replace any parts, they should be replaced with respective genuine parts for the unit, and the replacement must be effected in correct manner according to the instructions in the Service Manual of the unit.

> If the contacts of electrical parts are defective, replace the electrical parts without trying to repair them.

3. After completion of repairs, the initial state should be restored.

4. Lead wires should be connected and laid as in the initial state.

5. Modification of the unit by user himself should absolutely be prohibited.

6. Tools and measuring instruments for use in repairs or inspection should be accurately calibrated in advance.

7. In installing the unit having been repaired, be careful to prevent the occurence of any accident such as electrical shock, leak of current, or bodily injury due to the drop of any part.

8. To check the insulation of the unit, measure the insulation resistance between the power cord plug and grounding terminal of the unit. The insulation resistance should be $1M\Omega$ or more as measured by a 500V DC megger.

9. The initial location of installation such as window, floor or the other should be checked for being and safe enough to support the repaired unit again.
   If it is found not so strong and safe, the unit should be installed at the initial location reinforced or at a new location.

10. Any inflammable thing should never be placed about the location of installation.

11. Check the grounding to see whether it is proper or not, and if it is found improper, connect the grounding terminal to the earth.

DANGER

WORKING STANDARDS FOR PREVENTING BREAKAGE OF SEMICONDUCTORS

1. Scope
    The standards provide for items to be generally observed in carrying and handling semiconductors in relative manufacturers during maintenance and handling thereof. (They apply the same to handling of abnormal goods such as rejected goods being returned).

2. Object parts

    (1) Micro computer
    (2) Integrated circuits (IC)
    (3) Field-effect transistors (FET)
    (4) P.C. boards or the like on which the parts mentioned in (1) and (2) of this paragraph are equipped.

3. Items to be observed in handling

    (1) Use a conductive container for carrying and storing of parts. (Even rejected goods should be handled in the same way).
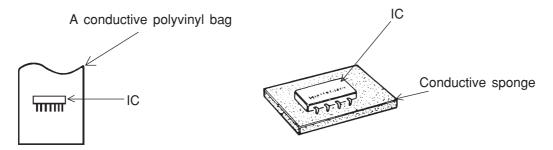
Fig. 1. Conductive Container

    (2) When any part is handled uncovered (in counting, packing and the like), the handling person must always use himself as a body earth. (Make yourself a body earth by passing one M ohm earth resistance through a ring or bracelet).

    (3) Be careful not to touch the parts with your clothing when you hold a part even if a body earth is being taken.

    (4) Be sure to place a part on a metal plate with grounding.

    (5) Be careful not to fail to turn off power when you repair the printed circuit board. At the same time, try to repair the printed circuit board on a grounded metal plate.
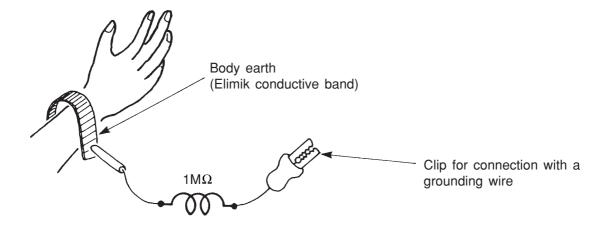
Fig. 2. Body Earth

(6) Use a three wire type soldering iron including a grounding wire.

Metal plate (of aluminium, stainless steel, etc.)

Working table

Resistor of 1 MΩ (1/2W)

Staple

Earth wire

Bare copper wire (for body earth)
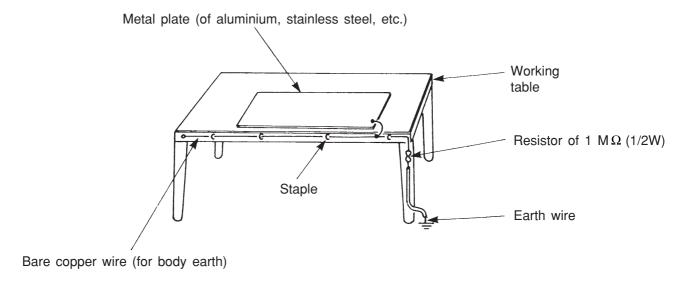
Fig. 3. Grounding of the working table

Soldering iron

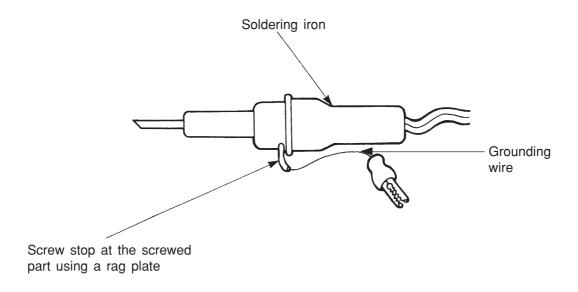Grounding wire

Screw stop at the screwed part using a rag plate

Fig. 4. Grounding a soldering iron

Use a high insulation mode (100V, 10MΩ or higher) when ordinary iron is to be used.

(7) In checking circuits for maintenance, inspection or some others, be careful not to have the test probes of the measuring instrument shortcircuit a load circuit or the like.

1. In quiet operation or stopping the running, slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle is heard occasionally, but this noise is not abnormal for the operation.

2. When it thunders near by, it is recommend to stop the operation and to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet for safety.

3. The room air conditioner does not start automatically after recovery of the electric power failure for preventing fuse blowing. Re-press START/STOP button after 3 minutes from when unit stopped.

4. If the room air conditioner is stopped by adjusting thermostat, or missoperation, and re-start in a moment, there is occasion that the cooling and heating operation does not start for 3 minutes, it is not abnormal and this is the result of the operation of IC delay circuit. This IC delay circuit ensures that there is no danger of blowing fuse or damaging parts even if operation is restarted accidentally.

5. This room air conditioner should not be used at the cooling operation when the outside temperature is below −10°C (14°F).

6. This room air conditioner (the reverse cycle) should not be used when the outside temperature is below −15°C (5°F). If the reverse cycle is used under this condition, the outside heat exchanger is frosted and efficiency falls.

7. When the outside heat exchanger is frosted, the frost is melted by operating the hot gas system, it is not trouble that at this time fan stops and the vapour may rise from the outside heat exchanger.

SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL		RAM-55QH5	RAM-65QH5
FAN MOTOR		40 W	
FAN MOTOR CAPACITOR		NO	
FAN MOTOR PROTECTOR		NO	
COMPRESSOR		JU1013D2	
COMPRESSOR MOTOR CAPACITOR		NO	
OVERLOAD PROTECTOR		YES	
OVERHEAT PROTECTOR		YES	
FUSE (for MICROPROCESSOR)		5.0A	
POWER RELAY		G4A	
POWER SWITCH		NO	
TEMPORARY SWITCH		NO	
SERVICE SWITCH		YES	
TRANSFORMER		NO	
VARISTOR		450NR	
NOISE SUPPRESSOR		YES	
THERMOSTAT		YES(IC)	
REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH (LIQUID CRYSTAL)		NO	
REFRIGERANT CHARGING VOLUME (Refrigerant 410A)	UNIT	1650g	
		WITHOUT REFRIGERANT BECAUSE COUPLING IS FLARE TYPE.	
	PIPES	MAX. 35m	MAX. 45m

※RAM-65QH5
 In case the pipe length is more than 35m, add refrigerant R410 at 20gram per every meter exceeds.

※RAM-55QH5
 Additional charge of refrigerant is not required.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR INDOOR UNITS COMBINATION

TYPE		DC INVERTER DUAL SYSTEM MULTI COOLING AND HEATING
MODEL	OUTDOOR UNIT	RAM-55QH5
PHESE/VOLTAGE/FREQUENCY		1ø, 220 - 240V, 50Hz
CIRCUIT AMPERES TO CONNECT (A)		16
COOLING (TWO UNITS)	CAPACITY (kW) (B.T.U./h)	5.40 (1.50 - 5.90)
		18,430 (5,120 - 20,130)
	TOTAL INPUT (W)	1,795 (200 - 1,980)
	EER (B.T.U./hW)	10.27
	TOTAL AMPERES (A)	8.2 - 7.6
	POWER FACTOR (%)	99
HEATING (TWO UNITS)	CAPACITY (kW) (B.T.U./h)	7.20 (1.50 - 7.20)
		24,560 (5,120 - 24,560)
	TOTAL INPUT (W)	2,110 (200 - 2,110)
	EER (B.T.U./hW)	11.64
	TOTAL AMPERES (A)	9.7 - 8.9
	POWER FACTOR (%)	99
MAXIMUM LENGTH OF PIPING		MAX. 35m (TWO UNIT TOTAL)
STANDARD		CE (EMC&LVD)

MODEL		RAM-55QH5
PACKING (mm)	W	1,008
	H	698
	D	394
	cu.ft.	9.79
GROSS WEIGHT (kg)		53
FLARENUTSIZE (SMALL/LARGE)		6.35D/9.52DX2

OPERATION SCOPE

	INDOOR SUCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)	OUTDOOR SUCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)	INDOOR SUCTION HUMIDITY (%)
COOLING OPERATION SCOPE	16 - 32	22 - 41	BELOW 80
DEHUMIDIFYING OPERATION	16 - 32	22 - 42	BELOW 80
HEATING OPERATION SCOPE	BELOW 27	−15 - 23	—

SPECIFICATIONS FOR INDOOR UNITS COMBINATION

TYPE		DC INVERTER TRIPLE SYSTEM MULTI COOLING AND HEATING
MODEL	OUTDOOR UNIT	RAM-65QH5
PHESE/VOLTAGE/FREQUENCY		1ø, 220 - 240V, 50Hz
CIRCUIT AMPERES TO CONNECT (A)		16
COOLING (THREE UNITS)	CAPACITY (kW) (B.T.U./h)	6.30 (1.50 - 6.60)
		21,510 (5,120 - 22,530)
	TOTAL INPUT (W)	2,095 (200 - 2,200)
	EER (B.T.U./hW)	10.26
	TOTAL AMPERES (A)	9.6 - 8.8
	POWER FACTOR (%)	99
HEATING (THREE UNITS)	CAPACITY (kW) (B.T.U./h)	7.20 (1.50 - 7.20)
		24,560 (5,120 - 24,560)
	TOTAL INPUT (W)	1,900 (200 - 2,110)
	EER (B.T.U./hW)	12.93
	TOTAL AMPERES (A)	8.7 - 8.0
	POWER FACTOR (%)	99
MAXIMUM LENGTH OF PIPING		MAX. 45m (THREE UNIT TOTAL)
STANDARD		CE (EMC&LVD)

MODEL		RAM-65QH5
PACKING (mm)	W	1,008
	H	698
	D	394
	cu.ft.	9.79
GROSS WEIGHT (kg)		55
FLARENUTSIZE (SMALL/LARGE)		6.35D/9.52DX3

OPERATION SCOPE

	INDOOR SUCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)	OUTDOOR SUCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)	INDOOR SUCTION HUMIDITY (%)
COOLING OPERATION SCOPE	16 - 32	22 - 41	BELOW 80
DEHUMIDIFYING OPERATION	16 - 32	22 - 42	BELOW 80
HEATING OPERATION SCOPE	BELOW 27	−15 - 23	—

DUAL SYSTEM MULTI R.A.C. *RAM-55QH5*
COOL / HEAT CAPACITY SPEC. FOR INDOOR UNITS
COMBINATIONS TO BE ABLE TO OPERATE SIMULTANEOUSLY

Whichever indoor units are installed, cooling and heating capacity depends on how many and which indoor units are operating at that time.

POSSIBLE COMBINATIONS TO OPERATE		COOLING			HEATING		
		CAPACITY RATING (kW) (RANGE)	OUTDOOR UNIT		CAPACITY RATING (kW) (RANGE)	OUTDOOR UNIT	
			POWER CONSUMPTION (W)	AMPERE (A) 220-240V		POWER CONSUMPTION (W)	AMPERE (A) 220-240V
ONE UNIT	1.8	1.80 (1.00-2.50)	560 (200-750)	2.6-2.4	2.50 (1.10-3.20)	750 (200-1050)	3.4-3.2
	2.5	2.50 (1.00-2.80)	780 (200-980)	3.6-3.3	3.90 (1.10-4.70)	1145 (200-1380)	5.3-4.8
	3.5	3.50 (1.00-3.90)	1160 (200-1280)	5.3-4.9	4.80 (1.10-5.80)	1550 (200-1870)	7.1-6.5
	5.0	5.00 (1.00-5.60)	1780 (200-1960)	8.2-7.5	6.50 (1.10-7.20)	2400 (200-2660)	11.0-10.1
TWO UNIT	1.8+1.8	1.80+1.80 (1.50-4.00)	1190 (200-1300)	5.5-5.0	2.50+2.50 (1.50-5.20)	1460 (200-1550)	6.7-6.1
	1.8+2.5	1.80+2.40 (1.50-4.60)	1310 (200-1450)	6.0-5.5	2.40+3.80 (1.50-6.30)	1820 (200-1920)	8.4-7.7
	1.8+3.5	1.70+3.30 (1.50-5.60)	1650 (200-1820)	7.6-6.9	2.30+4.50 (1.50-7.20)	1995 (200-2100)	9.2-8.4
	1.8+5.0	1.40+4.00 (1.50-5.90)	1795 (200-1980)	8.2-7.6	2.00+5.00 (1.50-7.20)	2050 (200-2100)	9.4-8.6
	2.5+2.5	2.50+2.50 (1.50-5.60)	1650 (200-1820)	7.6-6.9	3.40+3.40 (1.50-7.20)	2015 (200-2110)	9.3-8.5
	2.5+3.5	2.17+3.03 (1.50-5.70)	1730 (200-1900)	7.9-7.3	3.15+3.85 (1.50-7.20)	2070 (200-2110)	9.5-8.7
	3.5+3.5	2.70+2.70 (1.50-5.90)	1795 (200-1980)	8.2-7.6	3.60+3.60 (1.50-7.20)	2110 (200-2110)	9.7-8.9
	2.5+5.0	1.80+3.60 (1.50-5.90)	1795 (200-1980)	8.2-7.6	2.70+4.50 (1.50-7.20)	2110 (200-2110)	9.7-8.9

ONE UNIT : The values indicated are only for one unit opration when two indoor units are connected.

RATING CONDITON (DRY BLUB / WET BULB)

	INDOOR	OUTDOOR
COOLING	27 / 19 ˚C	35 / −˚C
HEATING	20 / −˚C	7 / 6˚C

TRIPLE SYSTEM MULTI R.A.C. *RAM-65QH5*
COOL / HEAT CAPACITY SPEC. FOR INDOOR UNITS
COMBINATIONS TO BE ABLE TO OPERATE SIMULTANEOUSLY

Whichever indoor units are installed, cooling and heating capacity depends on how many and which indoor units are operating at that time.

POSSIBLE COMBINATIONS TO OPERATE		COOLING			HEATING		
		CAPACITY RATING (kW) (RANGE)	OUTDOOR UNIT		CAPACITY RATING (kW) (RANGE)	OUTDOOR UNIT	
			POWER CONSUMPTION (W)	AMPERE (A) 220-240V		POWER CONSUMPTION (W)	AMPERE (A) 220-240V
ONE UNIT	1.8	1.80 (1.00-2.50)	560 (200-750)	2.6-2.4	2.50 (1.10-3.20)	750 (200-1050)	3.4-3.2
	2.5	2.50 (1.00-2.80)	780 (200-980)	3.6-3.3	3.90 (1.10-4.70)	1145 (200-1380)	5.3-4.8
	3.5	3.50 (1.00-3.90)	1160 (200-1280)	5.3-4.9	4.80 (1.10-5.80)	1550 (200-1870)	7.1-6.5
	5.0	5.00 (1.00-5.60)	1780 (200-1960)	8.2-7.5	6.50 (1.10-7.20)	2400 (200-2660)	11.0-10.1
TWO UNIT	1.8+1.8	1.80+1.80 (1.50-4.00)	1190 (200-1300)	5.5-5.0	2.50+2.50 (1.50-5.20)	1460 (200-1550)	6.7-6.1
	1.8+2.5	1.80+2.40 (1.50-4.60)	1310 (200-1450)	6.0-5.5	2.40+3.80 (1.50-6.30)	1820 (200-1920)	8.4-7.7
	1.8+3.5	1.70+3.30 (1.50-5.60)	1650 (200-1820)	7.6-6.9	2.30+4.50 (1.50-7.20)	1995 (200-2100)	9.2-8.4
	1.8+5.0	1.40+4.00 (1.50-5.90)	1795 (200-1980)	8.2-7.6	2.00+5.00 (1.50-7.20)	2050 (200-2100)	9.4-8.6
	2.5+2.5	2.50+2.50 (1.50-5.60)	1650 (200-1820)	7.6-6.9	3.40+3.40 (1.50-7.20)	2015 (200-2100)	9.3-8.5
	2.5+3.5	2.17+3.03 (1.50-5.70)	1730 (200-1900)	7.9-7.3	3.15+3.85 (1.50-7.20)	2070 (200-2100)	9.5-8.7
	3.5+3.5	2.70+2.70 (1.50-5.90)	1795 (200-1980)	8.2-7.6	3.60+3.60 (1.50-7.20)	2110 (200-2110)	9.7-8.9
	2.5+5.0	1.80+3.60 (1.50-5.90)	1795 (200-1980)	8.2-7.6	2.70+4.50 (1.50-7.20)	2110 (200-2110)	9.7-8.9
	3.5+5.0	2.50+3.50 (1.50-6.60)	1995 (200-2200)	9.2-8.4	3.05+4.15 (1.50-7.20)	2110 (200-2110)	9.7-8.9
THREE UNIT	1.8+1.8+1.8	1.80+1.80+1.80 (1.50-6.00)	1780 (200-2200)	8.2-7.5	2.40+2.40+2.40 (1.50-7.20)	1900 (200-2110)	8.7-8.0
	1.8+1.8+2.5	1.80+1.80+2.50 (1.50-6.40)	2020 (200-2200)	9.3-8.5	2.20+2.20+3.20 (1.50-7.20)	1900 (200-2110)	8.7-8.0
	1.8+1.8+3.5	1.60+1.60+3.10 (1.50-6.60)	2095 (200-2200)	9.6-8.8	1.85+1.85+3.50 (1.50-7.20)	1900 (200-2110)	8.7-8.0
	1.8+1.8+5.0	1.30+1.30+3.70 (1.50-6.60)	2095 (200-2200)	9.6-8.8	1.60+1.60+4.00 (1.50-7.20)	1900 (200-2110)	8.7-8.0
	1.8+2.5+2.5	1.70+2.30+2.30 (1.50-6.60)	2095 (200-2200)	9.6-8.8	1.80+2.70+2.70 (1.50-7.20)	1900 (200-2110)	8.7-8.0
	1.8+2.5+3.5	1.50+2.00+2.80 (1.50-6.60)	2095 (200-2200)	9.6-8.8	1.60+2.50+3.10 (1.50-7.20)	1900 (200-2110)	8.7-8.0
	1.8+3.5+3.5	1.30+2.50+2.50 (1.50-6.60)	2095 (200-2200)	9.6-8.8	1.40+2.90+2.90 (1.50-7.20)	1900 (200-2110)	8.7-8.0
	2.5+2.5+2.5	2.10+2.10+2.10 (1.50-6.60)	2095 (200-2200)	9.6-8.8	2.40+2.40+2.40 (1.50-7.20)	1900 (200-2110)	8.7-8.0
	2.5+2.5+3.5	1.85+1.85+2.60 (1.50-6.60)	2095 (200-2200)	9.6-8.8	2.23+2.23+2.74 (1.50-7.20)	1900 (200-2110)	8.7-8.0

ONE UNIT : The values indicated are only for one unit opration when two indoor units are connected.

RATING CONDITON (DRY BLUB / WET BULB)

	INDOOR	OUTDOOR
COOLING	27 / 19 ˚C	35 / −˚C
HEATING	20 / −˚C	7 / 6˚C

DUAL SYSTEM MULTI R.A.C. *RAM-55QH5*
INDOOR UNITS COMBINATIONS TO BE ABLE TO INSTALL

Two indoor units can be installed with one outdoor unit.
And total nominal cooling capacity should not be more than 7.5kW

INDOOR UNIT MODEL	NOMINAL COOLING CAPACITY (kW)	CAPACITY (kW) at one unit operation		SUITABLE ROOM SIZE (m²) at one unit operation	
		COOLING	HEATING	COOLING	HEATING
RAK-18NH5	1.8	1.00 - 2.50	1.10 - 3.20	8 - 12	9 - 11
RAK-25NH5	2.5	1.00 - 2.80	1.10 - 4.70	11 - 17	14 - 18
RAF-25NH5	2.5	1.00 - 2.80	1.10 - 4.70	11 - 17	14 - 18
RAD-25NH5	2.5	1.00 - 2.80	1.10 - 4.70	11 - 17	14 - 18
RAI-25NH5	2.5	1.00 - 2.80	1.10 - 4.70	11 - 17	14 - 18
RAK-35NH5	3.5	1.00 - 3.90	1.10 - 5.80	16 - 24	17 - 22
RAF-35NH5	3.5	1.00 - 3.90	1.10 - 5.80	16 - 24	17 - 22
RAD-35NH5	3.5	1.00 - 3.90	1.10 - 5.80	16 - 24	17 - 22
RAI-35NH5	3.5	1.00 - 3.90	1.10 - 5.80	16 - 24	17 - 22
RAK-50NH5	5.0	1.00 - 5.60	1.10 - 7.20	23 - 34	23 - 29
RAF-50NH5	5.0	1.00 - 5.60	1.10 - 7.20	23 - 34	23 - 29
RAI-50NH5	5.0	1.00 - 5.60	1.10 - 7.20	23 - 34	23 - 29

Be sure to connect two indoor units to this outdoor unit. If not, condensed water may drop, resulting in trouble.

TRIPLE SYSTEM MULTI R.A.C. *RAM-65QH5*
INDOOR UNITS COMBINATIONS TO BE ABLE TO INSTALL

Two or three indoor units can be installed with one outdoor unit.
And total nominal cooling capacity should not be more than 9.0kW

INDOOR UNIT MODEL	NOMINAL COOLING CAPACITY (kW)	CAPACITY (kW) at one unit operation		SUITABLE ROOM SIZE (m^2) at one unit operation	
		COOLING	HEATING	COOLING	HEATING
RAK-18NH5	1.8	1.00 - 2.50	1.10 - 3.20	8 - 12	9 - 11
RAK-25NH5	2.5	1.00 - 2.80	1.10 - 4.70	11 - 17	14 - 18
RAF-25NH5	2.5	1.00 - 2.80	1.10 - 4.70	11 - 17	14 - 18
RAD-25NH5	2.5	1.00 - 2.80	1.10 - 4.70	11 - 17	14 - 18
RAI-25NH5	2.5	1.00 - 2.80	1.10 - 4.70	11 - 17	14 - 18
RAK-35NH5	3.5	1.00 - 3.90	1.10 - 5.80	16 - 24	17 - 22
RAF-35NH5	3.5	1.00 - 3.90	1.10 - 5.80	16 - 24	17 - 22
RAD-35NH5	3.5	1.00 - 3.90	1.10 - 5.80	16 - 24	17 - 22
RAI-35NH5	3.5	1.00 - 3.90	1.10 - 5.80	16 - 24	17 - 22
RAK-50NH5	5.0	1.00 - 5.60	1.10 - 7.20	23 - 34	23 - 29
RAF-50NH5	5.0	1.00 - 5.60	1.10 - 7.20	23 - 34	23 - 29
RAI-50NH5	5.0	1.00 - 5.60	1.10 - 7.20	23 - 34	23 - 29

Be sure to connect two or three indoor units to this outdoor unit. If not, condensed water may drop, resulting in trouble.

DUAL SYSTEM MULTI R.A.C. *RAM-55QH5*
CONNECTING POSISION TO BE ABLE TO INSTALL

POSSIBLE COMBINATIONS TO INSTALL (kW)		SUITABLE ROOM SIZE TO INSTALL (m²)	CONNECTING POSITION ON OUTDOOR UNIT (VALVE DIAMETER) (mm)	
			No.1	No.2
			6.35/9.52D	6.35/9.52D
TWO UNITS	1.8+1.8	(8-12) + (8-12)	1.8	1.8
	1.8+2.5	(8-12) + (10-16)	1.8	2.5
	1.8+3.5	(7-9) + (15-22)	1.8	3.5
	1.8+5.0	(6-9) + (18-27)	1.8	◎ 5.0
	2.5+2.5	(12-15) + (12-15)	2.5	2.5
	2.5+3.5	(11-14) + (14-18)	2.5	3.5
	3.5+3.5	(13-16) + (13-16)	3.5	3.5
	2.5+5.0	(10-12) + (18-20)	2.5	◎ 5.0

2.5, 3.5, 4.0, 5.0 means indoor units cooling capacity class.
(1) Marking
    ◎: needs flare adapter (9.52 → 12.7D): Part No. TA261D-4 001
(2) Suitable room size is determined based on the conditions below:
    • Climate is in the temperate zone like Tokyo, Japan.
    • For usual residential use.
    • Smaller figure is for light construction which means light thermally sealed.
   • Larger figure is for heavy constructions, which means well thermally sealed.

TRIPLE SYSTEM MULTI R.A.C. *RAM-65QH5* CONNECTING POSISION TO BE ABLE TO INSTALL

POSSIBLE COMBINATIONS TO INSTALL (kW)		SUITABLE ROOM SIZE TO INSTALL (m²)	CONNECTING POSITION ON OUTDOOR UNIT (VALVE DIAMETER) (mm)		
			No.1	No.2	No.3
			6.35/9.52D	6.35/9.52D	6.35/9.52D
TWO UNITS	1.8+1.8	(8-12) + (8-12)	1.8	1.8	
	1.8+2.5	(8-12) + (10-16)	1.8	2.5	
	1.8+3.5	(7-9) + (15-22)	1.8	3.5	
	1.8+5.0	(6-9) + (18-27)	1.8	◎ 5.0	
	2.5+2.5	(12-15) + (12-15)	2.5	2.5	
	2.5+3.5	(11-14) + (14-18)	2.5	3.5	
	3.5+3.5	(13-16) + (13-16)	3.5	3.5	
	2.5+5.0	(10-12) + (18-20)	2.5	◎ 5.0	
	3.5+5.0	(11-14) + (16-18)	3.5	◎ 5.0	
THREE UNITS	1.8+1.8+1.8	(8-12) + (8-12) + (8-12)	1.8	1.8	1.8
	1.8+1.8+2.5	(8-12) + (8-12) + (11-17)	1.8	1.8	2.5
	1.8+1.8+3.5	(7-11) + (7-11) + (14-21)	1.8	1.8	3.5
	1.8+1.8+5.0	(5-8) + (5-8) + (16-25)	1.8	1.8	◎ 5.0
	1.8+2.5+2.5	(7-11) + (10-15) + (10-15)	1.8	2.5	2.5
	1.8+2.5+3.5	(6-10) + (9-13) + (12-19)	1.8	2.5	3.5
	1.8+3.5+3.5	(5-8) + (11-17) + (11-17)	1.8	3.5	3.5
	2.5+2.5+2.5	(10-11) + (10-11) + (10-11)	2.5	2.5	2.5
	2.5+2.5+3.5	(8-10) + (8-10) + (12-12)	2.5	2.5	3.5

2.5, 3.5, 4.0, 5.0 means indoor units cooling capacity class.

(1) Marking

◎: needs flare adapter (9.52 ➞ 12.7D): Part No. TA261D-4 001

(2) Suitable room size is determined based on the conditions below:
- Climate is in the temperate zone like Tokyo, Japan.
- For usual residential use.
- Smaller figure is for light construction which means light thermally sealed.
- Larger figure is for heavy constructions, which means well thermally sealed.

INSTALLATION
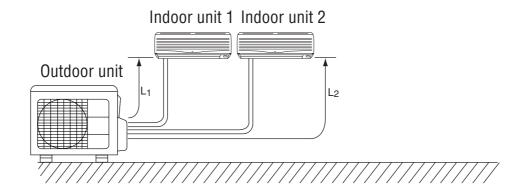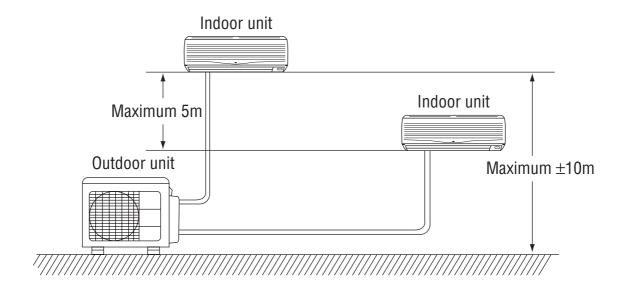
PIPE LENGTH
(1) Total 35m maximum pipe length.
(2) Pipe length for one indoor unit : maximum 25m.

HIGHT DIFFERENCE
(1) Hight : maximum ± 10m
(2) Hight difference between each indoor unit ≤ 5m.
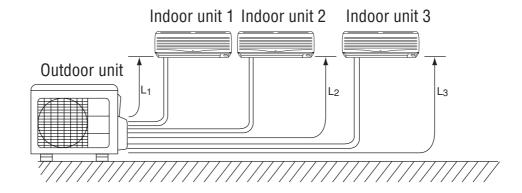
- To the outdoor unit, up to two indoor units can be connected until the total value of capacity from 5.0kW to 7.50kW.
- Make sure to connect to two indoor units.

INSTALLATION

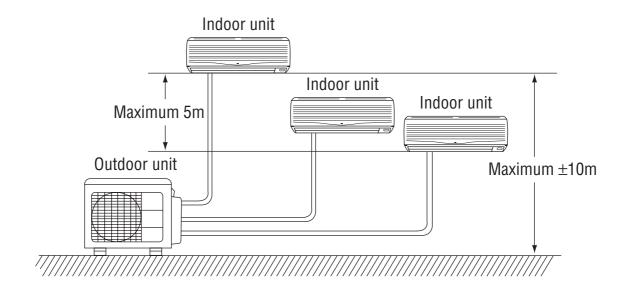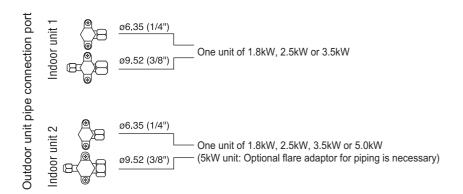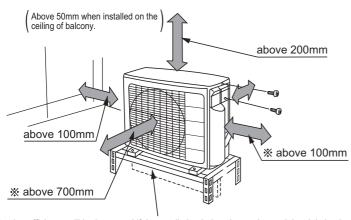PIPE LENGTH

(1) Total 45m maximum pipe length.
(2) Pipe length for one indoor unit : maximum 25m.

Indoor unit 1   Indoor unit 2   Indoor unit 3

Outdoor unit

L_1 L_2 L_3

HIGHT DIFFERENCE

(1) Hight : maximum ± 10m
(2) Hight difference between each indoor unit ≤ 5m.

Indoor unit

Indoor unit

Indoor unit

Maximum 5m

Outdoor unit

Maximum ±10m

● To the outdoor unit, up to three indoor units can be connected until the total value of capacity from 5.0kW to 9.0kW.

● Make sure to connect to two or three indoor units.

MODEL: RAM-55QH5

Outdoor unit pipe connection port

Indoor unit 1
- ø6.35 (1/4") — One unit of 1.8kW, 2.5kW or 3.5kW
- ø9.52 (3/8")

Indoor unit 2
- ø6.35 (1/4") — One unit of 1.8kW, 2.5kW, 3.5kW or 5.0kW
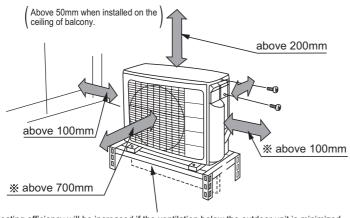- ø9.52 (3/8") — (5kW unit: Optional flare adaptor for piping is necessary)
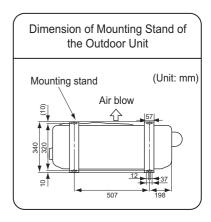

Flare adaptor for piping

The flare adaptor for piping is required depending on combination of indoor units.

- ø9.52 (3/8") → ø12.7 (1/2")
  parts number TA261D-4 001

- Remove the side cover.

- For installation, refer as shown below.

- The space indicated with a ⇔ mark is required to guarantee the air conditioner's performance. Install the airconditioner in a place big enough to provide ample space for servicing and repairs later on.
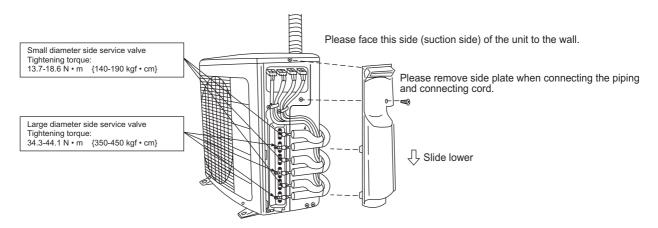
(Above 50mm when installed on the ceiling of balcony.)

above 200mm

above 100mm

※ above 100mm

※ above 700mm

Heating efficiency will be increased if the ventilation below the outdoor unit is minimized.

Dimension of Mounting Stand of the Outdoor Unit

Mounting stand   (Unit: mm)

Air blow

(10)
340
320
57
10
12
37
507
198

Connecting the pipe

- Install the unit in a stable place to minimize vibrationor noise.

- After arranging the cord and pipes, secure them inplace.

Small diameter side service valve
Tightening torque:
13.7-18.6 N • m   {140-190 kgf • cm}

Large diameter side service valve
Tightening torque:
34.3-44.1 N • m   {350-450 kgf • cm}

Please face this side (suction side) of the unit to the wall.

Please remove side plate when connecting the piping and connecting cord.

⇩ Slide lower

- Hold the handle of the side cover. Slide down and takeoff the corner hook, then pull. Reverse these stepswhen installing.

MODEL: RAM-65QH5

Outdoor unit pipe connection port

Indoor unit 1
- ø6.35 (1/4")
- ø9.52 (3/8")

One unit of 1.8kW, 2.5kW or 3.5kW

Indoor unit 2
- ø6.35 (1/4")
- ø9.52 (3/8")

One unit of 1.8kW, 2.5kW or 3.5kW

Indoor unit 3
- ø6.35 (1/4")
- ø9.52 (3/8")

One unit of 1.8kW, 2.5kW, 3.5kW or 5.0kW
(5kW unit: Optional flare adaptor for piping is necessary)

Flare adaptor for piping

The flare adaptor for piping is required depending on combination of indoor units.

- ø9.52 (3/8") → ø12.7 (1/2")
  parts number TA261D-4 001

• Remove the side cover.

• For installation, refer as shown below.

• The space indicated with a ⇔ mark is required to guarantee the air conditioner's performance. Install the airconditioner in a place big enough to provide ample space for servicing and repairs later on.

(Above 50mm when installed on the ceiling of balcony.)

above 200mm

above 100mm

※ above 100mm

※ above 700mm

Heating efficiency will be increased if the ventilation below the outdoor unit is minimized.

Dimension of Mounting Stand of the Outdoor Unit

Mounting stand

(Unit: mm)

Air blow

(10)
340
320
10
57
12
37
507
198

Connecting the pipe

• Install the unit in a stable place to minimize vibrationor noise.

• After arranging the cord and pipes, secure them inplace.

Small diameter side service valve
Tightening torque:
13.7-18.6 N • m {140-190 kgf • cm}

Large diameter side service valve
Tightening torque:
34.3-44.1 N • m {350-450 kgf • cm}

Please face this side (suction side) of the unit to the wall.

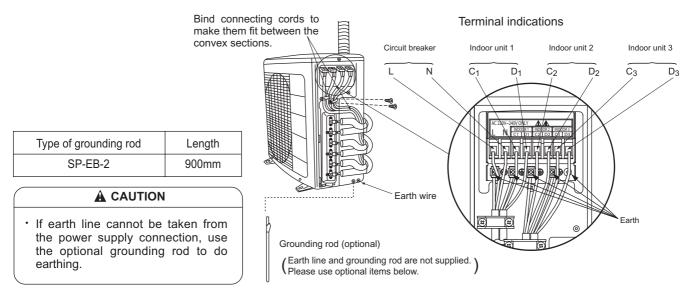Please remove side plate when connecting the piping and connecting cord.

Slide lower

• Hold the handle of the side cover. Slide down and takeoff the corner hook, then pull. Reverse these stepswhen installing.

– 17 –

1. Remove flare nut from service valve.

2. Apply refrigerant oil to flare nut sections of servicevalve and pipings.

3. Match center of piping to large diameter side service valve and tank assembly, and tighten flarenut first by hand, then securely tighten using torque wrench.

4. Perform air purge and gas leak inspection.

5. Wrap the provided insulating material around sidepiping using vinyl tape.
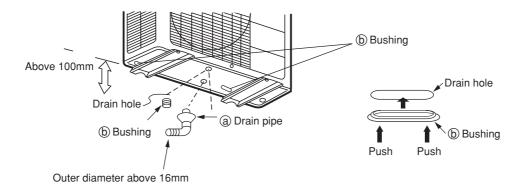
Condensed water disposal of outdoor unit

· There is holes on the base of outdoor unit for condensed water to exhaust.

· To lead condensed water to the drain hole, place the outdoor unit on the mounting stand (optional) or on blocks to raise its level more than 100mm from the ground surface. Connect the drain pipe as shown in the figure. Cover two other water drain holes with the bushings included. (To insall a bushing, push in both ends of the bushing so that it aligns with the drain hole.)

· When connecting the drain pipe, make sure that the bushing does not lift off or deviate from the base.

· Install the outdoor unit on a stable, flat surface and check to see that the condensed water drains.

When Using and Installing in Cold Areas

When the air conditioner is used in low temperature and in snowy conditions, water from the heat exchanger may freeze on the base surface to cause poor drainage. When using the air conditioner in such areas, do not install the bushings. Keep a minimum of 250mm between the drain hole and the ground. When using the drain pipe, consult your sales agent.
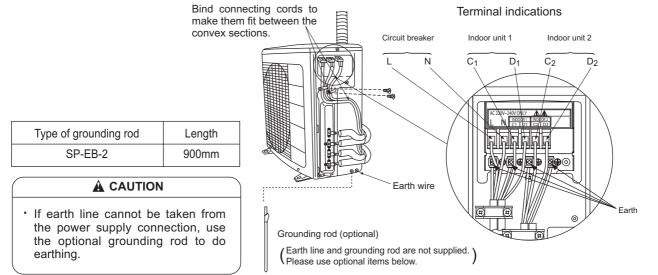
※For more details, refer to the Installation Manual for Cold Areas.

Connection of the connecting cords and power cord. (Outdoor unit) RAM-55QH5

⚠ WARNING

· Connecting cord should be connected according to Fig.1, that the Indoor unit No. shall match with terminal board No. of Outdoor unit.
· Be sure to fix the connecting cord with the band as shown below. Otherwise water leakage causes short circuit or faults.

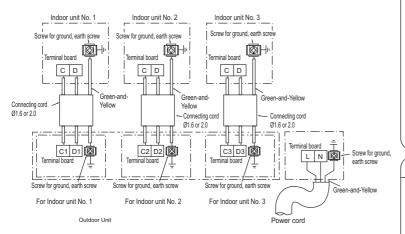Bind connecting cords to make them fit between the convex sections.

Terminal indications

Circuit breaker   Indoor unit 1   Indoor unit 2

L   N   C₁   D₁   C₂   D₂

Type of grounding rod	Length
SP-EB-2	900mm

⚠ CAUTION

· If earth line cannot be taken from the power supply connection, use the optional grounding rod to do earthing.

Earth wire

Earth

Grounding rod (optional)

(Earth line and grounding rod are not supplied. Please use optional items below.)

Wiring pattern
Indoor Unit

Indoor unit No. 1

Screw for ground, earth screw

Terminal board

C   D

Connecting cord Ø1.6 or 2.0

Green-and-Yellow

Indoor unit No. 2

Screw for ground, earth screw

Terminal board

C   D

Green-and-Yellow

Connecting cord Ø1.6 or 2.0

C1   D1   Terminal board

C2   D2   Terminal board

Terminal board   L   N

Screw for ground, earth screw

Screw for ground, earth screw

Screw for ground, earth screw

Green-and-Yellow

For Indoor unit No. 1   For Indoor unit No. 2

Outdoor Unit

Power cord

Fig. 1

⚠ WARNING

Connection of the power cord and connecting cord

Securely screw in the power cord and connecting cord so that it will not get loose or disconnect.
Tightening torque reference value: 1.2 to 1.6 N•m (12 to 16 kgf•cm)
Excessive tightening may damage the interior of the cord requiring replacement.

Power cord and Connecting cord

⚠ CAUTION

· To prevent a connection error, connecting cords should be bundled and taped to each respective pipe. If connecting cords are mixed with other indoor units, a refrigeration cycle abnormality may occur, causing dripping.

· When putting two connecting cords through the band.
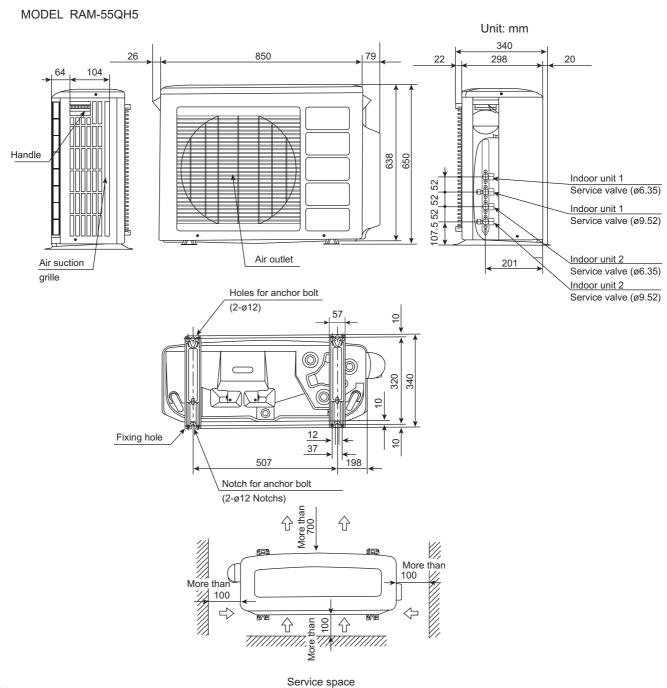
Screw

Insulating plate

Cord band

Connecting cord

⚠ WARNING

· Leave some space in the connecting cord for maintenance purpose and be sure to secure it with the cord band.
· Secure the connecting cord along the coated part of the wire using the cord band. Do not exert pressure on the wire as this may cause overheating or fire.

· Hold the handle of the side cover, slide down and take off the corner hook, then pull. Reverse these steps when installing.
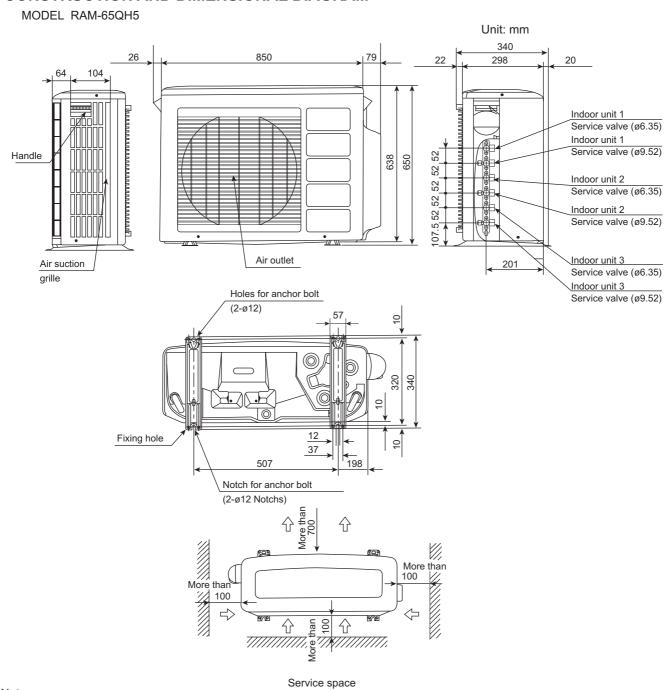
Connection of the connecting cords and power cord. (Outdoor unit)
RAM-65QH5

<table>
<tr><td align="center">⚠ WARNING</td></tr>
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</td></tr>
</table>

Bind connecting cords to make them fit between the convex sections.

Terminal indications

Circuit breaker | Indoor unit 1 | Indoor unit 2 | Indoor unit 3

L N | C_1 D_1 | C_2 D_2 | C_3 D_3

AC 220V~240V ONLY

Earth wire

Earth

Type of grounding rod	Length
SP-EB-2	900mm

<table>
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Grounding rod (optional)

(Earth line and grounding rod are not supplied. Please use optional items below.)

Wiring pattern
Indoor Unit

Indoor unit No. 1
Screw for ground, earth screw
Terminal board
C D
Connecting cord Ø1.6 or 2.0
Green-and-Yellow

Indoor unit No. 2
Screw for ground, earth screw
Terminal board
C D
Green-and-Yellow
Connecting cord Ø1.6 or 2.0

Indoor unit No. 3
Screw for ground, earth screw
Terminal board
C D
Green-and-Yellow
Connecting cord Ø1.6 or 2.0

C1 D1
Terminal board
Screw for ground, earth screw
For Indoor unit No. 1

C2 D2
Terminal board
Screw for ground, earth screw
For Indoor unit No. 2

C3 D3
Terminal board
Screw for ground, earth screw
For Indoor unit No. 3

Terminal board
L N
Screw for ground, earth screw
Green-and-Yellow
Power cord

Outdoor Unit

Fig. 1

<table>
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Tightening torque reference value: 1.2 to 1.6 N•m (12 to 16 kgf•cm)
Excessive tightening may damage the interior of the cord requiring replacement.

Power cord and Connecting cord
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・ When putting two connecting cords through the band.

Screw
Insulating plate
Cord band
Connecting cord

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・ Leave some space in the connecting cord for maintenance purpose and be sure to secure it with the cord band.
・ Secure the connecting cord along the coated part of the wire using the cord band. Do not exert pressure on the wire as this may cause overheating or fire.
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・ Hold the handle of the side cover, slide down and take off the corner hook, then pull. Reverse these steps when installing.

CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM

MODEL RAM-55QH5

Unit: mm

Handle

Air suction grille

Air outlet

638

650

340

298

22

20

107.5 52 52 52

201

Indoor unit 1
Service valve (ø6.35)

Indoor unit 1
Service valve (ø9.52)

Indoor unit 2
Service valve (ø6.35)

Indoor unit 2
Service valve (ø9.52)

26

850

79

64

104

Holes for anchor bolt
(2-ø12)

57

10

320

340

10

10

Fixing hole

12

37

507

198

Notch for anchor bolt
(2-ø12 Notchs)

More than
700

More than
100

More than
100

More than
100

Service space

Note:

1. Insulated pipes should be used for both small and large diameter pipes.

2. Piping length should be within 25m for one room and within 35m in total.

3. Height difference of piping between indoor unit and outdoor unit should be within 10m.

4. Overhead clearance of outdoor unit should be 200mm to allow servicing.

5. For electrical connection, please refer to the installation manual.

ATTENTION

During service, before opening the side cover, please switch off power supply.

CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM

MODEL RAM-65QH5

Unit: mm

Handle

Air suction grille

Air outlet

638
650
850
26
79
64
104

340
298
22
20
107.5 52 52 52 52 52 52
201

Indoor unit 1
Service valve (ø6.35)
Indoor unit 1
Service valve (ø9.52)
Indoor unit 2
Service valve (ø6.35)
Indoor unit 2
Service valve (ø9.52)
Indoor unit 3
Service valve (ø6.35)
Indoor unit 3
Service valve (ø9.52)

Holes for anchor bolt
(2-ø12)

Fixing hole

Notch for anchor bolt
(2-ø12 Notchs)

57
10
320
340
10
10
12
37
507
198

More than 700
More than 100
More than 100
More than 100

Service space

Note:

1. Insulated pipes should be used for both small and large diameter pipes.

2. Piping length should be within 25m for one room and within 45m in total.

3. Height difference of piping between indoor unit and outdoor unit should be within 10m.

4. Overhead clearance of outdoor unit should be 200mm to allow servicing.

5. For electrical connection, please refer to the installation manual.

ATTENTION

During service, before opening the side cover, please switch off power supply.

MAIN PARTS COMPONENT

FAN MOTOR

Fan Motor Specifications

MODEL		RAM-55QH5 / RAM-65QH5
POWER SOURCE		DC : 140-330V
OUTPUT		40W
CONNECTION		140-330V ○─RED 0V ○─BLK 15V ○─WHT ─ Ⓜ 0-6V ○─YEL 0-15V ○─BLU (Control circuit built in)
RESISTANCE VALUE (Ω)	20°C (68°F)	—
	75°C (167°F)	—

BLU : BLUE	YEL : YELLOW	BRN : BROWN	WHT : WHITE
GRY : GRAY	ORN : ORANGE	GRN : GREEN	RED : RED
BLK : BLACK	PNK : PINK	VIO : VIOLET	
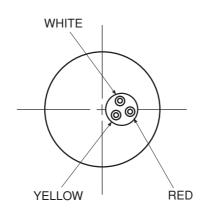
COMPRESSOR
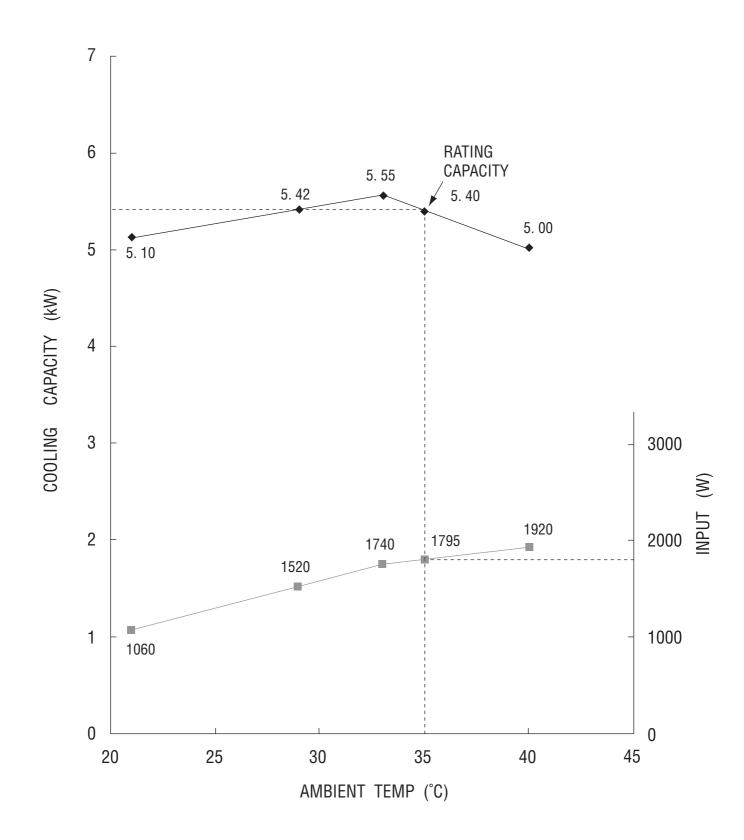
Compressor Motor Specifications

MODEL		RAM-55QH5 / RAM-65QH5
COMPRESSOR MODEL		JU1013D2
PHASE		SINGLE
RATED VOLTAGE		DC: 280-330V
RATED FREQUENCY		50Hz
POLE NUMBER		4
CONNECTION		WHITE (U) / M / (V) YELLOW / M / M / (W) RED
RESISTANCE VALUE (Ω)	25°C (68°F)	2M = 1.063
	75°C (167°F)	2M = 1.268

CAPACITY DIAGRAM (RELATED TO THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE)
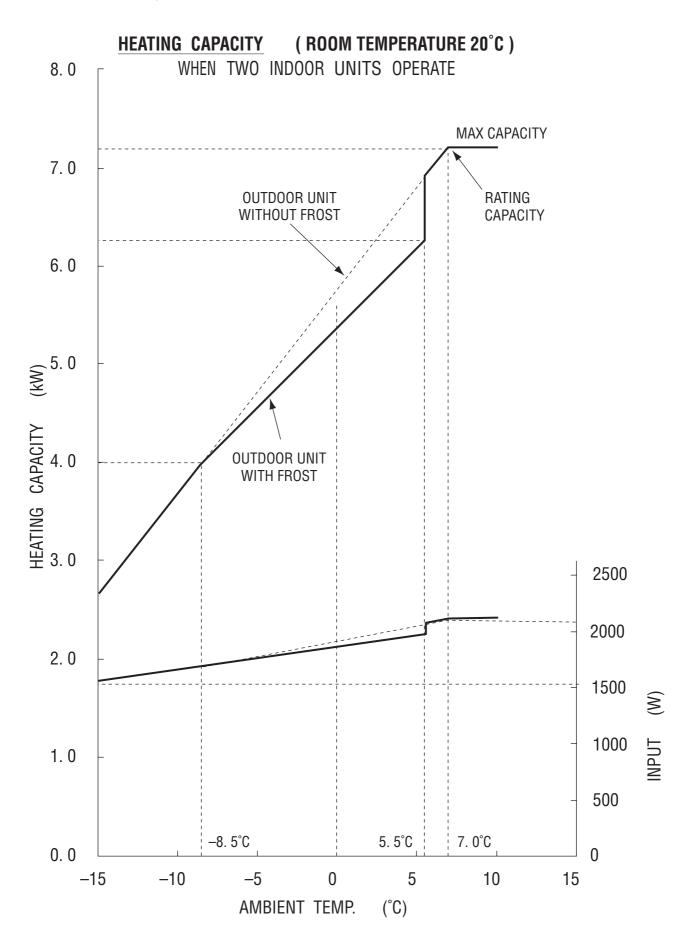
MODEL : RAM-55QH5

COOLING CAPACITY **(ROOM TEMPERATURE 27°C)**
WHEN TWO INDOOR UNITS OPERATE

CAPACITY DIAGRAM (RELATED TO THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE)

MODEL : RAM-55QH5

HEATING CAPACITY (ROOM TEMPERATURE 20˚C)
WHEN TWO INDOOR UNITS OPERATE

MAX CAPACITY

OUTDOOR UNIT
WITHOUT FROST

RATING
CAPACITY

OUTDOOR UNIT
WITH FROST

HEATING CAPACITY (kW)

INPUT (W)

AMBIENT TEMP. (˚C)

−8.5˚C   5.5˚C   7.0˚C

CAPACITY DIAGRAM (RELATED TO THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE)

MODEL : RAM-65QH5

COOLING CAPACITY   (ROOM TEMPERATURE 27°C)
WHEN THREE INDOOR UNITS OPERATE

CAPACITY DIAGRAM (RELATED TO THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE)

MODEL : RAM-65QH5

HEATING CAPACITY (ROOM TEMPERATURE 20°C)
WHEN THREE INDOOR UNITS OPERATE

MAX CAPACITY

OUTDOOR UNIT
WITHOUT FROST

RATING
CAPACITY

OUTDOOR UNIT
WITH FROST

−8.5°C   5.5°C   7.0°C

HEATING CAPACITY (kW)

INPUT (W)

AMBIENT TEMP. (°C)

CAPACITY DIAGRAM (RELATED TO THE PIPING LENGTH)

MODEL : RAM-55QH5

COOLING

CHANGE RATIO OF CAPACITY

1.0
0.9
0.8
0.7
0.6

PIPING LENGTH (m)

0   5   10   15   20   25   30   35

HEATING

CHANGE RATIO OF CAPACITY

1.0
0.9
0.8
0.7
0.6

PIPING LENGTH (m)

0   5   10   15   20   25   30   35

CAPACITY DIAGRAM (RELATED TO THE PIPING LENGTH)

MODEL : RAM-65QH5

COOLING

HEATING

SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL

MODEL : RAM-55QH5 / RAM-65QH5 (Heating)

SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL

MODEL : RAM-55QH5 / RAM-65QH5 (Cooling)

WIRING DIAGRAM

MODEL   RAM-55QH5

OUTDOOR UNIT

POWER SOURCE AC220-240V 50Hz

TERMINAL BOARD

POWER P.W.B.

VARISTOR 1   NF COIL 1   COIL   POWER RELAY

25A FUSE   ICP RELAY

VARISTOR 3   VARISTOR 2   5A FUSE

DIODE STACK

SW POWER CIRCUIT

DIODE STACK (D15VBA60)

REACTOR

SYSTEM POWER MODULE

COMPRESSOR

INDOOR UNIT 1

INDOOR UNIT 2

FAN MOTOR

REVERSING VALVE

MAIN P.W.B.

OUTDOOR THERMISTOR

DEF THERMISTOR

OH THERMISTOR

NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR 1
NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR 2
WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR 1
WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR 2
ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE (FOR INDOOR1)
ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE (FOR INDOOR2)

LEGEND
BLU : BLUE
GRY : GRAY
BLK : BLACK
YEL : YELLOW
ORN : ORANGE
PNK : PINK
BRN : BROWN
GRN : GREEN
VIO : VIOLET
WHT : WHITE
RED : RED

⚠ CAUTION

The marked parts ⚠ are very important ones for safety.

WIRING DIAGRAM

MODEL   RAM-65QH5

OUTDOOR UNIT

TERMINAL BOARD

POWER SOURCE
AC220-240V
50Hz

(BRN)   L
(BLU)   N
(GRN + YEL)

BLK
GRN1
25A FUSE
WHT

VARISTOR 1
C022 C001 C024
C023 C002 C025
L007

NF COIL 1
C003

COIL
R004

C006

POWER RELAY
R002   ICP RELAY

YEL
GRY
BLU
RED

DIODE STACK
(D15VBA60)

REACTOR
YEL   YEL
L1   L2

SYSTEM
POWER MODULE

+
−

U
V
W

WHT   WHT
YEL   YEL
RED   RED

COMPRESSOR

VARISTOR 3

C020
C021
DIODE STACK

R005
VARISTOR 2
5A FUSE

SW POWER CIRCUIT

POWER P.W.B.

CN31
(WHT)   2

CN12
(WHT)

(WHT)   (WHT)   (WHT)
CN13   CN14   CN11

INDOOR UNIT 1
(BRN)   C1
(RED)   D1
(GRN + YEL)
GRY
ORN
CN2
(BLK)

GRN3

INDOOR UNIT 2
(BRN)   C2
(RED)   D2
(GRN + YEL)
BRN
RED
BLU
YEL
CN1
(WHT)

INDOOR UNIT 3
(BRN)   C3
(RED)   D3
(GRN + YEL)

(WHT)   (GRY) (BLU)   (RED)   (WHT)
CN40   CN3   CN4   CN10   CN30

5   11   11

REVERSING VALVE

FAN MOTOR
FM

OUTDOOR THERMISTOR   CN7 (RED)

DEF THERMISTOR   CN6 (BLU)

OH THERMISTOR   CN5 (WHT)

CN41
(WHT)

CN3A
(WHT)

MAIN P.W.B.

CN13 (WHT)   5
CN14 (WHT)   10
CN11 (WHT)   5

CN9   CN8   CN15   CN16   CN17
(WHT)   (RED)   (WHT)   (RED)   (BLU)

M   M   M

NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR 1
NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR 2
NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR 3
WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR 1
WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR 2
WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR 3
ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE (FOR INDOOR 1)
ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE (FOR INDOOR 2)
ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE (FOR INDOOR 3)

LEGEND
BLU : BLUE
GRY : GRAY
BLK : BLACK
YEL : YELLOW
ORN : ORANGE
PNK : PINK
BRN : BROWN
GRN : GREEN
VIO : VIOLET
WHT : WHITE
RED : RED

⚠ CAUTION

The marked parts ⚠ are very important ones for safety.

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Remote Control

Key matrix table

Input \ Output		D0	D1	D2	D3
P10	Door open	Start/Stop	Operation selection	Fan speed selection	Automatic swing
	Door shut	Start/Stop	Super silent cooling	–	–
P11	Door open	On timer	Hour up	Hour down	Day • present time
	Door shut	–	Room temperature up	Room temperature down	Super cooling
P12	Door open	Off timer	–	Reservation	Cancel
	Door shut	Sleep	–	–	–

LCD 1

1	SEG5		SEG20	40
2	SEG0		SEG19	39
3	SEG1		SEG18	38
4	SEG2		SEG17	37
5	SEG3		SEG16	36
6	SEG4		SEG21	35
7	SEG5		SEG24	34
8	SEG6		SEG25	33
9	SEG7		SEG26	32
10	COM3		SEG27	31
11	COM2		SEG28	30
12	COM1		NC	29
13	COM0		NC	28
14	SEG14		NC	27
15	SEG13		NC	26
16	SEG12		NC	25
17	SEG11		NC	24
18	SEG13		NC	23
19	SEG9		NC	22
20	SEG8		NC	21

IC 1
M3455OM6A-504FP

D3 RB425D(1/2)

+ C8 50v/1u

K1 K6 K13 K14 D0
K2 K3 K7 K8 K15 K16 D1
K4 K8 K10 K17 D2
K5 K11 K12 K18 D3

P10 P11 P12

R1 100k

R2 100k
R3 100k
R4 100k
P

SW1 SW-187-2P

D1 D2 EL-1L7
D1 D2
R6 R7 R8 R9
R6 R9 24(1/8W)
R5 330
Q1 2SC3443 or 2SC2982
C1 334

R10 12M
D3 RB425D (1/2)
K19
C2 220p
C3 220p
X1 910kHz

C9 105
C4 18p
C5 22p

R11 150k
X2 32.768 kHz
C6 104
R12 220k

R14 220k
R13 220K
C7 104

R15 100k
R16 100k

P30 40
P31 39
NCVL C1 38
VL C2 37
VL C3 36
XC IN 35
XC OUT 34
VDD 33
VSS 32
X OUT 31
X IN 30
RESET 29
CARR 28
P23 27
P22 26
P21 25
P20

– 37 –

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

MODEL   RAM-55QH5

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

MODEL RAM-65QH5

BLOCK DIAGRAM

MODEL RAM-55QH5

Power source

single phase 50Hz, 220-240V

Outdoor Unit

L

N

compressor

Magnetic relay

Inrush current protection relay

System Power Module

M

Rotor position detector

SPM driver

Overload current detector

EEPROM

M

fan motor

Fan motor drive circuit

Expansion valve drive circuit

Expansion valve 1

Expansion valve 2

Overheat thermistor

Outdoor micro computer (6V01)

Expansion valve thermistor 1

Defrost thermistor

Multiplexer

Expansion valve thermistor 2

Outdoor temp thermistor

Indoor unit 1

Indoor/Outdoor Interface 1

C1/D1

Reversing valve drive circuit

Reversing valve

Indoor unit 2

Indoor/Outdoor Interface 2

Clock circuit

C2/D2

Reset circuit

Switching power supply 1

Switching power supply 2

BLOCK DIAGRAM

MODEL RAM-65QH5

Power source

single phase 50Hz, 220-240V

Outdoor Unit

L ○

N ○

Magnetic relay

Inrush current protection relay

System Power Module

compressor

M

Rotor position detector

Overload current detector

M

fan motor

Fan motor drive circuit

Overheat thermistor

Defrost thermistor

Outdoor temp thermistor

Indoor unit 1

C1/D1

Indoor/Outdoor Interface 1

Indoor unit 2

C2/D2

Indoor/Outdoor Interface 2

Indoor unit 3

C3/D3

Indoor/Outdoor Interface 3

Outdoor micro computer (6V01)

SPM driver

EEPROM

Expansion valve drive circuit

Expansion valve 1

Expansion valve 2

Expansion valve 3

Multiplexer

Expansion valve thermistor 1

Expansion valve thermistor 2

Expansion valve thermistor 3

Reversing valve drive circuit

Reversing valve

Clock circuit

Reset circuit

Switching power supply 1

Switching power supply 2

BASIC MODE

Operation mode		Fan	Cooling	Dehumidifying	Heating	Auto
Basic operation of start / stop switch					Start / stop switch: Start Stop Start Stop; Operation lamp	

Timer functions

Off-timer

Start / stop switch / Reserve switch / Cancel switch / Operation lamp / Timer lamp / Remote controller timer mark "O" / Timer memory

(Off-timer during stop) (Change in reserved time)

On-timer

Start / stop switch / Reserve switch / Cancel switch / Operation lamp / Timer lamp / Remote controller timer mark "I" / Timer memory

(Change in reserved time) (Off-timer during operation)

Fan speed mode (indoor fan)

Auto

Fan: (blank)

Cooling: Changes from "Hi" to "Med" or "Lo" depending on room temperature.
Room temperature. Temperature set for cooling. Thermo judgment. Compressor Hi/Med/Lo. (Compressor stopped forcibly for 3 minutes)
1. Runs at "Hi" until first thermo off after operation is started.
2. Runs at "Lo" when thermo is off.

Heating: Set to "Ultra-Lo", "Lo", "Med", "Hi", "Ultra-Hi" or "stop" depending on the room temperature, time and heat exchange temperature. Set to "stop" if the room temperature is 18°C in the "Ultra-Lo" mode other than during preheating (cooling is recovered at 18.33°C).
When the compressor is running at maximum speed during hot dash or when recovered from defrosting.
°C: 42.32 / 37.66 / 34.66 / 32.66 / 29.66 / 24.66 — In modes other than left; Heat exchanger temperature. Hi or ultra-Hi (fan speed set to "auto") / Med / Lo

Auto (Operation mode):
○ Judgment based on the room temperature and external temperature:
Cooling: external temperature ≧ 25°C, or 21°C ≦ external temperature < 25°C and room temperature > 27°C
Heating: external temperature < 18°C, or 18°C ≦ external temperature < 21°C and room temperature ≦ 23°C
Dehumidifying: 21°C ≦ external temperature < 25°C and room temperature ≦ 27°C, or 18°C ≦ external temperature < 21°C and room temperature > 23°C
○ Set to the mode of the indoor unit that has previously been operating.
If, when one indoor unit is heating, the other unit is set to auto, the other unit will also enter the heating operation.
If, when one indoor unit is cooling or dehumidifying, the other unit is set to auto, the other unit will enter the cooling or dehumidifying operation.

The special auto mode is based on auto, but the following is different:

Operation mode	Mode change during operation
auto	Judging the operation mode from the external temperature and room temperature at the start.
Special auto	The operation mode will be judged the same as at operation start every hour.

The special auto operation mode is entered when operation is started in the following status:

<Start condition>
Power is supplied while the tele-control signal is being input. (Operation starts automatically.)

<End condition>
The remote control restores the normal operation mode.

Hi

Fan: Operates at "Hi" regardless of the room temperature.

Cooling: Set to "Ultra-Hi" when the compressor runs at maximum speed, and to "Hi" in other modes.

Heating: Set to "Ultra-Lo", "Lo", "Med", "Hi", "Ultra-Hi" or "Stop" depending on the room temperature and time.
Set to "Stop" if the room temperature is 18°C in the "Ultra-Lo" mode other than during preheating (cooling is recovered at 18.33°C).
Set to "Ultra-Hi" when the compressor is running at maximum speed during hot dash or when recovered from defrosting.

Temperature (°C) diagram: 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 External temperature (°C). Cooling / Dehumidifying / Heating.

※ Operation mode stays uncharged even if the room or ambient temperature changes during operation.

Med

Fan: Operates at "Med" regardless of the room temperature.

Cooling: Same as at left.

Heating: Set to "Ultra-Lo", "Lo", "Med" or "Stop" depending on the room temperature and time.
Set to "Stop" if the room temperature is 18°C in the "Ultra-Lo" mode other than during preheating (cooling is recovered at 18.33°C).

(Set room temperature):
○ All the following temperatures can be compensated for ±3°C using the remote control:
Cooling: 27°C
Heating: 23°C
Dehumidifying: Current room temperature (upper limit: 27°C, lower limit: 23°C)
※ Operates at a target of set temperature minus 2°C.

Lo

Fan: Operates at "Lo" regardless of the room temperature.

Cooling: Same as at left.

Dehumidifying: Set to "Lo" in modes other than when the compressor stops.

Heating: Set to "Ultra-Lo", "Lo", or "Stop" depending on the room temperature and time.
Set to "Stop" if the room temperature is 18°C in the "Ultra-Lo" mode other than during preheating (cooling is recovered at 18.33°C).
The fan speed is controlled by the heat exchanger temperature; the overload control is executed as in the following diagram:
KAFON / KAFOF. Heat exchanger temperature. On/Off. "Med" with overload. "Lo".

Basic operation of temperature controller

Fan: Performs only fan operation at the set speed regardless of the room temperature.
Start / stop switch / Operation lamp / Fan speeds Hi/Med/Lo

Cooling: See page 53.

Dehumidifying: See page 57.

Heating: See page 59.

Sleep operation (with sleep button ON)

Fan: Enters sleep operation after set as on the left. Action during sleep operation silent (sleep) operation

Cooling: ·Same as at left. ·See page 55.

Dehumidifying: ·Same as at left. ·See page 57.

Heating: ·Same as at left. ·See page 61.

Auto: ·Same as at left. ·Performs the sleep operation of each operation mode.

Combination of operations:

When operation mode is selected:

·You cannot operate the indoor units in the following combinations.
·The indoor unit which is switched on first continues to operate, but other indoor units which is switched on later, does not operate while the lamp lights.

One unit	Other unit
Heating	Cooling
	Dehumidifying
	Circulating (fan)

During automatic operation:

·When heating operation is automatically selected for the first indoor unit, the next indoor unit will then start to heat. Also, if cooling or dehumidifying is automatically selected for the first indoor unit, the next indoor unit will also start to cool or dehumidify.

Notes:
1. Refer to the PWRITE-ZU data for the constants expressed by capital alphabet letters in the drawing.
2. The speed set of rotaion for the fan motor in each operation mode are as shown in Table 1.
3. The set room temperatures in the diagram include the shift values in Table 2.

MODEL	RAK-18NH5	RAK-25NH5	RAK-35NH5	RAK-50NH5
PROM NO. / LABEL NAME	REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE	REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE	REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE	REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE
0A2 RTOTSA	0 °C	0 °C	2.00 °C	2.00 °C
120 WMAX_M	5300 min^{-1}	5300 min^{-1}	5000 min^{-1}	4500 min^{-1}
121 WMAX2_M	5300 min^{-1}	5300 min^{-1}	5000 min^{-1}	4500 min^{-1}
122 WSTD_M	4000 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}
123 WJKMAX_M	3700 min^{-1}	3700 min^{-1}	3700 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}
124 WBEMAX_M	3500 min^{-1}	3500 min^{-1}	3500 min^{-1}	3700 min^{-1}
127 CMAX_M	3300 min^{-1}	3300 min^{-1}	3300 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}
128 CMAX2_M	3300 min^{-1}	3300 min^{-1}	3300 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}
129 CSTD_M	3250 min^{-1}	3250 min^{-1}	3150 min^{-1}	3100 min^{-1}
12A CKYMAX_M	2800 min^{-1}	2800 min^{-1}	2800 min^{-1}	2800 min^{-1}
12B CJKMAX_M	2750 min^{-1}	2750 min^{-1}	2750 min^{-1}	2750 min^{-1}
12C CBEMAX_M	2500 min^{-1}	2500 min^{-1}	2500 min^{-1}	2500 min^{-1}
12F SDMAX_M	2400 min^{-1}	2400 min^{-1}	1550 min^{-1}	1800 min^{-1}
130 SDRPM_M	2100 min^{-1}	2100 min^{-1}	1400 min^{-1}	1100 min^{-1}
138 WMIN_M	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}
139 CMINHI_M	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}
13A CMIN_M	1200 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}
13B DMIN_M	1200 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}
13C PKOU_M	550 min^{-1}	550 min^{-1}	550 min^{-1}	550 min^{-1}
13D FZZY_GN_M	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
13E FZZYTM_M	4 min.	4 min.	4 min.	4 min.
144 SHIFTW_M	2.00 °C	2.00 °C	2.00 °C	2.00 °C
145 SFTSZW_M	2.00 °C	2.00 °C	2.00 °C	2.00 °C
146 SHIFTC_M	1.33 °C	1.33 °C	1.33 °C	1.33 °C
147 SHIFTD_M	3.33 °C	3.33 °C	3.33 °C	3.33 °C
148 CLMXTP_M	30.00 °C	30.00 °C	30.00 °C	30.00 °C
149 YNEOF_M	25.00 °C	25.00 °C	25.00 °C	20.00 °C
14E TEION_M	2.00 °C	2.00 °C	2.00 °C	2.00 °C
14F TEIOF_M	9.00 °C	9.00 °C	9.00 °C	9.00 °C
157 CMNLMT_M	0 min^{-1}	0 min^{-1}	0 min^{-1}	1950 min^{-1}
178 FWSS_M	500 min^{-1}	500 min^{-1}	500 min^{-1}	450 min^{-1}
179 FWSOY_M	600 min^{-1}	600 min^{-1}	700 min^{-1}	760 min^{-1}
17A FWS_M	720 min^{-1}	750 min^{-1}	820 min^{-1}	850 min^{-1}
17B FWKAF_M	840 min^{-1}	850 min^{-1}	920 min^{-1}	1000 min^{-1}
17C FWL_M	840 min^{-1}	850 min^{-1}	920 min^{-1}	1130 min^{-1}
17D FWAH_M	940 min^{-1}	1050 min^{-1}	1120 min^{-1}	1270 min^{-1}
17E FWH_M	940 min^{-1}	1050 min^{-1}	1120 min^{-1}	1330 min^{-1}
17F FWHH_M	1030 min^{-1}	1170 min^{-1}	1250 min^{-1}	1330 min^{-1}
180 FCSOY_M	550 min^{-1}	600 min^{-1}	680 min^{-1}	700 min^{-1}
181 FCS_M	650 min^{-1}	750 min^{-1}	780 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}
182 FCL_M	740 min^{-1}	870 min^{-1}	950 min^{-1}	1040 min^{-1}
183 FCAH_M	850 min^{-1}	980 min^{-1}	1030 min^{-1}	1410 min^{-1}
184 FCH_M	890 min^{-1}	1030 min^{-1}	1170 min^{-1}	1410 min^{-1}
185 FCHH_M	990 min^{-1}	1030 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}	1410 min^{-1}
186 FDOY_M	600 min^{-1}	600 min^{-1}	680 min^{-1}	700 min^{-1}
187 FDS1_M	720 min^{-1}	750 min^{-1}	780 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}
188 FDS2_M	720 min^{-1}	750 min^{-1}	780 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}

Table 1 Fan speed by mode

Operation mode	Fan speed mode		Label name
Heating operation		Ultra Lo	FWSS_M
		Sleep	FWSOY_M
		Lo	FWS_M
		Overload	FWKAF_M
		Med	FWL_M
	Hi	Set fan speed "AUTO"	FWAH_M
	Hi	Set fan speed "HI"	FWH_M
		Ultra Hi	FWHH_M
Cooling operation		Sleep	FCSOY_M
		Lo	FCS_M
		Med	FCL_M
	Hi	Set fan speed "AUTO"	FCAH_M
	Hi	Set fan speed "HI"	FCH_M
		Ultra Hi	FCHH_M
Dehumidifying operation		Sleep	FDOY_M
		Lo 1	FDS1_M
		Lo 2	FDS2_M

Table 2 Room temperature shift value

Operation mode		Label name
Heating operation	Fan speed "AUTO, Hi, Med"	SHIFTW_M
	Fan speed "Lo, Sleep"	SFTSZW_M
Cooling operation		SHIFTC_M
Dehumidifying operation		SHIFTD_M

N O.	LABEL NAME	MODEL RAF-25NH5 REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE	RAF-35NH5 REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE	RAF-50NH5 REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE
09C	RTOTSA	2.00 ˚C	2.00 ˚C	2.00 ˚C
120	WMAX_M	5300 min^{-1}	5000 min^{-1}	4500 min^{-1}
121	WMAX2_M	5300 min^{-1}	5000 min^{-1}	4500 min^{-1}
122	WSTD_M	4000 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}
123	WJKMAX_M	3700 min^{-1}	3700 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}
124	WBEMAX_M	3500 min^{-1}	3500 min^{-1}	3700 min^{-1}
125	CMAX_M	3500 min^{-1}	3300 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}
126	CMAX2_M	3500 min^{-1}	3300 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}
127	CSTD_M	3250 min^{-1}	3150 min^{-1}	3100 min^{-1}
128	CKYMAX_M	2800 min^{-1}	2800 min^{-1}	2800 min^{-1}
129	CJKMAX_M	2750 min^{-1}	2750 min^{-1}	2750 min^{-1}
12A	CBEMAX_M	2500 min^{-1}	2500 min^{-1}	2500 min^{-1}
12B	SDMAX_M	2400 min^{-1}	2400 min^{-1}	1800 min^{-1}
12C	SDRPM_M	2000 min^{-1}	2000 min^{-1}	1100 min^{-1}
132	WMIN_M	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}
133	CMINHI_M	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}
134	CMIN_M	1200 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}
135	DMIN_M	1200 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}	1100 min^{-1}
136	PKOU_M	500 min^{-1}	500 min^{-1}	500 min^{-1}
137	FZZY_GN_M	1.0	1.0	1.0
138	FZZYTM_M	3 min.	3 min.	3 min.
13E	SHIFTW_M	2.33 ˚C	2.33 ˚C	2.33 ˚C
13F	SFTSZW_M	0.66 ˚C	0.66 ˚C	0.66 ˚C
140	SHIFTO_M	-0.66 ˚C	-0.66 ˚C	-0.66 ˚C
141	SHIFTD_M	-0.66 ˚C	-0.66 ˚C	-0.66 ˚C
142	CLMXTP_M	30.00 ˚C	30.00 ˚C	30.00 ˚C
143	YNEOF_M	23.00 ˚C	23.00 ˚C	23.00 ˚C
148	TEION_M	2.00 ˚C	2.00 ˚C	2.00 ˚C
149	TEIOF_M	9.00 ˚C	9.00 ˚C	9.00 ˚C
150	CMNLMT_M	1900 min^{-1}	1900 min^{-1}	1900 min^{-1}
16D	FWSS_M	400 min^{-1}	400 min^{-1}	400 min^{-1}
16E	FWSOY_M	710 min^{-1}	720 min^{-1}	740 min^{-1}
16F	FWS_M	710 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}	820 min^{-1}
170	FWKAF_M	790 min^{-1}	880 min^{-1}	950 min^{-1}
171	FWL_M	790 min^{-1}	880 min^{-1}	950 min^{-1}
172	FWAH_M	830 min^{-1}	960 min^{-1}	1040 min^{-1}
173	FWH_M	870 min^{-1}	1000 min^{-1}	1080 min^{-1}
174	FWHM_M	960 min^{-1}	1050 min^{-1}	1100 min^{-1}
175	FWHH_M	960 min^{-1}	1050 min^{-1}	1110 min^{-1}
176	FCSOY_M	670 min^{-1}	670 min^{-1}	670 min^{-1}
177	FCS_M	670 min^{-1}	770 min^{-1}	730 min^{-1}
178	FCL_M	750 min^{-1}	860 min^{-1}	920 min^{-1}
179	FCAH_M	790 min^{-1}	950 min^{-1}	1000 min^{-1}
17A	FCH_M	830 min^{-1}	1000 min^{-1}	1050 min^{-1}
17B	FCHM_M	880 min^{-1}	1040 min^{-1}	1090 min^{-1}
17C	FCHH_M	880 min^{-1}	1040 min^{-1}	1090 min^{-1}
17D	FDOY_M	670 min^{-1}	700 min^{-1}	730 min^{-1}
17E	FDS1_M	670 min^{-1}	700 min^{-1}	730 min^{-1}
17F	FDS2_M	670 min^{-1}	700 min^{-1}	730 min^{-1}
180	FCLN_M	600 min^{-1}	600 min^{-1}	600 min^{-1}
186	FWOPN_M	1060 min^{-1}	960 min^{-1}	1250 min^{-1}
187	FCOPN_M	1020 min^{-1}	880 min^{-1}	1090 min^{-1}
188	FWCLD_M	1060 min^{-1}	960 min^{-1}	1250 min^{-1}
189	FCCLD_M	1020 min^{-1}	880 min^{-1}	1090 min^{-1}
18A	FWUDSS_M	400 min^{-1}	400 min^{-1}	400 min^{-1}
18B	FWUDSOY_M	640 min^{-1}	640 min^{-1}	660 min^{-1}
18C	FWUDS_M	640 min^{-1}	720 min^{-1}	740 min^{-1}
18D	FWUDKAF_M	710 min^{-1}	780 min^{-1}	860 min^{-1}
18E	FWUDL_M	710 min^{-1}	780 min^{-1}	860 min^{-1}
18F	FWUDAH_M	750 min^{-1}	880 min^{-1}	950 min^{-1}
190	FWUDH_M	780 min^{-1}	900 min^{-1}	970 min^{-1}
191	FWUDHH_M	870 min^{-1}	950 min^{-1}	990 min^{-1}
192	FCUDSOY_M	600 min^{-1}	630 min^{-1}	660 min^{-1}
193	FCUDS_M	600 min^{-1}	630 min^{-1}	660 min^{-1}
194	FCUDL_M	680 min^{-1}	780 min^{-1}	820 min^{-1}
195	FCUDAH_M	710 min^{-1}	860 min^{-1}	900 min^{-1}
196	FCUDH_M	750 min^{-1}	900 min^{-1}	940 min^{-1}
197	FCUDHH_M	790 min^{-1}	940 min^{-1}	980 min^{-1}
19D	FWUDOPN_M	950 min^{-1}	870 min^{-1}	1100 min^{-1}
19E	FCUDOPN_M	900 min^{-1}	790 min^{-1}	980 min^{-1}

Table 1 Fan speed by mode

Operation mode		Fan speed mode		Label name
Heating operation	Upper Fan	Ultra Lo		FWSS_M
		Sleep		FWSOY_M
		Lo		FWS_M
		Overload		FWKAF_M
		Med		FWL_M
		Hi	Set fan speed "HI"	FWH_M
		Ultra Hi	(When AIR OUTLET SWITCH "ON")	FWHM_M
		Ultra Hi	(When AIR OUTLET SWITCH "OFF")	FWHM_M
		Hi	Set fan speed "AUTO"	FWAH_M
	Lower Fan	Ultra Lo		FWUDSS_M
		Sleep		FWUDSOY_M
		Lo		FWUDS_M
		Overload		FWUDKAF_M
		Med		FWUDL_M
		Hi	Set fan speed "HI"	FWUDH_M
		Ultra Hi		FWUDHH_M
		Hi	Set fan speed "AUTO"	FWUDAH_M
Cooling operation	Upper Fan	Sleep		FCSOY_M
		Lo		FCS_M
		Med		FCL_M
		Hi	Set fan speed "HI"	FCH_M
		Ultra Hi	(When AIR OUTLET SWITCH "ON")	FCHM_M
		Ultra Hi	(When AIR OUTLET SWITCH "OFF")	FCHH_M
		Hi	Set fan speed "AUTO"	FCAH_M
	Lower Fan	Sleep		FCUDSOY_M
		Lo		FCUDS_M
		Med		FCUDL_M
		Hi	Set fan speed "HI"	FCUDH_M
		Ultra Hi		FCUDHH_M
		Hi	Set fan speed "AUTO"	FCUDAH_M
Dehumidi-fying operation		Sleep		FDOY_M
		Lo1		FDS1_M
		Lo2		FDS2_M

Table 2 Room temperature shift value

Operation mode		Shift value
Heating operation	Fan speed "AUTO, Hi, Med"	SHIFTW
	Fan speed "Lo, Sleep"	SFTSZW
Cooling operation		SHIFTC
Dehumidifying operation		SHIFTD

PROM NO.	LABEL NAME	MODEL RAD-25NH5 REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE	RAD-35NH5 REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE
0A2	RTOTSA	2.00 °C	2.00 °C
120	WMAX_M	5300 min^{-1}	5000 min^{-1}
121	WMAX2_M	5300 min^{-1}	5000 min^{-1}
122	WSTD_M	4000 min^{-1}	4000 min^{-1}
123	WJKMAX_M	3600 min^{-1}	3700 min^{-1}
124	WBEMAX_M	3200 min^{-1}	3500 min^{-1}
127	CMAX_M	3300 min^{-1}	3300 min^{-1}
128	CMAX2_M	3300 min^{-1}	3300 min^{-1}
129	CSTD_M	3000 min^{-1}	3150 min^{-1}
12A	CKYMAX_M	2500 min^{-1}	2800 min^{-1}
12B	CJKMAX_M	2300 min^{-1}	2750 min^{-1}
12C	CBEMAX_M	1900 min^{-1}	2500 min^{-1}
12F	SDMAX_M	2050 min^{-1}	2400 min^{-1}
130	SDRPM_M	1800 min^{-1}	2000 min^{-1}
138	WMIN_M	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}
139	CMINHI_M	800 min^{-1}	800 min^{-1}
13A	CMIN_M	1000 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}
13B	DMIN_M	1000 min^{-1}	1200 min^{-1}
13C	PKOU_M	500 min^{-1}	500 min^{-1}
13D	FZZY_GN_M	1.0	1.0
13E	FZZYTM_M	3 min.	3 min.
144	SHIFTW_M	5.00 °C	5.00 °C
145	SFTSZW_M	5.00 °C	5.00 °C
146	SHIFTC_M	1.66 °C	1.66 °C
147	SHIFTD_M	1.66 °C	1.66 °C
148	CLMXTP_M	30.00 °C	30.00 °C
149	YNEOF_M	20.00 °C	20.00 °C
14E	TEION_M	0.00 °C	0.00 °C
14F	TEIOF_M	9.00 °C	9.00 °C
157	CMNLMT_M	0 min^{-1}	0 min^{-1}
178	FWSS_M	13.1 V	13.1 V
179	FWSOY_M	17.6 V	17.6 V
17A	FWS_M	20.3 V	20.3 V
17B	FWKAF_M	22.9 V	22.9 V
17C	FWL_M	22.9 V	22.9 V
17D	FWAH_M	27.9 V	27.9 V
17E	FWH_M	28.3 V	28.3 V
17F	FWHH_M	28.3 V	28.3 V
180	FCSOY_M	18.0 V	18.0 V
181	FCS_M	20.5 V	20.5 V
182	FCL_M	25.0 V	25.0 V
183	FCAH_M	27.9 V	27.9 V
184	FCH_M	27.9 V	27.9 V
185	FCHH_M	27.9 V	27.9 V
186	FDOY_M	18.0 V	18.0 V
187	FDS1_M	20.5 V	20.5 V
188	FDS2_M	20.5 V	20.5 V

Table 1 Fan speed by mode

Operation mode	Fan speed mode		Label name
Heating operation	Ultra Lo		FWSS_M
	Sleep		FWSOY_M
	Lo		FWS_M
	Overload		FWKAF_M
	Med		FWL_M
	Hi	Set fan speed "AUTO"	FWAH_M
	Hi	Set fan speed "HI"	FWH_M
	Ultra Hi		FWHH_M
Cooling operation	Sleep		FCSOY_M
	Lo		FCS_M
	Med		FCL_M
	Hi	Set fan speed "AUTO"	FCAH_M
	Hi	Set fan speed "HI"	FCH_M
	Ultra Hi		FCHH_M
Dehumidifying operation	Sleep		FDOY_M
	Lo 1		FDS1_M
	Lo 2		FDS2_M

Table 2 Room temperature shift value

Operation mode		Label name
Heating operation	Fan speed "AUTO, Hi, Med"	SHIFTW_M
	Fan speed "Lo, Sleep"	SFTSZW_M
Cooling operation		SHIFTC_M
Dehumidifying operation		SHIFTD_M

MODEL		RAM-55QH5 / RAM-65QH5	
PROM NO.	LABEL NAME	REQUIRED VALUE OF UNIT SIDE	
03A	PSTARTC1$	250	pulse
03B	PSTARTC1K$	300	pulse
03C	PSTARTC2$	150	pulse
03D	PSTARTC2K$	300	pulse
03E	PSTARTC3$	150	pulse
03F	PSTARTC3K$	300	pulse
040	PSTARTH1$	200	pulse
041	PSTARTH1S$	250	pulse
042	PSTARTH2$	100	pulse
043	PSTARTH2S$	150	pulse
044	PSTARTH3$	250	pulse
045	PSTARTH3S$	250	pulse
046	PMIN$	30	pulse
047	DFCTPS$	100	pulse
048	DFCTPN$	240	pulse
049	DFSPPS$	44	pulse
04A	DFPSMX$	480	pulse
04B	PCLOSH$	60	pulse
0FD	CMAX1	5400	min^{-1}
0FE	CMAX2	6100	min^{-1}
101	CMAX3	6200	min^{-1}
104	CMAX4	6300	min^{-1}
108	WMAX1	6200	min^{-1}
109	WMAX2	6200	min^{-1}
10C	WMAX3	6200	min^{-1}
10F	WMAX4	6300	min^{-1}
11E	STAROTP_C	25.0	˚C
11F	SDRCT1_C1	2000	min^{-1}
120	TSKTM1_C1	40	sec
121	SDRCT1_C2	3000	min^{-1}
122	TSKTM_C2	60	sec
123	STAROTP_W	4.8	˚C
124	SDRCT1_W1	2000	min^{-1}
125	TSKTM1_W1	60	sec
126	SDRCT1_W2	3000	min^{-1}
127	TSKTM1_W2	60	sec
128	SDSTEP	1000	min^{-1}
129	TSKSPT	8	sec
12A	KYO_RPM	3000	min^{-1}
198	TDF414	90	sec
199	DFMXTM	12	min^{-1}
19A	SDRCT2	2000	min^{-1}
19B	TSKTM2	60	sec
19C	DFSTEP	600	min^{-1}
19D	TDFSPT	60	sec
19E	DEFMAX	6000	min^{-1}
19F	TDF415	120	sec
1A0	DFSTMB	55	min.
1A1	DFSTMB2	60	min.
1A2	DEFONH	−1.9	˚C
1A3	DEFON	−5.1	˚C
1A4	DEFONL	−23.9	˚C
1A5	DEF_a1	112/128	
1A6	DEF_a2	138/128	
1A7	DEFOFF	15.0	˚C

Basic Cooling Operation

Notes:
(1) Cool dash is started when the operation is started at fan speed "AUTO" or "HI" or when the fan speed is changed to "AUTO" or "HI" during cooling operation, and when the compressor speed (P item) reaches (CMAX1 or CMAX2) or higher.
(2) The maximum compressor speed period during cool dash is finished ① when 25 minutes have elapsed after cool dash was started ② when the room temperature reaches the cooling set temperature -1°C (including cooling shift) and then becomes lower than the preset temperature by 0.66°C after the steady speed period, ③ when thermo is OFF.
  (If cool dash finished in the above ①, the compressor does not go through the steady speed period but it starts fuzzy control.)
(3) The thermo OFF temperature during cool dash is cooling set temperature (including cooling shift) -3°C. After thermo OFF, cool dash is finished and fuzzy control starts.
(4) The compressor minimum ON time and minimum OFF time is 3 minutes.
(5) The time limit for which the maximum compressor speed (CMAX1 or CMAX2) during normal cooling can be maintained is less than 60 minutes when the room temperature is less than CLMXTP: it is not provided when the room temperature is CLMXTP or more.
(6) Compressor speed is determined by instruction sent from indoor unit and corrected by outdoor unit according to such factors as capacity, fan speed, number of units being operated, outdoor temperature, etc.
(7) If another indoor unit is doing heating operation, cooling operation cannot be done.

Cooling Sleep Operation
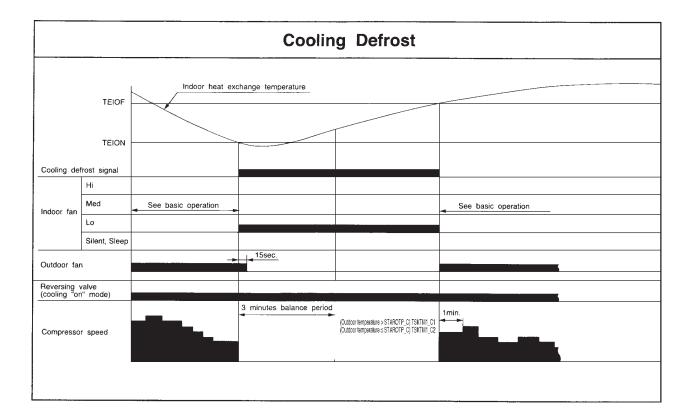
Notes:
(1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep key is pressed.
(2) When the sleep key is set, the indoor fan is set to "sleep silent" (FCSOY_M or AFCSOY).
(3) The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed.
(4) If the set time is changed during sleep operation, all data including set temperature, time, etc. is cleared and restarted.
(5) If sleep operation is canceled by the cancel key or sleep key, all data is cleared.
(6) If the position of air deflector is being operated using remote control, the operation will be performed at any desired position of air deflector.

Note:
1. Refer to the PWRITE-ZU data for the constants expressed by capital alphabet letters in the drawing.

Cooling Defrost
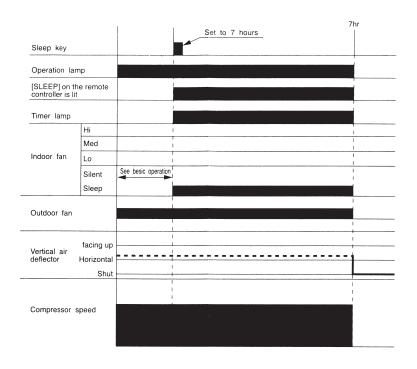
Dehumidifying

Notes:
(1) The indoor fan is operated in the "Lo" mode, OFF for 5 minutes and ON for 1 minute, repeatedly according to the humidity judgement when the thermostat is turned OFF.
(2) The commpressor is operated forcedly for 3 minutes after operation is started.
(3) The minimum ON time and OFF time of the compressor are 3 minutes.
(4) At the start of operation, the thermostat will be off when room temperature $\leq$ setting temperature $-1.33°C$; the thermostat will be on when room temperature $\geq$ setting
temperature $-0.66°C$.
(5) The following procedure is performed to prevent excessive cooling during operation other than start. However, this procedure applies only when the thermostat is intermittent:
· Whether THERMO ON is to continue or not depends on the thermal condition when the 3-minute forced operation ceases.
① "THERMO ON continues" when room temperature $\geq$ setting temperature $+1°C$: (The THERMO operation value is usually the same as that at "start of operation")
② "Forced THERMO OFF" when room temperature $<$ setting temperature $+1°C$: (The same THERMO operation value as that at "start of operation" is usually used for recovery)
Therefore, if the air-conditioner is stabilized under this thermal condition, it will enter intermittent operation, which is "3-minute operation/3-minute stop".
(6) Compressor speed is determined by instruction sent from indoor unit and corrected by outdoor unit according to such factors as capacity, fan speed, number of units being operated, outdoor temperature, etc.
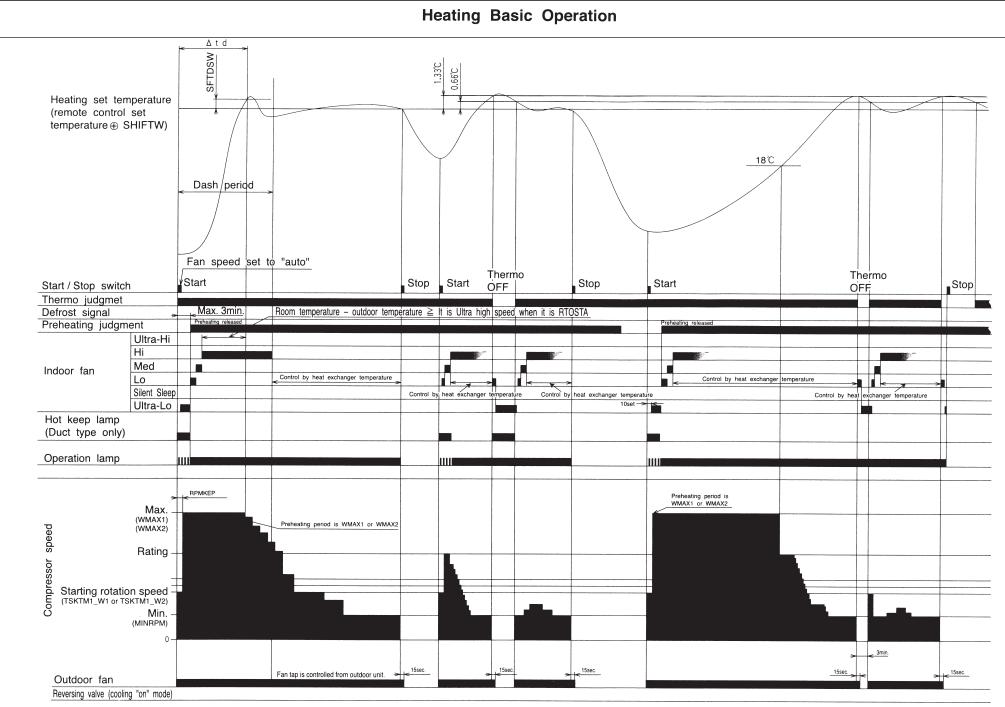
Dehumidifying Sleep Operation

Notes:
(1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep key is pressed.
(2) When the sleep key is set, the indoor fan is set to "sleep silent" (FDOY_M or AFDOY).
(3) The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed.
(4) If the set time is changed during sleep operation, all data including set temperature, time, etc. is cleared and restarted.
(5) If sleep operation is canceled by the cancel key or sleep key, all data is cleared.
(6) If the position of air deflector is being operated using remote control, the operation will be performed at any desired position of air deflector.

Heating Basic Operation
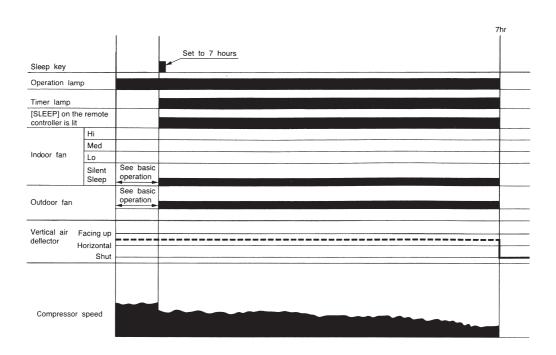
Notes:

(1) Hot Dash is started when the operation is started at fan speed "AUTO" or "HI" or when the fan speed is changed to "AUTO" or "HI" during heating operation, and when the compressor speed (P item) reaches (WMAX1 or WMAX2) or higher with the room temperature at 8℃ or less and outdoor temperature at 10℃ or less.

(2) The maximum compressor speed period during hot dash is finished (1) when the room temperature reaches the heating set temperature (including heating shift) plus SFTDSW or (2) when the thermo is off.

(3) The thermo OFF temperature during hot dash is heating set temperature (including heating shift) plus 3℃. After thermo OFF, hot dash finishes, and PI control starts.

(4) The compressor minimum ON time and minimum OFF time is 3 minutes.

(5) The time limit for which the maximum compressor speed (WMAX1 or WMAX2) during normal heating (except for hot dash) can be maintained is less than 120 minutes when the room temperature is 18℃ or more; it is not provided when the room temperature is less than 18℃ and outdoor temperature is less than 4℃.

(6) The operation indicator will blink every second during initial cycle operation, preheating, defrosting (including balance time after defrost is finished), or auto fresh defrosting. However, with duct type models, operation indicator does not blink, but Hot Keep indicator will light. And Hot Keep indicator will also light in "Thermo OFF" mode.

(7) For preheating judgment, preheating starts if the heat exchange temperature is lower than YNEOFC and is cancelled if the heat exchange temperature is YNEOF plus 0.33℃ or higher at the start of operation using the START / STOP button.

(8) If the room temperature falls to less than 18℃ in the "Ultra-Lo" mode, the indoor fan stops. When the room temperature is 18℃+0.33℃ or more, the ultra-Lo operation restarts. However, the ultra-Lo operation during preheating or preheating after defrosting does not stop if the room temperature is less than 18℃.

(9) Compressor speed is determined by instruction sent from indoor unit and corrected by outdoor unit according to such factors as capacity, fan speed, number of units being operated, outdoor temperature, etc.

(10) If another indoor unit is doing cooling operation, dehumidifying operation or fan operation, heating operation cannot be done.

Heating Sleep Operation

Notes:

(1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep key is pressed.

(2) When the sleep key is set, the indoor fan is set to "Sleep Silent" (FWSOY_M or AFWSOY).

(3) The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed.

(4) When defrosting is to be set during sleep operation, defrosting is engaged and sleep operation is restored after defrosting.

(5) If the set time is changed during sleep operation, all data including set temperature, time, etc. is cleared and restarted.

(6) If sleep operation is canceled by the cancel key or sleep key all data is cleared.

(7) If the position of air deflector is being operated using remote control, the operation will be performed at any desired position of air deflector.

NOTE:

1. Refer to the PWRITE-ZU data for the constats expressed by capital alphabet letters in the drawing.
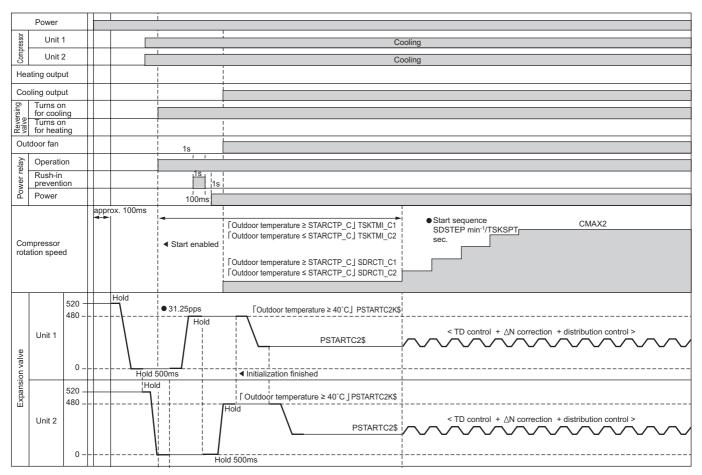
MODEL RAM-55QH5

◇ Expansion valves
  · The expansion valves are initialized when power is supplied. The valve for unit 1 is fully closed (–520 pulses), and then that for unit 2 is fully opened (480 pulses). The valve for unit 2 is fully closed (–520 pulses). When the valve for unit 1, 2 is fully closed (0 pulse), start-up is possible.

  · The start openings are held during the steady speed period when the compressor is started. After the steady speed period is finished, the TD control is entered. The start openings are set to PSTARTH when the outdoor temperature at start 40˚C or more, and to PSTART when it is less than 40˚C.

◇ Compressor rotation speed
  · When the compressor is started, the SDRCT1 speed / TSTKTM1 second is held.
    After the steady speed period is finished, the speed increases at the rate of SDSTEP speed / TSKSPT second until the target speed is resched.

※ TSKTM1, SDRCT1, SDSTEP, TSKSPT, CMAX2, PSTART and PSTARTH are EEPROM data.

MODEL RAM-65QH5

◇ Expansion valves
- The expansion valves are initialized when power is supplied. The valve for unit 1 is fully closed (–520 pulses), and then that for unit 2 is fully opened (480 pulses). The valve for unit 2 is fully closed (–520 pulses), and then that for unit 3 is fully opened (480 pulses). When the valve for unit 1, 2, 3 is fully closed (0 pulse), start-up is possible.
- The start openings are held during the steady speed period when the compressor is started. After the steady speed period is finished, the TD control is entered. The start openings are set to PSTARTH when the outdoor temperature at start 40°C or more, and to PSTART when it is less than 40°C.

◇ Compressor rotation speed
- When the compressor is started, the SDRCT1 speed / TSTKTM1 second is held.
  After the steady speed period is finished, the speed increases at the rate of SDSTEP speed / TSKSPT second until the target speed is resched.

※ TSKTM1, SDRCT1, SDSTEP, TSKSPT, CMAX2, PSTART and PSTARTH are EEPROM data.

DEFROST
・Reversing valve defrost system is employed: it consists of balancing period→ reversing cycle period→ balancing period.
(1) Defrost start condition
　　・When all the following conditions are established defrost is executed:
　　① Normal operation
　　② Heat exchange temperature is within defrost range specified by outdoor temperature and heat exchange temperature.
　　③ Defrost inhibit period linked to outdoor temperature has passed.
(2) Defrost release condition
　　・If any one of the following conditions is established, defrost is released:
　　① Heat exchange temperature returns (heat exchange temperarure ≥ DEFOFF).
　　② Defrost max time of 12 minutes has elapsed.
　　・Released by condition ① during balancing period: When remaining balancing period has elapsed, returned to initial
　　　condition (ASTUS=0).
　　・Released by condition ① or ② during reversing cycle period: [TDF415] Shifted to balancing period.
(3) Outputs during defrost
　　・Indoor defrost request: Transmitted to all units being operated in heating mode.
　　・Compressor : Balancing period for [TDF414] seconds→ Starting of reversing cycle period by [SDRCT2] min^{-1} for
　　　　　　　　　　[TSKTM2] seconds →Accelerating by [DFSTEP]min^{-1}/[TDFSPT] seconds in remaining reversing cycle
　　　　　　　　　　period until defrost MAX speed [DEFMAX] is reached→ Balancing period for [TDF415] seconds
　　・Electric expansion valve
　　　　Unit being stopped :　[FULL CLOSE] 30 seconds after balancing period has passed →[FULL CLOSE] during
　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　reversing cycle period→ [PCLOSH$] 15 seconds before balancing period is finished
　　　　Unit being operated :　[DFCTPS] 30 seconds before balancing period is finished → Synchronized with step-up
　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　of rotation speed of compressor, opened by [DFSPPS] pulses and reaches MAX opening
　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　degree [DEFSMX] when rotation speed of compressor reaches [DEFMAX].
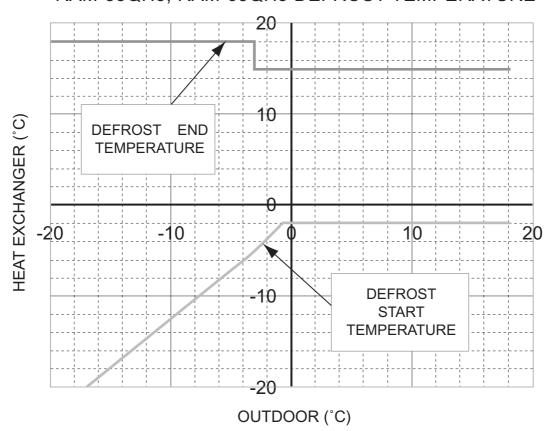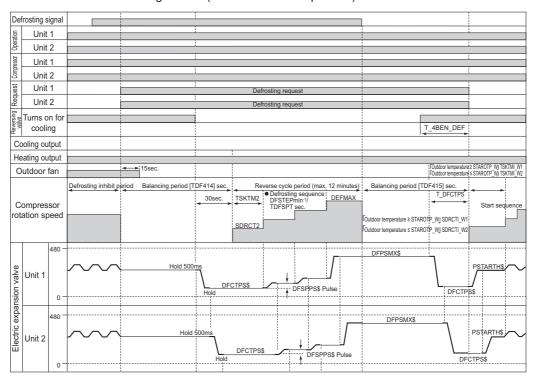
RAM-55QH5, RAM-65QH5 DEFROST TEMPERATURE
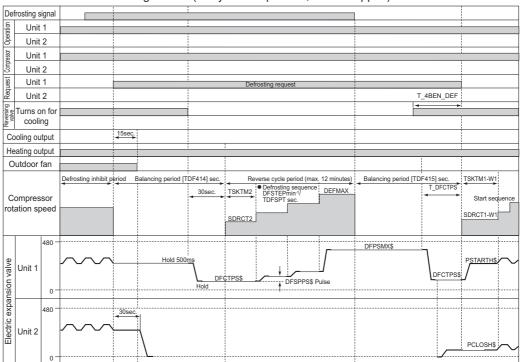
* above graph is showing the ideal value by micon program.
* guaranteed temperature range of this model is −15˚C to +27˚C at heating.

MODEL RAM-55QH5

・ Time chart when executing defrost (unit 1 and unit 2 operated)
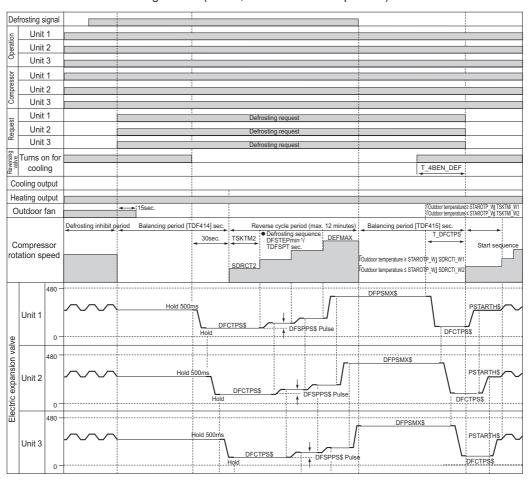
・ Time chart when executing defrost (Only unit 1 operated, unit 2 stopped)
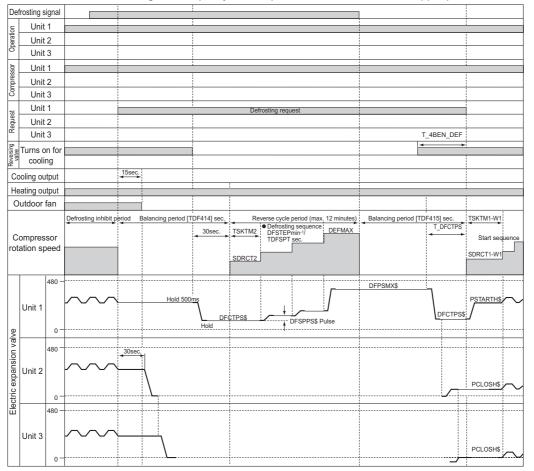
MODEL RAM-65QH5

・Time chart when executing defrost (unit 1, unit 2 and unit 3 operated)

・Time chart when executing defrost (Only unit 1 operated, unit 2 and unit 3 stopped)

AUTO-FRESH DEFROST
· During heating operation is stopped, and when auto-fresh condition is established, defrost operation will be performed while operation is stopped.
  Auto-fresh consists of balancing period at start of defrost for [TDF414] seconds → Reverse cycle period for MAX 12 minutes.
(1) Start conditions for auto-fresh
  · When all the following conditions are established, auto-fresh is executed:
  ① Defrost request signal is present.
  ② All indoor units are stopped.
  ③ 15 minutes of auto-fresh inhibit period has elapsed.
  ④ Compressor is ON when operation is stopped.
  ⑤ Compressor delay command is sent from indoor unit when operation is stopped.
(2) Release condition of auto-fresh
  · If any one of following conditions is established, auto-fresh is released:
  ① Heat exchange temperature returns (heat exchange temperature ≥ DEFOFF)
  ② 12 minutes of defrost MAX time has elapsed.
  ③ Failure occurred.
  ④ Either unit 1 or unit 2 or unit 3 started operation.
  ※ Released during start of balancing period : Stopped or started after remaining balancing period has elapsed.
     Released during reverse cycle period : Stopped or started after balancing for 3 minutes.
(3) Outputs during auto-fresh
  [Indoor unit defrost request]: Transmitted only to unit to which auto-fresh is applied (indoor unit stopped last).
  [Compressor]: Accelerated by DFSTEP min^{-1}/TDFSPT seconds and reaches defrost MAX speed [DEFMAX].
  [Electric expansion valve]:
     Unit auto-fresh not applied: FULL CLOSE when balancing for 30 seconds has elapsed at start of defrost.
     Unit auto-fresh applied : Synchronized with step-up of rotation speed of compressor, opened by [DFSPPS] pulses and reaches MAX opening degree [DEFSMX] when rotation speed of compressor reaches [DEFMAX].
(4) Note
  · Shifted to auto-fresh in defrost mode when operation is stopped.
  · All indoor units must be stopped to fulfill condition for auto-fresh.
    If signal is delayed, auto-fresh condition will not be established.   MODEL RAM-55QH5

AUTO-FRESH DEFROST
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③ 15 minutes of auto-fresh inhibit period has elapsed.
④ Compressor is ON when operation is stopped.
⑤ Compressor delay command is sent from indoor unit when operation is stopped.

(2) Release condition of auto-fresh
· If any one of following conditions is established, auto-fresh is released:
① Heat exchange temperature returns (heat exchange temperature ≥ DEFOFF)
② 12 minutes of defrost MAX time has elapsed.
③ Failure occurred.
④ Either unit 1 or unit 2 or unit 3 started operation.
※ Released during start of balancing period : Stopped or started after remaining balancing period has elapsed.
Released during reverse cycle period : Stopped or started after balancing for 3 minutes.

(3) Outputs during auto-fresh
[Indoor unit defrost request]: Transmitted only to unit to which auto-fresh is applied (indoor unit stopped last).
[Compressor]: Accelerated by DFSTEP min^{-1}/TDFSPT seconds and reaches defrost MAX speed [DEFMAX].
[Electric expansion valve]:
Unit auto-fresh not applied: FULL CLOSE when balancing for 30 seconds has elapsed at start of defrost.
Unit auto-fresh applied : Synchronized with step-up of rotation speed of compressor, opened by [DFSPPS] pulses and reaches MAX opening degree [DEFSMX] when rotation speed of compressor reaches [DEFMAX].

(4) Note
· Shifted to auto-fresh in defrost mode when operation is stopped.
· All indoor units must be stopped to fulfill condition for auto-fresh.
If signal is delayed, auto-fresh condition will not be established.   MODEL RAM-65QH5

MODEL RAM-55QH5

FORCED COOLING
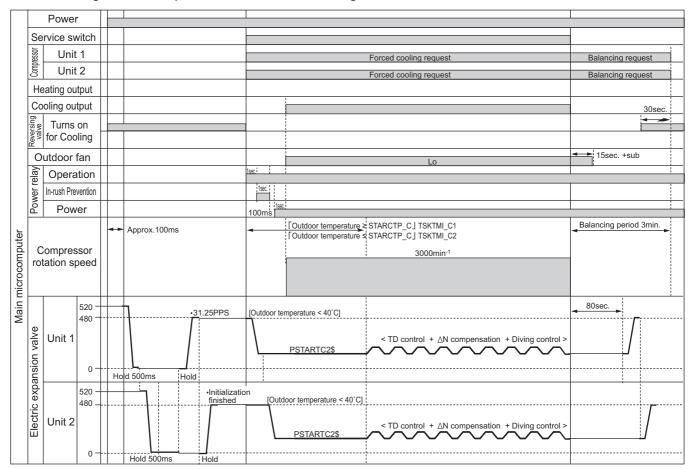
・In order to accumulate refrigerant, units operate in cooling cycle.
 Execution condition and operation status are shown below.

[Execution condition]

・With neither indoor unit 1 and 2 not operated, when forced cooling switch is turned ON, forced cooling will be performed.

・Always operation status of indoor units are monitored and forced cooling is inhibited when operation of any unit is detected.

[Operation status]

・Outdoor unit fan: Fixed in LO.

・Compressor rotation speed: Fixed in 3000min^{-1}.

・Expansion valve/reversing valve : Set in normal conditions.

[Note]

・During forced cooling, if failure occurs in outdoor unit, thermostat is turned off.　However, it is not counted.

・Since rotation speed of compressor is fixed in 3000min^{-1} during forced cooling, compressor fixed speed control at start is not performed.

・The following shows the operation state of forced cooling.

Power		
Service switch		
Compressor Unit 1	Forced cooling request	Balancing request
Compressor Unit 2	Forced cooling request	Balancing request
Heating output		
Cooling output		30sec.
Reversing valve Turns on for Cooling		
Outdoor fan	Lo	15sec. +sub
Power relay Operation	1sec.	
Power relay In-rush Prevention	1sec.	
Power relay Power	100ms 1sec.	

Main microcomputer

Compressor rotation speed — Approx.100ms

⌈Outdoor temperature ≥ STARCTP_C⌋ TSKTMI_C1
⌈Outdoor temperature ≤ STARCTP_C⌋ TSKTMI_C2

3000min^{-1}

Balancing period 3min.

Electric expansion valve

Unit 1:
520 / 480
・31.25PPS
[Outdoor temperature < 40˚C]
PSTARTC2$
< TD control ＋ △N compensation ＋ Diving control >
Hold 500ms / Hold
0
80sec.

Unit 2:
520 / 480
・Initialization finished
[Outdoor temperature < 40˚C]
PSTARTC2$
< TD control ＋ △N compensation ＋ Diving control >
Hold 500ms / Hold
0

※TSKTM1_C and PSTARTC2$ are EEPROM data.

MODEL RAM-65QH5

FORCED COOLING
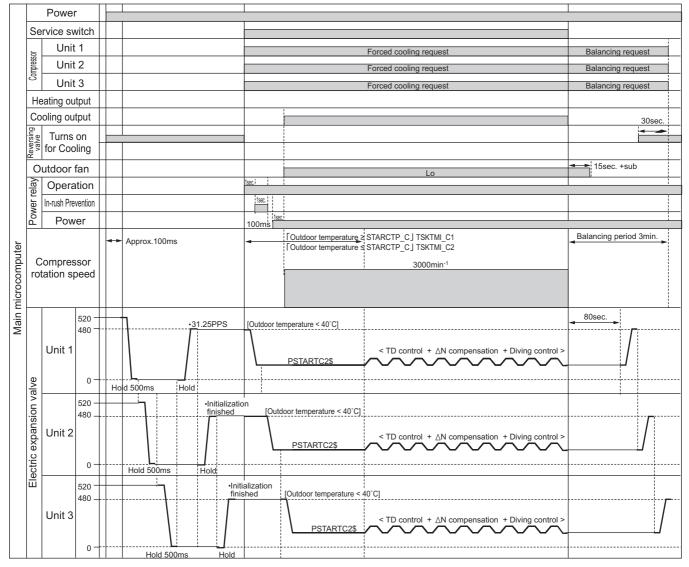
・In order to accumulate refrigerant, units operate in cooling cycle.
  Execution condition and operation status are shown below.

[Execution condition]

・With neither indoor unit 1, 2 and 3 not operated, when forced cooling switch is turned ON, forced cooling will be performed.

・Always operation status of indoor units are monitored and forced cooling is inhibited when operation of any unit is detected.

[Operation status]

・Outdoor unit fan: Fixed in LO.

・Compressor rotation speed: Fixed in 3000min^{-1}.

・Expansion valve/reversing valve : Set in normal conditions.

[Note]

・During forced cooling, if failure occurs in outdoor unit, thermostat is turned off.   However, it is not counted.

・Since rotation speed of compressor is fixed in 3000min^{-1} during forced cooling, compressor fixed speed control at start is
  not performed.

・The following shows the operation state of forced cooling.

Power		
Service switch		
Compressor Unit 1	Forced cooling request	Balancing request
Compressor Unit 2	Forced cooling request	Balancing request
Compressor Unit 3	Forced cooling request	Balancing request
Heating output		
Cooling output		30sec.
Reversing valve: Turns on for Cooling		
Outdoor fan	Lo	15sec. +sub
Power relay: Operation	1sec.	
Power relay: In-rush Prevention	1sec.	
Power relay: Power	100ms / 1sec.	
Compressor rotation speed	Approx.100ms 「Outdoor temperature ≥ STARCTP_C」TSKTMI_C1 / 「Outdoor temperature ≤ STARCTP_C」TSKTMI_C2 / 3000min^{-1}	Balancing period 3min.

Electric expansion valve

Unit 1: 520, 480, 0 — Hold 500ms, Hold, ・31.25PPS, [Outdoor temperature < 40°C], PSTARTC2$, < TD control + ΔN compensation + Diving control >, 80sec.

Unit 2: 520, 480, 0 — Hold 500ms, Hold, ・Initialization finished, [Outdoor temperature < 40°C], PSTARTC2$, < TD control + ΔN compensation + Diving control >

Unit 3: 520, 480, 0 — Hold 500ms, Hold, ・Initialization finished, [Outdoor temperature < 40°C], PSTARTC2$, < TD control + ΔN compensation + Diving control >

※TSKTM1_C and PSTARTC2$ are EEPROM data.

MODEL RAM-55QH5

PROCESSING AT OVERHEAT THERMISTOR (OH) HIGH TEMPERATURE

◇ Restriction Start Conditions
- If any expansion valve is operated at 480 pulses and the OH temperature > [NDOWN_ON], the compressor speed will be reduced at a rate of 100 min^{-1}/30 seconds.
- This reduced rotation speed is based on the speed when the reduction started, and will be maintained until the reduction is finished. However, the reference speed will be exchanged only if the target speed is lower than the speed when the reduction started.
- If [NDOWN_OFF] ≤ OH temperature ≤ [NDOWN_ON] and the OH temperature does not rise from that 20 seconds before, the reduction of compressor speed will not occur.

◇ Restriction Release Condition (in common for all)
- The restriction will be released when OH temperature < [NDOWN_OFF], and the compressor speed will be increased at a rate of 50 min^{-1}/30 seconds to restore the target speed.

When two units are operated for heating:
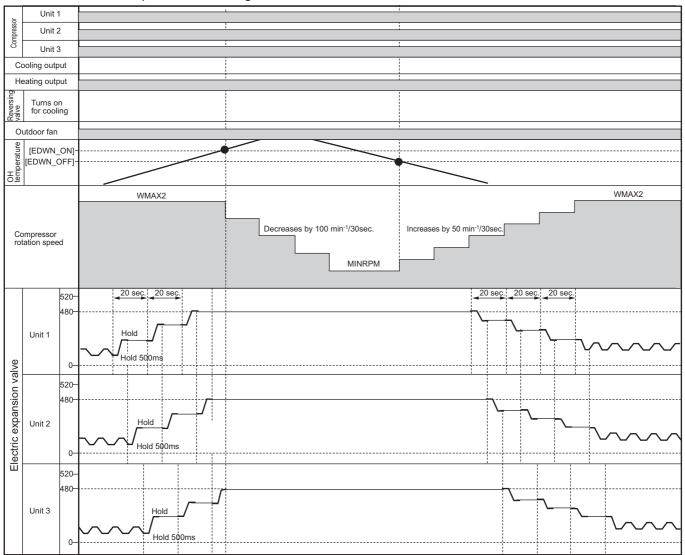
※ • Operation with one unit in heating or cooling mode and with two units in cooling mode is the same as in the above diagram.
 • WMAX2 and MINRPM are EEPROM data.

MODEL RAM-65QH5

PROCESSING AT OVERHEAT THERMISTOR (OH) HIGH TEMPERATURE

◇ Restriction Start Conditions
- If any expansion valve is operated at 480 pulses and the OH temperature > [NDOWN_ON], the compressor speed will be reduced at a rate of 100 min^{-1}/30 seconds.
- This reduced rotation speed is based on the speed when the reduction started, and will be maintained until the reduction is finished. However, the reference speed will be exchanged only if the target speed is lower than the speed when the reduction started.
- If [NDOWN_OFF] ≤ OH temperature ≤ [NDOWN_ON] and the OH temperature does not rise from that 20 seconds before, the reduction of compressor speed will not occur.

◇ Restriction Release Condition (in common for all)
- The restriction will be released when OH temperature < [NDOWN_OFF], and the compressor speed will be increased at a rate of 50 min^{-1}/30 seconds to restore the target speed.

When three units are operated for heating:

※・ Operation with one unit in heating or cooling mode and with two units in cooling mode is the same as in the above diagram.
　・ WMAX2 and MINRPM are EEPROM data.

REFRICERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM
RAM-55QH5

Cooling, dehumidifying, defrosting

Indoor Unit

Indoor heat exchanger

Air Flow

Indoor heat exchanger

Air Flow

Single-ended union (3/8")

Single-ended union (3/8")

Single-ended union (1/4")

Single-ended union (1/4")

Service valve (3/8")

ø9.52

Service valve (3/8")

ø9.52

Service valve (1/4")

Service valve (1/4")

Charge port (1/2")

ø12.7

Charge port (1/2")

ø12.7

ø6.35

ø6.35

Strainer

Strainer

Strainer

Strainer

Electric expansion 1 valve

Electric expansion 2 valve

ø12.7

ø12.7

ø6.35

ø6.35

ø12.7

Strainer

ø12.7

Suction tank

ø12.7

Compressor (Scroll)

Reversing valve

Silencer

Outdoor Unit

ø6.35

ø6.35

ø12.7

ø8

Strainer

ø6.35

ø12.7

ø6.35

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REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM
RAM-55QH5

Heating

Outdoor Unit

Indoor Unit

Compressor (Scroll)

Suction tank

Silencer

Reversing valve

Service valve (3/8")

Charge port (1/2")

Strainer

Single-ended union (3/8")

Service valve (3/8")

Charge port (1/2")

Strainer

Single-ended union (3/8")

Electric expansion 1 valve

Service valve (1/4")

Strainer

Single-ended union (1/4")

Electric expansion 2 valve

Service valve (1/4")

Strainer

Single-ended union (1/4")

Indoor heat exchanger

Air Flow

Indoor heat exchanger

Air Flow

Strainer

Strainer

ø12.7

ø9.52

ø12.7

ø12.7

ø9.52

ø12.7

ø12.7

ø6.35

ø6.35

ø6.35

ø6.35

ø12.7

ø12.7

ø6.35

ø6.35

ø6.35

ø12.7

ø8

ø6.35

ø6.35

ø12.7

REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM
RAM-65QH5

Cooling, dehumidifying, defrosting

Indoor Unit

Indoor heat exchanger

Indoor heat exchanger

Indoor heat exchanger

Air Flow

Single-ended union (3/8")

Single-ended union (3/8")

Single-ended union (3/8")

Single-ended union (1/4")

Single-ended union (1/4")

Single-ended union (1/4")

Service valve (3/8")

Service valve (3/8")

Service valve (3/8")

Service valve (1/4")

Service valve (1/4")

Service valve (1/4")

Charge port (1/2")

Charge port (1/2")

Charge port (1/2")

Strainer

Electric expansion 1 valve

Electric expansion 2 valve

Electric expansion 3 valve

Outdoor Unit

Suction tank

Compressor (Scroll)

Reversing valve

Silencer

Strainer

ø12.7 ø9.52 ø6.35 ø8

REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM
RAM-65QH5

Heating

Outdoor Unit

Indoor Unit

Silencer

Reversing valve

Compressor (Scroll)

Suction tank

ø12.7

ø12.7

ø12.7

ø12.7

ø6.35

ø6.35

ø12.7

ø8

Strainer

Strainer

ø6.35

ø12.7

ø6.35

Service valve (3/8")
Charge port (1/2")
Single-ended union (3/8")
ø9.52
Strainer
ø12.7

Service valve (3/8")
Charge port (1/2")
Single-ended union (3/8")
ø9.52
Strainer
ø12.7

Service valve (3/8")
Charge port (1/2")
Single-ended union (3/8")
ø9.52
Strainer
ø12.7

Electric expansion 1 valve
Service valve (1/4")
Single-ended union (1/4")
Strainer
ø6.35
ø6.35

Electric expansion 2 valve
Service valve (1/4")
Single-ended union (1/4")
Strainer
ø6.35
ø6.35

Electric expansion 3 valve
Service valve (1/4")
Strainer
ø6.35
ø6.35

Strainer
ø12.7

Air Flow
Indoor heat exchanger

Air Flow
Indoor heat exchanger

Air Flow
Indoor heat exchanger

DESCRIPTION OF MAIN CIRCUIT OPERATION

MODEL RAM-55QH5, RAM-65QH5

1. Power Circuit
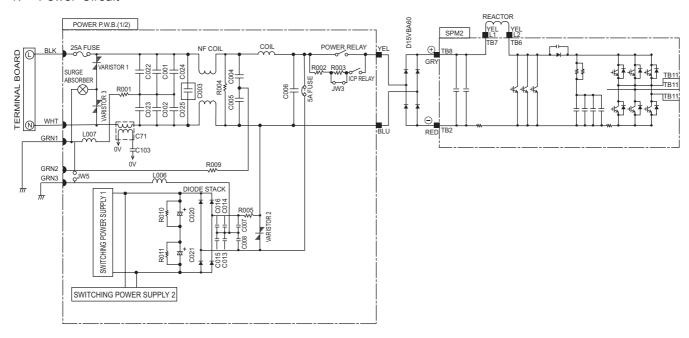
Fig. 1-1

- This circuit full-wave rectifies 220-240 AC applied between terminals L and N, and boosts it to a required voltage with the active module, to create a DC voltage.

The voltage becomes 320-360V when the compressor is operated.

(1) System power module (SPM)
(Current ACT module, smoothing capacitors and power module are combined into one unit)

① Active module

The active filter, consisting of a reactor and switching element, eliminates higher harmonic components contained in the current generated when the compressor is operated, and improves the power-factor. Smoothing capacitor smoothes voltage, which has been rectified by diode stack and boosted at ACT section.

② Power module section
Refer to Item 3 System Power Module Circuit.

(2) Diode stacks

These rectify the 220-240V AC from terminals L and N to a DC power supply.

< Reference >

- In case of malfunction or defective connection:
Immediately after the compressor starts, it may stop due to "abnormally low speed" active error, etc.

The compressor may continue to operate normally, but the power-factor will decrease, the operation current will increase, and the overcurrent breaker of the household power board will probably activate.

- In case of active module faulty or defective connection:

Although the compressor continues to operate normally, the power-factor will decrease, the operation current will increase, and the overcurrent breaker of the household power board will probably activate.

< Reference >

- If D15VBA60 is faulty, the compressor may stop due to "lp", "anbormally low speed", etc. immediately after it starts, or it may not operate at all because no DC voltage is generated between the positive e and negative d terminals.

If diode bridge 1 is faulty, be aware that the 25A fuse might also have blown.

- If diode stack is faulty, DC voltage may be not generated and the compressor may not operate at all. Also, be aware that the 5A fuse might have blown.

(3) Smoothing capacitor (C501, C502, C503, 400μF, 450V)

This smoothes (averages) the voltage rectified by the diode stacks.
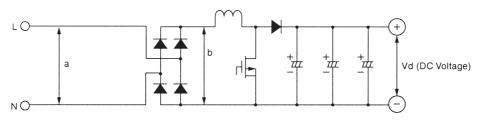
Fig. 1-2
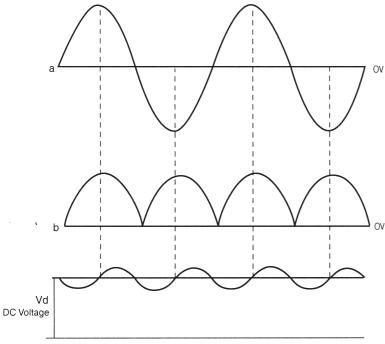
Fig. 1-3

(Approx. 300-330V during operation)
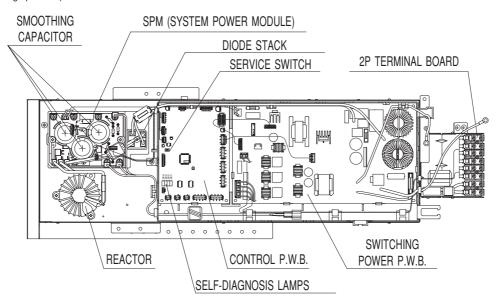
Fig. 1-4

● Be careful to avoid an electric shock as a high voltage is generated. Also take care not to cause a short-circuit through incorrect connection of test equipment terminals. The circuit board could be damaged.

(4) Smoothing capacitor (C020, C021, 220μF, DC 250V)

This smoothes (averages) the voltage rectified by the diode stacks.

A DC voltage is generated in the same way as in Fig. 1-3. Voltage between C020 ⊕ side and C021 ⊖ side is about 330V.

(5) C001 to C016, NF COIL1
These absorb electrical noise generated during operation of compressor, and also absorb external noise entering from power line to protect electronic parts.

(6) Surge absorber, Varistor 1, 2, 3,
These absorbs external power surge.

(7) Inrush protective resistor (R020)
This works to protect from overcurrent when power is turned on.

※ Be sure to ground outdoor unit.
If not grounded, noise filter circuit does not operate correctly.

※ If outdoor unit is not grounded, "surge absorber", "varistors 1 and 3" do not operate.
Be sure to perform grounding.

< Reference >
● When inrush protective resistor is defective, D15VBA60 may malfunction. As a result, DC voltage is not generated and no operation can be done. In this case, 5A fuse may have been blown. Take care.

2. Indoor/Outdoor Interface Circuit

● The interface circuit superimposes an interface signal on the 35V DC line supplied from the outdoor unit to perform communications between indoor and outdoor units. This circuit consists of a transmiting circuit which superimposes an interface signal transmit from the microcomputer on the 35V DC line and a transmiting circuit which detects the interface signal on the 35V DC line and outputs it to the microcomputer.

● Communications are performed by mutually transmiting and receiving the 4-frame outdoor request signal one frame of which consists of a leader of approx. 100 ms., start bit, 8-bit data and stop bit and the command signal with the same format transmit from the indoor unit.

● From outdoor microcomputer to indoor microcomputer.
The request signal output from microcomputer pin ⑦③ , ⑦④ , ⑨ is input to the transmitting circuit. The transmitting circuit modulates this signal by approx. 38kHz high-frequency. This high-frequency signal is amplified by a transistor, superimposed on the DC 35V line via C801 (or C811, C821) and L801 (or L802, L803), and supplied to the indoor unit.
To prevent erroneous reception, the outdoor microcomputer is designed so that it cannot receive a signal while it is outputting a request signal.
The receiving circuit in the indoor unit consists of a comparator and transistor. The interface signal from the outdoor unit on the DC 35V line is supplied to C821, where DC components are eliminated, and is then shaped by the comparator. The shaped signal is detected by diode, amplified by amp, and supplied to receiving input of the indoor microcomputer.
Fig. 2-2 shows the voltages at each component when data is transferred from the outdoor microcomputer to the indoor microcomputer.

● Indoor microcomputer to outdoor microcomputer.
The communications from the indoor microcomputer to the outdoor micro computer are the same. Fig. 2-3 shows the voltages and waveforms at each circuit.

- Fig. 2-1 shows the interface circuit used for the indoor and outdoor microcomputers to communicate with each other.

(Communications from indoor micro computer to outdoor micro computer)

(Communications from outdoor micro computer to indoor micro computer)

Fig. 2-1 Indoor / Outdoor interface Circuit

Base of outdoor P.W.B Q801, Q802 , Q803 ⑨ Pin — 0.7V / 0V

Outdoor micro computer ⑦3 Pin / ⑦4 Pin — 5V / 0V

Indoor micro computer SDO Pin — 5V / 0V

SDI Pin — 5V / 0V

35V DC line — 35V

100ms.
Leader

33ms.
1 frame
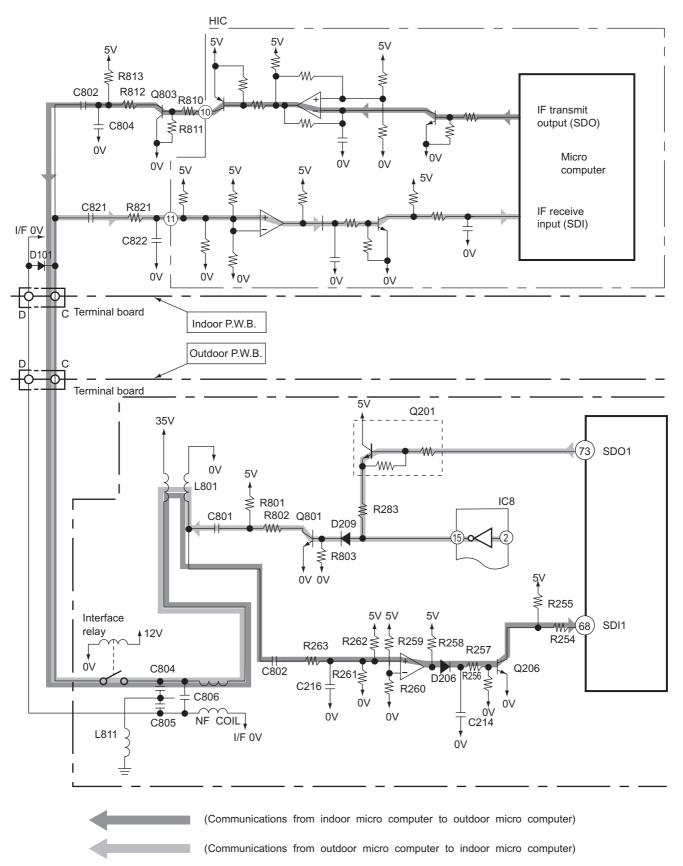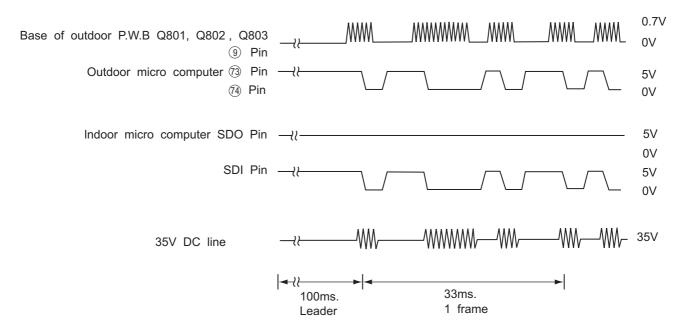
Fig. 2-2 Voltages Waveforms of indoor / Outdoor Micro computers (Outdoor to Indoor Communications)

Base of outdoor P.W.B Q801, Q802 ⑥8 Pin — 0V

Outdoor micro computer ⑥9 Pin / ⑪ Pin — 5V / 0V

Indoor micro computer SDO Pin — 5V / 0V

SDI Pin — 5V / 0V

35V DC line — 35V

5-7.5ms.
Transmit/receive
switching time

33ms.
1 frame
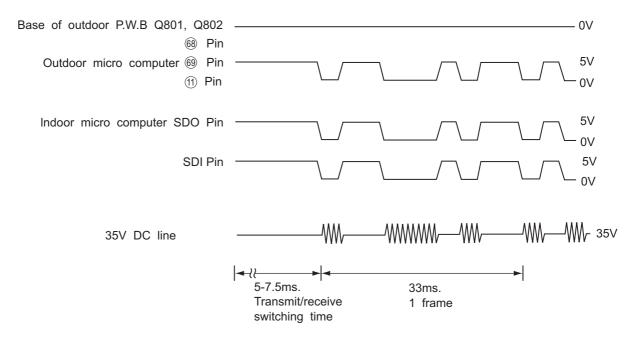
Fig. 2-3 Voltages Waveforms of indoor / Outdoor Micro computers (Indoor to Outdoor Communications)

3. System power Module Circuit

● Fig. 3-1 shows the system power module and its peripheral circuits. (Current ACT module and power module are combined into one unit.) The three transistors on the positive ⊕ side are called the upper arm, and the three transistors on the negative ⊖ side, the lower arm.
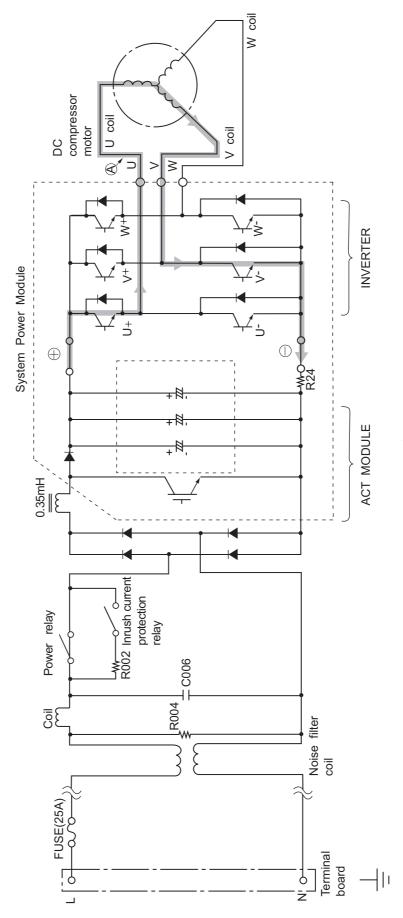
Fig. 3-1 System power module circuit (U⁺ is ON, V⁻ is ON)

● DC 320-360V is input to power module and power module switches power supply current according to rotation position of magnet rotor. The switching order is as shown in Fig. 3-2.

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{※ At point E: U}^+ \text{ is ON, V}^- \text{ is ON (circuit in Fig. 3-1)} \\ \text{※ At point F: U}^+ \text{ is chopped (OFF), V}^- \text{ is ON (circuit in Fig. 3-4)} \end{array}\right]$$
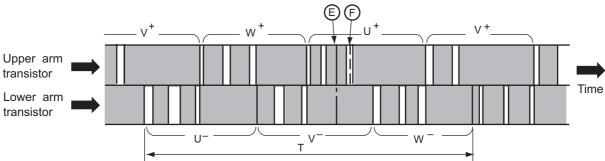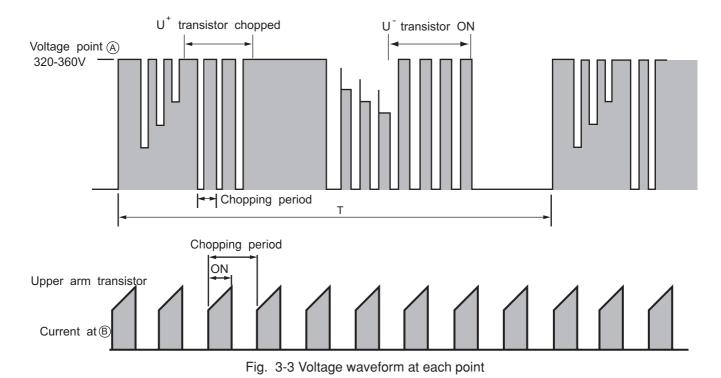
Fig. 3-2 Switching order of power module

● Upper arm transistor is controlled to ON/OFF by 3.2kHz chopper signal. Rotation speed of the compress is proportional to duty ratio (ON time/ ON time + OFF time) of this chopper signal.

● Time T in Fig. 3-2 shows the switching period, and relation with rotation speed (N) of the compressor is shown by formula below;

$$N = 60/2 \times 1/T$$

● Fig. 3-3 shows voltage / current waveform at each point shown in Figs. 3-1 and 3-4. First half of upper arm is chopper, second half is ON, and first half of lower arm is chopper, second half is ON.

Fig. 3-3 Voltage waveform at each point

● When power is supplied U$^+$ → U$^-$, because of that U$^+$ is chopped, current flows as shown below; Ⓑ

(1) When U$^+$ transistor is ON: U$^+$ transistor → U coil → V coil → V$^-$ transistor → DC current detection resistor → Point Ⓑ (Fig. 3-1)

(2) When U$^+$ transistor is OFF: (by inductance of motor coil) U coil → V coil → V$^-$ transistor → Return diode → Point Ⓐ (Fig. 3-4)

– 81 –
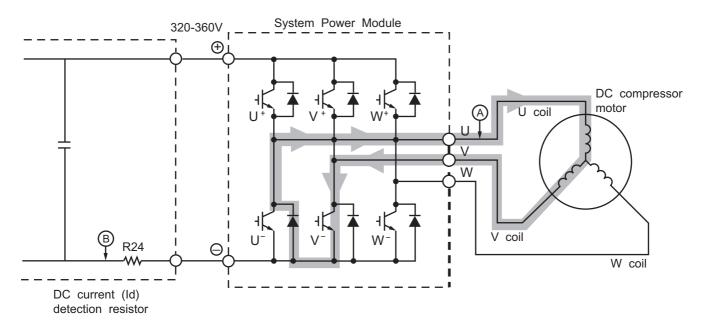
Fig. 3-4 System Power module circuit (U^+ is OFF, V^- is ON)

● Since current flows at point Ⓑ only when U+ transistor and V^- transistor is ON, the current waveform at point Ⓑ becomes intermittent waveform as shown in Fig. 3-3. Since current at point Ⓑ is approximately proportional to the input current of the air conditioner, input current is controlled by using DC current (Id) detection resistor.

<Reference>
   If power module is detective, self diagnosis lamps on the control P.W.B. may indicate as shown below:

Fig. 3-5
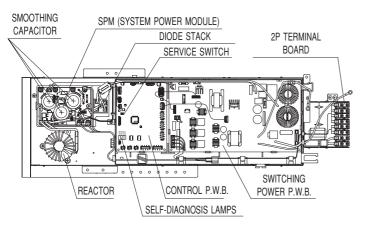
Table 3-1

Self-diagnosis	Self-diagnosis lamp and mode	
Ip (peak current cut)	LD301	Blinks 2 times
Abnormal low speed rotation	LD301	Blinks 3 times
Switching incomplete	LD301	Blinks 4 times

※ From results of power module simple inspection (inspection mode when operated with compressor lead disconnected), LD310 blinks four times about 2 seconds later: Unit has not entered the normal operation.

4. Power Supply Circuit

● Fig. 4-1 shows the power circuit.
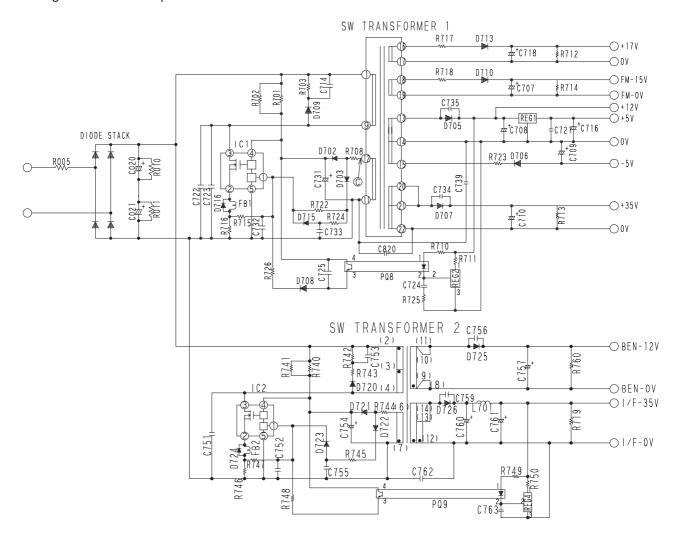
Fig. 4-1 Power circuit for P.W.B.

● There are two switching power supply in Power PWB.
● Switching power supply 1 is generating the secondary power for control circuits and DC35V indoor unit 1.
● Switching power supply 2 is generating the DC12V for expansion valve and DC35V for indoor unit 2 and 3.
● Switching power supply performs voltage conversion effectively by switching transistor IC1 to convert DC330V to high frequency of approximately 20kHz to 200kHz.
● Transistor IC1 operates as follows:

(1) Shifting from OFF to ON

● DC about 330V is applied from smoothing capacitors C020 ⊕ and C021 ⊖ in the control power circuit. With this power, current flows to pin ④ of IC1 via R701 and IC1 starts to turn ON. Since voltage in the direction of arrow generates at point ⓒ at the same time, current passing through R708 and D702 is positive-fed back to IC1.

(2) During ON
- The drain current at IC1 increases linearly. During this period, the gate voltage and current become constant because of the saturation characteristics of the transformer.

(3) Shifting from ON to OFF
- This circuit applies a negative feedback signal from the 12V output. When the voltage across C708 reaches the specified value, REG2 turns on and current flows to PQ8 ①-②. This turns the secondary circuits on, sets IC1 pin ① to "Hi", and turns IC1 off.

(4) During OFF
- While IC1 is on, the following energy charges the primary windings of the transformer:

    Energy=$LI^2/2$. Here, L : Primary inductance

    I : Current when IC1 is off

  This energy discharges to the secondary windings during power off. That is, C707-C710, C718 is charged according to the turn ratio of each winding.
- At the start, an overcurrent flows to IC1 because of the charged current at C707-C710, C718.
- The drain current at IC1 generates a voltage across R716. If it exceeds the IC1 base voltage, it sets the IC gate voltage to "HI".
- R716 limits the gate voltage to prevent excessive collector current from flowing to IC1.
- This SW power circuit uses a frequency as low as 20kHz, especially at a low load (when both the indoor and outdoor units stop): This reduces power loss in standby status.

<Reference>
- If the power circuit for P.W.B. seems to be faulty:

(1) Make sure that 5V, 12V, 15V, 17V and -5V on the control P.W.B. power voltage are the specified values.

(2) When only the 5V output is low:
    REG 1 (regulator) faulty, 5V-0V shorted, output is too high, or REG 1 is abnormal.

(3) When 12V and 5V are abnormal:
    The following defects can be considered:
    ① Fan, operation, power, rush prevention relay (shorting in relay, etc.)
    ② REG 1 (regulator is abnormal), etc.
    Shorting on primary circuits.
    When shorting occurs in the secondary circuits, there is no abnormality in the primary circuits because of overcurrent protection.
    The voltage rises when an opening occurs in the primary circuits, or the feedback system is abnormal.

(4) When 15V and 17V power supply is abnormal:
    D710, D713 or Drive circuit is abnormal.
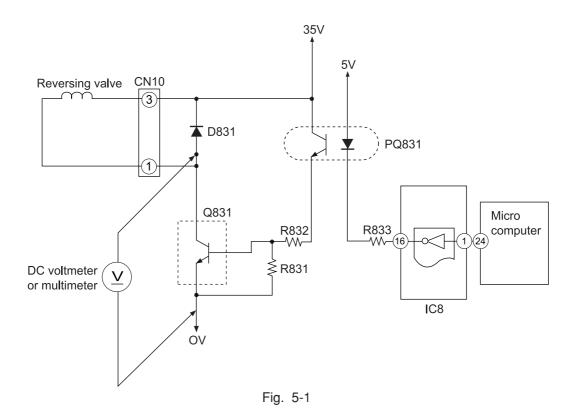
(5) When all voltage are abnormal:
    IC1, R716, may possibly be defective. Also D cable may possibly be reverse connected.

    If IC1 is abnormal, be aware that other components, such as the power module, REG (regulator), etc. are possibly defective.

[When the switching power supply seems to be abnormal, the voltage between IC1 pin ④ (to be measured at the leads of R9701and R702) and IC1 pin ⑤ (to be measured at R216 lead) may be between 11 and 16V. This is because the protection circuit of IC1 is operating.]

5. Reversing valve control circuit

Fig. 5-1

Since the reversing valve is differential pressure system, even when reversing valve is ON (collector of Q831 is about 0.8V normally), compressor rotation speed instructed by indoor microcomputer exceeds 3300min-1, signal at pin of ㉔ microcomputer changes, and collector voltage of Q831 will be about 35V.

This does not indicate trouble. When rotation speed is reduced under 2700min-1, collector voltage of Q831 will fall to about 0.8V again. To measure voltage, connect ⊕ terminal of tester to D831 anode and ⊖ terminal to D line on the terminal board.

● By reversing valve control circuit you can switch reversing valve ON/OFF (cooling ON) according to instruction from indoor microcomputer and depending on operation condition.

Voltage at each point in each operation condition is approximately as shown below when measured by tester. (When collector voltage of Q831 is measured)

Table 5-1

Operation condition		Collector voltage of Q831
Cooling	General operation of cooling	About 0.8V
Heating	In normal heating operation	About 35V
	MAX. rotation speed instructed by indoor microcomputer after defrost is completed	About 35V
	Defrosting	About 0.8V
Dehumidifying	Sensor dry	About 0.8V

6. Rotor magnetic pole position detection circuit
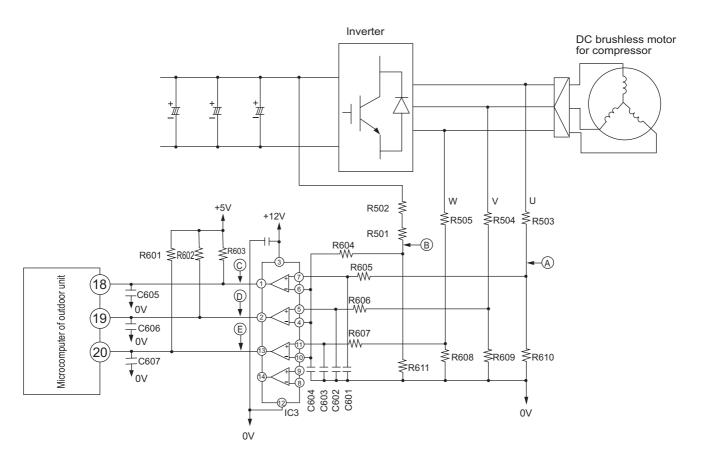
Fig. 6-1 Rotor magnetic pole position detection circuit

When the DC brushless motor is rotated, it also operates as power generator, generating reverse electromotive force according to number of rotations. This reverse electromotive force is voltage-divided by R503 - R505 and R608 - R610, and appears as point Ⓐ voltage. IC3 compares and digitalizes point Ⓐ voltage with point Ⓑ voltage (in which DC voltage (Vd) is voltage-divided by R501, R502 and R611), and inputs this to microcomputer as position detection signals for points Ⓒ, Ⓓ and Ⓔ. Microcomputer switches inverter using optimum timing based on position detection signals, in order to control the rotation of the brushless motor.

7. Peripheral circuit of microcomputer

● Fig. 7-1 shows the microcomputer and its peripheral circuits.

Table 7-1, the basic operations of each circuit block, and Fig. 7-2, the system configuration.
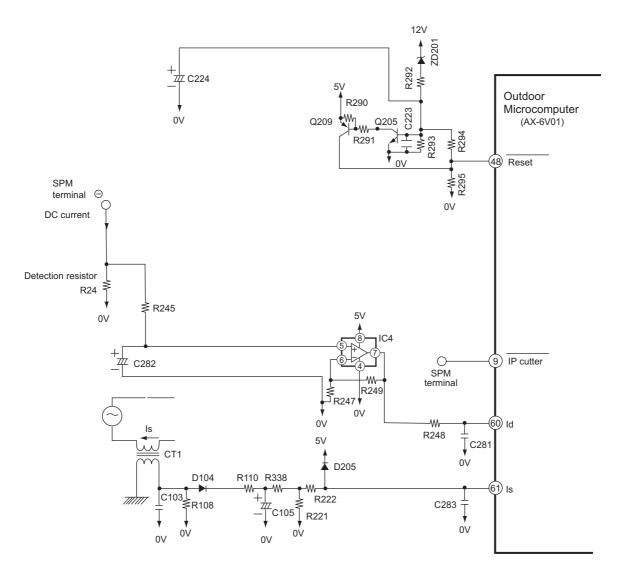
Fig. 7-1 Peripheral circuit of microcomputer (AX-6V01)

Table 7-1

Circuit block	Basic operation
Peak current cut off circuit	This circuit detects DC current flowing power module: When over-current (instantaneous value) flows, it stops upper and lower arm drive circuit and also produces Ip signal to stop microcomputer.
Overload external judgment circuit	This circuit detects DC current flowing to power module and produces signal to notify microcomputer of overload status.
Voltage amplifier circuit	This circuit voltage-amplifies DC current level detected by detection resistor and sends it to microcomputer. In addition, setting of internal/external overload judgment is performed.
Reset circuit	This circuit produces reset voltage.

8. Overload control circuit (OVL control circuit)

- Overload control is to decrease the speed of the compressor and reduce the load when the load on the air conditioner increases to an overload state, in order to protect the compressor, electronic components and power breaker.

- Overloads are judged by comparing the DC current level and set value.

- Fig. 8-1 shows the overload control system configuration and Fig. 8-2 is a characteristic diagram of overload judgement values. There are two judgement methods-external judgement which mompares the externally set value with the DC current value regardless of the rotation speed and internal judgement which compares the set value that according to the rotation speed programmed in the micro computer software with the DC current value.
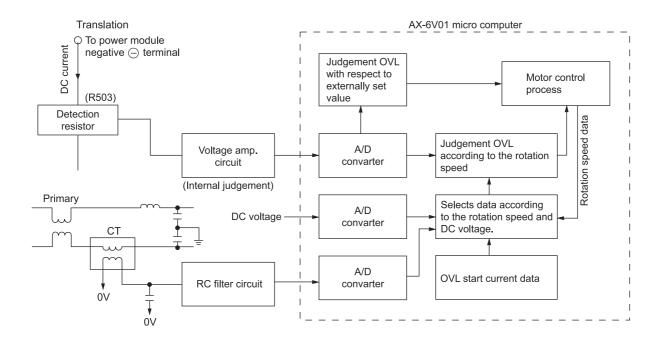
Fig. 8-1 Overload Control System Configuration
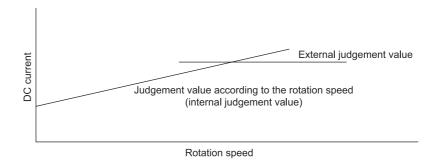
Fig. 8-2

9. Reset circuit
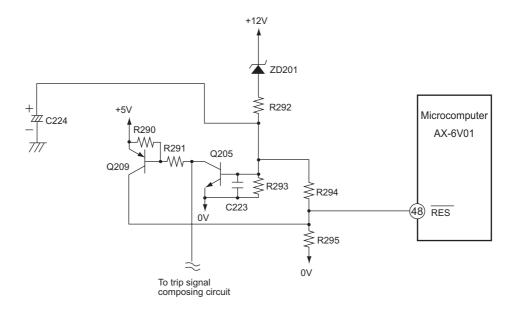
Fig. 9-1

- Reset circuit performs initial setting of microcomputer program when power is turned on.
- Microcomputer resets program with reset voltage set to Lo, to enable operation at Hi level.
- Fig. 9-1 shows reset circuit, and Fig. 9-2 shows waveforms at each point when power is turned on and off.
- After power is turned on, 12V line and 5V line voltages rise: When 12V line voltage reaches 7.2V (Zener voltage of ZD201) ZD201 turns ON and Q208 and Q205 turn on, and reset voltage becomes Hi. Reset voltage is not set to Hi until VDD of microcomputer rises to 5V, enabling operation, due to ZD201.
- After power turns off, when 12V line voltage drops, ZD201 also turns OFF. However, Q208 is left ON since reset voltage is fed back by R294, until 12V line drops to about 7.6V. This prevents chattering of reset voltage due to voltage change in 12V line.

Fig. 9-2

– 89 –
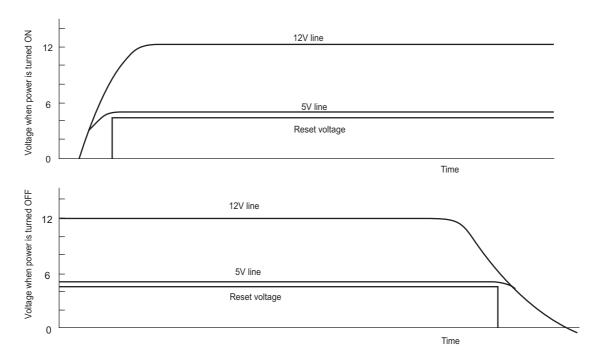
10. Temperature Detection Circuit

- The outdoor units (this model) provides with the outdoor temperature thermistor, DEF (defrost) thermistor, OH (overheat) thermistor and electric expansion valve thermistor so that they detect the temperatures of the unit and control the system.

- The circuit of the thermistors is shown as Fig. 10-1 for model RAM-55QH5, Fig. 10-2 for model RAM-65QH5, and their roles and temperature measuring points are shown as Table 10-1.
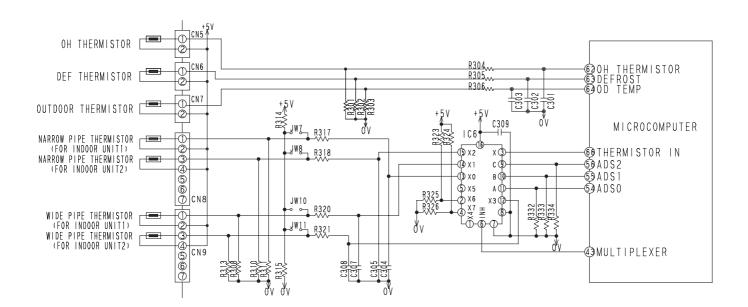
Fig. 10-1 Temperature Detection Circuit
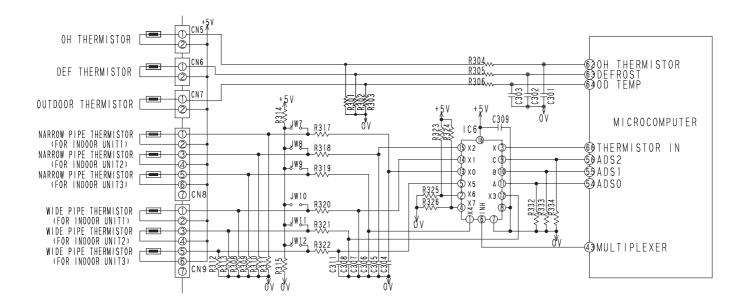
Fig. 10-2 Temperature Detection Circuit

Table 10-1 Name and Role of each thermistor

	Name	Connector No	Measuring Point	Role
	OH thermistor	CN5	Compressor head	If the temperature of the compressor rises abnormally (118°C), the compressor will be stopped. The temperature is used to decide the operation of the valve.
	DEF thermistor	CN6	Heat exchanger	The thermistors decide the defrost operation during heating combined the data of the outside temperature and its data.
	Outdoor temperature thermistor	CN7	Outside temperature	Outdoor temperature is used to decide the various operations of the air conditioner.
	Electric expansion valve thermistor (NARROW PIPE 1)	CN8	Indoor unit 1 (NARROW PIPE)	The thermistors detect the temperatures of the piping to the indoor units. The temperatures are used to decide how much the expansion valve is opened.
	Electric expansion valve thermistor (NARROW PIPE 2)		Indoor unit 2 (NARROW PIPE)	
*	Electric expansion valve thermistor (NARROW PIPE 3)		Indoor unit 3 (NARROW PIPE)	
	Electric expansion valve thermistor (WIDE PIPE 1)	CN9	Indoor unit 1 (WIDE PIPE)	
	Electric expansion valve thermistor (WIDE PIPE 2)		Indoor unit 2 (WIDE PIPE)	
*	Electric expansion valve thermistor (WIDE PIPE 3)		Indoor unit 3 (WIDE PIPE)	

Remark :
"*" mark is for model RAM-65QH5 only.

- Table 10-2 shows the correspondence between the thermistor's resistance and the temperature. They should be used as reference values. The value, which you measure, may be slightly difference from that in the table. It depends on the instrument.

- When you measure the resistance, pull out the connector after turning off the power supply. Pulling out the connector while the power supply is turned on will cause troubles.

Table 10-2 Correspondence between each thermistor's resistance and temperature (reference value)

Electric expansion valve thermistor DEF thermistor	Temperature	Resistance	Microcomputer pin potential
	-15°C	12.6kΩ	1.0V
	0°C	6.1kΩ	1.7V
	25°C	2.2kΩ	3.0V
	50°C	860Ω	3.9V
	75°C	400Ω	4.4V
Outdoor temperature thermistor	Temperature	Resistance	Potential
	-15°C	12.6kΩ	1.0V
	0°C	6.1kΩ	1.7V
	15°C	3.2kΩ	2.4V
	30°C	2kΩ	3.1V
OH thermistor	Temperature	Resistance	Potential
	25°C	33.9kΩ	0.5V
	50°C	10.8kΩ	1.3V
	75°C	4.1kΩ	2.4V
	100°C	1.7kΩ	3.4V
	105°C	1.5kΩ	3.6V
	118°C	1kΩ	3.9V

- When the connectors of the thermistors are disconnected or the thermistors is open or short, LD301 (red) lights and LD302 (red) blinks so that they indicate troubled parts. Combinations of LD301 and LD302 are set up for indicating troubled thermistors. The correspondences between the number of blink time and troubled parts are shown as Table 10-3. Look in the table (LD301 and LD302 blink) for troubled parts, and if the disconnections of them are checked out, they are replaced.

- If you can see two or more troubled thermistors, a small number of blink takes precedence of others.

- The electric expansions valve thermistor is put togrther with 3 pieces, when replacing the thermistor, replace one set of 3 pieces as taking care of positioning. If you don't do so, the unit may not operate normally and its cooling and heating performance may drop.

- Be ware that only an open-circuit for OH thermistor has to be checked in 5 minutes after the compressor starts.

- If the unit operates abnormally after replacing the thermistor, replace the control P.W.B. because it malfunctions.

Table 10-3 LED lighting mode at the thermistors troubled

		LED lighting mode		Troubled thermistor	Judgement	
		LD301	LD302		Open	Short
RAM-65QH5	RAM-55QH5	Lights	1 blink	OH thermistor	0.04V or less	4.96V or more
		Lights	2 blinks	DEF thermistor	0.04V or less	4.94V or more
		Lights	3 blinks	Outdoor temperature thermistor		
		Lights	4 blinks	Electric expansion value thermistor (thin pipe 1)		
		Lights	5 blinks	Electric expansion value thermistor (thick pipe 1)		
		Lights	6 blinks	Electric expansion value thermistor (thin pipe 2)		
		Lights	7 blinks	Electric expansion value thermistor (thick pipe 2)		
		Lights	8 blinks	Electric expansion value thermistor (thin pipe 3)	0.04V or less	4.94V or more
		Lights	9 blinks	Electric expansion value thermistor (thick pipe 3)		

- The OH thermistors are detecting the compressor head temperatures. If the temperature rises over 118°C, the compressor in the cycle will be stopped to protect itself and LD301 will blink 6 times (OH STOP). When the compressor temperature fells under 105°C, the compressor will restart. During OH STOP, the fan continues to spin. The other cycles without a trouble operates normally.

- If OH STOP often occurs, the refrigerant may be leaking.

11. Electric expansion valve

Table 11-1

- The electric expansion valve is driven by DC 12V. Power is supplied to 1 or 2 phases of 4-phase winding to switch magnetic pole of winding in order to control opening degree.

- Relationship between power switching direction of phase and open/close direction is shown below.

  When power is supplied, voltages at pins 4 to 1 of CN15~CN17 are about 0.9V; they are about 12V when no power is supplied. When power is reset, initialization is performed for 10 or 20 seconds.

  During initialization, measure all voltages at pins 4 to 1 of CN15~CN17 using mutimeter. If there is any pin with voltage that has not changed from around 0.9V or 12V, expansion valve or microcomputer is defective.

- Fig. 11-2 shows logic waveform when expansion valve is operating.

Table 11-2

Pin phase No.	Lear wire	Drive status							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
④	White	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
③	Yellow	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
②	Orange	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
①	Blue	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON

Operation mode
1→2→3→4→5→6→7→8   VALVE CLOSE
8→7→6→5→4→3→2→1   VALVE OPEN
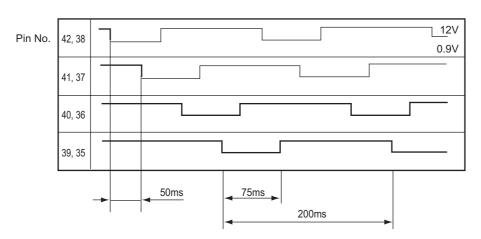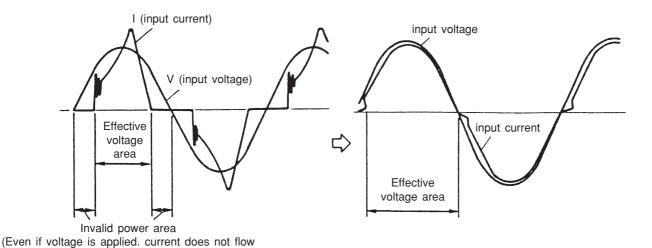
Fig. 11-2

With expansion valve control, opening degree is adjusted to stabilize target temperature, by detecting temperature of compressor head.

The period of control is about once per 20 seconds, and output a few pulses.

12. Power Factor Control Circuit

Power factor is controlled by almost 100%. (Effective use of power)
With IC in ACT module, control is performed so that input current waveform will be similar to waveform of input voltage.
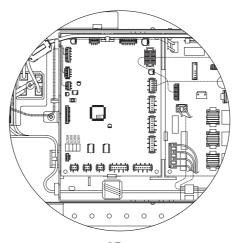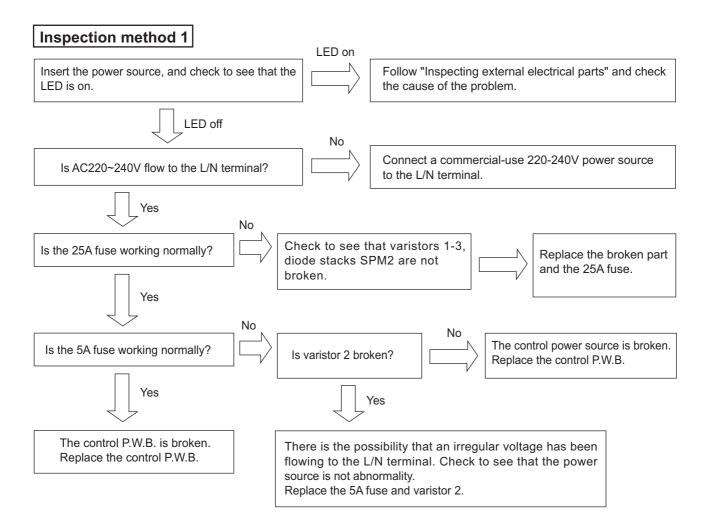
*Assuming the same current capacity (20A), power can be used about 10% effective, comparing with curent use (power factor of 90%), and maximum capacity is thereby improved.

INSPECTING OUTDOOR ELECTRICAL PARTS
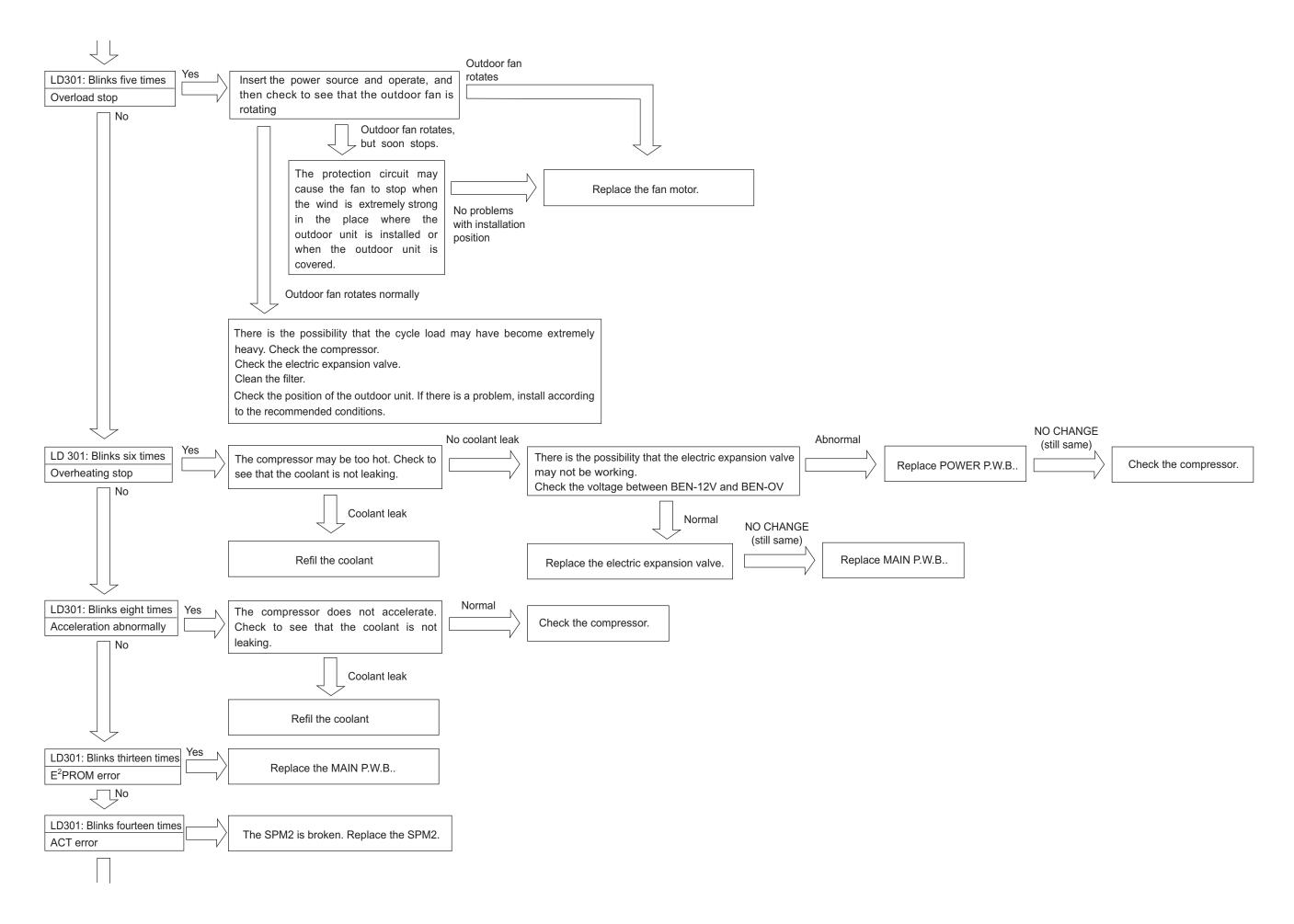
• Check to see that the LED is either on or blinking.
• Carry out inspections by examining the on/blinking status of LEDs 301-304.
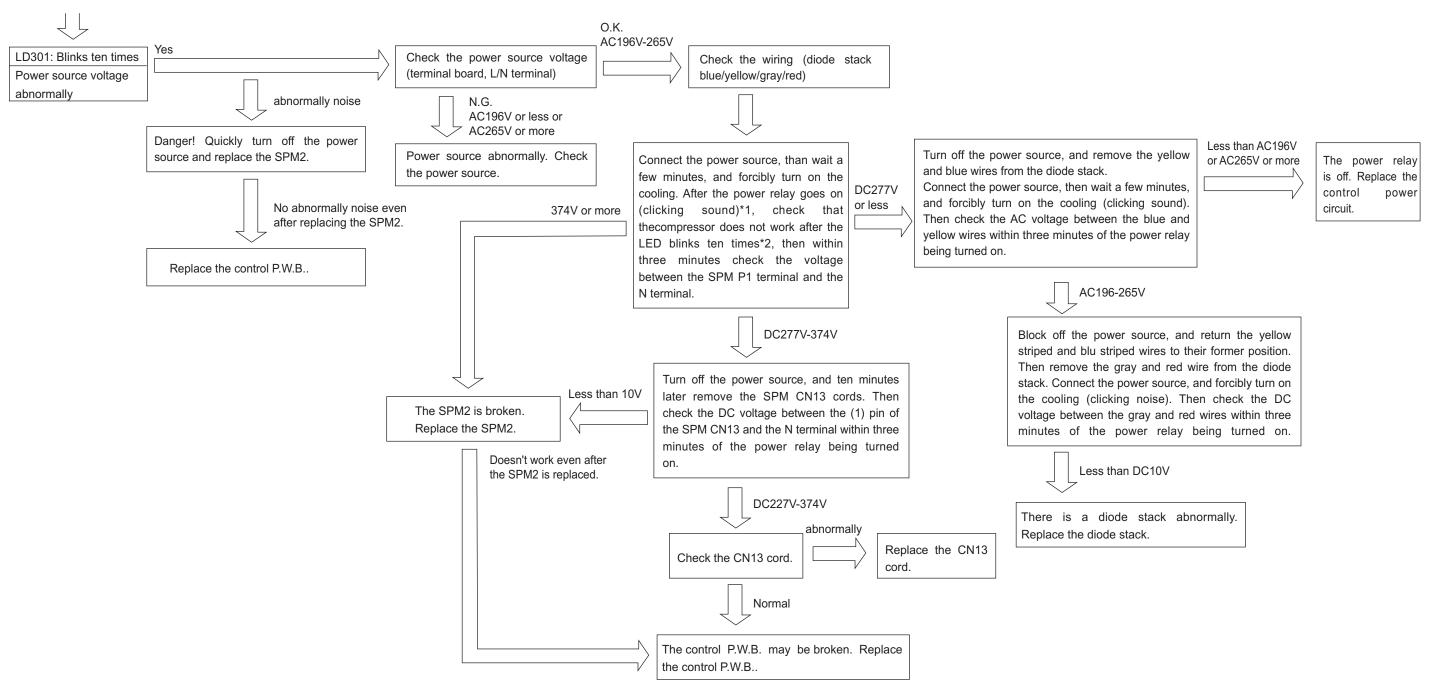
LED number	LD301	LD302	LD303	LD304	Status	Checkpoints
Name	Diagnosis lamp 1	Diagnosis lamp 2	Communications lamp	Operation lamp		
Case 1	Off	Off	Off	Off	Normal off status or unconnected microcomputer power source	If the LED is not on even when the power source is connected the microcomputer power source is unconnected. → Inspection method 1
Case 2	Blinks once	Off	Off	Off	Microcomputer reset status (immediately after inserting power source or immediately after power source abnormally)	If is normal for LD301 to blink once after the power source has been inserted. If the unit stops when it is in operation and LD301 blinks once, it is possible that the power source has been temporarily interrupted by lightening or for some other reason. Replace the control PCB if this occurs frequently.
Case 3	Blinks	Off	Off	Off	Abnormally stop	Abnormally stop is shown by the number of times the LED blinks. → Inspection method 2
Case 4	On	Blinks	Off	Off	Thermistor abnormally	Thermistor abnormally is shown by the number of times the LED blinks. → Inspection method 3
Case 5	Off (blinks once)	Off	Blinks	Off (blinks)	Communications error	Communications error is shown by the number of times the LED blinks. → Inspection method 4 *In the case that an internal unit is not connected, the number of connected internal units is shown by the number of times the LED blinks. This is not a abnormally. The internal unit has no communications error and is able to operate normally.
Case 6	Off	Off	On	Off	Normal operation	Normal operation
Case 7	On	Off	On	Off	OVL1 operation	Normal operation
Case 8	Off	On	On	Off	OVL2 operation	Normal operation
Case 9	On	On	On	Off	OVL3 operation	Normal operation

Inspection method 1

Insert the power source, and check to see that the LED is on.

LED on → Follow "Inspecting external electrical parts" and check the cause of the problem.

↓ LED off

Is AC220~240V flow to the L/N terminal?

No → Connect a commercial-use 220-240V power source to the L/N terminal.

↓ Yes

Is the 25A fuse working normally?

No → Check to see that varistors 1-3, diode stacks SPM2 are not broken.

→ Replace the broken part and the 25A fuse.

↓ Yes

Is the 5A fuse working normally?

No → Is varistor 2 broken?

No → The control power source is broken. Replace the control P.W.B.

↓ Yes

The control P.W.B. is broken. Replace the control P.W.B.

↓ Yes (from "Is varistor 2 broken?")

There is the possibility that an irregular voltage has been flowing to the L/N terminal. Check to see that the power source is not abnormality.
Replace the 5A fuse and varistor 2.

Inspection method 2

Check the number of times LD301 blinks.

↓

LD301: Blinks once
Reset stop

— Yes → The power source or some other reason may have caused the microcomputer to reset. Replace the control P.W.B. if the LED blinks once and then stops frequently during operation.
* The LED blinks once after the power source has been inserted.

↓ No

LD301: Blinks twice
Peak current cut

— Yes → Is LD302 blinking?

— Blinks twice → The SPM2 is broken. Replace the SPM2.

— Doesn't work even after the SPM2 is replaced. → If the unit doesn't work even after the SPM2 is replaced, the drive circuit may be broken or the CN14 cable may be cut. Check to see that an electrical current is flowing through the CN14 cable.

↓ Cable abnormally
Replace the CN14 cable.

↓ No cable abnormally
Replace the MAIN P.W.B..

↓ Doesn't blink

Check to see the approximate length of time it takes for the compressor to stop after switching on and operating two or three times.
* Wait for three minutes or more before operating.

— Restarts quickly every time. →

↓ Takes several minutes to restart.

There is the possibility that the cycly load has become heavy and the compressor has come loose. Check the compressor.
* In this case the LED may blink three times before stopping.

↓ No

LD301: Blinks three times
Low speed

— Yes → Check to see the approximate length of time it takes for the compressor to stop after switching on and operating two or three times.
* Wait for three minutes or more before operating.

— Restarts quickly every time. → Ia the wire from the SPM2 to the compressor loose or broken, or has it been connected improperly?

— Cable abnormally → In the case that one of the compressor cables has become loose (or broken), the compressor may work even if it is missing a phase. The compressor occasionally operates in reverse if one of the compressor cables has been connected improperly. Replace the cable or rewire as appropriate.

↓ No abnormally

The SPM2 may be broken. Replace the SPM2.

— Doesn't work even after the SPM2 is replaced. → If the unit doesn't work even after replacing the SPM2, the drive circuit may be broken. Replace the MAIN P.W.B..

↓ Takes several minutes to restart.

There is the chance that the cycle load has become heavy and the compressor has come loose. Check the compressor.
* In this case the LED may blink twice before stopping.

↓ No

LD301: Blinks four times
Switch failure

— Yes → Check to see that the MAIN P.W.B. has 17V.
* Be sure to check the correct points for measuring.

— O.K. (16-19V) → Ia the wire from the SPM2 to the compressor loose or broken, or has it been connected improperly?

— Cable abnormally → The compressor switch fails if two or more compressor cables are loose (or broken).
There is the possibility that the compressor will not operate if the compressor cables have been connected improperly.
Replace the cable or rewire as appropriate.

↓ abnormally

The power source circuit is broken. Replace the control P.W.B..

↓ No abnormally

The SPM2 may be broken. Replace the SPM2.

— Doesn't work even after the SPM2 is replaced. → If the unit doesn't work even after replacing the SPM2, the position detection circuit may be broken. Replace the MAIN P.W.B..

↓ No

LD301: Blinks five times
Overload stop

Yes → Insert the power source and operate, and then check to see that the outdoor fan is rotating

No ↓

Outdoor fan rotates →

Outdoor fan rotates, but soon stops.

The protection circuit may cause the fan to stop when the wind is extremely strong in the place where the outdoor unit is installed or when the outdoor unit is covered.

No problems with installation position → Replace the fan motor.

Outdoor fan rotates normally

There is the possibility that the cycle load may have become extremely heavy. Check the compressor.
Check the electric expansion valve.
Clean the filter.
Check the position of the outdoor unit. If there is a problem, install according to the recommended conditions.

LD 301: Blinks six times
Overheating stop

Yes → The compressor may be too hot. Check to see that the coolant is not leaking.

No coolant leak → There is the possibility that the electric expansion valve may not be working.
Check the voltage between BEN-12V and BEN-0V

Abnormal → Replace POWER P.W.B..

NO CHANGE (still same) → Check the compressor.

No ↓

Coolant leak ↓

Refil the coolant

Normal ↓

Replace the electric expansion valve.

NO CHANGE (still same) → Replace MAIN P.W.B..

LD301: Blinks eight times
Acceleration abnormally

Yes → The compressor does not accelerate. Check to see that the coolant is not leaking.

Normal → Check the compressor.

No ↓

Coolant leak ↓

Refil the coolant

LD301: Blinks thirteen times
E^{2}PROM error

Yes → Replace the MAIN P.W.B..

No ↓

LD301: Blinks fourteen times
ACT error

→ The SPM2 is broken. Replace the SPM2.

LD301: Blinks ten times Power source voltage abnormally

Yes → Check the power source voltage (terminal board, L/N terminal)

abnormally noise → Danger! Quickly turn off the power source and replace the SPM2.

→ No abnormally noise even after replacing the SPM2. → Replace the control P.W.B..

N.G. AC196V or less or AC265V or more → Power source abnormally. Check the power source.

O.K. AC196V-265V → Check the wiring (diode stack blue/yellow/gray/red)

→ Connect the power source, than wait a few minutes, and forcibly turn on the cooling. After the power relay goes on (clicking sound)*1, check that thecompressor does not work after the LED blinks ten times*2, then within three minutes check the voltage between the SPM P1 terminal and the N terminal.

DC277V or less → Turn off the power source, and remove the yellow and blue wires from the diode stack. Connect the power source, then wait a few minutes, and forcibly turn on the cooling (clicking sound). Then check the AC voltage between the blue and yellow wires within three minutes of the power relay being turned on.

Less than AC196V or AC265V or more → The power relay is off. Replace the control power circuit.

AC196-265V → Block off the power source, and return the yellow striped and blu striped wires to their former position. Then remove the gray and red wire from the diode stack. Connect the power source, and forcibly turn on the cooling (clicking noise). Then check the DC voltage between the gray and red wires within three minutes of the power relay being turned on.

Less than DC10V → There is a diode stack abnormally. Replace the diode stack.

DC277V-374V → Turn off the power source, and ten minutes later remove the SPM CN13 cords. Then check the DC voltage between the (1) pin of the SPM CN13 and the N terminal within three minutes of the power relay being turned on.

374V or more → (to) The SPM2 is broken. Replace the SPM2.

Less than 10V → The SPM2 is broken. Replace the SPM2.

Doesn't work even after the SPM2 is replaced. → The control P.W.B. may be broken. Replace the control P.W.B..

DC227V-374V → Check the CN13 cord.

abnormally → Replace the CN13 cord.

Normal → The control P.W.B. may be broken. Replace the control P.W.B..

* 1   The power relay does not turn on without an operation order. In the case of a abnormally stop, the power relay turns off after approximately three minutes.

* 2   Carry out each of the voltage checks in the three minutes between the power relay turning on and turning off.

Inspection method 3

Check the light status of LD301 and LD302

LD301 : ON ──no──▶ The trouble is not in this method.
Please back to the clause
"INSPECTING OUTDOOR ELECTRICAL PARTS"

│ yes

LD302 : Blink 1 time / OH thermistor failure ──yes──▶ Replace OH thermistor

│ no

LD302 : Blink 2 times / DEF thermistor failure ──yes──▶ Replace DEF thermistor

│ no

LD302 : Blink 3 times / Outdoor Tempreature thermistor failure ──yes──▶ Replace Outdoor Temperature thermistor

│ no

LD302 : Blink 4 times / Narrow pipe thermistor #1 failure ──yes──▶ Replace Narrow pipe thermistor (CN8)

│ no

LD302 : Blink 5 times / Wide pipe thermistor #1 failure ──yes──▶ Replace Wide pipe thermistor (CN9)

│ no

LD302 : Blink 6 times / Narrow pipe thermistor #2 failure ──yes──▶ Replace Narrow pipe thermistor (CN8)

│ no

LD302 : Blink 7 times / Wide pipe thermistor #2 failure ──yes──▶ Replace Wide pipe thermistor (CN9)

│ no

LD302 : Blink 8 times / Narrow pipe thermistor #3 failure ──yes──▶ Replace Narrow pipe thermistor (CN8)

│ no

LD302 : Blink 9 times / Wide pipe thermistor #3 failure ──yes──▶ Replace Wide pipe thermistor (CN9)

After replace the thermistors, switch on the power source and check the LD302 blinks again.

no ↓ / yes

Thermistors are repaired

Is the blinking mode (times) as same as before thermistor replaced?

yes (same) / no (different)

Replace MAIN P.W.B

note:
Blinking of the LD302 has a priority from the smaller number of times.
In case of some thermistors are failed same time, the LD302 shows the smallest blinking time first.
After the first thermistor repaired, LD302 shows the next failed thermistor blinking.

Inspection method 4

Check the light status of LD304

| LD304 : Blink 1 time | | |
| Communication error of Indoor #1 | | |

— yes → Check C1/D1 voltage OK=DC32 to 37V — OK → Replace MAIN P.W.B. →

↓ NG → Check C1/D1 connection — OK → Replace POWER P.W.B. →

↓ NG → Correct C1/D1 connection →

no ↓

| LD304 : Blink 2 times | | |
| Communication error of Indoor #2 | | |

— yes → Check C2/D2 voltage OK=DC32 to 37V — OK → Replace MAIN P.W.B. →

↓ NG → Check C2/D2 connection — OK → Replace POWER P.W.B. →

↓ NG → Correct C3/D3 connection →

no ↓

| LD304 : Blink 3 times | | |
| Communication error of Indoor #3 | | |

— yes → Check C3/D3 voltage OK=DC32 to 37V — OK → Replace MAIN P.W.B. →

↓ NG → Check C3/D3 connection — OK → Replace POWER P.W.B. →

↓ NG → Correct C3/D3 connection →

Restart operation and check the diagnosis status again.

If same error cord occure,

check the Indoor unit. or Replace both POWER and MAIN P.W.B

note:
If Indoor unit is not installed, the correspond error cord will be generated.
Blinking of the LD304 has a priority from the smaller number of times.
In case of some indoors are failed at same time, the LD304 shows the smallest blinking time first.
After the first failure repaired, LD304 shows the next fail.

HOW TO OPERATE USING THE SERVICE SWITCH THE OUTDOOR UNIT

MODEL RAM-55QH5, RAM-65QH5

1. Turn the Power switch off and then turn on again.
2. Remove the electrical parts cover.
3. Press the service switch for one second or more (wait for at least 30 seconds after turning the power source switch on).

Never operate the unit in this state for more than 5 minutes.

Open the upper cover

Service switch
(forced-cooling mode is set by pressing for 1 second or more, and stopped by pressing again.)

(Cautions)
(1) If interface signal (35V DC) terminals C and D are not connected when the outdoor unit service switch is used for checking, the outdoor unit defects indicator (LD304) will blink to indicate communication error.
(2) If you do this with the compressor connector in a removed state, LD301 will blink four times, and the unit will not work.
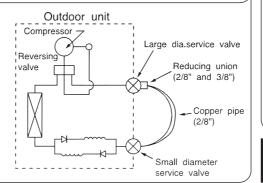
Be sure to return the service switch to "normal" after checking with service operation is completed.

HOW TO OPERATE THE OUTDOOR UNIT INDEPENDENTLY

1. Connect the large dia. pipe side and small dia. pipe side service valves using a pipe.

Connect the small diameter service value and the large diameter service valve using the reducing union and copper pipe as shown on the right.

Charge refrigerant of 300g after vacuuming (※1)

Outdoor unit

Compressor

Reversing valve

Large dia.service valve

Reducing union (2/8" and 3/8")

Copper pipe (2/8")

Small diameter service valve

Parts to be prepared

(1) Reducing union
2/8" (6.35mm)
3/8" (9.52mm)
(2) Copper pipe (2/8" and 3/8")

Do not operate for 5 minutes or more

The operation method is the same as "How to operate using the connector to servicing the outdoor unit"
※ 1 The charging amount of 300g is equivalent to the load in normal operation.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Model   RAM-55QH5
RAM-65QH5

⚠️ DANGER
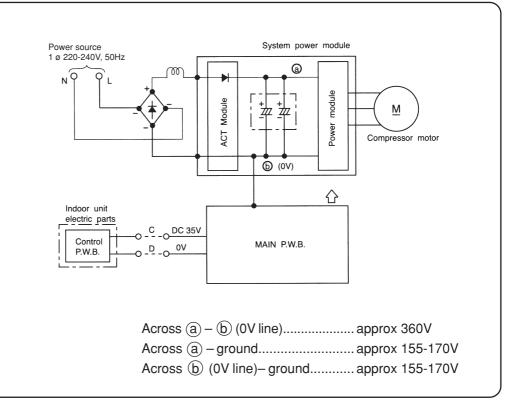
1. Remember that the 0V line is biased to 162V in reference to the ground level.

2. Also note that it takes about 10 minutes until the voltage fall after the power switch is turned off.

Power source
1 ø 220-240V, 50Hz

System power module

N   L

ACT Module

Power module

Ⓐ

ⓑ (0V)

M

Compressor motor

Indoor unit electric parts

Control P.W.B.

C   DC 35V

D   0V

MAIN P.W.B.

Across Ⓐ – ⓑ (0V line).................... approx 360V

Across Ⓐ – ground.......................... approx 155-170V

Across ⓑ (0V line)– ground............ approx 155-170V

⚠️ DANGER
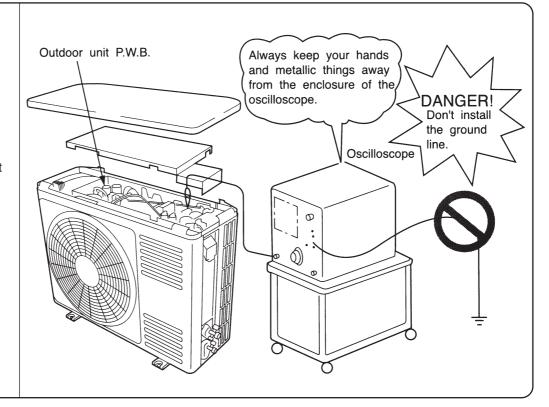
When using an oscilloscope, never ground it. Don't forget that high voltages as noted above may apply to the oscilloscope.

Outdoor unit P.W.B.

Always keep your hands and metallic things away from the enclosure of the oscilloscope.

DANGER!
Don't install the ground line.

Oscilloscope
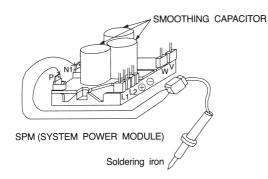
Discharge procedure and how to cut off power to power circuit

WARNING

Caution

- Voltage of about 360V is charged at both ends of smoothing capacitor 330μF x 3.

- High voltage (DC 360V) is also charged at screw and terminal sections of system power module.

- During continuity check of each circuit of electrical parts in outdoor unit is performed, to prevent secondary trouble, disconnect red/gray wire connected to system power module (SPM) from diode stack. (Also be sure to perform discharging of smoothing capacitor.)

1. Disconnect power plug.

2. Wait for 10 minutes or more after power is turned off and then remove electrical parts box lid. As shown below. Apply soldering iron of 30-75W for 15 seconds or more to P1 and N1 black/white lead receptacles on system power module to discharge voltage from smoothing capacitor.
   Do not loosen or remove screws of system power module: If screw is loose, voltage will not be discharged.
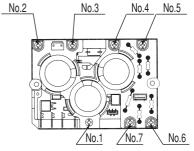
3. Before operation check of each part of circuit, remove receptacle of red/gray lead connected to system power modelu from diodde stack.

SMOOTHING CAPACITOR

SPM (SYSTEM POWER MODULE)

Soldering iron
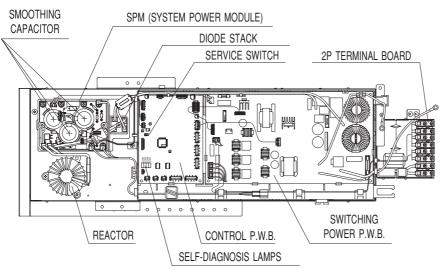
Do not use soldering iron with transformer: Doing so will blow thermal fuse inside transformer.

As shown left, apply soldering iron to metal parts (receptacles) in sleeve corresponding to P and N1 terminals of system power module.
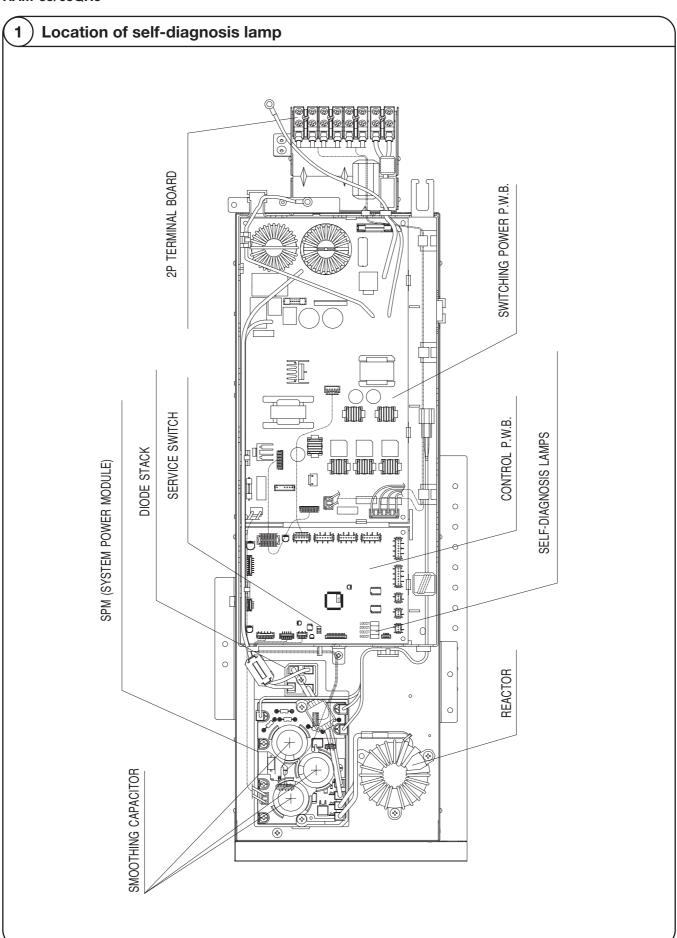
Screws of system power module are live parts: Do not touch them. Screw tightening torque and method are strictly specified. When the screw is loosened or removed once, be sure to tighten according to the procedure shown on the right, with tightening torque of 0.8±0.2N•m.

No.2   No.3   No.4   No.5

No.1   No.7   No.6

SMOOTHING CAPACITOR

SPM (SYSTEM POWER MODULE)

DIODE STACK

SERVICE SWITCH

2P TERMINAL BOARD

REACTOR

CONTROL P.W.B.

SELF-DIAGNOSIS LAMPS

SWITCHING POWER P.W.B.

Lighting mode self-diagnosis lamp

RAM-55/65QH5

1) **Location of self-diagnosis lamp**

RAM-55/65QH5

⚠ ⚡ DANGER (DC360V)

● WAIT FOR TEN-MINUTE (MIN) AFTER TURNING OFF THE POWER SWITCH WHEN SERVICE WORK IS BEING DONE.

SERVICE OPERATION

REFRIGERANT WITHDRAWAL OR SINGLE OPERATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT, SHALL SWITCH OFF THE EXCLUSIVE BREAKER FIRST.
PUT THE SWITCH TO ON POSITION BACK AND WAIT AT LEAST 20 SECONDS.
THEN PUSH THE SERVICE SWITCH WHICH IS ON THE CIRCUIT BOARD FOR MORE THAN 1 SECOND.
(THERE WILL BE A COOLING CYCLE) TO PRESERVE PARTS FROM DAMAGE, MUST NOT OPERATE IT FOR MORE THAN 5 MINUTES.
TO PAUSE, PUSH THE SERVICE SWITCH AT LEAST 1 SECOND IN CASE TO START OPERATING ONCE AGAIN PLEASE SWITCH OFF THE POWER BACK.

SERVICE SWITCH
MAIN P.W.B.
LD304
LD303
LD302
LD301
POWER P.W.B.

SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE ▨:LIT ▧:BLINKING ☐:OFF

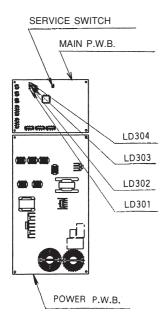| LD301 RED	LD302 RED	LD303 RED	LD304 GRN	SELF-DIAGNOSIS NAME	DETAILS	MAIN CHECK POINT
				[1] DURING OPERATION		
☐	☐	▨	☐	NORMAL OPERATION	COMPRESSOR OPERATION	NOT MALFUNCTION
▨	☐	▨	☐	OVERLOAD (1)	(1) (2) SET VALUE (3)	
☐	▨	▨	☐	OVERLOAD (2)	ROTATION SPEED — TIME. THE ROTATION SPEED IS AUTOMATICALLY CONTROLLED TO PROTECT THE COMPRESSOR IN THE OVERLOAD CONDITION.	THIS SHOWS AN OVERLOAD. NOT MALFUNCTION.
▨	▨	▨	☐	OVERLOAD (3)		
				[2] DURING STOP		
☐	☐	☐	☐	NORMAL STOP	INDOOR THERMOSTAT OFF. MAIN OPERATION OFF.	NOT MALFUNCTION.
▧ 1TIME	☐	☐	☐	RESET STOP	WHEN STOPPED WITH POWER RESET. (NORMAL WHEN POWER HAS BEEN TURNED ON.)	P.W.B.s (POWER CIRCUIT, MICROCOMPUTER, ETC.)
▧ 2TIMES	☐	☐	☐	PEAK CURRENT CUT	OVERCURRENT IS DETECTED.	①COMPRESSOR ②P.W.B.s
▧ 2TIMES	▧	☐	☐			①SYSTEM POWER MODULE ②P.W.B.s
▧ 3TIMES	☐	☐	☐	ABNORMAL LOW SPEED ROTATION	POSITION DETECTION SIGNAL IS NOT INPUT DURING OPERATION.	①SYSTEM POWER MODULE ②COMPRESSOR ③P.W.B.s
▧ 4TIMES	☐	☐	☐	SWITCHING FAILURE	SWITCHING FROM LOW FREQUENCY SYNC START TO POSITION DETECTION OPERATION FAILURE.	①SYSTEM POWER MODULE ②COMPRESSOR ③P.W.B.s
▧ 5TIMES	☐	☐	☐	OVERLOAD LOWER LIMIT CUT	UNDER THE LOWER LIMIT OF ROTATION SPEED WITH OVERLOAD CONTROL CIRCUIT OPERATED.	①OUTDOOR UNIT IS EXPOSED TO DIRECT SUNLIGHT OR ITS AIRFLOW BLOCKED. ②FAN MOTOR ④FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT ③THE VOLTAGE IS EXTREMELY LOW.
▧ 6TIMES	☐	☐	☐	OH THERMISTOR TEMP. RISE	OH THERMISTOR OPERATED.	①LEAK OF REFRIGERANT ②COMPRESSOR ③OH THERMISTOR CIRCUIT ④FAN MOTOR ⑤FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT
▧ 8TIMES	☐	☐	☐	ACCELERATION DEFECTIVE	NO ACCELERATION OVER THE LOWER LIMIT OF THE ROTATION SPEED.	①LEAK OF REFRIGERANT ②COMPRESSOR
▧ 10TIMES	☐	☐	☐	ABNORMAL POWER VOLTAGE	POWER VOLTAGE IS ABNORMALLY LOW.	①POWER VOLTAGE ②CONNECTION OF REACTOR
▧ 12TIMES	☐	☐	☐	FAN DEFECTIVE	OUTDOOR FAN ROTATION IS ABNORMAL.	①OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR ②P.W.B.s (FUSE)
▧ 13TIMES	☐	☐	☐	EEPROM READ ERROR	MICROCOMPUTER CANNOT READ THE DATA IN EEPROM.	MAIN P.W.B.
▧ 14TIMES	☐	☐	☐	ACTIVE CONVERTER DEFECTIVE	OVERVOLTAGE IS DETECTED BY SYSTEM POWER MODULE	SYSTEM POWER MODULE
▨ LIT	▧ 1~9TIMES	☐	☐	THERMISTOR ABNORMAL	THERMISTOR IS OPEN OR SHORTED. *REFER TO THE FOLLOWING "CORRESPONDENCE TABLE FOR ABNORMAL THERMISTOR"	①THERMISTOR ②CONNECTION OF THERMISTOR DEFECTIVE ③THERMISTOR CIRCUIT
☐	☐	☐	▧ 1TIME	COMMUNICATIONS ERROR BETWEEN INDOOR UNIT AND OUTDOOR UNIT	COMMUNICATION ERROR OF INDOOR 1	EVEN WHEN THE INDOOR UNIT IS NOT CONNECTED, IT BLINKS SIMILARLY. (NOT MALFUNCTION.)	①CABLE IS WRONG CONNECTED ②CABLE IS OPEN ③INTERFACE CIRCUIT OF BETWEEN INDOOR UNIT AND OUTDOOR UNIT
☐	☐	☐	▧ 2TIMES		COMMUNICATION ERROR OF INDOOR 2		
☐	☐	☐	▧ *3TIMES		COMMUNICATION ERROR OF INDOOR 3		

*EXAMPLE OF BLINKING (5 TIMES) ▮▮▮▮▮ 2SEC ▮ ∙∙ LIGHTS FOR 0.25 SEC AT INTERVAL OF 0.25 SEC.
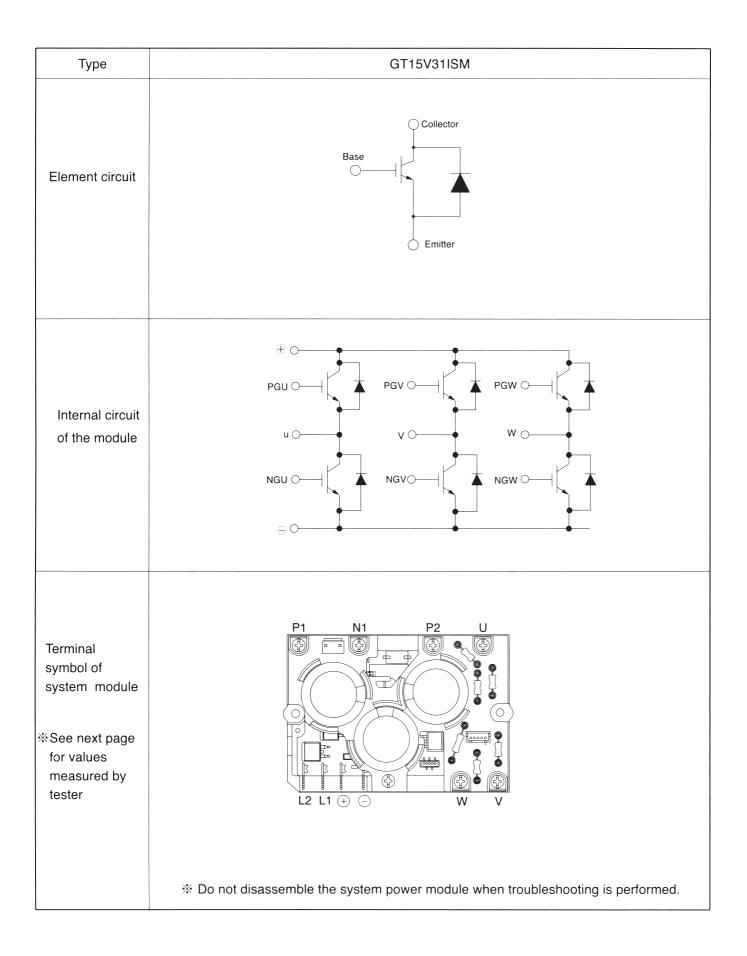
CORRESPONDENCE TABLE FOR ABNORMAL THERMISTOR

BLINKING TIMES	ABNORMAL THERMISTOR
1TIME	OVER HEAT THERMISTOR
2TIMES	DEFROST THERMISTOR
3TIMES	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE THERMISTOR
4TIMES	NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR (INDOOR 1)
5TIMES	WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR (INDOOR 1)
6TIMES	NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR (INDOOR 2)
7TIMES	WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR (INDOOR 2)
*8TIMES	NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR (INDOOR 3)
*9TIMES	WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR (INDOOR 3)

Remark :
Starmark "*" is only use for RAM-65QH5

Type	GT15V31ISM
Element circuit	
Internal circuit of the module	
Terminal symbol of system module ※See next page for values measured by tester	

※ Do not disassemble the system power module when troubleshooting is performed.

HOW TO CHECK POWER MODULE
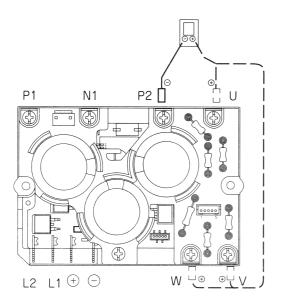
Checking power module using tester
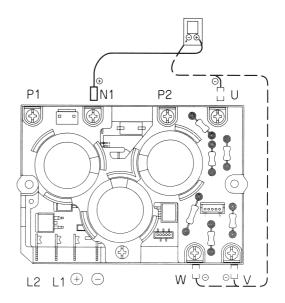
Set tester to resistance range (×100)
If indicator does not swing in the following conductivity check, the power module is normal.
(In case of digital tester, since built-in battery is set in reverse direction, ⊕ and ⊖ terminals are reversed.)

⚠ CAUTION

If inner circuit of power module is disconnected (open), the indicator of tester will not swing and this may assumed as normal. In this case, if indicator swings when ⊕ and ⊖ terminals are connected in reverse of diagram below, it is normal. Furthemore, compare how indicator swings at U, V and W phases. If indicator swings the same way at each point, it is normal.
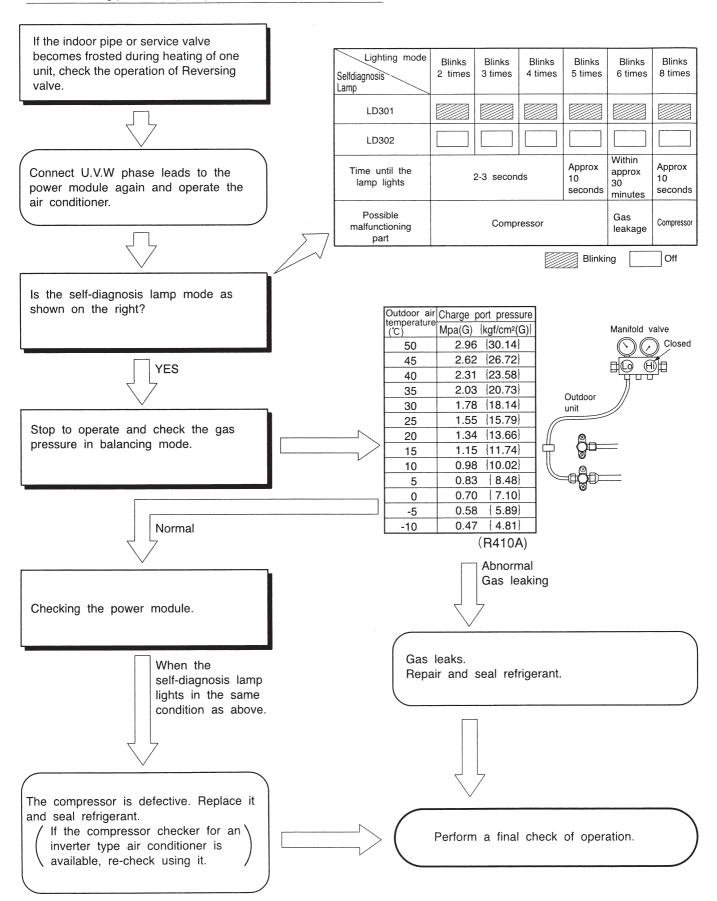
Troubleshooting procedure (No operaton, No heating, No cooling)

If the indoor pipe or service valve becomes frosted during heating of one unit, check the operation of Reversing valve.

⬇

Connect U.V.W phase leads to the power module again and operate the air conditioner.

⬇

Is the self-diagnosis lamp mode as shown on the right?

Lighting mode / Selfdiagnosis Lamp	Blinks 2 times	Blinks 3 times	Blinks 4 times	Blinks 5 times	Blinks 6 times	Blinks 8 times
LD301	▨	▨	▨	▨	▨	▨
LD302	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Time until the lamp lights	2-3 seconds			Approx 10 seconds	Within approx 30 minutes	Approx 10 seconds
Possible malfunctioning part	Compressor				Gas leakage	Compressor

▨ Blinking   ☐ Off

YES ⬇

Stop to operate and check the gas pressure in balancing mode.

Outdoor air temperature (°C)	Charge port pressure	
	Mpa(G)	{kgf/cm²(G)}
50	2.96	{30.14}
45	2.62	{26.72}
40	2.31	{23.58}
35	2.03	{20.73}
30	1.78	{18.14}
25	1.55	{15.79}
20	1.34	{13.66}
15	1.15	{11.74}
10	0.98	{10.02}
5	0.83	{ 8.48}
0	0.70	{ 7.10}
-5	0.58	{ 5.89}
-10	0.47	{ 4.81}

(R410A)

Manifold valve
Closed
Lo Hi
Outdoor unit

Normal ⬇

Checking the power module.

When the self-diagnosis lamp lights in the same condition as above. ⬇

The compressor is defective. Replace it and seal refrigerant.
(If the compressor checker for an inverter type air conditioner is available, re-check using it.)

Abnormal Gas leaking ⬇

Gas leaks. Repair and seal refrigerant.

⬇

Perform a final check of operation.

DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

MODEL RAM-65QH5

1. Electric parts

(1) Remove the screw on both sides of upper cover, and then remove the upper cover.

(2) Remove the screws holding the electric part cover, and then remove the cover.

Fig. 1

(3) Slightly widen the electric part cover to the left and right, and then lift the cover to remove it.

Fig. 2

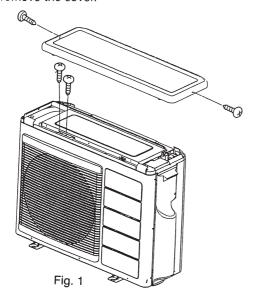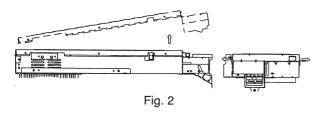(4) Unplug the connectors of each lead wire and disconnect the ground wire from the P.W.B.; widen the tabs of supports at the front of P.W.B., and then lift the P.W.B. to remove it.(At this time, also remove 2P terminal board [LN terminal].)

(5) Disconnect each lead wire from the system power module (SPM) assembly, and then remove the screws on left and right.
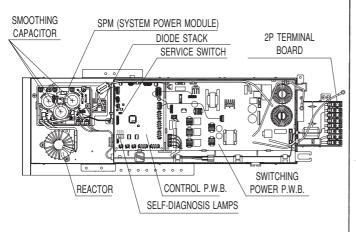
Fig. 3

(6) When installing the electric part cover, fit the cover approximately horizontally so that it does not catch the terminal board or resin sleeve of cord.
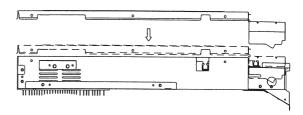
Fig. 4

2. Front cover

(1) Remove the upper cover.

(2) Remove the screw on right side.

(3) Remove the screws from the bottom of front cover.

(4) Remove the screws holding the front cover and electric parts.

(5) Slightly open the right side, and lift the cover up to release it from the hook.
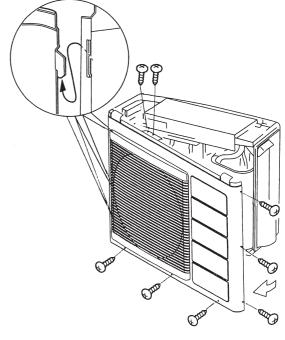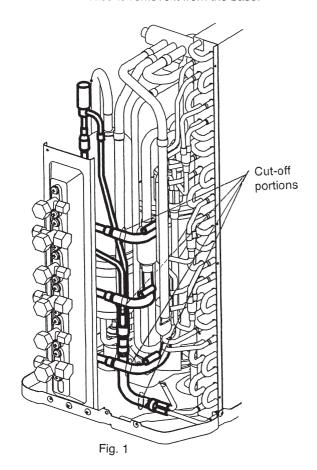
Fig. 5

<Repairing Refrigerating Cycle>

1. Electric expansion valve
and Service valve assembly (with valve base)

(1) Remove the upper plate, side plate, front cover, both side covers and electric part box.

(2) Remove the two screws holding the partition (one on base and one on top of condenser).

(3) Remove the support that holds the lead wire, both of which are attached to the partition.

(4) Pull the three Electric expansion valve coils up to remove them.

(5) Use a pipe cutter, etc. to cut off the three pipes at the side of Electric expansion valve and condenser outlet pipe.

(6) Remove the screws holding the valve base.

(7) Lift the valve base to remove it from the base.

Cut-off portions

Fig. 1

2. Condenser

(1) Remove the covers, electric part box, partition and supports (see steps (1)-(3) of item 1).

(2) Remove the net at the back.

(3) Cut off the condenser outlet pipe.

(4) Cut off the condenser inlet pipe.

(5) Remove the screws holding the condenser on both sides of base.

Cut-off portions
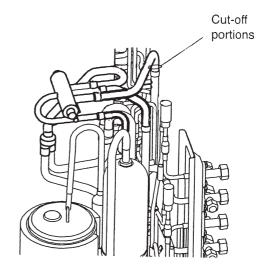
Fig. 2

3. Reversing valve

(1) Remove the covers, electric part box, partition and supports (see steps (1)-(3) of item 1).

(2) Remove the Reversing valve coil.

(3) Cut off the three pipes at the side and bottom of Reversing valve.

(4) Pull out the soldered portion of D-pipe.

D-pipe removal portion

cut-off portion

Cut-off portions

Fig. 3

MODEL RAM-55QH5

CN8
(RED)
CN16
(RED)
CN15
(WHT)
CN9
(WHT)

ELECTRIC EXPANSION
VALVE 1
(FOR INDOOR UNIT 1)

WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 1
(WIRE COLOR:GRY)

WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 2
(WIRE COLOR:BLK)

NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 1
(WIRE COLOR:BLU)

NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 2
(WIRE COLOR:RED)

ELECTRIC EXPANSION
VALVE 2
(FOR INDOOR UNIT 2)

ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE
& PIPE THERMISTOR
POSITION CHARTS

MODEL RAM-65QH5

ELECTRIC EXPANSION
VALVE 1
(FOR INDOOR UNIT 1)

CN17
(BLU)
CN16
(RED)
CN15
(WHT)
CN8
(RED)

NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 1
(WIRE COLOR:BLK)

CN9
(WHT)

ELECTRIC EXPANSION
VALVE 2
(FOR INDOOR UNIT 2)

WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 1
(WIRE COLOR:RED)

WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 2
(WIRE COLOR:GRY)

WIDE PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 3
(WIRE COLOR:BLK)

ELECTRIC EXPANSION
VALVE 3
(FOR INDOOR UNIT 3)

NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 2
(WIRE COLOR:BLU)

NARROW PIPE THERMISTOR
FOR INDOOR UNIT 3
(WIRE COLOR:RED)

PARTS LIST AND DIAGRAM

MODEL   RAM-55QH5

MODEL   RAM-55QH5
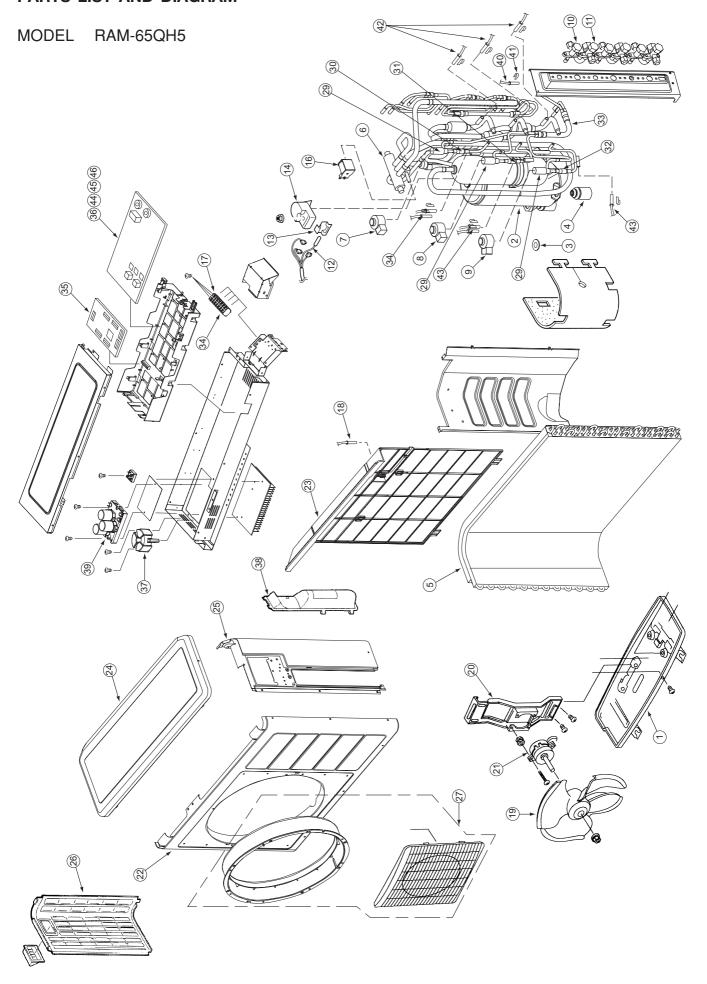
NO.	PART N0.		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME
2	PMRAM-65QH4	901	1	COMPRESSOR
3	KPNT1	001	3	PUSH NUT
4	RAC-2226HV	805	3	COMPRESSOR RUBBER
5	PMRAC-50NH4	902	1	CONDENSER
6	PMRAC-19SH4	904	1	REVERSING VALVE
7	PMRAM-65QH4	904	1	EXPANSION VALVE COIL (W)
8	PMRAM-65QH4	905	1	EXPANSION VALVE COIL (R)
10	PMRAM-65QH4	915	2	VALVE (2S)
11	PMRAM-65QH4	916	2	VALVE (3S)
12	PMRAC-40CNH2	914	1	THERMISTOR (OH)
13	PMRAC-25NH4	909	1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT (OH)
14	PMRAC-25NH4	910	1	OLR COVER
16	PMRAM-22NHZ4	902	1	MG-COIL (REVERSING VALVE)
17	PMRAS-10C6M	002	2	2P TERMINAL FOR C-D LINE
18	PMRAM-65QH4	910	1	THERMISTOR (OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE)
19	PMRAC-40CNH2	917	1	PROPELLER FAN
20	PMRAC-40CNH2	918	1	SUPPORT (FAN MOTOR)
21	PMRAC-40CNH2	919	1	FAN MOTOR
22	PMRAC-40CNH2	904	1	CABINET
23	PMRAC-24CP5	904	1	NET
24	PMRAC-40CNH2	922	1	TOP COVER
25	PMRAM-55QH4	903	1	SIDE PLATE R
26	PMRAC-40CNH2	926	1	SIDE PLATE L
27	PMRAC-51CHA1	907	1	D-GRILL-AS (INCL. MOUTH RING)
29	PMRAM-65QH4	903	2	ELECTRICAL EXPANSION VALVE
31	PMRAM-65QH4	918	1	STRAINER (ST-PIPE-AS 2)
32	PMRAM-65QH4	919	1	STRAINER (ST-PIPE-AS 3)
33	PMRAM-65QH4	920	1	STRAINER (CO-PIPE-AS)
34	PMRAC-07CV1	006	1	2P TERMINAL FOR L-N LINE
35	PMRAM-55QH5	901	1	P.W.B. (MAIN)
36	PMRAM-55QH4	902	1	PWB (POWER)
37	PMRAC-18SH4	901	1	REACTOR
38	PMRAM-55QH4	904	1	SV-COVER
39	PMRAC-40CNH2	901	1	SYSTEM POWER MODULE (SPM2)
40	PMRAM-55QH4	905	1	THERMISTOR (DEFROST)
41	PMRAM-65QH4	907	1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT
42	PMRAM-55QH4	906	1	THERMISTOR-V (W)
43	PMRAM-55QH4	907	1	THERMISTOR-V (R)
44	PMRA-108CHLXA	908	1	VARISTOR (450NR)
45	PMRAC-40CNH2	905	1	FUSE (25A)
46	PMRAM-55QH4	908	1	FUSE (5A)

PARTS LIST AND DIAGRAM

MODEL   RAM-65QH5

MODEL RAM-65QH5

NO.	PART N0.		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME
2	PMRAM-65QH4	901	1	COMPRESSOR
3	KPNT1	001	3	PUSH NUT
4	RAC-2226HV	805	3	COMPRESSOR RUBBER
5	PMRAC-50NH4	902	1	CONDENSER
6	PMRAC-19SH4	904	1	REVERSING VALVE
7	PMRAM-65QH4	904	1	EXPANSION VALVE COIL (W)
8	PMRAM-65QH4	905	1	EXPANSION VALVE COIL (R)
9	PMRAM-65QH4	906	1	EXPANSION VALVE COIL (B)
10	PMRAM-65QH4	915	3	VALVE (2S)
11	PMRAM-65QH4	916	3	VALVE (3S)
12	PMRAC-40CNH2	914	1	THERMISTOR (OH)
13	PMRAC-25NH4	909	1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT (OH)
14	PMRAC-25NH4	910	1	OLR COVER
16	PMRAM-22NHZ4	902	1	MG-COIL (REVERSING VALVE)
17	PMRAS-10C6M	002	3	2P TERMINAL FOR C-D LINE
18	PMRAM-65QH4	910	1	THERMISTOR (OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE)
19	PMRAC-40CNH2	917	1	PROPELLER FAN
20	PMRAC-40CNH2	918	1	SUPPORT (FAN MOTOR)
21	PMRAC-40CNH2	919	1	FAN MOTOR
22	PMRAC-40CNH2	904	1	CABINET
23	PMRAC-24CP5	904	1	NET
24	PMRAC-40CNH2	922	1	TOP COVER
25	PMRAM-65QH4	911	1	SIDE PLATE R
26	PMRAC-40CNH2	926	1	SIDE PLATE L
27	PMRAC-51CHA1	907	1	D-GRILL-AS (INCL. MOUTH RING)
29	PMRAM-65QH4	903	3	ELECTRICAL EXPANSION VALVE
30	PMRAM-65QH4	917	1	STRAINER (ST-PIPE-AS 1)
31	PMRAM-65QH4	918	1	STRAINER (ST-PIPE-AS 2)
32	PMRAM-65QH4	919	1	STRAINER (ST-PIPE-AS 3)
33	PMRAM-65QH4	920	1	STRAINER (CO-PIPE-AS 1)
34	PMRAC-07CV1	006	1	2P TERMINAL FOR L-N LINE
35	PMRAM-65QH5	901	1	P.W.B. (MAIN)
36	PMRAM-65QH4	909	1	PWB (POWER)
37	PMRAC-18SH4	901	1	REACTOR
38	PMRAM-65QH4	921	1	SV-COVER
39	PMRAC-40CNH2	901	1	SYSTEM POWER MODULE (SPM2)
40	PMRAM-65QH4	912	1	THERMISTOR (DEFROST)
41	PMRAM-65QH4	907	1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT
42	PMRAM-65QH4	913	1	THERMISTOR-V (W)
43	PMRAM-65QH4	914	1	THERMISTOR-V (R)
44	PMRA-108CHLXA	908	1	VARISTOR (450NR)
45	PMRAC-40CNH2	905	1	FUSE (25A)
46	PMRAM-55QH4	908	1	FUSE (5A)

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